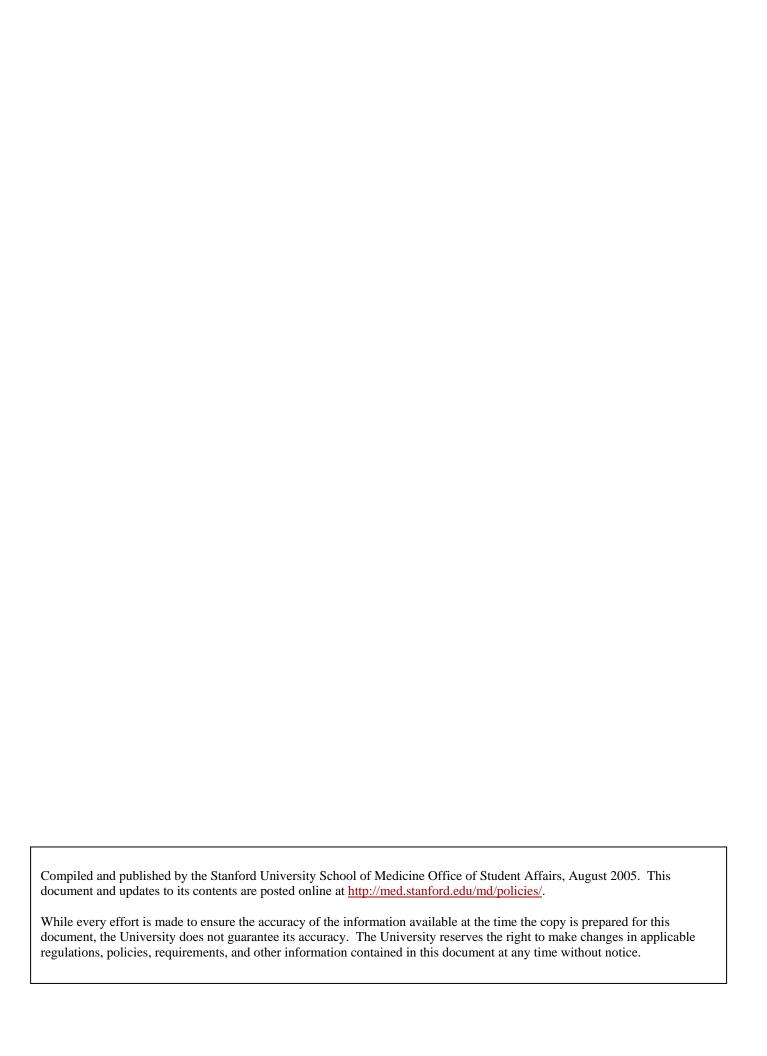
PROCEDURES, POLICIES, AND ESSENTIAL INFORMATION FOR THE MD TRAINING PROGRAM

2005-2006





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SCHOOL OF MEDICINE ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2005-06: AUTUMN AND WINTER*

AUTUMN QUARTER (MD PROGRAM Q1 AND Q4)

August 22	Mon	Axess opens for autumn quarter course enrollment
August 24	Wed	MD – University housing move-in date; SWEAT orientation
August 25-28	Thu-Sun	MD – SWEAT trip
August 29-31	Mon-Wed	MD – New student orientation
August 31	Wed	MD – Dean's Reception and Stethoscope Ceremony
September 1	Thu	MD – Instruction begins
September 5	Mon	Labor Day (holiday)
September 19	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 4
September 23-25	Fri-Sun	GRAD – Bioscience graduate student camping trip
September 26	Mon	GRAD – First day of quarter; instruction begin
September 26	Mon	GRAD – Bioscience graduate student orientation
September 27	Tue	Last day to arrange payment of University fees
September 29	Thu	GRAD – Conferral of degrees for summer quarter
October 9	Sun	Last day to file study lists
October 13	Thu	Yom Kippur**
October 16	Sun	Last day for adding courses
October 17	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 5
October 23	Sun	Last day for dropping courses
November 14	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 6
November 20	Sun	GRAD – Deadline to apply for autumn quarter degree conferral
November 21-25	Mon-Fri	Thanksgiving recess
December 5-11	Mon-Sun	End-Quarter Period (see page 60 for End-Quarter policy)
December 9	Fri	Last day of instruction
December 12-16	Mon-Fri	End-Quarter examinations
December 12-January 1	Mon-Sun	MD – vacation for MD clinical students
December 16	Fri	GRAD – Last day to submit dissertation for autumn degree conferral
December 19-January 8	Mon-Sun	Winter Break – vacation for GRAD and MD preclinical students
December 20	Tue	Grades (non-clinical) due at 11:59 p.m.

WINTER QUARTER (MD PROGRAM Q2 AND Q5)

November 21	Mon	Axess opens for winter quarter course enrollment
January 2	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 7
January 9	Mon	Last day to arrange payment of University fees
January 10	Tue	First day of quarter; instruction begins
January 12	Thu	GRAD – Conferral of degrees for autumn quarter
January 16	Mon	Martin Luther King, Jr., Day (holiday)
January 22	Sun	Last day to file study lists
January 29	Sun	Last day for adding courses
January 30	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 8
February 5	Sun	Last day for dropping courses
February 20	Mon	President's Day (holiday)
February 27	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 9
March 1-5	Wed-Sun	GRAD – Bioscience admissions interview weekend
March 5	Sun	GRAD – Deadline to apply for winter quarter degree conferral
March 13-19	Mon-Sun	End-Quarter Period
March 16	Thu	MD – Match Day
March 17	Fri	Last day of instruction
March 20-24	Mon-Fri	End-Quarter examinations
March 24	Fri	GRAD – Last day to submit dissertation for winter degree conferral
March 27-April 2	Mon-Sun	Spring Break – vacation for GRAD and MD preclinical students
March 28	Tue	Grades (non-clinical) due at 11:59 p.m.

^{*} Applies to all programs, unless otherwise noted: "MD" for MD program, "GRAD" for MS/PhD programs. Dates are subject to change. ** MD – holiday; GRAD – classes held (some faculty may not hold class, some students are not expected to attend class)

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE ACADEMIC CALENDAR 2005-06: SPRING AND SUMMER

SPRING QUARTER (MD PROGRAM Q3 AND Q6)

March 13	Mon	Axess opens for spring quarter course enrollment
March 27	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 10
April 3	Mon	Last day to arrange payment of University fees
April 4	Tue	First day of quarter; instruction begins
April 6	Thu	GRAD – Conferral of degrees for winter quarter
April 16	Sun	Last day to file study lists
April 16	Sun	Deadline to apply for spring quarter degree conferral
April 21	Fri	MD – Last day of instruction for second-year MD students
April 23	Sun	Last day for adding courses
April 24	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 11
April 30	Sun	Last day for dropping courses
May 22	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 12
May 29	Mon	Memorial Day (holiday)
June 2-8	Fri-Thu	End-Quarter period
June 7	Wed	Last day of instruction for GRAD and first-year MD students
June 8	Thu	Day before finals (no classes)
June 9	Fri	GRAD – Last day to submit dissertation for spring degree conferral
June 9-14	Fri-Wed	End-Quarter examinations
June 15	Thu	Grades (non-clinical) for graduating students due at noon
June 17	Sat	Stanford University Commencement – graduate programs (a.m.)
June 17	Sat	School of Medicine Commencement – all degree programs (p.m.)
June 19-23	Mon-Fri	MD – Vacation for MD clinical students
June 20	Tue	Grades (non-clinical) for non-graduating students due at 11:59 p.m.

SUMMER QUARTER

April 17	Mon	Axess opens for summer quarter course enrollment
June 26	Mon	Last day to arrange payment of University fees
June 26	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 1
June 27	Tue	First day of quarter; instruction begins
July 2	Sun	Last day to file study lists
July 4	Tue	Independence Day observance (holiday, no classes)
July 9	Sun	Last day for adding courses
July 16	Sun	Last day for dropping courses
July 24	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 2
August 6	Sun	GRAD – Deadline to apply for summer quarter degree conferral
August 12-17	Sat-Thu	End-quarter period
August 17	Thu	Last day of instruction
August 18-19	Fri-Sat	Eight-week session examinations
August 21	Mon	MD – First day of clerkships for Period 3
August 22	Tue	Grades for eight-week session due at 11:59 p.m.
September 5	Tue	Grades (non-clinical) for ten-week session due at 11:59 p.m.
September 5	Tue	Quarter closes
September 22	Fri	GRAD – Last day to submit dissertation for summer degree conferral

ESSENTIAL INFORMATION FOR ALL MEDICAL SCHOOL FACULTY, STAFF, AND STUDENTS

- DIRECTORY INFORMATION
- CONSENT TO USE PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES
- STANFORD UNIVERSITY ID NUMBER
- SUNET ID
- IDENTIFICATION CARDS
- PERSONAL IDENTIFICATION NUMBERS (PINS)
- POLICY ON USE OF ELECTRONIC MEDIA IN THE CURRICULUM WEB PORTAL (CWP)
- LECTURE VIDEOTAPING POLICY
- SCHOOL OF MEDICINE DEPARTMENTS AND INTERDEPARTMENTAL PROGRAMS

DIRECTORY INFORMATION

The University regards the following items of information as "directory information," that is, information that the University may make available to any person upon specific request (and without student consent):

- Name
- Date of birth
- Place of birth
- Directory address and phone number
- Electronic mail address
- Mailing address
- Campus office address (for graduate students)
- Secondary mailing or permanent address
- Residence assignment and room or apartment number
- Specific quarters or semesters of registration at Stanford
- Stanford degree(s) awarded and date(s)
- Major(s), minor(s), and field(s)
- University degree honors
- Institution attended immediately prior to Stanford
- ID card photographs for University classroom use

Students may prohibit the release of any of these items listed above by designating which items should not be released on the Privacy function of Axess.

Students, faculty, and others with questions regarding student records should contact the Office of the University Registrar.

CONSENT TO USE OF PHOTOGRAPHIC IMAGES

Registration as a student and attendance at or participation in classes and other campus and University activities constitutes an agreement by the student to the University's use and distribution (both now and in the future) of the student's image or voice in photographs, videotapes, electronic reproductions, or audiotapes of such classes and other campus and University activities.

If any student in a class where such photographing or recording is to take place does not wish to have his or her image or voice so used, the student should raise the matter in advance with the instructor.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY ID NUMBER

The Stanford University ID is a number assigned to each student's academic record for unique identification. It is printed on the Stanford University ID card and on documents distributed by the Office of the University Registrar and other administrative offices.

SUNET ID

The SUNet ID provides access to the Stanford University Network (SUNet) and its services, and identifies authorized users of these services. Each member of the Stanford electronic community creates a unique SUNet ID and password for him/herself. This account should NOT be shared with anyone else. Refer to the Computer and Network Usage Policy and the Identification and Authentication Systems Policy for more information regarding the use of your account.

SUNet IDs provide:

- Axess services
- E-mail service
- Storage space within Stanford's distributed file system
- Usenet newsgroups
- World wide web services, including serving of personal web pages on the Leland system and access to Stanford Web Resources
- Anytime anywhere access to the library's collection including online journals, databases, and other digital resources.

IDENTIFICATION CARDS

Stanford University Identification Card

ID cards are available to registered students, faculty, and regular staff through the Stanford ID Card Office, Old Union, Room 100. The ID card serves as an identification card, an electronic key, and a debit card, allowing cardholders to use services for which they have privileges, to enter facilities, and to make purchases. Married students or students with a domestic partner (same or opposite sex) may obtain a courtesy identification card for their spouse/partner through the Stanford Card ID Office, Old Union. The spouse/partner card enables use of some campus services during terms for which the student is registered. Similar courtesy cards are also available to the spouses and same-sex partners of faculty and regular staff. ID cards bear a photograph of the cardholder. This photograph is maintained in an online database and, as stated above in Directory Information, is available for classroom use upon specific request and without student consent unless the student has designated that the photograph not be released. Photographs can be designated as private using the Privacy function of Axess.

Hospital Security Badge

This badge is available from the security office in the basement of the hospital. This badge grants students access into secured areas of the Hospital based on enrollment in clerkships, etc. It also provides access to many of the secured teaching and study spaces within the School including small group study rooms, Medical Student Lounge, Fleischmann Laboratories, and the 24-hour computing spaces.

Personal Identification Numbers

Students eligible to use online services such as Axess, obtain a PIN through the Office of the University Registrar. The PIN, coupled with the assigned University identification number, uniquely identifies the student and serves in a place of a signature on electronic forms. The PIN and SUNet ID password must remain confidential. It is a violation of University policy to use another's PIN or identification number to misrepresent yourself in any way. Use of another student's PIN or SUNet ID password can result in loss of student privileges or other disciplinary action.

POLICY ON USE OF ELECTRONIC MEDIA IN THE CURRICULUM WEB PORTAL (CWP)

Overview

Electronic educational materials have greatly changed Stanford University's education. While course websites, videotaped lectures, and electronic documents have facilitated education, the limits of use for these media are not always clear. The purpose of this notice is to set forth the policy for the Curriculum Web Project ("CWP") and answer some of the most important questions about use of educational media.

The CWP's materials, including website access and all files, are intended for people specifically given access to the curriculum for course-related purposes. This means that sharing of accounts, course files, web links, or other materials with anyone other than an enrolled or authorized individual is a violation of this policy. Upon completion of the curriculum these materials may not be retained.

These electronic materials are protected by federal copyright law. Copyright laws protect original works of authorship. The Copyright Act gives the owner of a copyright the exclusive right to do and authorize others to do certain things in regard to a copyrighted work, including: make copies, distribute the work, display or perform the work publicly, and create derivative works. These exclusive rights are subject to only limited exceptions. Electronic material located in CWP (and on the web in general) maintains copyright protection, and should not be distributed absent express permission from the copyright holder or unless a limited exception to the copyright law applies. For information on exceptions to the copyright laws, please review the Provost's Copyright Reminder, which is linked below. Unless otherwise noted, Stanford University owns the copyright to the lectures, exams, and content on CWP, and to use these materials beyond course-related purposes you must seek permission from the copyright holder. Distributing, re-using or re-purposing the materials contained in CWP without express permission or in compliance with copyright laws, is a violation of this policy and may lead to University discipline or civil or criminal liability under the copyright laws.

Scenarios

When deciding what is an acceptable or unacceptable use of electronic media, you should consider the legal, ethical, and professional judgment of your actions. For example, consider the following scenarios:

Scenario 1: Use of CWP and Course Websites

"I'm a first-year medical student and heard that there are some great materials used in a second-year course. I want to go onto that course's CWP website and download some of the materials so I can use them to study now. It's a part of my full curriculum anyhow."

The School of Medicine has determined that you are entitled to use the CWP materials for your own educational purposes while enrolled in the School of Medicine. A medical student's code of professional ethics would suggest that he or she should use available materials in appropriate ways in keeping with their professors' wishes. You should ask a professor for permission to use certain materials if you are unsure whether or not it would be appropriate.

Scenario 2: Downloading Files to a Local Machine

"I'm studying hard for a final exam and am using the old final exams as study tools. Can I download all the exams to my hard drive so I can read them on my computer or do I have to print them out?"

CWP's policy is that exam materials must not be subject to retention by students and that content must not be further distributed. This suggests that while it would be acceptable to download or print an exam for immediate use, keeping it past the end of the course for yourself or to give to others would be against the policy. Additionally, professors have the right to determine when to release old examinations to current students and may prefer that student do not share old exams with each other. It would be unethical to distribute materials like examinations to others against professors' wishes.

Scenario 3: Sharing Streaming Video Resources

"If I miss a lecture I frequently just watch the recording online. Can I show the videos to anyone other than students enrolled in my curriculum? Can I bookmark lectures and use them to review next year?"

Students at the School of Medicine have the unique ability to watch live and recorded lecture videos over the Curriculum Web Portal. As these videos are considered part of the curriculum, you and other students have access to watch the files as long as you are enrolled. Similarly, students or other persons not enrolled in the School of Medicine curriculum are not allowed to view these movies and you should not distribute a link to the videos. After a video link is removed from a course, you should not continue to access a bookmarked link.

Scenario 4: Re-use of lecture slides and images

"I'm giving a small presentation and found a great image in a professor's Power Point slides. If I mention during my presentation that this photo is from his slides, can I use the image without his permission?"

The law states that you must request for permission to use copyrighted material. Fair Use statements say that educators may use copyrighted materials in non-recurring face-to-face educational activities even without asking for permission. However, in cases like this, an aspiring professional should consider requesting permission to use the images before repurposing them in any fashion. Additionally, it may be considered unethical to display images without giving explicit credit to the copyright holder.

Scenario 5: Use of library materials

"I'm a student and I found a good full-text article on the web for one of my classes. I got the password for the journal off the library's website. Can I put a copy of the paper on my website so other students can easily access it?"

In his Copyright Reminder (see link below), the Provost states that it is a violation of the law to circumvent any access control mechanism and access copyrighted materials. In this case, the library provides the article for your use but requires a password for you to get to the article so you should not download the file and post it elsewhere. It is important to keep in mind that in cases like this, having access to a file does not mean that you have permission to distribute a file. The best option would be to give others a web link to the Lane Library e-journal, which is available to authenticated Stanford affiliates.

Scenario 6: Sharing of user accounts

"My friend at the Harvard School of Medicine wants to see some of the images that we're using in the Practice of Medicine. If she promises not to keep the files and just browse, can I loan her my account username and password?"

Electronic materials for students in the Stanford School of Medicine are for people explicitly given access to them and it is unlawful to distribute materials to anyone not enrolled in the curriculum. Emailing restricted files or giving permissions to anyone not enrolled in the curriculum is against Stanford University's official policies. Additionally, misuse of electronic materials may be considered a violation of Honor Code because students are expected to respect the rights for others, including copyright holders. While professionals commonly share sources with other professionals, in this case the best course of action may be to send your friend bibliographic references to documents or to suggest that he or she request permission from the copyright holder.

Links

For more information on use of electronic educational materials, visit these sources:

• The Provost's Statement on Copyrights:

http://www.stanford.edu/dept/legal/Worddocs/copyright/Remfinal.pdf

A document explaining how copyright laws apply to educational materials at Stanford, with special attention to use of digital media. This document references the TEACH Act laws.

• Stanford University Honor Code:

http://www.stanford.edu/dept/vpsa/judicialaffairs/guiding/honorcode.htm

The Honor Code is the University's statement on academic integrity written by students in 1921. It articulates University expectations of students and faculty in establishing and maintaining the highest standards in academic work. Another one of the guiding principles of Stanford University is the Fundamental Standard.

• Copyright and Fair Use from the Stanford Libraries:

http://fairuse.stanford.edu/Copyright_and_Fair_Use_Overview/index.html

This comprehensive website explains how copyright, fair use, and permissions apply to the use of online and offline educational media.

LECTURE VIDEOTAPING POLICY

Educational Technology Services (EdTech) has modified the permission form for videotaping of lecturers based on faculty feedback and recommendations of the Stanford Legal Office and the Committee of Five. The overall process for course videotaping has not changed. We believe that taping courses offers a number of benefits to both faculty and students.

The new form addresses several points that were brought up in discussion, including:

- permission is revocable
- form provides ability for faculty to give blanket permission by course or overall for up to three
 years
- permission is for educational use only
- permission covers fair use of materials

Each lecturer must submit a completed and signed permission form to EdTech before their lecture can be taped and posted to the CWP (or other Stanford website). EdTech will send every lecturer this form individually. However, we encourage course directors to notify their lecturers. The form should be completed and faxed, mailed or hand-delivered to:

Mary Ayers Educational Technology Services L-109 Stanford, CA 94305-5123 Fax: 650-726-7471

Lecturers who do not have a completed form on file will be approached with a release form by the video taper for permission before taping their lecture.

Please contact Mary Ayers, Resources Coordinator, at 650-736-2320 if you have questions or concerns.

Videotape Permission Form:

STANFORD UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE

Lecture Videotape Permission to Use

I hereby grant Stanford University ("Stanford") permission to record, digitize, and distribute via a password-protected website and/or other electronic formats for educational purposes, my lecture(s) as noted below. I understand that my lectures will be available to School of Medicine students, faculty, staff, and other account holders. This grant includes rights for internal use for educational purposes and includes authorization to use my name, voice, likeness, biographic information, and supporting material in connection with each recorded lecture. Stanford University will not use the captured content for any other purpose without obtaining permission from the undersigned. This permission is revocable. I understand that the university will act in reliance on this permission. This permission extends to the following lectures:

(list dates)

To my knowledge my lecture materials fall within Fair Use Guidelines.

Acceptable media usage in lecture, according to Fair Use guidelines:

- Showing a few copyrighted images from a book, article, or website
- Playing short portions of movies for informational purposes
- Displaying quotes from journal articles or stories, with citation

You should always give references when you use copyrighted material in lecture. If you have any questions or concerns about using copyrighted materials or lecture videotaping in general, please contact EdTech Services, 650-736-2320. The University provides numerous resources to educate its faculty regarding Fair Use. The University will support faculty who make a good faith effort to comply with copyright.

Signature:	Date:
Printed Name:	Phone:
Organization:	Email:

Submit signed forms to:

Attn: Mary Ayers
Educational Technology Services
L-109

Stanford, CA 94305-5123 Fax: 650-498-7811

IRT, EdTech Taping_Permission_Secure 06/28/05

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE DEPARTMENTS AND INTERDEPARTMENTAL PROGRAMS

Basic science Departments:

- Biochemistry
- Developmental Biology
- Genetics
- Health Research and Policy
- Microbiology and Immunology

- Molecular and Cellular Physiology
- Molecular Pharmacology
- Neurobiology
- Structural Biology

Clinical Departments:

- Anesthesia
- Cardiothoracic Surgery
- Comparative Medicine
- Dermatology
- Medicine
- Neurology & Neurological Sciences
- Neurosurgery
- Obstetrics and Gynecology
- Ophthalmology

- Orthopedic Surgery
- Otolaryngology, Head and Neck Surgery
- Pathology
- Pediatrics
- Psychiatry and Behavioral Sciences
- Radiation Oncology
- Radiology
- Surgery
- Urology

Interdepartmental Graduate Programs:

- Biomechanical Engineering
- Biomedical Informatics
- Biophysics
- Cancer Biology

- Epidemiology
- Health Services Research
- Immunology
- Neurosciences

Other:

• Center for Education in Family and Community Medicine

REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION WITH THE MD DEGREE

- SPECIFICATION OF REQUIREMENTS
- COURSES AND UNITS FOR STUDENTS MATRICULATING 2003-04 AND LATER
- MD PROGRAM CURRICULUM OVERVIEW (COLOR SCHEMATIC)
- MD PROGRAM CURRICULUM YEARS ONE AND TWO (COLOR TABLE)
- COURSES AND UNITS FOR STUDENTS MATRICULATING 2002-03 AND PRIOR
- REQUIRED COURSE DESCRIPTIONS
- STUDENT PATHWAYS THROUGH HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE AND PRACTICE OF MEDICINE
- SCHOLARLY CONCENTRATION REQUIREMENT
- UNITED STATES MEDICAL LICENSING EXAMINATION (USMLE) REQUIREMENT
- LICENSURE

REQUIREMENTS FOR GRADUATION WITH THE MD DEGREE

The requirements for the MD degree from the School of Medicine are established by the Medical School Faculty Senate and allow no exceptions. All MD degree candidates must be registered either for the quarter during which the degree is conferred or the previous quarter. Satisfactory payment of 13 quarters of full medical school tuition is required for graduation. Students must petition to graduate on Axess in order to have their degrees conferred. Students may graduate in any quarter by completing their degree requirements and petitioning by the deadline date for that quarter.

Students cannot graduate with any uncorrected failing grades in a preclinical course or any uncorrected failing or marginal performance grades in clinical clerkships. Students can graduate with one uncorrected marginal pass in a preclinical course having fewer than eight units.

NOTE: These requirements may be changed at any time.

ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS FOR STUDENTS ENTERING IN 2003-04 AND LATER

- Completion of a minimum total of 239 required academic units as specified (see Table *Courses and Units for Students Matriculating 2003-04 and Later*):
 - 140 units in Q1-Q6 (quarters one through six)
 - 93 units (fifteen and a half months) in clinical clerkships (see table page 34)
 - 2 units in MED 295 Certification in Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS) prior to graduation
 - 4 units in INDE 297 Applied Biomedical Sciences
- Completion of the requirements of a Scholarly Concentration
- Demonstration of minimum competence on the Clinical Performance Examination (CPX)
- Overall pass on Step 1 and Step 2 CK of the United States Medical Licensing Examination (USMLE), and sit for Step 2 CS

ACADEMIC REQUIREMENTS FOR STUDENTS ENTERING IN 2002-03 OR PRIOR*

- Completion of a minimum total of 236 required academic units as specified (see Table *Units and Courses Required for Graduation 2002-03 and Earlier*):
 - 140 units in preclinical coursework
 - 93 units (fifteen and a half months) in clinical clerkships
 - 1 unit in PEDS 209 Clinical Nutrition online course
 - 2 units in MED 295 Certification in Advanced Cardiac Life Support (ACLS) prior to graduation
- Demonstration of minimum competence on the Clinical Performance Examination (CPX)
- Overall pass on Step 1 and Step 2 CK of the USMLE, and sit for Step 2 CS

^{*} Students beginning clerkships in Period 11 of the 2004-05 academic year or later are also required to complete MED 313A and INDE 297.

Courses and Units for Students Matriculating 2003-04 and Later

	Autumn Year 1 (Q1)		Autumn Year 2 (Q4)	
	INDE 201	11	INDE 204	10
	Practice of Medicine I (C. Braddock) SURG 203A	11	Practice of Medicine IV (C. Braddock) INDE 222: HHD III	15
	Human Anatomy I (L. Mathers)		(D. Regula/J. Whitlock/P. Cross/R. Siegel)	
4-	BIOC 205	3	Respiratory System II (D. Regula)	
ķ	Molecular Foundations of Medicine (P. Brown	1)	Renal/Genitourinary System (T. Meyer)	
Weeks	INDE 216 (SBIO 204 in 03-04)	3	Gastrointestinal/Hepatic System (A. Lowe)	
>	Cells to Tissues (J. Theriot/P. Cross)		Endocrine/Reproductive System (N. Gesund	
	SURG 201	1	Total	25
	Basic Cardiac Life Support (R. Smith-Coggins			
Weeks 5-13	BIOC 202	3	Winter Year 2 (Q5)	
(S 5	Biochemistry Review Course (D. Brutlag)		INDE 205	8
eek	DBIO 201	4	Practice of Medicine V (C. Braddock)	
≥	Development and Disease Mechanisms		INDE 223: HHD IV	12
	(D. Kingsley/S. Kim/M. Scott)	_	(D. Regula/J. Whitlock/P. Cross/R. Siegel)	
	GENE 202 (or GENE 203)	4	Brain and Behavior (C. DeBattista)	
	Human Genetics (J. Ford)		Hematologic System (B. Glader)	
	Total	40	Total	20
	Winter Year 1 (Q2)		Spring Year 2 (Q6)	
	INDE 202	8	INDE 206	9
	Practice of Medicine II (C. Braddock)	· ·	Practice of Medicine VI (C. Braddock)	Ū
	INDE 220: HHD I	2	Total	9
	Human Health and Disease: Basic Principles			
	(J. Ferrell/N. Gesundheit)		Total pre-clerkship units:	140
	IMMUNOL 205	4	Total pro ciornomp anno	
	Immunology for Medical Students (D. Lewis)	-	Clinical clerkships:	
	NBIO 206	8	ANES 306A,N,P (M. Rosenthal)	6
	The Nervous System (T. Clandinin)		INDE 301A (S. LeBaron)	6
	SURG 203B	4	MED 300A (R. Chiu)	12
	Human Anatomy II (L. Mathers)		MED 313A (P. Rudd)	6
	Total	26	NENS 301A (R. Fisher)	6
			OB/GYN 300A (S. Blumstein)	9
	Spring Year 1 (Q3)		PEDS 300A (E. Stuart)	12
	INDE 203	8	PSYC 300A (R. Casper)	6
	Practice of Medicine III (C. Braddock)		SURG 300A (S. Wren)	12
	INDE 221: HHD II	12	Selectives	12
	(D. Regula/J. Whitlock/P. Cross)		Electives	6
	Cardiovascular System (B. Kobilka)		Total clerkship units:	93
	Respiratory System I (P. Kao)			
	Total	20	Other clinical requirements:	
			MED 295 (ACLS)	2
			INDE 297 (Applied BioSci)	4
	undeted August 20, 2005		Total for graduation	239
	updated August 29, 2005		Total for graduation	∠39

MD PROGRAM CURRICULUM – OVERVIEW

	∢	Autumn	Winter	Spring
ι.	FOUNDATIO	FOUNDATIONS OF MEDICINE I	FOUNDATIONS OF MEDICINE II	HUMAN HEALTH & DISEASE I
Year	Cells to Tissues Molecular Foundations of Medicine	Genetics Development & Disease Mechanisms	• The Nervous System • Immunology • Gross Anatomy of Head & Neck • Introduction to Organ Systems	Cardiovascular Pulmonary
	Gros	Gross Anatomy		
	PRACTICE	PRACTICE OF MEDICINE I	PRACTICE OF MEDICINE II	PRACTICE OF MEDICINE III
			SCHOLARLY CONCENTRATIONS	
7 -	HOMAN HE	HUMAN HEALTH & DISEASE II	HUMAN HEALTH & DISEASE III	PRACTICE OF MEDICINE VI
Year	Renal/Genitourinary Gastrointestinal/Liver Endocrine/Reproductive	ourinary tinal/Liver teproductive	Brain and Behavior Hematology Multi-Organ System	TO CLIN
	PRACTICE	PRACTICE OF MEDICINE IV	PRACTICE OF MEDICINE V	preparation for clerkships clerkships
			SCHOLARLY CONCENTRATIONS	
[9			CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS	
/ear 3, 4, [5	8 Weeks Internal Medicine Pediatrics Surgery	6 Weeks Obstetrics & Gynecology	4 Weeks Selectives Family Medicine Ambulatory Practice (8 weeks) Psychiatry Neurology Critical Care	Electives (8 weeks)
			APPLIED BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES	
			SCHOLARLY CONCENTRATIONS	
	Block 1 FOUNDATIONS OF MEDICINE	Block 2 HUMAN HEALTH & DISEASE	Block 3 PRACTICE OF MEDICINE	Block 4 CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS APPLIED BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES

MD PROGRAM CURRICULUM — YEARS ONE AND TWO

	(9 weeks)	Th F		Liberton Libertita 0	Disease:	(coutuned)		Practice	Medicine			(4 weeks)	Th F			Practice of Medicine				Practice	of Medicine									
	Spring Quarter	M										Spring Quarter	W																	
		Τū		Discount.	ruman nealin o Disease. Cardiovascular	rumonary I							Τū		Practice of Medicine				goe goe	licine										
	8	Σ		thurst Head	Cardio	- Fulling		Practice	Medicine			95	Σ			Prac of Mec				Practice	of Medicine									
		ш			-d3y	37		Practice	Medicine				L.			Disease:						_								
	(9 weeks)	且		Intro HH8D	Neurobiology	Immunology			Neurobiology			(9 weeks)	드			Human Health & Disease: (continued)				Practice	Medicine									
ONE	Winter Quarter	88									DWT	Winter Quarter	AA.																	
YEAR ONE	Q2 Winter	Τu		Intro HH&D	Neurobiology	Immunology			Anatomy		YEAR TWO		Tu		Health & Disease: Ckin/Bone	Endocrine II	Heme/Systemic Micro			Practice	Medicine									
	ğ	Σ			Neuro	hmmur		Practice of	of Medicine			용	Σ		Human Health & Disease	Endoc	Heme/Syst													
	(s)		n	3	S	Disease	isms					(s)	L.		alfh &	:e:						_								
	(13 weeks)	d for dotal	n Ioi neiali	Weeks 5-13	Genetics	Disease	Mechanisms					(13 weeks)	П		Human Health &	Disease: (continued)				Practice	Medicine									
	Autumn Quarter	ing spoons	rween yn		88	of		μλ	edicine			Autumn Quarter	88																	
	Q1 Autumn			ee week-by		nd doom o	See week-by-week gnd for details		ee week-b		ee week-by		Cells to Tissues Molecular Foundations of		Medicine	Gross Anatomy	Practice of Medicine			Autumn	Τū		Human Health & Disease:	Renal	Gestromestrial Endocrine I			Practice	Medicine	
		See		See weel Weeks 1-4 Cells to 7 Molecula Foundali Medicine		-	• Gro				94	Σ		Human Healt	2	Endo														
			8:00	00:6	10:00	11:8	15:00	1:15 2:15	3:15	4:15				8:00	0:00	10:00	11:00	15:00	1:15	2:15	3:15	4:15								

Courses and Units for Students Matriculating 2002-03 and Prior*

Autumn Year 1		Autumn Year 2	
MED 201	1	MI 201	9
Physicians and Patients		Infectious Disease	
BIOMEDIN 209	1	MCP 202	1
Computers in Medical Education		GI Physiology	
SBIO 211	7	MCP 203	3
Structure of Cells and Tissues		Renal Physiology	_
SURG 201	1	MCP 204	2
Basic Cardiac Life Support		Respiratory Physiology	_
SURG 219	13	MPHA 201	5
Human Anatomy and Developm		Pharmacology I	_
DBIO 206	2	PATH 230B	6
Development and Disease Mech		Pathology II	
TOTAL	25	TOTAL	26
Winter Year 1		Winter Year 2	
BIOC 204	5	MED 205	3
Medical Biochemistry		Hematology	
HRP 202	4	MED 208A	3
Fundamentals of Clinical Investi	gation	Physical Examination	_
HRP 205	2	MI 200	4
Health Care Systems and Healtl	h Policy	Immunology	
MED 202	1	MCP 201/206	6
Physicians and Patients		Endocrine Phys/Pathophys	
NBIO 200	9	MPHA 202	5
Nervous System		Pharmacology II	
PSYC 201	2	PATH 230C	6
Introduction to Psychiatry		Pathology III	
TOTAL	23	TOTAL	27
Coring Voor 1		Spring Voor 2	
Spring Year 1 BIOC 203	4	Spring Year 2 MED 208B	7
Molecular Biology	4	Preceptorship	,
GENE 201	4	MED 208C	7
Human Genetics	7	Clinical Problem-Solving	'
MED 203	1	TOTAL	14
Physicians and Patients	'	TOTAL	17
MCP 200	6	PEDS 207	1
Cardiovascular Physiology	U	Nutrition (self-study)	•
PATH 230A	6	Nutrition (Self-Study)	
Pathology I	J		
PSYC 204	3		
Clinical Psychiatry	0		
TOTAL	24	TOTAL PRECLINICAL	140
	- f	. O I AL I NEGENTIOAL	. 75

Clinical requirements:	
ANES 306 (M. Rosenthal)	6
INDE 301 (S. LeBaron)	6
MED 300 (R. Chiu)	12
NENS 301 (R. Fisher)	6
OB/GYN 300 (S. Blumstein)	9
PEDS 300 (E. Stuart)	12
PSYC 300 (R. Casper)	6
SURG 300 (S. Wren)	12
Selectives	18
Electives	6
PEDS 209	1
(Clinical Nutrition course)	
Total	94

Total for graduation	236
ACLS	2
Total clinical	94
Total preclinical	140

*NOTE: Students beginning clerkships in Period 11 of the 2004-05 academic year or later are also required to complete MED 313A and INDE 297.

REQUIRED COURSE DESCRIPTIONS

YEAR ONE, Q1: Autumn – 13 weeks

• INDE 201 – Practice of Medicine I 11 units, Aut (C. Braddock, staff)

The Practice of Medicine extends throughout the first two years of medical school, interweaving core skills training in history-taking and the physical examination with four major threads addressing computers in the medical environment, nutrition principles, quantitative medicine, and the physician in society. A variety of teaching formats are used, including large group lectures, small group (8-12 learners) discussions, smaller groups (2-3 learners) for clinical demonstrations, clinical problem-based cases, standardized patients, videotaping and feedback about clinical interviews, self-paced learning, and team learning to emphasize both individual accountability and group problem-solving. Throughout the curriculum, clinical correlations map directly back to the basic science content, whether in gross anatomy, molecular foundations of biology, or physiology. In the second year, problem-based learning cases apply the anatomy, biochemistry, pharmacology, and physiology to clinical scenarios.

History-taking and physical examination training begins in the first quarter, using small groups with physician preceptors to teach, serve as role models, and reinforce principles and techniques. Large group sessions cover a range of topics from cross-cultural issues to domestic violence and death and dying. Small group meetings provide an environment for interactive learning. Standardized patients with videotaping coupled with feedback are used to improve student skills.

Computers in the medical environment introduces students to informatics and knowledge management in its practical and theoretical applications. Designed to support research in the Scholarly Concentrations and information needs in clinical experiences, the curriculum includes traditional information retrieval-management instruction, introduction to biomedical informatics, evidence-based medicine searching, and knowledge management. Specific skills to master include Medline searching, bibliographic databases, graphical presentations for results, and clinical decision-support software and databases.

Nutrition principles are acquired through web-based instruction for self-paced learning in parallel to the basic science components over the first year.

Quantitative Medicine focuses on clinical and epidemiological studies. Students learn how to read a journal article and how to recognize and understand the concepts behind different clinical study designs (e.g., case-control, cohort, randomized clinical trial). Topics include bias, confounding, diagnostic testing and screening, and "how statistics can lie." The emphasis is on concepts. Understanding the reasoning behind calculations and formulas is stressed rather than memorization.

The Physician in Society explores the basic principles of health care policy, covering such topics as health care costs, access to care, the measurement and improvement of quality of care, regulation and health care reform. Course lectures are intermixed with small group discussions. Components include the bioethics of confidentiality, informed consent, constrained resources, rationing of care, cost containment, and patient advocacy. Psychiatry sessions explore psychological illnesses with direct observation of patient interviews, held in various hospitals in the area. The sessions emphasize, "Recognize what is common and what is catastrophic."

YEAR ONE, Q1: Autumn – 13 weeks (continued)

• SURG 201 – Basic Cardiac Life Support

1 unit. (R. Smith-Coggins)

Certification must be achieved by all medical students before the end of the first (autumn) quarter. Students who provide documentation of certification received within six months prior to the date of matriculation will be exempted from the requirement. The course teaches one- and two-rescuer CPR, management of an obstructed airway, and CPR for infants and children. Upon completion of the course, students will receive an American Heart Association certificate in BLS.

• SURG 203A – Human Anatomy

11 units, Aut (L. Mathers, staff)

Surgery 203A represents an introduction to human structure and function. Information is presented from a medical perspective and is meant to prepare students to move onward in the medical curriculum. The course includes an introduction to the physical examination and information on frequently-used medical imaging techniques. Students are required to attend lectures, actively participate in seminar groups, and engage in dissection of the human body in the anatomy laboratory. Surgery 203A presents structure of the thorax, abdomen, pelvis and limbs.

YEAR ONE, Q1: Autumn – Weeks 1-4

• BIOC 205 – Molecular Foundations of Medicine

3 units, Aut (P. Brown)

Topics include: DNA structure, replication, repair, and recombination; chromosome structure and function; gene expression including mechanisms for regulating transcription and translation; and methods for manipulating DNA, RNA, and proteins. Patient presentations illustrate how molecular biology affects the practice of medicine. (Enrollment limited to MD candidates.)

• INDE 216 – Cells to Tissues

3 units, Aut (J. Theriot, P. Cross, staff)

Focuses on the cell biology and structural organization of human tissues as self-renewing systems. Topics include identification and differentiation of stem cells, regulation of the cell cycle and apoptosis in normal and cancerous cells, cell adhesion and polarity in epithelial tissues, intracellular transport, and cell migration. Histology laboratory sessions examine normal and abnormal samples of blood, epithelia, skin, connective tissue, muscle, bone and cartilage. Patient presentations and small group discussions of current medical literature illustrate how cell biology influences medical practice.

YEAR ONE, Q1: Autumn – Weeks 5-13

• DBIO 201 – Development and Disease Mechanisms

4 units, Aut (D. Kingsley, Seung Kim, E. Porzig, J. Crabtree, M. Scott)

This course focuses on the mechanisms that direct human development, from conception to birth. Conserved molecular and cellular pathways regulate tissue and organ development in humans and other species. Errors in these pathways result in congenital anomalies, and common human diseases. Topics include: molecules regulating development, cell induction, developmental gene regulation, cell migration, programmed cell death, pattern formation, stem cells, cell lineage, and development of major organ systems. Emphasis is devoted to links between development and clinically significant topics, including infertility, assisted reproductive technologies, contraception, pre-natal diagnosis, multiparity, teratogenesis, inherited birth defects, and fetal therapy. Lectures connect fundamental discoveries in

developmental biology to advances in disease diagnosis, therapy, and prevention in clinical medicine. Open to undergraduates, by consent of instructor.

• GENE 202 – Human Genetics

4 units, Aut (J. Ford, R. Myers)

The theoretical and experimental basis for the genetics of human health and disease. Lectures and clinical case discussions in molecular, chromosomal, biochemical, developmental, cancer and medical genetics, emphasizing the latter. Prerequisites: knowledge of biochemistry and basic genetics.

YEAR ONE, Q2: Winter – 9 weeks

• INDE 202 – Practice of Medicine II

8 units, Win (C. Braddock, staff)

History-taking and physical examination, computers in the medical environment, nutrition principles, quantitative medicine, and the physician in society are covered. See INDE 201 for a complete description of the Practice of Medicine course series.

• INDE 220 – Human Health and Disease I

2 units, Win (R. Siegel, J. Ferrell, J. Whitlock, D. Regula)

Basic principles of pharmacokinetics and pharmacodynamics are covered in conjunction with the nature and function of hormones. This course establishes the foundation for the Human Health and Disease block which spans Q3 (Spring quarter Year One) through Q5 (Winter quarter Year Two or Three). The Human Health and Disease block presents organ system-based histology, pathology, physiology, pharmacology, and microbiology in a sequence of interdisciplinary courses. Each organ-specific integrated course includes a review of the anatomy and related histology, normal function of that organ system, how the organ system is affected by and responds to disease including infection, and how diseases of that organ system are treated (therapeutics). Clinical correlates and clinical skills related to that organ system are presented in special afternoon sessions in the Practice of Medicine block.

• MI 205 – Immunology for Medical Practice

4 units, Win (D. Lewis)

The basic concepts of adaptive and innate immunology and the role of the immune system in a variety of diseases, utilizing case presentations of diseases including autoimmune diseases, infectious disease, transplantation, genetic and acquired immunodeficiencies, hypersensitivity reactions, and allergic diseases. Weekly problem sets are mainly based on case reports and publications drawn from the current clinical literature. Emphasis is on application of the fundamental concepts of human immunology. (Same as IMMUNOL 205 and PATH 205 – first-year medical students enroll in MI 205 only.)

• NBIO 206 – The Nervous System

8 units, Win (T. Clandinin, B. Barres, E. Knudsen, T. Moore, W. Newsome, J. Raymond, L. Stryer,) Focus on the principles of neuroanatomy and neurobiology. Course material is covered in five course sections and includes transmission of electrical signals, anatomic organization of the human nervous system, neural systems, and higher brain functions. Human brains are dissected and examined in weekly laboratory sessions. In both lectures and laboratories, the application of the course material to localizing and diagnosing neurological dysfunction is emphasized throughout the course.

YEAR ONE, Q2: Winter – 9 weeks (continued)

• SURG 203B – Human Anatomy

4 units, Win (L. Mathers, staff)

Surgery 203B continues the introduction to human structure and function, focusing on structure of the head, neck and back.

YEAR ONE, Q3: Spring – 9 weeks

• INDE 203 – Practice of Medicine III

8 units, Spr (C. Braddock, staff)

History-taking and physical examination, computers in the medical environment, nutrition principles, quantitative medicine, and the physician in society are covered. See INDE 201 for a complete description of the Practice of Medicine course series.

• INDE 221 – Human Health and Disease II

12 units, Aut (B. Kobilka, P. Kao, P. Cross, D. Regula, R. Siegel, J. Whitlock)

Structure, function, disease, and therapeutics of the Cardiovascular System and the Respiratory System (Part I).

YEAR TWO, Q4: Autumn – 13 weeks

INDE 204 – Practice of Medicine IV

10 units, Aut (C. Braddock, staff)

History-taking and physical examination, computers in the medical environment, nutrition principles, quantitative medicine, and the physician in society are covered. See INDE 201 for a complete description of the Practice of Medicine course series.

• INDE 222 – Human Health and Disease III

15 units, Aut (A. Lowe, T. Meyer, A. Hoffman, N. Gesundheit, P. Cross, D. Regula, R. Siegel, J. Whitlock)

Structure, function, disease, and therapeutics of the Respiratory System (Part II). Structure, function, disease, and therapeutics of the Renal/Genito-urinary System, the Gastrointestinal system/Liver, and the Endocrine/Reproductive system.

YEAR TWO, Q5: Winter – 9 weeks

INDE 205 – Practice of Medicine V

8 units, Win (C. Braddock, staff)

History-taking and physical examination, computers in the medical environment, nutrition principles, quantitative medicine, and the physician in society are covered. See INDE 201 for a complete description of the Practice of Medicine course series.

• INDE 223 – Human Health and Disease IV

12 units, Win (B. Glader, P. Cross, D. Regula, R. Siegel, J. Whitlock)

Structure, function, disease, and therapeutics of the hematologic system, multisystem problems, brain and behavior.

YEAR TWO, Q6: Spring – 4 weeks

• INDE 206 – Practice of Medicine VI 9 units, Win (C. Braddock, staff)

This is the last segment of the Practice of Medicine series. Students spend seven hours per day, four days a week, in an intensive, one-month learning experience. Complex problem-based cases are developed and standardized patient simulation experiences are provided to maximize student opportunity to incorporate previous instruction in the basic sciences and clinical components in a dynamic setting prior to beginning clinical clerkship experiences.

STUDENT PATHWAYS THROUGH HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE (HHD) AND PRACTICE OF MEDICINE (POM)

1. All quarters of HHD and POM must be done in the established curricular sequence:

HHD (Human Health and Disease)

Q2 – INDE 220

Q3 – INDE 221

O4 – INDE 222

Q5 – INDE 223

POM (Practice of Medicine)

Q1 – INDE 201

Q2 – INDE 202

Q3 – INDE 203

O4 – INDE 204

Q5 – INDE 205

Q6 – INDE 206 (four weeks)

- Students wishing to take a quarter (or more) off will be expected to reenter the curriculum sequence one year later where he/she left off.
- Students with compelling reasons for taking courses out of order may submit a petition to the Committee on Courses and Curriculum.
- Students should understand that such approval will be rare and granted only under very unusual circumstances.
- 2. Taking a year (or more) out for full-time research

Students can step out of the curriculum following any quarter to do full-time research, picking up the curriculum at the point they left off except after Q6, as stipulated below.

Students wishing to take a year out after completing the entire basic science curriculum and before beginning clerkships will do so by completing Q1 - Q5, re-entering to complete Q6 (one month of POM) prior to beginning clerkships.

- 3. Splitting the two-year curriculum over three years
 - The course directors support the principle that splitting the two-year curriculum over three years may be desirable for some students, such as for Scholarly Concentrations that would lend themselves better to part-time research over two years rather than full-time research for one year.
 - Students wishing to split the two-year curriculum over three years must do so by splitting the morning HHD and the afternoon POM curriculum in one of two ways:

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Option #1 – Split curriculum begins following Q2:
HHD (mornings) only: Q3 (Spr) → Q4 (Aut) → Q5 (Win)
followed by
POM (afternoons) only: Q3 (Spr) → Q4 (Aut) → Q5 (Win) → Q6 (Spr)
Option #2 – Split curriculum begins following completion of Q3:
HHD (mornings) only: Q4 (Aut) → Q5 (Win) → [Q3 Spring quarter no classes]
followed by
POM (afternoons) only: Q4 (Aut) → Q5 (Win) → Q6 (Spr)
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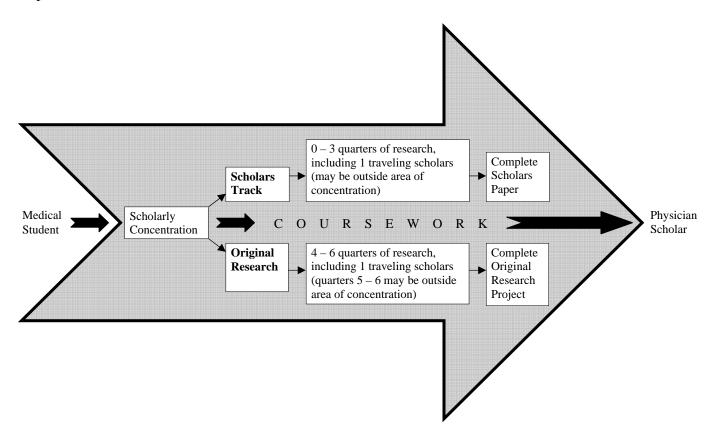
4. Afternoon integrative Clinical Correlates exercises

Weekly afternoon clinical correlates exercises have been designed to integrate the basic science knowledge of the HHD course with the clinical skills of the POM course. Students splitting the curriculum participate in these exercises as part of the POM course (with POM taking responsibility for the assessment of student learning in these exercises).

SCHOLARLY CONCENTRATION REQUIREMENT

Scholarly Concentrations provide medical students with independent, creative scholarly experiences in areas of personal interest. This required component of the curriculum develops critical thinking, skills in evaluation of new data, and hands-on experience with the methods by which new scholarly information is generated. We consider these essential elements for the future leaders of medicine.

Eleven concentrations, as well as independently created concentrations, are currently available. Students may choose from one of two tracks: the Scholars Track or the Original Research Track. The Scholars Track provides an opportunity for in-depth study in an area concentration, and may include up to three quarters of independent research; this track concludes with the completion of a scholarly paper in the area of concentration. The Original Research Track allows for in-depth study in the area of concentration as well as a four-quarter independent research project and the opportunity to do up to two additional quarters of research; this track concludes with the completion and write-up of the Original Research Project. Areas of scholarly concentration are described below; these are expected to evolve with changes in science and the practice of medicine.



• <u>Bioengineering</u> focuses on the intersection between engineering and medicine. Research opportunities cover the spectrum from molecular to systems bioengineering and include technologies ranging from computer methods, medical imaging, biosensors, and minimally invasive therapeutic devices. Students can focus on the development and application of a bioengineering technology or concentrate on an organ system including the cardiovascular, neuromuscular, and skeletal systems, and will have opportunities to work closely with students in engineering and science doctoral programs.

- <u>Biomedical Ethics and Medical Humanities</u> explores the moral, social, and humanistic dimensions of medicine and biomedical science. How do advances in genetics challenge the way we treat patients and their families? Should physicians play a role in hastening the death of suffering patients? How do differences in the social make-up of society impact the experience of health care? These and many other questions can be explored through the methods of philosophy, social science, film, literature, and law.
- <u>Biomedical Informatics</u> promotes exploration of information management and analysis along the biomedical research pipeline, from analysis and interpretation of new biological datasets to their integration and management in the context of clinical care. How might information technology be used to detect bioterrorist attacks? Is there a more effective way to search medical literature besides PubMed? When one gene chip experiment measures expression levels for an entire genome, how can we interpret the data and apply the results to individual patient care? The explosion in data from all areas of medicine and biology has led to the need to develop information technologies for biomedicine.
- <u>Cardiovascular-Pulmonary Sciences</u> approaches the heart and lungs as an integrated system, and demonstrates how a multidisciplinary approach is effective in solving questions related to the pathophysiology of cardiovascular and pulmonary diseases, the leading causes of morbidity and mortality in the United States. The Concentration is designed to address the need to train a new generation of basic and clinician-investigators who will have a broad understanding of CVP medicine and biology and can apply cutting-edge technology to clinically relevant questions.
- <u>Clinical Research</u> introduces students to the critical concepts that underpin clinical research, while affording the opportunity to participate in the design and conduct of hypothesis-driven research projects. Students pursuing this field of study will be equipped to critically evaluate medical science and well poised to pursue subsequent academic training.
- <u>Community Health and Public Service</u> enables medical students to gain knowledge and skills necessary for addressing health challenges of diverse and often underserved communities domestically and overseas. Curricular topics include the organization of healthy communities and their development; social, economic, and geographical determinants of health; practice and politics of health-focused public service; and cultural competencies necessary for working in diverse communities. The Concentration encourages the development of physicians with the commitment and capacity to become effective, life-long leaders in community health and community-focused domestic and international health policy.
- <u>Health Services and Policy Research</u> explores the way hospitals, physician groups, pharmaceutical companies, health insurance plans, and government influence the delivery of health care through policies and activities. Formulating health policies and improving clinical practice require an understanding of the interactions between health care institutions, medical decision choices at the population level, and the social and economic environment. This Concentration provides training in key areas of health services research and health policy, with an emphasis on training in quantitative methodological techniques and in relevant content areas.
- <u>Immunology</u> investigates various areas of immunology including vaccination against microbial diseases, transplantation immunology, allergy and autoimmunity. Students will undertake course work in cellular and molecular immunology and be responsible for a written report based either on experiments in the laboratory or scholarly research.

- <u>Molecular Basis of Medicine</u> offers serious research experience in the basic science disciplines that are the underpinnings of medicine. The Concentration is broad with many focus areas, and offers exposure to the rigor and structure that supports first-rate scientific investigation. Students work side by side with graduate students and MSTP students pursuing the PhD.
- Neuroscience, Behavior and Cognition promotes investigation in all areas of neuroscience: Systems and Behavioral, Molecular and Cellular, Developmental, Clinical, and Computational. We seek to understand both neurological disease and the normal functioning of the central nervous system, from individual molecules to the circuits and computational aspects involved in generating behavior. The breadth of faculty interests allows students to participate in research in any of these areas of neuroscience. The purpose of the work is to improve care of the patient with neurological disease.
- <u>Women's Health</u> addresses the wide scope of women's health issues and sex-based medicine and biology. The differing health needs and risks of women and men extend beyond reproductive systems and hormonal profiles to include conditions that are unique to, more prevalent or serious in, and/or inadequately addressed in women or men. The Concentration will train students in basic, translational, and clinical research in women's health and comparative biology and medicine, by integrating diverse disciplines—such as molecular biology or genetics—with diseases that are unique to or more prevalent in women or men.
- <u>Independent Design</u> allows students to work with mentors to design their own Scholarly Concentrations if they are interested in areas not addressed by the existing identified Concentrations. The same rigorous oversight and review process applies to independently designed concentration.

Declaration of Scholarly Concentration

All first-year MD students must declare a Concentration preferably prior to June 1 of the first year and no later than October 1 of the second year. To do this:

- 1. Select one of the eleven existing Concentrations or design a Concentration independently;
- 2. Define a general course plan and scholarship proposal to extend over a four- or five-year period;
- 3. Fill out a Declaration of Scholarly Concentration form; attach your course plan and a general description of your intended scholarship;
- 4. Meet with your new Concentration director to discuss your plans and to obtain his/her signature of the Declaration form;
- 5. Turn in the signed form, course plan, and scholarship description to Maria Berumen (MSOB X3C11) for final signature by Associate Dean Cross.

UNITED STATES MEDICAL LICENSING EXAMINATIONS (USMLE) REQUIREMENT: STEP 1, STEP 2 CK AND STEP 2 CS

Students must receive overall passes on Step 1 of the USMLE and Step 2 CK at the levels set by the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME). The Step 1 examination must be taken no later than one year prior to graduation. Students should apply for Step 2 CK by November 1 of their last year and sit for the examination by March 1. Students are also required to sit for Step 2 CS prior to graduation.

Failure to meet these requirements will result in review by the Committee on Student Performance. An institutionally administered USMLE equivalency exam may, under certain circumstances, serve to meet Step 2 CK requirements for the MD degree. Such institutionally administered exams do not, however, meet requirements for licensure to practice medicine.

The USMLE superseded the NBME exam, which was last administered in 1994. Candidates for certification by the NBME who have taken and passed either NBME Part I or NBME Part II but have not completed all three Parts of the NBME certification examination process prior to their phase-out will be certified by the NBME upon meeting all NBME eligibility requirements and successfully completing Part I of the NMBE (or Step 1 of the USMLE), Part II of the NBME (or Step 2 of the USMLE), and Part III of the NBME (or Step 3 of the USMLE). USMLE will recommend that states accept such examination combinations for initial licensure if the examinations are passed prior to the year 2000.

The USMLE is administered by computer at Prometric Test Centers. Computer delivery of Steps 1 and Step 2 CK will occur throughout the year, except for the first two weeks in January. Computer-based testing for Step 1 began in May of 1999. Computer-based testing for Steps 2 and 3 began in August of 1999 and late November 1999, respectively.

Up-to-date information on available testing times at Prometric is posted at

http://www.prometric.com

Scheduling permits for a practice test session may be obtained at

http://www.usmle.org

LICENSURE

Meeting the graduation requirements for the MD degree at Stanford University School of Medicine does not guarantee eligibility for state licensure. Some states have peculiar curricular requirements for licensure, and students are advised to check with the Medical Board in states of possible residency for licensure requirements.

REQUIRED CLINICAL CURRICULUM

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REQUIRED CLERKSHIPS

NOTE: The Faculty Senate is in the process of revising the clinical curriculum. Graduation requirements for clinical training are under review and are subject to change.

Clerkship #	Department	Title	Units
To be completed within	in the student's first 12 months:		
* MED 300A	Medicine	General Medicine Core	12 (2 months)
* SURG 300A	Surgery	General Surgery	12 (2 months)
Two of the clerkships	below (assigned by draw proces	s) must also be completed within stud	lent's first 12 months:
MED 301A	Medicine	Family Medicine Core	6 (1 month)
* OBGYN 300A	Obstetrics & Gynecology	Basic Gynecology & Obstetrics	9 (1.5 months)
* PEDS 300A	Pediatrics	Child Health	12 (2 months)
* PSYC 300A	Psychiatry	Basic Core Psychiatry	6 (1 month)
These clerkships may	be completed any time prior to g	graduation:	
NENS 301A	Neurology	Neurology Core Clerkship	6 (1 month)
ANES 306A, N, P	Anesthesia	Critical Care Clerkship	6 (1 month)
MED 313A	Medicine	Ambulatory Medicine	6 (1 month)
Selective I: Fundamer	ntals of Clinical Care (chosen fro	om approved list)	6 (1 month)
Selective II: Subinterr	nship (chosen from approved lis	t)	6 (1 month)
ELECTIVE			6 (1 month)
Total clinical units req	uired for graduation		93 (15.5 months)

^{*} Because passing of the NBME subject examination is a requirement in these clerkships, students must enroll in (i.e., begin) these clerkships at the latest by Period 7 of the final clinical year to allow time for remediation of failing scores prior to graduation.

REQUIRED CLERKSHIP DESCRIPTIONS

<u>Clerkships to be completed within the student's first 12 clinical months (must be completed at Stanford):</u>

• MED 300A – General Medicine Core Clerkship (SUMC, PAVAMC, SCVMC, KPMC)

Teaches the natural history, pathophysiology, diagnosis, and treatment of disease. Emphasis is placed on acquiring the understanding, skills, and attitudes desirable in a scientific and compassionate physician. Students record histories, physical examinations, and laboratory data for patients for whom they are responsible and present their findings, together with their diagnoses and treatment plans, at rounds and conferences. Developing sound clinical reasoning skills is continuously emphasized. An essential aspect of the clerkship is the students' gradual assumption of direct responsibility for, and full-time involvement in, patient care with the house staff and faculty team. To take advantage of the differences in patient populations and teaching staffs of the four hospitals, students spend four weeks at either SUMC or PAVAMC, and four weeks at either SCVMC in San Jose or KPMC in Santa Clara. The resulting eight week experience is an integrated curriculum designed to cover the essentials of internal medicine. Students enroll in Medicine 300, and the Department of Medicine supervises a random draw-based assignment to two of the four locations shortly before the beginning of each odd-numbered clerkship period. Director: Rex Chiu.

• SURG 300A – General Surgery Clerkship (SUMC, PAVAMC, SCVMC, KPMC)
Provides students with clinical experience in the evaluation and treatment of a wide variety of surgical diseases. Emphasis is placed on teaching students to recognize and manage basic clinical problems.

Students function as active members of the surgical team, and are encouraged to follow patients throughout their in-patient course. Outpatient clinics provide the student with the ability to participate in the initial work-up and care plan of pre-op patients. Didactic lectures are given by faculty during the clerkship, which cover pathophysiology of various diseases and principles of surgical management. Basic surgical skills are taught in the operating room and in the emergency department setting. The clerkship offers an opportunity for students to integrate their knowledge of anatomy, physiology and physical diagnosis into a treatment plan for patients with surgical diseases. Each student spends one four-week rotation at SHS or the PAVAMC and one four-week period at SCVMC or KPMC, Santa Clara. Rotation assignments are made on the first day of the clerkship. A one day orientation is held at the beginning of the eight week period. Director: Sherry Wren.

Two of the following clerkships must be completed within the student's first 12 clinical months (must be completed at Stanford, to be assigned by lottery):

- MED 301A Family Medicine Core Clerkship (SUMC, Community sites)

 Teaches the assessment and management of diseases commonly encountered in the ambulatory care setting.

 Emphasis is placed on efficient, cost-effective medical care in a variety of settings. Prevention, behavioral aspects of care, and cultural competence will be stressed. Students will visit a variety of sites for alternative delivery of health care. Morning education sessions will also be conducted at SUMC and afternoons will be spent attending patients in a family practice office in the Bay Area. Director: Samuel LeBaron.
- OB/GYN 300A Basic Gynecology and Obstetrics Clerkship (SUMC, SCVMC, KPMC)
 Involves the care of gynecologic and obstetric inpatients and outpatients (with wide exposure to the different subspecialties at the Stanford University Medical Center). Director: Sylvie Blumstein.
- PEDS 300A Child Health Clerkship (SUMC, SCVMC) Clerkship consists of an eight-week period divided into four weeks on an inpatient service and four weeks in an ambulatory pediatric setting. Students spend four weeks at the LPCH and four weeks at the SCVMC. In each setting, students learn the skills of history-taking, physical examination, and problem-solving appropriate for children of various ages. Students also learn assessment, become familiar with health maintenance as it applies to children, develop sensitivity to the interrelationships of children with their families and environment, and learn diagnostic and therapeutic approaches to common pediatric problems. Students also participate in diagnosis and treatment of pediatric and adolescent problems. Director: Elizabeth Stuart.
- PSYC 300A Psychiatry Core Clerkship

 Designed to solidify the knowledge students have acquired in PSYC 201 and PSYC 204 courses, while helping students gain practical skills in the application of this knowledge to clinical situations. The core clerkship experience will focus on interviewing skills, psychiatric evaluation, on refining diagnostic skills, and give an overview of psychosocial and psychopharmacological treatment modalities for the major psychiatric disorders. The clerkship consists of work on inpatient units or in outpatient clinics under the supervision of academic and clinical faculty, a weekly lecture series by academic faculty, interviewing seminars taught by voluntary clinical faculty, and attendance at Grand Rounds. Students will be assigned to patient care settings at one of the seven affiliated sites: a comprehensive medical psychiatry unit (G2), an inpatient general psychiatry ward (H2) at SUH, an inpatient research psychiatric ward specializing in the study of schizophrenia (4B2) at the VA, an inpatient general psychiatry ward (5B3) at the VA, consult-liaison service at SUH or the VA. Although students will be given the opportunity to express their

preferences regarding assignment, the final rotation assignment will be determined by the department based on availability of sites. Students will be advised of the specific clerkship requirements at the orientation offered at the start of each clerkship period. Requirements include mandatory attendance at seminars, weekly inpatient case history presentations and night-call experiences with residents/attending psychiatrists. Director: Regina Casper.

Other Clerkship Requirements (must be completed at Stanford):

- ANES 306A, P or N Critical Care Clerkship
 Provides experience managing patients in a critical care unit. Students learn how to optimize care for the acutely ill patient and the multidisciplinary approach to complex patients. Teaching emphasizes the review of basic organ physiology, the ability to determine the pathophysiologic mechanisms involved in critical illness, and the formulation of a physiologic based treatment plan. Students gain experience with the implementation of monitoring and therapeutic devices used in the intensive care units and begin to become adept at the evaluation, stabilization and management of the most critically ill patients expected to be encountered in today's acute care hospitals. Educational experiences include ward rounds, bedside evaluation and treatment, didactic lectures and individual interactions with attending, fellows and residents. Director: Myer Rosenthal.
- NENS 301A General Neurology Core Clerkship
 A four-week experience in both inpatient and outpatient neurology. The clerkship emphasizes the
 recognition and treatment of common neurological disorders. Sites will include Stanford, the Palo Alto
 Veterans Administration Medical Center, and Santa Clara Valley Medical Center. Director: Paul Fisher.
- MED 313A Ambulatory Medicine Clerkship

 The new Ambulatory Medicine clerkship combines clinic sessions in both general internal medicine and subspecialty medicine. It includes assigned readings, small group discussions, computer-assisted drills, posing and answering clinical questions with critical appraisal of the literature, and problem-based cases to reinforce principles and complexities of diagnosis and management. The didactics emphasize preventive medicine, cardiovascular, respiratory, and endocrinological disorders, and common clinical presentations in outpatient practice. Effective Period 1 (2005-06), the clerkship is a required clerkship for all students by the time of graduation. Director: Peter Rudd.

SELECTIVE CLERKSHIP REQUIREMENT

Students will complete one month of clerkships in two categories chosen from a designated list. Qualifying clerkships are approved by the Committee on Courses and Curriculum (CCC) and may be removed from the list of approved clerkships at any time. Additions to the approved lists of clerkships take effect immediately for all students; deletions from the lists take affect for the students who begin clerkships in the next clerkship year.

Students wishing to substitute another clerkship not on the list may petition the CCC for approval prior to enrolling in the clerkship. Students should know that approval of substitutions for selective clerkships is rarely given. Retroactive approval of selective clerkship substitutions will not be granted.

Selective clerkships may be completed at another medical school through the "away" clerkship process. This means that the Stanford clerkship director must certify that a clerkship experience at another medical school is equivalent to the designated clerkship at Stanford. The student then enrolls in the clerkship with the Stanford number and the letter "W" following to indicate it was done at another location.

SELECTIVE I: FUNDAMENTALS OF CLINICAL CARE

This requirement assures that all students receive a firm grounding in general principles and practice of primary care medicine or ambulatory care medicine, according to specified goals and requisites. Students complete one month (four weeks) of clerkships chosen from the list of qualifying clerkships (see list on page 38).

Goals:

Through experiences that broaden their general professional education *in areas not covered in a core clerkship*, students will:

- Achieve excellence in command of the fundamentals of clinical medicine with emphasis on skills required of all physicians
- Gain a solid foundation in general medicine as a basis for understanding and treating disease

Requisites:

- Emphasizes common problems in an area essential for a generalist
- Provides knowledge, skills and attitudes that will enhance development as a well-rounded physician

OR

Goals:

Through an intensive ambulatory experience, students will:

- become competent at managing problems in an ambulatory setting
- strengthen ability to perform a directed history and physical examination
- appreciate longitudinal management of chronic disease
- develop time management skills during patient encounters
- develop a sense of obligation to the health of the public

Requisites:

- At least 75% of experience should be in an ambulatory/outpatient setting
- Student accepts direct responsibility for patients including first to encounter patient, performs procedures, counsels patients, writes notes and orders
- Provides opportunities for patient follow-up

SELECTIVE I LIST: FUNDAMENTALS OF CLINICAL CARE

<u>Department</u>	Clerkship #	Clerkship Name	Location
Anesthesia	304A	Chronic Pain Management	SUMC
Dermatology	300A	Dermatology	SUMC
Interdisciplinary	309A	Surgical Specialties	Various
Interdisciplinary	310A	Continuity of Care	Various
Interdisciplinary	337A	Women's Health	SUMC
Interdisciplinary	344E	Family Medicine Elective	SJMC
Interdisciplinary	345E*	Family Medicine Elective	Office sites
Medicine	306A	Endocrinology	SUMC, PAVAMC, SCVMC
Medicine	322A	Medical Oncology	SUMC
Medicine	338A	HIV Outpatient Elective (HOPE)	SUMC, PAVAMC, other
Medicine	342A	Geriatric Medicine	SUMC
Medicine	343B	Hospice	PAVAMC
Ophthalmology	300A**	Ophthalmology	SUMC
Ophthalmology	300E	Ophthalmology	VAPAHCS-Livermore
Ophthalmology	310C	Ophthalmology Externship	SCVMC
Orthopedic Surgery	303C	Rehabilitation Medicine	SCVMC; PAMC
Orthopedic Surgery	304A*	Physical Medicine and Rehabilitation	SUMC
Orthopedic Surgery	306A,B,C	Orthopedics	SUMC; PAVAMC; SCVMC
Otolaryngology	307A*	Otolaryngology	SUMC
Pediatrics	311E	Preceptor at Palo Alto Medical Clinic	PAMC
Pediatrics	315A	Adolescent Medicine	SUMC
Pediatrics	340D	Child Health Clerkship	KPMC
Psychiatry	327E	Alcohol and Chemical Dependency	Sequoia
Radiology	301A	Diagnostic Radiology	SUMC
Surgery	313A,C,D	Emergency Medicine	SUMC; SCVMC; KPMC
Urology	308A,B,C	Urology Clerkship	SUMC; PAVAMC; SCVMC

^{*} Two-week rotation; students must complete an additional two-week rotation to receive credit as a selective.

^{**} May be taken as two-week or four-week rotation.

SELECTIVE II: SUBINTERNSHIP

Subinternship is an advanced clinical experience in which students assume the responsibility of and function as interns. All students must participate in at least one qualifying experience chosen from the subinternship list. Qualifying clerkships are approved by the Committee on Courses and Curriculum and may be removed from the list at any time.

Goals:

Through an intensive inpatient experience, students will:

- Assume a high level of patient care responsibility in preparation for residency.
- Strengthen their clinical and procedural skills.
- Improve their ability to manage complex, acutely ill patients.
- Learn to work as a team member.

Requisites:

- Student is responsible for direct management and care of patients with significantly higher level of responsibility than the core clerkship.
- Builds upon knowledge and skills learned during the core clerkship.
- Internship-like responsibilities, e.g., primary workup of new patients, writes orders, performs procedures, participates in daily care, takes night call, writes notes and dictates discharge summary.

SELECTIVE II LIST: SUBINTERNSHIP

Department	Clerkship #	Clerkship Name	Location
Cardiothoracic Surgery	300A, 300C, 301B	Cardiothoracic Surgery	SUMC, SCVMC, PAVAMC
Obstetrics/Gynecology	304A*	Inpatient Gynecology	SUMC
Medicine	304A	Cardiovascular Medicine	SUMC
Medicine	311D	Advanced Medicine	KPMC
Medicine	312C	Advanced Medicine	SCVMC
Medicine	314A	Advanced Medicine	SUMC
Medicine	321A	Advanced Medical Oncology	SUMC
Medicine	339B	Advanced Medicine	PAVAMC
Neurology	307A	Pediatric Neurology Subinternship	SUMC
Neurology	308A	Adult Neurology Subinternship	SUMC
Otolaryngology	336A	Subinternship in Otolaryngology	SUMC
Orthopedic Surgery	318A	Subinternship in Orthopedic Surgery	SUMC
Pediatrics	313A	Neonatal Intensive Care	SUMC
Pediatrics	314A	Pediatric Intensive Care	SUMC
Pediatrics	335A	Ped Heme/Onc/ Bone Marrow Trans	LPCH
Pediatrics	337A	Inpatient General Pediatrics	LPCH
Pediatrics	338C	Subinternship in Pediatrics	SCVMC
Pediatrics	339A	Inpatient Subspecialty Pediatrics	LPCH
Surgery	311C	Burn Center at Santa Clara Valley	SCVMC
Surgery	316A	Pediatric Surgery	SUMC
Surgery	333A	Multi-Organ Transplantation	SUMC
Surgery	334A	Advanced Vascular Surgery	SUMC
Surgery	338A	Advanced Surgery	SUMC, PAVAMC
Surgery	338C	Advanced Surgery	SCVMC
Urology	310B	Advanced Surgery/Urology	PAVAMC
Urology	338A	Advanced Urology	SUMC

^{*} Must be taken for four weeks.

CLINICAL PERFORMANCE EXAMINATION (CPX)

Demonstration of competency on the Clinical Performance Examination (CPX), taken in the final clinical year, is a requirement for graduation. The CPX is conducted in the afternoons over a 10-day period in August and can accommodate about eight students each afternoon. Students will be given the opportunity to schedule themselves into the examination on a first-come, first served basis. Students who do not schedule themselves into the examination before the deadline will be placed in remaining open slots.

The CPX is an eight-station standardized patient examination lasting from 1:00 to 6:00 p.m. The examination assesses students in five skill areas:

- History taking
- Physical examination
- Information sharing
- Clinical courtesy
- Patient/physician interaction

Each student's exercise is videotaped and made available to the student for review. Following the exam, students watch the recording of their performances and complete a self-assessment exercise. Once the self-assessment has been submitted, the student receives access to their CPX score report.

Students who do not demonstrate minimum competency in each skill area, or who do not meet the passing mark for overall score, will receive mentoring from a faculty member. Mentoring sessions will be confidential one-on-one tutorials with a supportive faculty member who has demonstrated excellence in clinical teaching. The student will be expected to work with the faculty member to improve their skills until the faculty member certifies that the student has met the standards.

The examination is meant to ensure that all students receiving the M.D. degree from Stanford have demonstrated competency in fundamental clinical skills. It identifies students who are struggling so they can get the help they need in a discreet, positive learning environment.

NBME Subject Examinations in Required Clerkships

Standards for performance on NBME subject examinations apply in the following required clerkships:

Internal Medicine
Obstetrics and Gynecology
Pediatrics
Psychiatry
Surgery

- 1. Examination must be passed with minimum score in the 23rd percentile
- 2. Students who do not pass receive "N" (continuing grade) in the clerkship and must retake exam (does not result in any statement in Summative section of evaluation)
- 3. Failure on retake results in statement to this effect appearing in Summative section
- 4. Third attempt is oral examination "N" grade is converted to either a "pass" or "fail"
- 5. Failure results in focused remediation with enrollment in a 390 clerkship

To assure that remediation is accomplished prior to graduation, students must enroll in (i.e., begin) all of the above clerkships *at the latest* by Period 7 of the student's final clinical year.

Students with documented disabilities may require special examination accommodations. The Office of Accessible Education determines if and what accommodations to recommend. The MD Advising Office receives the recommendation and conveys the request to the clerkship director prior to the examination. It is the responsibility of the student to notify the Advising Office at least one week in advance of his/her scheduled exam.

ADVANCED CARDIAC LIFE SUPPORT (ACLS) - MED 295

Certification in ACLS (Advanced Cardiac Life Support) is a requirement for graduation. Students may register for ACLS in the first or second clinical year. Training courses are offered at the Palo Alto VA Medical Center under the direction of Dr. John Giacomini. All training sessions (up to four) will be held on Friday/Saturday. Each session can accommodate a maximum of 25 students. Registration is on a first come, first served basis. Because advance planning is necessary to arrange instructors, registration will be cut off two weeks before each session. When the training is completed, students will be given a certification card that will be good for two years.

To sign up, register for MED 295 on Axess. An information packet with training materials will be placed in your student mailbox two weeks before the course begins. Be prepared to do some reading before the first session.

NOTE: Occasionally a student who is preparing to graduate is unable to attend one of the ACLS training sessions offered at the Palo Alto VA Medical Center because he or she is out of town, interviewing for residency, or for other reasons. If this is the case, the student may make arrangements to complete ACLS training at another facility. The student would then need to bring his/her certificate of completion to the Office of Student Affairs to verify participation in the course. For ACLS training outside Stanford, contact Kathy Dyble, Hoover Pavilion (650-723-3450) or the American Heart Association. There will be a charge to take this training outside the medical school.

Contact Gay Wittenberg, VA Medical Center, 650-493-5000, ext. 65153.

APPLIED BIOMEDICAL SCIENCES REQUIREMENT

The curriculum in Applied Biomedical Sciences consists of two parts designed within the new Stanford curriculum to achieve the following goals:

- 1. To provide continuity of instruction in basic or applied science topics across the curriculum;
- 2. To expose students to the latest advances in biomedical sciences, emphasizing their application to medical practice (translational medicine);
- 3. To provide students with cutting-edge knowledge and clinical applications relevant to their scholarly concentration;
- 4. To reinforce and extend the study of behavioral, cultural, and socioeconomic topics introduced in the Practice of Medicine course sequence.

Part One: Applied Biomedical Sciences in the Clinical Clerkships

An important objective of the Applied Biomedical Sciences curriculum is to extend the student's acquisition of basic science knowledge throughout medical school. To meet this objective, several basic science courses have been linked with clinical clerkships to reinforce and continue basic science instruction in the didactic time of the required clerkships.

Examples of these linkages include:

- use of epidemiological and biostatistical concepts to critically appraise literature (e.g., study design and interpretation) in the internal medicine, surgery, pediatrics, and obstetrics/gynecology clerkships
- use of case studies in microbiology/infectious diseases to examine host/microbe interactions in the internal medicine, surgery, and pediatrics clerkships
- application of principles of reproductive physiology in the obstetrics/gynecology clerkship
- application of principles of neuroanatomy, neurophysiology, and neurobiology in the neurology clerkship

The goal is to match each basic science course and its faculty to one or more clinical clerkships to reinforce that lifelong learning in the basic sciences is critical to the contemporary practice of medicine.

Part Two: Applied Biomedical Sciences Lecture/Seminar Series – INDE 297

The program features invited speakers on cutting-edge topics, clinical-pathologic-correlations, sessions on preventive medicine, and discussion groups related to the Scholarly Concentrations. A refreshment break at the mid-point of each session provides students a chance to socialize with classmates.

Applied Biomedical Sciences sessions are held in even numbered clerkship periods on the **third Friday** afternoon of the period from 1:00 - 5:00 p.m.:

2005-06 Clerkship	Year	2006-07 Clerkship	Year
August 12, 2005	(Period 2)	August 11, 2006	(Period 2)
October 7, 2005	(Period 4)	October 6, 2006	(Period 4)
December 2, 2005	(Period 6)	December 1, 2006	(Period 6)
February 17, 2006	(Period 8)	February 16, 2007	(Period 8)
April 14, 2006	(Period 10)	April 13, 2007	(Period 10)
June 9, 2006	(Period 12)	June 8, 2007	(Period 12)

Locations vary, so be sure to watch for e-mail notification prior to the event. All students and faculty are invited to attend.

Graduation Requirement for INDE 297:

Students who began clinical clerkships in Period 11 of 2004-05 or later must attend at least 8 out of 12 sessions offered over two years. Students on **required** clerkships are expected to attend all sessions that occur within the clerkship. Students on elective clerkships may choose to attend, depending on their interest, and their need to meet the requirement of eight sessions.

Receiving Credit for INDE 297:

To receive credit for the course, students must sign in and submit an evaluation, including a summary paragraph, for each session they attend. Students are notified by the School of Medicine Registrar to enroll in INDE 297 in their second clinical year. A continuing or "N" grade is submitted by the course director until a minimum of eight evaluation exercises have been received (in E*Value or another webbased tool).

NOTE: Because of the variable length and scheduling of clerkships, it is likely that students will wish to attend one or more of the sessions that fall within an elective clerkship. All clerkship directors have been notified of the new requirement and should release students who wish to attend the sessions on the designated Friday afternoons.

CLERKSHIP PERIODS 2005-2006

PERIOD	PERIOD START DATE	PERIOD END DATE	
Period 1	6/27/2005	7/24/2005	
Period 1A	6/27/2005	7/10/2005	
Period 1B	7/11/2005	7/24/2005	
Period 2	7/25/2005	8/21/2005	
Period 2A	7/25/2005	8/7/2005	
Period 2B	8/8/2005	8/21/2005	
Period 3	8/22/2005	9/18/2005	
Period 3A	8/22/2005	9/4/2005	
Period 3B	9/5/2005	9/18/2005	
Period 4	9/19/2005	10/16/2005	
Period 4A	9/19/2005	10/2/2005	
Period 4B	10/3/2005	10/16/2005	
Period 5	10/17/2005	11/13/2005	
Period 5A	10/17/2005	10/30/2005	
Period 5B	10/31/2005	11/13/2005	
Period 6	11/14/2005	12/11/2005	
Period 6A	11/14/2005	11/27/2005	
Period 6B	11/28/2005	12/11/2005	
Period 7	1/2/2006	1/29/2006	
Period 7A	1/2/2006	1/15/2006	
Period 7B	1/16/2006	1/29/2006	
Period 8	1/30/2006	2/26/2006	
Period 8A	1/30/2006	2/12/2006	
Period 8B	2/13/2006	2/26/2006	
Period 9	2/27/2006	3/26/2006	
Period 9A	2/27/2006	3/12/2006	
Period 9B	3/13/2006	3/26/2006	
Period 10	3/27/2006	4/23/2006	
Period 10A	3/27/2006	4/9/2006	
Period 10B	4/10/2006	4/23/2006	
Period 11	4/24/2006	5/21/2006	
Period 11A	4/24/2006	5/7/2006	
Period 11B	5/8/2006	5/21/2006	
Period 12	5/22/2006	6/18/2006	
Period 12A	5/22/2006	6/4/2006	
Period 12B	6/5/2006	6/18/2006	

Any questions regarding clerkship policies may be directed to the Assistant Director of Clerkship Administration, Caroline Cheang, at cheang@stanford.edu or (650) 498-7619.

POLICY ON DROPPING CLERKSHIPS LESS THAN TWO WEEKS BEFORE THE START OF THE PERIOD

There have been occasions when a Stanford medical student enrolled in a clerkship fails to report for the first day of that clerkship, or provides late notification to the clerkship director that they plan to drop the clerkship. The Office of Student Affairs requires students to make clerkship scheduling changes a minimum of two weeks prior to the beginning of the clerkship period. This ensures that students on the waitlist for that period can be accommodated and that clerkship directors can plan patient care and educational activities. Failure to adhere to this policy raises concerns about the professional conduct of a student.

Students who have a valid reason for wishing to drop a clerkship within two weeks of the beginning of the clerkship period may do so <u>only</u> by contacting their academic advisor. The advisor will review the reason and, if permission to drop is granted, will contact the clerkship director and the Assistant Director of Clerkship Administration in the Office of Student Affairs to finalize the request.

Students who fail to report for the first day of a clerkship, or drop a clerkship within two weeks prior to the start date without permission, will be asked to appear before the Committee on Student Performance to explain their reason for this action. If there is a second occurrence of a late drop or other evidence of unprofessional conduct, a notation to that effect will be included in the student's Medical School Performance Evaluation (MSPE, or Dean's Letter).

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE POLICIES ON CLINICAL TRAINING

- CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENT FOR PARTICIPATION IN CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS
- DEFINITION OF MEDICAL STUDENT PRACTICE ROLE
- MALPRACTICE LIABILITY FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS
- STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN CLINICAL ACTIVITIES INVOLVING PERSONAL RISK
- HOW TO TAKE CLERKSHIPS AT OTHER INSTITUTIONS

CONTRACTUAL AGREEMENT FOR PARTICIPATION IN CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS

The clerkships scheduled in the Office of Student Affairs represent a professional commitment to fulfill a clinical responsibility. The following regulations apply:

- 1. Each student's clinical clerkship schedule is listed online in the Fishbowl System. Students are able to make changes to their schedule using their Fishbowl username and password. Students are expected to attend each clerkship to which they are assigned. Students wishing to add or drop a clerkship must adhere to the restrictions on adding or dropping clerkships. If the student is unable to meet the deadlines for dropping or adding clerkships, permission must be obtained from the clerkship director and the clerkship office.
- 2. Scheduling a clinical clerkship represents a multilateral agreement among the student, patients, faculty, the Office of Student Affairs (which ensures that tuition is paid for the period of instruction and that the student is legally covered under the University's malpractice policy for medical students), and fellow students with whom the allocation of clinical clerkship slots is shared. To protect all of the above parties, the penalty for not respecting this multilateral agreement is a formal failure of the clerkship. Graduation is contingent upon correcting any such failures.

DEFINITION OF MEDICAL STUDENT PRACTICE ROLE

The Medical Board of California requests that medical students be carefully instructed about what they may and may not do in terms of writing orders or prescriptions for patients. Thus, the Office of Student Affairs, in collaboration with clinical department chairs, the Stanford-affiliated hospitals, and the nursing offices, has prepared the following description of the appropriate role of the Stanford medical student on a patient care team:

California state law allows specific exceptions for medical students to the general code, which requires that all medical acts must be performed by licensed physicians. The exception specifies that a student may do all things that a physician may do with the following two provisos:

- 1. That any medically-related activity performed by students be part of the course of study of an approved medical school.
- 2. That any medically-related activity performed by students be under the proper direction and supervision of the faculty of an approved medical school.

Medical students may write orders for drugs, treatments, etc., providing:

- The provisions of number 2 above are observed.
- The students are assigned to or are consultants to the service on which the order pertains.
- A licensed physician countersigns all orders before the orders are executed. Telephone orders of counter-signatures will be accepted from licensed physicians (including licensed housestaff). Medical students may locate and solicit the licensed physician's verification by telephone, but the licensed physician must speak directly to the registered nurse and must actually sign the order before going off duty. The counter-signature is recorded as a telephone order. Routine admission orders are not exempted from the above provisions.

Medical students may act as subinterns, but they are still subject to the above provisions.

Medical students will identify their signatures with CC (Clinical Clerk), just as licensed physicians identify their signatures with MD. Medical students will also wear badges identifying them as medical students.

Students functioning in a preceptorship away from the Stanford University Hospital and its affiliates are subject to the above limitations. If a preceptorship is an out-of-state one, other state regulations may govern the role of the student in the preceptorship, and students should ascertain the provisions of these regulations.

MALPRACTICE LIABILITY FOR MEDICAL STUDENTS

Stanford assumes the financial responsibility for medical malpractice liability incurred by registered medical students when participating in any clinical activities as part of their formal educational program at the Stanford University Medical Center, or at other Stanford-approved medical facilities. However, it is very important that Stanford medical students be certain they are protected when participating in clinical work in special situations. Therefore, students should consult the Medical School Registrar's Office if they will be:

- 1. taking a clinical clerkship at another hospital or medical school in the United States while not paying tuition and not registered as a medical student at Stanford.
- 2. taking a clinical experience in a foreign country while not paying tuition and not registered at Stanford.
- 3. participating in any volunteer clinical work away from Stanford.
- 4. working in a private physician's office.
- 5. participating in any clinical activities not at Stanford that are not covered in (1) through (4) above.

Stanford reserves the right without prior notice to modify its practices with regard to financial responsibility for medical malpractice liability.

STUDENT PARTICIPATION IN CLINICAL ACTIVITIES INVOLVING PERSONAL RISK

(endorsed by the Medical School Faculty Senate on May 17, 2000)

The Stanford University School of Medicine has long had the policy that medical students learn to be physicians by participating in the care of patients under faculty supervision. Some of these patients may have an infectious or other disease that provides some risk to caretakers, including students. While every effort will be made to provide appropriate training and safeguards for students so that these risks are minimized, they cannot be totally eliminated.

Students are required to participate in patient care as one of their fundamental responsibilities during a clinical clerkship. Students are expected at all times to follow universal safety precautions in order to safeguard their own health. Under certain rare and extenuating circumstances where the risk to the student significantly outweighs either the educational benefit to the student or the health-care benefit to the patient,

a supervising physician may suggest that a student be exempted from, or a student may ask permission from the supervising physician to be excused from, participation in certain aspects of patient care. The clerkship director is responsible for providing clarification of this statement and resolving any disputes. In the event a dispute is unsatisfactorily resolved from the standpoint of either the student or the supervising physician, the matter may be referred to an Associate or Assistant Dean of Medical Student Advising for final review.

How to Take Clerkships At Other Institutions

Students wishing to take clerkships in the United States or Canada should apply about six months in advance. Students who wish to take clinical clerkships abroad should apply to the international hospital or medical school one year in advance. Catalogues of elective clerkships available at U.S. medical schools and information about electives in International Health are located in the Lane Library. Additional information is available from individual departments at Stanford. Correspondence should include the following information:

- 1. Your name and address
- 2. Expected graduation date from Stanford University School of Medicine
- 3. The clerkships you are interested in taking, including alternates if possible
- 4. Approximate dates available (be as flexible as possible)
- 5. A statement that the Associate Dean for Academic Advising will be pleased to write a letter of recommendation if required
- 6. A request for housing information

If the away institution requires a letter of good standing, with proof of malpractice coverage, the student should see the Assistant Director of Clerkship Administration (Caroline Cheang) in the Office of Student Affairs. She will provide the letter, have the application signed, and return these documents to the student for mailing to the away institution along with any application fees, transcripts, or proof of immunization.

It is recommended that away clerkships be taken for credit. When the elective with the away institution is confirmed, credits can be requested by filling out a *Faculty Authorization Form*, which can be obtained from Caroline Cheang. When Caroline receives from Dr. Terrance Blaschke both the approved *Faculty Authorization Form* and an acceptance notification from the other institution, the away clerkship will be added to the student's Fishbowl schedule. The student should register the away clerkship on Axess with the suffix "W." An evaluation of clerkship work done at the away institution is required. The student should take to the away institution a *Clerkship Evaluation Form* to be filled out by the attending at the end of the clerkship and mailed back to the Medical School Registrar.

Students who choose to take the away clerkship for no credit should check with the Medical School Registrar to ensure malpractice insurance coverage.

Students who wish to take a core or required clerkship away from Stanford and use it to satisfy the core or the required clerkship graduation requirement (a request which is <u>not</u> encouraged) must get approval from Dr. Terrence Blaschke, Associate Dean for Medical Student Advising.

REGISTRATION AND STUDENT RECORDS

- REGISTRATION INSTRUCTIONS
- ADD AND DROP DEADLINES FOR COURSES
- LEAVE OF ABSENCE
- REINSTATEMENT
- SPECIAL CATEGORIES OF STUDENTS
- ACADEMIC RECORDS
- BUCKLEY AMENDMENT

REGISTRATION INSTRUCTIONS

Medical students must register for all terms of each academic year (Autumn, Winter, and Spring quarters) from the admission term until conferral of the degree. The only exception to this requirement occurs when the student is granted an official Leave of Absence. Failure to enroll in courses for a term during the academic year without taking a Leave of Absence results in denial of further enrollment privileges unless and until reinstatement to the degree program is granted and the reinstatement fee paid. Registration in the Summer Quarter is not required and does not substitute for registration during the academic year.

As early as possible, but no later than the second Sunday of the quarter, students (including those with TMR status) must submit to the University Registrar's Office, via Axess, a study list to enroll officially in classes for the quarter. Students can access the Axess system on the Internet at:

http://www.axess.stanford.edu

Students must enter their study lists by the end of the second week of each quarter in order to avoid late fees. Students registering for preclinical courses should include the appropriate information from the time schedule on their study lists. Students cannot receive credit for any preclinical coursework done in unregistered quarters. Clinical students are responsible for checking the clerkship schedule prior to completing their study lists. Students may not attend clerkships without having completed their registration.

A late registration fee will be assessed by the University Registrar, as deemed appropriate, for study lists submitted after the deadline. Students may petition to waive these late fees. Students with problems caused by holds on their registration may seek special consideration with approval of the School of Medicine Registrar.

The University reserves the right to withhold registration from, and to cancel the advance registration or registration of, any student having unmet obligations to the University.

Students who have paid the equivalent of 13 quarters of full tuition are eligible for Terminal Medical Registrant (TMR) status. In TMR status, students pay reduced registration fees but must register and receive evaluations for each clerkship they attend.

For full registration procedures, see the quarterly *Time Schedule*.

ADD AND DROP DEADLINES FOR COURSES

Students may add courses or units to their study lists through the end of the third week of classes. Courses may be dropped through the end of the fourth week of classes, without any record of the course remaining on the student's transcript.

After the add and drop deadlines, appropriate course instructor approval must be obtained. The penalty for dropping a course after the deadline without permission of the course instructor is a failure in the course. All add/drop petitions after the deadline must be submitted to the School of Medicine Registrar's Office; they may not be submitted to the University Registrar. Course instructors can exempt (from the above add/drop rule) courses for which they are responsible.

LEAVE OF ABSENCE

A Leave of Absence is required for any term of the academic year (Autumn, Winter, Spring) for which a student does not wish to enroll in classes. Students wishing to take a Leave of Absence should first obtain the proper paperwork from the School of Medicine Registrar's Office or online at

http://www.stanford.edu/dept/registrar/pdf/leaveofabsence.pdf

Students should then arrange to meet with their Advisor to have the paperwork approved.

Leaves of Absence are granted for a maximum of one calendar year. Leaves requested for a longer period are approved only in exceptional circumstances. Extension requests must be made to the Committee on Student Performance before the expiration of the original Leave of Absence.

Leaves of Absence may not exceed a cumulative total of two years.

Students on Leave of Absence are not registered at Stanford, and therefore do not have the rights and privileges of registered students.

New students may not take a Leave of Absence during their first quarter. However, new students may request a deferment.

REINSTATEMENT

Students who fail to be either registered or approved for a Leave of Absence by the start of a term are required to apply for reinstatement through the Medical School Registrar's Office before they can return to the same degree program. The decision to approve or deny reinstatement is made by the Committee on Student Performance, which is not obliged to approve reinstatements of students.

Reinstatement decisions may be based on the applicant's academic status when last enrolled, activities while away from campus, the length of the absence, and the perceived potential for successful completion of the program, as well as any other factors or considerations regarded as relevant by the school. Reinstatement information is available from the Medical School Registrar's Office.

Reinstatement applications must be submitted 60 days prior to the first day of the term for which reenrollment is requested. A fee is required.

SPECIAL CATEGORIES OF STUDENTS

Students who have already paid the equivalent of 13 quarters of full tuition and who wish to register for additional quarters prior to receiving the MD degree are eligible for TMR tuition rates. The rules for clerkship scheduling, registration, academic credit, and the standards for academic performance are the same for TMR students as they are for students registered at the full MD tuition rates. The student transcript will list all courses satisfactorily completed.

Under special circumstances students may have the privilege of registering as "special students." Students who register in the special fee category pay the TMR rate per quarter. No coursework is listed on transcripts and no academic or residency credit is granted for that quarter. The categories of students registering as special students may include:

- 1. Students who register to devote their full effort to remedial study at the recommendation of the Committee on Student Performance.
- 2. Students, including participants in the Medical Scientist Training Program, who elect to do full time research without credit under the direction of a faculty member.
- 3. Students taking clinical work away for no academic credit. This status provides coverage for malpractice insurance.

ACADEMIC RECORDS

Transcripts

The notations used on official University transcripts are pass (+), fail (-), continuing (N), and exempt (EX). Also noted is the passage of Steps 1 and 2 CK of the United States Medical Licensing Examinations (USMLE). Transcripts are sent at the request of students through Axess.

Academic files

The Medical School Registrar's Office establishes an academic file for each student to collate data and to provide assistance to Advising Deans in counseling and in preparing the Medical Student Performance Evaluation (MSPE, or the "Dean's Letter"). The academic file contains confidential information, which is available to the following parties without prior permission from the student:

- 1. Dean of the School of Medicine, Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education, Associate and Assistant Deans for Advising;
- 2. Committee on Student Performance, whenever the Committee is reviewing a student's performance;
- 3. Chair of the Committee on Admissions;
- 4. Committee of Five of the Faculty Senate when asked by the Dean of the School of Medicine or the Committee on Student Performance to review a case:
- 5. A duly appointed grievance hearing officer, a duly appointed *ad hoc* committee on the Suitability for the Practice of Medicine;
- 6. University or School of Medicine Ombudsperson on a need-to-know basis;
- 7. Other university officials on a need-to-know basis;
- 8. Staff of the Office of Student Affairs:

Access will also be granted to individual members of the faculty to whom a student has specifically given permission in writing on a form kept in each file. In this case, the advising and Committee on Student Performance sections are removed before the file is given to the faculty member.

Access to Student Records

Access to student records (including Financial Aid files) is governed by the University's policy on the Privacy of Student Records in the *Stanford Bulletin*. See also the section below on the provisions of the Buckley Amendment.

Procedures for Inspecting Records and for Correcting Inaccuracies or Misleading Information

Students wishing to inspect and review their transcripts and academic files should consult with any of the Advising Deans. If students believe any information in the file is inaccurate or misleading (other than the evaluation of performance in clerkships), they should consult with the person who provided the information. If the matter remains unresolved, the student should contact any of the Advising Deans. If the matter still cannot be resolved, the student may consult the Medical School or University Ombudsperson.

BUCKLEY AMENDMENT (FAMILY EDUCATIONAL RIGHTS AND PRIVACY ACT, 1974)

The Association of American Medical Colleges has summarized some of the important provisions of the Buckley Amendment as described below:

- 1. Material covered by the Act as "education records" constitute recorded information related to the student that is maintained by the school or one of its agents and is used for making decisions about the student, or which may be transmitted to others outside of the institution.
- 2. Students may not see confidential letters of recommendation submitted for school records prior to January 1, 1975, provided the letters are not used for other than the original intended purpose. Further, students may waive the right of access to future confidential recommendations in the area of admissions, job placement, and receipt of awards. However, the waiver may not be required as a condition for admission, financial aid, or other services, and the student must be notified of the name of every person submitting confidential recommendations whether these are solicited by either the institution or the student, or are submitted on the initiation of the evaluator.
- 3. Private notes and materials designed as personal memory aids are not covered provided they are not made available to anyone else except a substitute teacher or counselor who would use them as a surrogate.
- 4. Challenges to records may be made only on accuracy and not on judgments; that is, the accuracy of the recording of a grade can be challenged, but not the grade itself.
- 5. "Directory information," such as name, address, and telephone number may be made available without specific permission of the student, but notice of the intent to publish such information must be given so that students with unlisted telephone numbers, for example, can indicate their wish that they not be published.
- 6. Students do not have the right to see parents' financial records submitted to the institution.
- 7. The right of access to records accrues solely to those who are or have been in attendance at the institution, not to rejected applicants.

See, in general, the University policy on the Privacy of Student Records in the Stanford Bulletin.

ASSESSMENT OF STUDENT ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE

- EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE IN COURSES
 - GRADING SYSTEM
 - END-QUARTER POLICY STATEMENT
 - FINAL EXAMINATIONS
 - CORRECTION OF DEFICIENCIES IN COURSES.
 - EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE IN HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE
- EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE IN CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS
 - CLERKSHIP PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FORM
 - STANDARDIZED PATIENT TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES
 - CORRECTION OF DEFICIENCIES IN CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS
 - MEDICAL STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION (MSPE – A.K.A., THE DEAN'S LETTER)

EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE IN COURSES

All medical school courses are taken pass/fail. It is the prerogative of each course director to determine the best method for assessing student performance for his or her course. Learning activities such as quizzes, short papers, laboratory exercises, problem sets, presentations, and group discussions, may be offered on a graded or ungraded basis at the discretion of the course director. Attendance and participation may be required where small group interaction is essential to mastery of material in the course. Course directors are expected to announce criteria for passing a course by the end of the second week of the quarter, with any subsequent modification only upon approval of a majority of students in the class.

GRADING SYSTEM

The following grading system is used to report the performance of students in all courses and clerkships taken while an MD degree candidate:

- Pass (+) indicates that a student has demonstrated to the satisfaction of the responsible department or teaching group that he/she has mastered the material taught in the course. A marginal passing grade (M+) in preclinical or clinical courses is reported by the faculty to the student and the Medical School Registrar's Office.
- Fail (-) indicates that a student has not demonstrated to the satisfaction of the responsible department or teaching group that he/she has mastered the material taught in the course.
- Incomplete (I) grades are given by Advising Deans. An incomplete indicates that extenuating medical or personal circumstances beyond the student's control have prevented completion of course requirements. Following approval by an Advising Dean, the Course Director is notified prior to the final examination. An incomplete can be corrected in a manner specified by the department or teaching group and must be corrected within one year (unless the Committee on Student Performance specifies otherwise). When a student takes a final or makeup examination following an incomplete, it becomes a pass, marginal pass or fail. If the student does not attempt to correct the incomplete within the agreed upon time, it becomes a fail.
- Continuing (N) indicates that the course has not concluded, and that the student is continuing the course, or that a required NBME Subject Exam in a clerkship has not yet been passed.
- Exempt (EX) indicates that a course has been exempted by a placement examination. No credit has been granted. The student should register for "00" units so that the course appears on the transcript.

A student may not receive credit for repeating a course unless the content has changed significantly, as determined by the course director.

END-QUARTER POLICY STATEMENT

The End-Quarter Period is a time of reduced social and extracurricular activity preceding final examinations. Its purpose is to permit students to concentrate on academic work and to prepare for final examinations. In Autumn, Winter, and Spring quarters, End-Quarter starts seven full days (to begin at

12:01 a.m.) prior to the first day of final exams. In Spring Quarter, final examinations begin on Friday; no classes are held on Thursday, the day before. In Summer Quarter, this consists of the weekend and the four class days preceding the final examinations, which take place on Friday and Saturday of the eighth week. (See the *Time Schedule* for dates.)

During the End-Quarter Period, classes are regularly scheduled and assignments made; this regular class time is used by instructors in whatever way seems best suited to the completion and summation of course material. Instructors should neither make extraordinary assignments nor announce additional course meetings in order to "catch up" in course presentations that have fallen behind. They are free, however, and even encouraged to conduct optional review sessions and to suggest other activities that might seem appropriate for students preparing for final examinations.

No graded homework assignments, mandatory quizzes, or examinations should be given during the End-Quarter Period except:

- 1. In classes where graded homework assignments or quizzes are routine parts of the instruction process.
- 2. In classes with laboratories where the final examination will not test the laboratory component. In such a case, the laboratory session(s) during the End-Quarter Period may be used to examine students on that aspect of the course.

Major papers or projects about which the student has had reasonable notice may be called due in the End-Quarter Period. Take-home final examinations, given in place of the officially scheduled in-class examination, may be distributed in the End-Quarter Period. Although the instructor may ask students to return take-home examinations early in the final examination period, the instructor may not call them due until the end of the regularly scheduled examination time for that course. Such a policy respects the principle that students' final examinations are to be scheduled over a period of several days. End-quarter examinations may not be held during this period. This policy preserves the instruction time for courses and protects the students' opportunities for extensive review and synthesis of their courses.

FINAL EXAMINATIONS

Final examinations are scheduled by the Medical School Registrar's Office, which posts tentative dates and times by the end of the previous quarter and final schedules by the end of the second week of the quarter. Students anticipating conflicts in examination schedules should seek to resolve them with course instructors.

Final examinations are governed by the regulations below:

- 1. Students are expected to take the final examination unless at least 24 hours prior to the examination they have received formal written approval for either dropping the course from the course director or for obtaining an incomplete from an Associate Dean. Incompletes are given for significant personal or medical reasons beyond the student's control. If a student does not appear for the examination and has not been granted a drop or an incomplete, the student will receive a fail.
- 2. A three-hour period is reserved during examination week for the final in each course of more than two units. This period must be used, but not necessarily in its entirety, if an in-class examination is given. In courses with nonstandard meeting times, where ambiguity might exist about the period reserved for

the final examination, the schedule should be clarified and students informed of the schedule no later than the end of the second week of the quarter.

- 3. Final examinations in one- or two-unit courses are given at the discretion of the faculty. Examinations in one- or two-unit courses must be completed by the beginning of the reading period.
- 4. When the final examination or its appropriate substitute is not an in-class examination (e.g., when an instructor assigns a take-home examination, paper, or project in lieu of an in-class examination), the schedule and format of the final examination, or its substitute, will be determined no later than the end of the second week of the quarter and, if changed subsequently, may be only a modification approved by the students.
- 5. Students with documented disabilities may require special examination accommodations. The Office of Accessible Education determines if and what accommodations to recommend. The MD Advising Office receives the recommendation and conveys the request to the course directors prior to the examination. It is the responsibility of the student to notify the Advising Office at least one week in advance of his/her exam schedule.
- 6. Feedback on written examinations is to be as complete as possible, correct answers distributed or posted promptly after the examination at a previously announced place, and students should receive their numerical score and its relationship to the class distribution curve in a manner that ensures student privacy. Students have the right to see their final examination and discuss it with a faculty member.

CORRECTION OF DEFICIENCIES IN COURSES

Courses in the first two years are graded as pass, marginal performance, fail.

The faculty of every course must identify those students whose performance is marginal. A letter of marginal performance is sent to each student so identified and to the Medical School Registrar's Office. Students receiving such notification may meet with the appropriate faculty and discuss the requirements for achieving an unqualified passing grade. Once a student achieves a "pass," the performance will no longer be recorded as "marginal" in the student's record. Students with more than one uncorrected marginal performance, or marginal performance in any course of eight units or more, will be counseled by an Advising Dean and reviewed by the Committee on Student Performance.

Students who fail a preclinical course must achieve a passing grade within one year of the failure and pass that course prior to undertaking clerkships if less than one year remains. Only the Committee on Student Performance has the power to change this requirement. The requirements for achieving a passing grade are determined by the responsible faculty. Students with a failing grade will be counseled by an Advising Dean and reviewed by the Committee on Student Performance.

Academic deficiencies in preclinical courses must be rectified prior to the beginning of clerkships or by a date specified by the Committee on Student Performance (which has the power in an appropriate case to modify any of the requirements in this paragraph). It is the prerogative of the department to determine the methods of correcting an academic deficiency and reassessing the student. The Committee on Courses and Curriculum is of the view that, as a general proposition, students should be given the opportunity to correct the deficiency in a timely fashion in order to prevent undue penalties (e.g., substantial financial and logistical difficulties) and to permit academic advancement when warranted.

Departments are encouraged to provide educational assistance to students failing required courses on the first-year grid, preferably during the first summer quarter following receipt of a failing grade, and to reexamine them prior to autumn quarter registration. Students failing courses on the autumn and winter quarter grids for the second year should, as a general proposition, be given the opportunity to correct these deficiencies prior to July 1 of that academic year. Students who receive an incomplete grade because of extenuating medical or personal circumstances should, once again as a general rule, be given the opportunity to correct the incomplete grade within a reasonable period of time in a manner specified by the department or responsible teaching group. Courses such as those in the Practice of Medicine sequence, where hands-on activities and small group interactions constitute a significant portion of the course, may require retaking of the course the following year.

HUMAN HEALTH AND DISEASE (Q3-5): STATEMENT ON FEEDBACK, GRADING AND EXAMINATIONS

Grading

Students receive a Pass or Fail assessment (Axess) after each quarter. The grade is based on a combined score from the scheduled module examinations, the integrated final examination, and the weekly problem sets. Students must achieve a passing sub-score in each course discipline to pass the course overall. Any student with marginal or failing performance will be expected to develop a plan of remediation with their advising Dean and the course directors.

Policy for missed exams

Every student is expected to sit for each mid-term examination and each end-quarter integrated examination in the Human Health and Disease course. A formal Dean's excuse, from their medical school advisor, is required to make-up any missed course examination (the 2005-06 advising Deans are Terry Blaschke, Neil Gesundheit, Denise Johnson, and Susan Knox).

A Dean's excuse may be issued before a regularly scheduled examination to accommodate some essential extracurricular event or after an examination for illness.

A score of zero will be credited towards a student's final score if an examination is missed without the advising Dean's excuse.

If a Dean's excuse is issued before a regularly scheduled mid-block or end-block examination to accommodate some essential extracurricular event, the student will be expected to take an examination at Stanford on the next weekday morning. If the Dean's excuse extends beyond the second date because of some essential activity away from Stanford, then the examination will be sent to the student and must be completed and returned within 24 hours. No other mid-block or end-block examination will be arranged for students with excuses granted before a scheduled examination. Failure to make such an arrangement will result in a score of zero on that examination. A student who misses an examination with a Dean's excuse for illness should contact Dr. Whitlock and appropriate arrangements will be made.

Every student is expected to sit for the integrative end-quarter examination. Any student who misses the final examination and has a Dean's excuse must take a special final examination one week later. A score of zero will be credited towards a students' final score if the integrated final examination is missed without their advising Dean's excuse.

Problem Sets

The weekly problem sets are designed to complement the lecture topics. There are approximately 8 weekly problem sets each quarter. Problem sets are open-book and may be completed individually or as a study group. Answers to the weekly problem sets are provided by the Teaching Assistants at the weekly review sessions. The problem sets are graded and are applied to the end-quarter and final scores. In order to receive credit for your Problem Set: you must have at least 75% correct; complete it on-time.

EVALUATION OF PERFORMANCE IN CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS

Evaluation of performance in required clinical clerkships is accomplished through a combination of direct observation, multiple choice examinations, and/or standardized patient examinations. A faculty member is responsible for each clerkship. This individual meets with the students at the beginning of the clerkship to provide orientation and to explain the goals. The faculty member is also responsible for providing a written evaluation of the student's performance and signing this evaluation, although the data may be obtained from other faculty and house staff. Written evaluations of clerkship performance should be completed no later than four weeks after the end of the clerkship. If there is disagreement concerning a written clerkship evaluation, the student should first request a review by the department chair or his/her designate. If the disagreement remains unresolved, the student may request review by an Associate Dean for Advising. If the matter is not resolved, the student may request review by the Committee on Student Performance.

STANDARDIZED PATIENT TEACHING AND ASSESSMENT ACTIVITIES

The Standardized Patient teaching and assessment activities are designed to provide a simulated setting for teaching and assessment of the clinical and interpersonal skills of medical students. Real patients or actors are trained to consistently recreate the same situation or problem each time they encounter a student. The program currently focuses on three areas: Practice of Medicine (POM), Family Medicine clerkship, and Internal Medicine clerkship. Family Medicine and Internal Medicine clerkship students are assessed once at the end of the clerkship. A typical examination consists of eight stations or cases and is administered over approximately four hours. Feedback is provided in two parts: numerical scores in the area of clinical and interpersonal skills, and narrative representing the standardized patient's overall assessment of the student's performance.

CLERKSHIP PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FORM

Page 1:

STANFORD UNIVERSITY SO	CHOOL OF MEDIC	CINE STUDENT	CLERKSH	IP EVALUATION
STUDENT NAME	PERIOD	COURSE	IUMBER	DEPARTMENT
Please indicate the number of hours or days	you spent in contact wit	h this student prior to	undertaking thi	s evaluation:
1. HISTORY-TAKING AND PHYSIC How often did you directly observe the		=	One □0 □	1-2 ∏3-5 ∏>6
If you feel insufficiently able to judge, pl	=	Typical Stanfor		
1 2 3 3 Below Expectations	4□ 5□ MEETS EXPE	6□ ECTATIONS	7□ Excee	8 9 9 eds Expectations
Often disorganized, misses key information, naccurate, not well focused. Problems not well haracterized.	Usually thorough, reason usually accurate. Addres positives, negatives and a logical manner. Detects	ses pertinent psychosocial issues in	Consistently com organized. Addre	prehensive, accurate, well sses issues in a logical and . Elicits subtle findings.
2. CLINICAL DECISION-MAKING	- Clinical Reasoning. Or	al Case Presentation	s. Written Notes	. Clinical Work
If you feel insufficiently able to judge, pl			rd Performance	
1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ Below Expectations	4☐ 5☐ MEETS EXPE		7	8☐ 9☐ eds Expectations
Disorganized approach to clinical data; unable o prioritize problems; generates inadequate lifferential diagnoses. Presentations often unclear, incomplete, disorganized or naccurate, lack syntheses and rationales. Written notes often disorganized, incomplete, uperficial, tangential or erroneous; limited formulations; often late. Poor follow-up of clinical problems, little initiative in problem olving.	Usually able to organize a information; generates a v differential diagnosis. Pre clear, complete, organized syntheses and rationale. V clear, concise, organized, Adequate case formulatio Appropriate follow-up of shows initiative in solving	well-reasoned sentations usually d with adequate Vritten notes usually timely with rationale. ns and discussions. clinical problems;	information. Gen comprehensive d Presentations cor organized and co rationales and pe notes consistently organized, with co	chesizes and prioritizes patien erates an accurate and ifferential diagnosis. esistently clear, accurate, well ncise with thoughtful rtinent syntheses. Written y clear, complete, well concise formulations. Well- ssions using additional
3. FUND OF KNOWLEDGE Demo	nstrate knowledge of core to	opics & resourcefulness	in using current te	chnologies to find information
Please indicate the basis on which you		ation: CHECK ALL	THAT APPLY	
If you feel insufficiently able to judge, p	lease check here:	Typical Stanfo	ord Performance	
1 ☐ 2 ☐ 3 ☐ Below Expectations	4□ 5□ MEETS EXPE		7□ Excee	8☐ 9☐ eds Expectations
Limited and fragmented understanding of pathophysiology, diagnosis and management.	Usually demonstrates gen pathophysiology, diagnos Usually integrates knowle sources; regularly uses me evidence-based medicine technologies to answer pa	eral understanding of is and management. dge from a variety of edline searches, and current	Consistenty demo	onstrates wide-ranging pathophysiology, diagnosis, , and integrates knowledge
4. COMPASSION/HUMANISM De How many situations did you observe this s	tudent interacting with a	patient and family? (Check One 🔲 0	□1-2 □3-5 □>6
If you feel insufficiently able to judge, please 1	check here:		rd Performance	8 9
Below Expectations	MEETS EXPE			eds Expectations
inadequate level of respect, compassion, and empathy; fails to instill trust; frequently lisplays insensitivity and intolerance of patient's need for comfort and encouragement; ails to recognize and respect cross-cultural/gender differences.	Usually caring, supportive establishes rapport and trusensitivity and tolerance of usually recognizes and rescultural/gender issues.	ust; usually displays of patient's needs;	empathetic; estab	ng, supportive, respectful and dishes strong rapport and es altruism; always respectful gender issues.

CLERKSHIP PERFORMANCE EVALUATION FORM (CONTINUED)

Page 2:

1□	rinsumciently	<u>ease ch</u>	check here:				Typical Stanford Performance									
			3□		4[5_		6□		7[8		9_
	Below Exp						S EXPE	_							tations	
Frequently irresponsible, unreliable, and late; shows disdain for professional colleagues; ecords frequently tardy and illegible. Uninterested, lacks motivation; unaware of weaknesses, strengths; unable to problemiolie; shows little improvement over the elerkship; insufficiently motivated to acquire knowledge. Unavailable when needed, reacts badly to stress, unwilling to work as part of a eam.				to u u for u hets to	Usually responsible and reliable and committed to team of health care professionals; records usually clear and timely; usually motivated; usually reliable and able to be counted on to follow through on tasks, responsibilities; usually available when needed; usually able to handle stress and willing to work as part of a team.					s; o e to a	Always responsible, reliable, committed, cooperative and respectful. Shows regard for professional colleagues; displays initiative a provides leadership; records always timely a legible. Enthusiastic, functions independent self-motivated. Always does what is expect and more; available when needed; always follows through on responsibilities; excellent team player; reacts well to stress.					
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CORRECTION OF DEFICIENCIES IN CLINICAL CLERKSHIPS

Marginal Performance:

The faculty of every clerkship must identify students whose performance is marginal. A letter of marginal performance is sent to students so identified and to the Medical School Registrar's Office. Students receiving such notification are required to meet with the appropriate faculty and discuss the requirements for achieving an unqualified passing grade. When a "pass" is achieved, the performance will no longer be recorded as "marginal" in the student's record.

A student with a marginal performance will be counseled by one of the Advising Deans and reviewed by the Committee on Student Performance. All marginal performances in clerkships must be corrected prior to graduation.

Failing Performance:

Students who fail a clerkship must achieve a passing grade within one year of the failure. The requirements for achieving a passing grade are determined by the responsible faculty. Students with a failing grade will be counseled by one of the Advising Deans and reviewed by the Committee on Student Performance. Unless the failure is rectified, the student will not be permitted to graduate.

MEDICAL STUDENT PERFORMANCE EVALUATION (MSPE – A.K.A., DEAN'S LETTER)

Medical Student Performance Evaluation (MSPE), also known as the Dean's Letter, will be written by the Advising Deans and sent to residency program directors as part of the application to obtain positions for postgraduate training. The letter is written with the student's input and submitted in the autumn of the student's final year of medical school. This letter is a narrative evaluation of the student's accomplishments in medical school. Achievements during clinical clerkships and attributes as potential house officers and physicians are major points of emphasis. Recognition of accomplishments in research, teaching, and community service is also included in the letter.

For more information about the MSPE, refer to the student resources section of the MD Advising Web site:

http://med.stanford.edu/md/advising.html

POLICIES ON STUDENT PERFORMANCE

- ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE POLICY AND THE COMMITTEE ON STUDENT PERFORMANCE (CSP)
 - SATISFACTORY ACADEMIC PROGRESS
 - CONDITIONS UNDER WHICH STUDENTS MUST APPEAR
 ON THE AGENDA OF THE CSP
 - ACTIONS OF THE CSP
 - RIGHTS OF STUDENTS IN RELATION TO CSP
- SCHOOL OF MEDICINE STATEMENT ON PROFESSIONALISM
- SUITABILITY FOR THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE

ACADEMIC PERFORMANCE POLICY AND THE COMMITTEE ON STUDENT PERFORMANCE (CSP)

Approved by the Faculty Senate April 20, 2005

Courses of action for students having academic difficulty are established by the Committee on Student Performance (CSP), a standing committee of the Medical School Faculty Senate. The policies under which it operates are set by the Committee on Performance Assessment and Advising (CPAA) and approved by the Faculty Senate. The CSP may also advise the CPAA and the Faculty Senate concerning criteria for students' standing and promotion.

A. Membership of the Committee on Student Performance (CSP)

The CSP is composed of five voting members, including its chair. Voting members are faculty of the School of Medicine who have been on the Academic Council or Medical Center Line for at least the previous three years. Department chairs are ineligible. An effort is made to have each department represented periodically. Three of the five members of the CSP are members of the Clinical Unit. All voting members of the CSP are required to be in attendance (either physically or via speaker phone) for the decision of terminating a candidate from the MD program; if a member cannot be in attendance, an alternate will be chosen by the Committee of Five.

B. General Policies of the CSP

1. The primary responsibilities of the CSP are to: 1) review the academic progress and deficiencies of students on its agenda; 2) make decisions concerning their standing, and 3) prescribe academic programs for students needing to correct deficiencies in order to achieve their goal of acquiring the MD degree.

Note: The CSP strives for consistency in prescribing remedial programs to correct the academic deficiencies of students. With respect for the individuality of students and when circumstances warrant, the CSP may exercise its discretion to deviate from the usual prescription in order to take into consideration special circumstances.

2. The CSP considers requests for:

- a. an extension of medical education beyond six years as a registered student to complete the MD degree and beyond eight years to complete MD/PhD degrees.
- b. leaves of absence that either individually or cumulatively exceed a total of one year.
- c. reinstatement.
- 3. The CSP may reconsider prior decisions if requested by the chair of the CSP, the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education, or the Dean of the School of Medicine.

C. General Operating Procedures

- 1. The CSP is required to meet a minimum of once quarterly.
- 2. The chair may call special meetings.
- 3. The agenda for meetings is generally distributed at least one week in advance to each member.
- 4. Except for the chair and any of the Associate or Assistant Deans for Advising, members will not discuss decisions or pending actions with students.
- 5. One of the Associate or Assistant Deans for Advising will notify and request to meet with students who appear on the agenda prior to a CSP meeting.
- 6. An Advising Dean is invited to be present for the discussion of his or her student's academic situation unless otherwise requested by the student.

D. Satisfactory Academic Progress

In order to make satisfactory academic progress towards the MD degree, each student must satisfy unit, performance and number of years requirements as follows. (Unit requirements for financial aid eligibility are not necessarily the same as satisfactory academic progress for graduation. Students should also refer to financial aid policy.)

1. Units

- a. Take a per quarter number of general medical school units (any units listed in the Medical School Catalog or included for Scholarly Concentration) as follows:
 - (1) During Autumn, Winter and Spring quarters (except for the graduation quarter), 9 units.
 - (2) Summer quarter (if registered), 3 units.
 - (3) Students in Masters or PhD programs that have required courses outside of the medical school (either programs in another Stanford school or interdepartmental medical school programs) will be monitored for a per quarter unit requirement to be set by the appropriate program director.
- b. Take, and successfully complete, a cumulative number of required MD units by the end of August of each year as follows:
 - (1) MD students: 35 required units by the end of the first year, 70 by the end of the second, 105 by the end of the third, 140 by the end of the fourth, and 239 by the end of the sixth.
 - (2) MD/PhD students: 23 required units by the end of the first year, 46 by the end of the second, 69 by the end of the third, 92 by the end of the fourth, 115 by the end of the fifth, 140 by the end of sixth and 239 by the end of the eighth year.

(3) The cumulative required number of units will be adjusted for those students (1) who have satisfactorily placed out of required Stanford medical school courses or have completed required medical school courses as Stanford undergraduates or (2) who are on an approved Leave of Absence.

2. Performance

All academic deficiencies must be corrected within the time limit set for the student by the CSP.

3. Number of years

If a student plans to take more than six years (MD) or eight years (MD/PhD), exclusive of time spent during an approved Leave of Absence, the student must request and receive approval by the CSP, preferably at the end of the fourth (MD) or sixth (MD/PhD) year, but no later than the fifth (MD) or seventh (MD/PhD) year, in order to facilitate academic and financial planning. The student must provide reasons for the requested extension and submit specific plans for completing the degree. MD students who are not scheduled to begin clerkships by the summer of their fourth year will be reviewed by the CSP and MD/PhD students will have a similar review by their program director in their sixth year. The maximum time allowed does not include periods of approved Leave of Absence, but no combination of program extensions and approved Leaves of Absence shall exceed ten years without CSP review and approval. For transfer students, quarters completed prior to enrolling in Stanford's School of Medicine are subtracted from the maximum time frame.

E. Conditions under Which Students Must Appear on the Agenda of the CSP

- 1. Failure to get written approval from their advisor, in consultation with the clerkship director, to drop a clerkship during the two-week period prior to the commencement date of the clerkship.
- 2. One marginal pass in a course of eight or more units (e.g., HHD or POM).
- 3. Two uncorrected marginal passes in courses of fewer than eight units.
- 4. One failure in a preclinical course.
- 5. One marginal pass in a clerkship, due to any reason other than a single failure on the National Board of Medical Examiners (NBME) shelf examination in that clerkship.
- 6. One failure in any clerkship.
- 7. Failure to participate in or demonstrate minimum competency in the comprehensive Clinical Performance Examination (CPX).
- 8. An overall failure on Step 1 or Step 2 CK (Clinical Knowledge) of the United States Medical Licensing Examinations (USMLE).
- 9. Failure to take Step 2 CS (Clinical Skills) of the USMLE prior to April 1 of the year of graduation.

10. Failure to:

- a. declare a Scholarly Concentration by the stated deadline,
- b. make annual satisfactory progress in a Scholarly Concentration as determined by the Scholarly Concentration director, or
- c. receive from the Scholarly Concentration director six months prior to graduation preliminary approval of completion of a Scholarly Concentration.
- 11. Failure to meet and satisfy previously imposed requirements of the CSP within the specified time frame.
- 12. Failure to make Satisfactory Academic Progress as defined in Section D.
- 13. A request to take more than six years as a registered student to complete the MD degree or eight years as a registered student to complete MD/PhD degrees.
- 14. A request for a Leave of Absence of more than one year (four quarters). Any Leave of Absence beyond one year must be pre-approved on an annual basis by the CSP.
- 15. Review requested by a School of Medicine faculty member.
- 16. Reconsideration of a previous CSP decision at the request of the CSP chair if there is compelling new information bearing on that decision.
- 17. Reconsideration of a previous CSP decision in view of compelling new evidence or significant procedural error when requested by the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education or the Dean of the School of Medicine.

F. Actions of the CSP

- 1. Actions that may be taken by the CSP include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - a. Take no action.
 - b. Direct student to counseling or learning resources.
 - c. Prescribe a mandatory remedial course of action.
 - d. Place student on administrative hold for a specified period of time.
 - e. Place student on special registration. (Students on special registration pay the TMR rate per quarter and are eligible for financial aid. No coursework is listed on transcripts and no academic or residency credit is granted for that quarter. Students are to devote their full effort to remedial study at the recommendation of an Advising Dean or the CSP.)
 - f. Dismiss student from the School of Medicine.

- 2. The following are the usual actions by the CSP in the stated situations. The committee may, however, prescribe another course of action, depending upon the individual student circumstances.
 - a. One marginal pass in a course of eight or more units

The student is required to correct marginal passes in all courses of eight units or more within 12 months of receipt of the marginal pass and prior to beginning any clinical clerkship. An unqualified pass is required to correct a marginal pass. If a marginal pass remains uncorrected for more than 12 months following its receipt, the student must appear before the CSP and justify the reason for the delay. If the student chooses not to appear, or if the justification is not accepted by the CSP, the student will be placed on an administrative hold for a specified period of time.

b. Two uncorrected marginal passes in any course of fewer than eight units

No student having more than one marginal pass in courses of fewer than eight units may begin (defined as attend, enroll, or participate in) any clerkship. If two uncorrected marginal performances accumulate, the student is required to correct at least one of them within 12 months of receipt of the second marginal pass and prior to beginning clinical clerkships. An unqualified pass is required to correct a marginal pass. If two marginal passes remain uncorrected for more than 12 months following receipt of the second, the student must appear before the CSP and justify the reason for the delay. If the student chooses not to appear, or if the justification is not accepted by the CSP, the student will be placed on administrative hold for a specified period of time.

c. One failure in a preclinical course

An unqualified pass is required to correct a failure in a preclinical course. This unqualified pass may be attained through remediation (as determined by the course director) or by retaking and passing the course when it is next offered. If no remediation occurs prior to the next offering of the course, the student will be required to retake the course. Students who do not earn an unqualified pass upon repeating the preclinical course when next offered must appear before the CSP.

d. Failure of one required preclinical course of eight units or more (e.g., HHD or POM)

In addition to remediating a failure as noted in F.2.c, above, students who fail a preclinical course of 8 units or more will be required to take and receive a passing score on the USMLE Step 1 examination before beginning any clerkship.

e. Failure of greater than 10% of preclinical required units in any given academic year or over the course of the preclinical curriculum

Students in this circumstance are considered as having significant academic difficulty and the actions that may be taken by the CSP are described below in section F.2.1.

f. Failure of greater than 20% of preclinical required units in any given academic year or over the course of the preclinical curriculum

Failure of greater than 20% of preclinical required units ordinarily will be considered grounds for dismissal from Stanford's School of Medicine.

g. One marginal performance in a clerkship

Students with a marginal pass in a clerkship who are on the CSP agenda (i.e., those with a marginal pass not due to a single failure on the NBME shelf examination) are required to meet with appropriate faculty to set timely requirements for achieving an unqualified passing grade. Students cannot receive a Stanford MD degree with an uncorrected marginal pass in a clerkship.

h. One failure in a clerkship

If a student fails a clerkship, remediation requirements will be set by the clerkship director. If a student fails one required clerkship, the student is considered as having significant academic difficulty and the actions that may be taken by the CSP are described below in section F.2.1. Students cannot receive a Stanford MD degree with an uncorrected failure in a clerkship.

i. Two failures in required clerkships

Two failures in required clerkships—either failing one clerkship twice or failing two different clerkships—ordinarily will be considered grounds for dismissal from Stanford's School of Medicine.

- j. Overall failure of Step 1 or Step 2 CK (Clinical Knowledge) of the USMLE
 - (1) Step 1
 - (a) Students receiving an overall failing grade on their first attempt at the Step 1 examination ordinarily will be withdrawn from clerkships at the end of the current clerkship period, and may not begin any further clerkship (except Pathology) until the Step 1 examination is retaken and satisfactorily passed. Students who receive an overall failure on their first attempt on the Step 1 examination but subsequently receive a satisfactory pass must take and satisfactorily pass the Step 2 CK examination no later than the first week of January prior to June of the expected graduation year.
 - (b) Failing the Step 1 examination once or twice may be considered grounds for dismissal from Stanford's School of Medicine.
 - (c) Students who fail the Step 1 examination three times will be dismissed from Stanford's School of Medicine.
 - (2) Step 2
 - (a) Students who receive an overall failing grade on their first attempt at Step 2 CK (Clinical Knowledge) must retake and receive an overall pass no later than the first week of January prior to June of the expected graduation year. If a student fails Step 2 CK in the

quarter prior to expected graduation, he or she may have the option of taking, but must pass, an internal equivalency examination in order to graduate.

- (b) Students will not graduate and will be placed on administrative hold for a set period of time, after which they will be dismissed from Stanford's School of Medicine, if they:
 - i. fail Step 2 CK(Clinical Knowledge) twice and fail the internal examination; or
 - ii. fail Step 2 CK(Clinical Knowledge) three times.
- k. Failure to satisfactorily complete the Scholarly Concentration commitment

Students who do not receive preliminary approval of completion from their Scholarly Concentration director at least six months prior to expected graduation will appear on the CSP agenda. The Concentration director will define a plan tailored to the student's academic deficiencies which must be completed in the six months between the CSP appearance and expected graduation. The MD degree will not be conferred without satisfactory completion of the Scholarly Concentration as determined by the Concentration director.

- l. Significant academic difficulties include:
 - (1) having appeared on the agenda of the CSP three or more times;
 - (2) failing more than 10% of preclinical required units in any given academic year or over the course of the preclinical curriculum;
 - (3) failing one required clerkship; or
 - (4) failing either or both Step 1 or Step 2 CK of the USMLE.

Students with significant academic difficulties will have the opportunity to appear at a CSP meeting. The CSP has the prerogative of taking a range of actions, including, but not limited to:

- (1) Requiring students to take Step 1 or Step 2 CK of the USMLE at a specified time.
- (2) Restricting access to any clerkship until students have either taken and/or received an overall passing score on Step 1 of the USMLE.
- (3) Placing students on academic probation with a prescribed and restricted curriculum (including the discontinuation of extracurricular activities, RA-ships and TA-ships, community service, etc.) for a time period specified by the CSP.
- (4) Requiring a remedial curriculum.
- (5) Placing the student's enrollment on administrative hold for one or more quarters.

- (6) Recommending termination of the student from Stanford's School of Medicine if one or more of the following conditions applies:
 - (a) two failures in required clerkships.
 - (b) failures in more than 20% of units of preclinical required coursework in a given academic year or over the course of the preclinical curriculum (whether or not remediated).
 - (c) failures in more than 20% of units of combined preclinical or clinical coursework (whether or not remediated).
 - (d) failure of Step 1 USMLE three times.
 - (e) failure of Step 2 CK (Clinical Knowledge) USMLE twice and failing the internal examination.
 - (f) failure of Step 2 CK (Clinical Knowledge) USMLE three times
- m. Serious breaches of professional conduct

The CSP may request that the Committee of Five of the Faculty Senate convene the Committee on the Suitability to Practice Medicine to review and make recommendations regarding reported breaches of professional conduct [see section on the Suitability to Practice Medicine].

G. Rights of Students in Relation to CSP

- 1. To ask for and receive from an Associate or Assistant Dean for Advising a written explanation as to why they are on a CSP agenda.
- 2. To have an opportunity to discuss their academic progress and/or deficiencies with an Associate or Assistant Dean for Advising and to participate in formulating for presentation to the CSP a proposal for a remedial program.
- 3. To have an opportunity to submit a written statement to the CSP.
- 4. To be invited to appear in person at the scheduled CSP meeting during the presentation of their case prior to the closed deliberation of the committee. [Note: Students appearing before the CSP may have an advocate of their choice accompany them to the meeting. Advocates may include the student's academic advisor or another faculty member.]
- 5. Under ordinary circumstances, to receive a written report within 10 working days after the CSP meeting detailing the action taken. The time frame may be extended for good cause at the discretion of the CSP chair.
- 6. To have an opportunity to discuss the CSP action and report with an Associate or Assistant Dean for Advising and to submit a written request to the CSP chair that the action be reconsidered. The request must be based on compelling new information not available at the time the action was taken, not on a complaint expressing dissatisfaction with the outcome or an underlying University or

School of Medicine policy of general application. Ordinarily, such a request should be submitted within 14 working days of receipt of the report, but the time frame may be extended for good cause at the discretion of the CSP chair.

7. To have the opportunity to file a formal grievance, as outlined in the Stanford University Bulletin [Statement on Student Academic Grievance Procedures]. Appeals of a CSP action are made to the Dean of the School of Medicine.

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE STATEMENT ON PROFESSIONALISM

The following statement on professionalism adapted from statements of the American Boards of Internal Medicine and of Pediatrics was adopted by the Medical School Faculty Senate at its June, 2002 meeting as a preliminary guideline:

Professionalism comprises those attributes and behaviors that serve to maintain patient interests above physician self-interest. Professionalism extends beyond interactions with patients and their families, however. Professionalism also involves relationships and interactions between all those involved in medical education and the delivery of patient care including physicians, students, administrators, and allied health professionals. It has implications for research activities and interactions with for-profit companies, governmental agencies, and other outside entities. Professionalism should pervade all of our activities in medicine and should include:

- A commitment to the highest standards of excellence in the practice of medicine and in the generation and dissemination of knowledge.
- A commitment to sustain the interests and welfare of patients.
- A commitment to be responsive to the health needs of society.

The elements of professionalism include altruism, accountability, responsibility, excellence, duty, honesty, integrity, and respect for others. Physicians, students of medicine, and all staff participating in medical student education and patient care at Stanford University School of Medicine are expected to aspire to these ideals, further defined as:

- **Altruism** is the unselfish regard for and devotion to the welfare of others and is a key element of professionalism. Self-interest or the interests of other parties should not interfere with the care of one's patients and their families.
- Accountability and responsibility are required at many levels individual patients, society and the profession. First there must be accountability to one's patients and to their families. There must also be accountability to society for addressing the health needs of the public and to ensure that the public's needs are addressed. One must also be accountable to the profession to ensure that the ethical precepts of practice are upheld. Inherent in responsibility is reliability in completing assigned duties or fulfilling commitments. There must also be a willingness to accept responsibility for errors.
- Excellence entails a conscientious effort to exceed ordinary expectations and to make a commitment to life-long learning. Commitment to excellence is an acknowledged goal for all physicians and students

of medicine. A key to excellence is the pursuit of and commitment to providing the highest quality of health care through lifelong learning, education, and reflection. One must seek to learn from errors and aspire to excellence through self-evaluation and acceptance of the critiques of others.

- **Duty** is the free acceptance of a commitment to service. This commitment entails being available and responsive when "on call," accepting inconvenience to meet the need of one's patients, enduring unavoidable risks to oneself when a patient's welfare is at stake, advocating the best possible care regardless of ability to pay, seeking active roles in professional organizations, and volunteering one's skills and expertise for the welfare of the community.
- Honesty and integrity are the consistent regard for the highest standards of behavior and the refusal to violate one's personal and professional codes. Honesty and integrity imply being fair, being truthful, keeping one's word, meeting commitments, and being forthright in interactions with patients, peers, and in all professional work, whether through documentation, personal communication, presentations, research, or other aspects of interaction. They require awareness of situations that may result in conflict of interest or that result in personal gain at the expense of the best interest of the patient.
- Respect for others is the essence of humanism, and humanism is central to professionalism. This respect extends to all spheres of contact, including but not limited to patients, families, other physicians, and professional colleagues, including nurses, residents, fellows, and medical students. One must treat all persons with respect and regard for their individual worth and dignity. One must listen attentively and respond humanely to the concerns of patients and family members. Appropriate empathy for and relief of pain, discomfort, and anxiety should be part of the daily practice of medicine. One must be fair and nondiscriminatory and be aware of emotional, personal, family, and cultural influences on patient well-being and patients' rights and choices of medical care. It is also a professional obligation to respect appropriate patient confidentiality.

SUITABILITY FOR THE PRACTICE OF MEDICINE

In granting the MD degree, the faculty of the School of Medicine endorses each student as being suitable for the practice of medicine. It is therefore the responsibility of the faculty to review any serious concerns of suitability to practice medicine brought to its attention. Guidelines for reviewing suitability concerns are presented below. Alleged violations of Stanford's student conduct codes (including the Honor Code, Fundamental Standard, and Policy on Campus Disruption) are adjudicated by a different University process (see page 88). That conduct, however, whether or not found to constitute a violation of a student conduct code, may also raise concerns regarding suitability, requiring review under this process.

Personal Communication

A faculty member (including any of the Associate or Assistant Deans for Advising) or any other individual should communicate a possible substantive deficiency in the suitability of a medical student for the practice of medicine to the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education. This should be done as soon as practical after the deficiency is identified. The Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education will give the student a copy of these guidelines and arrange a meeting with the student and, as appropriate, the individual identifying the deficiency and/or any of the Associate or Assistant Deans for Advising. If the alleged deficiency can be explained or corrected in a mutually satisfactory manner, the matter need go no further.

To facilitate identification of students who may have deficiencies in their suitability for the practice of medicine, the Office of Student Affairs will maintain impermanent, auxiliary files of students as a repository for such concerns. If a concern about suitability is communicated to a student (see above), a memorandum recording the communication will be sent to the student and a copy placed in the student's impermanent file. By having a central repository for such information, students who repeatedly provoke suitability concerns can be identified. The impermanent file on suitability for the practice of medicine will also contain records on informal hearings and/or CSP considerations of students regarding suitability (see below). The Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education will personally maintain the impermanent files separately from the student's permanent files. Except as disclosure is necessary under this process, access to impermanent files will in general be restricted to any of the Associate or Assistant Deans for Advising, the CSP, and the student. The contents of any impermanent file on suitability are to be destroyed within one year after the student graduates.

Informal Hearing

If the student, the identifier of the deficiency, or the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education is not satisfied with the result of the personal communication described above, the holding of a private, informal hearing may be requested. It shall involve the student, an impartial third party, and any other individual (e.g., faculty member identifying the deficiency) whom the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education thinks pertinent to resolve the matter. The Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education shall, after consulting with the student, appoint the impartial third party who shall not be the Dean of the School of Medicine or any other person involved in this suitability process. The purpose of the private, informal hearing will be to permit the student and any other involved individuals to present their version of the alleged deficiency and work out, if possible, with the help and advice of the impartial third party, a mutually satisfactory remedy. The third party will communicate in writing the results of the hearing to the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education within seven working days of the meeting. At the discretion of the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education, the written communication or other summary of any mutually satisfactory remedy may be placed in the student's permanent file. If there is no mutually satisfactory remedy, the written communication and any other records of the hearing will be placed in the student's impermanent file.

Formal Hearing

If the matter cannot be satisfactorily resolved at the informal hearing, or if the student or the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education is not satisfied with the outcome of the informal hearing, the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education will call a special meeting of the CSP and inform its members of the matter. The CSP will determine whether to call a formal hearing. If no formal hearing is called, the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education shall notify the concerned parties of that decision in writing and place a copy of the decision in the student's impermanent file.

A formal hearing is intended to provide an opportunity for the parties to present all relevant evidence and their views of the evidence to a body with the authority to recommend a remedy, including dismissal from the School of Medicine. That authority lies with the faculty. The Committee of Five (i.e., Executive Committee) of the Medical School Faculty Senate shall appoint, to hear the matter, an ad hoc Committee on Suitability for the Practice of Medicine, in accordance with the Senate's customary practice for convening an ad hoc committee. The Committee will be composed of four members of the full-time faculty and one member of the voluntary clinical faculty. Each member of the Committee on Suitability for the Practice of Medicine must attend the formal hearing. Decisions will be made by majority vote.

The chair of the Committee on Suitability for the Practice of Medicine shall establish the procedures for the formal hearing and conduct the formal hearing, and in doing so provide the following procedures for the benefit of the student:

- 1. The student will be informed in writing of the alleged deficiency to be considered, of the situation upon which the concern is based and of the scheduled date of formal hearing, which shall be at least 10 days after the date of this written statement. The written statement will also include a copy of this process and any special rules and procedures to be followed in the hearing. The student may request a reasonable extension of the hearing if necessary to prepare a defense.
- 2. The student will be allowed to inspect or receive a copy of his or her medical school files to which he or she would be entitled under Stanford's policy on the Privacy of Student Records (see page 69), including any material concerning the alleged deficiency.
- 3. No person who has first hand information concerning this matter, who may present evidence against the student or who otherwise is involved in this process may serve on the Committee on Suitability for the Practice of Medicine. A replacement, when necessary, will be appointed by the Committee of Five.
- 4. The student will be permitted to have an advocate accompany him or her at the hearing, but that advocate may not participate directly in the hearing. An attorney is not an appropriate advocate. The student shall notify the chair of the Committee on Suitability for the Practice of Medicine at least five days prior to the hearing of the identity of any advocate.
- 5. The student has a right to be present during the presentation of all evidence supporting the alleged deficiency, has the opportunity to question any witness who presents evidence against him or her at the hearing, and to rebut that evidence.
- 6. The student will be given a reasonable opportunity to present his or her version of the situation, using any relevant evidence and presenting witnesses on his or her behalf.
- 7. The student will be allowed to record those portions of the hearing at which he or she is present.
- 8. Unless the student asks for an open hearing, the data and discussions of the hearing will be kept confidential, and no record will be placed in the student's permanent file unless the charge of deficiency is substantiated.
- 9. Any findings and recommendations resulting from the formal hearing will be based solely upon the evidence presented at the hearing.

After the hearing, the Committee on Suitability for the Practice of Medicine shall convey its findings and recommendations in writing to the Committee of Five of the Medical School Faculty Senate in a timely manner. The Committee of Five will consider the findings and recommendations and issue a final decision in writing to the student in a timely manner. The Committee of Five will also inform the Senior Associate Dean of Student Services of the final decision.

The student may appeal in writing the decision of the Committee of Five in writing to the Dean of the School of Medicine as a formal grievance under (and within the time limit of) the Student Academic Grievance Procedures. The Dean may serve as grievance officer or may appoint a grievance officer to assist and make recommendations to the Dean concerning the grievance. If the decision of the Committee of Five is upheld by the Dean of the School of Medicine, the student may further appeal to the Provost and then to the President of the University as provided by and within the time limit of the Student Academic Grievance Procedures.

OVERSIGHT OF THE MD PROGRAM

- SCHOOL OF MEDICINE FACULTY SENATE
- COMMITTEES OF THE FACULTY SENATE

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE FACULTY SENATE

Responsibility for all aspects of medical student education is vested in the Medical School Faculty Senate through its four standing committees. Standing committees report essential business at monthly meetings and present an annual summary report. Proposed changes in the criteria for promotion or the requirements for graduation must be approved by a majority vote of the Senate. Changes to the Articles of Organization must be approved by a majority vote of the Senate and communicated to the entire medical school faculty. The Senate consists of 37 departmental faculty representatives and 19 Senators-at-Large elected for a maximum of two three-year terms. Ex-officio non-voting members of the Senate include the chair of the Stanford Medical Student Association.

Documents of the Faculty Senate are available online at:

http://med.stanford.edu/senate/

COMMITTEES OF THE FACULTY SENATE

The standing committees of the Medical School Faculty Senate are:

• Committee on Admissions (CA)

The CA is responsible for all aspects of the identification and selection process for the medical student entering class, and also for the admission of transfer and advanced standing students. The CA consists of ten faculty members and two medical students and is assisted in the screening and interview process by a large cohort of faculty and medical student volunteers. Changes in the methods and procedures of CA must be approved by the Faculty Senate.

• Committee on Courses and Curriculum (CCC)

The CCC is responsible for developing, reviewing, and refining all plans for changes to the MD curriculum or other changes to the MD program graduation requirements. CCC recommendations for changes to the curriculum or other graduation requirements are forwarded to the Committee of Five and the Medical School Faculty Senate for discussion and approval. The CCC is responsible for assuring continuous quality improvement of courses and clerkships, and achievement of long-term programmatic goals. The CCC may request course or clerkship directors to revise or restructure their courses or clerkships for the purpose of reducing lecture time, to incorporate interdisciplinary topics, or for other purposes deemed necessary by the CCC to modernize the curriculum. The CCC is empowered to determine and implement the process for evaluation of courses and clerkships with staffing provided by the Dean's Office. The CCC can request that courses with unsatisfactory ratings undergo revision, and if unsatisfactory ratings continue, can recommend other courses of action including changing course leadership. The CCC has 12 voting members: four basic science faculty, four clinical unit faculty, chair (of either unit), two student representatives with two alternates, and the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education. The Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education is designated as an ex-officio voting member of the CCC. The Senior Associate Dean provides leadership and direction in all aspects of medical student and graduate student education within the School of Medicine. The Senior Associate Dean may bring proposals to the CCC for consideration, advise on proposals brought to the CCC or raised internally, and is responsible for implementation of proposals related to the education program that are approved by the CCC and the Faculty Senate.

• The Committee on Performance Assessment and Advising (CPAA)

The CPAA considers and takes action on matters pertaining to the assessment of medical student academic performance in required courses, clerkships, and scholarly concentrations. The CPAA shall advise on and recommend to the Faculty Senate changes in academic policy that affect performance assessment and advising. It shall be the responsibility of the CPAA, together with the Dean and the Executive Committee of the School, to implement those policies recommended by the CPAA and adopted by the Senate. The CPAA reviews and advises the Dean's Office on the format and content of the Medical Student Performance Evaluation (MSPE, a.k.a., the Dean's Letter), and the structure and operation of the medical student advising and mentorship programs.

• Committee on Student Performance (CSP)

The CSP reviews the academic progress and problems of students on its agenda, makes decisions concerning their standing, and prescribes academic programs to help students correct deficiencies and achieve their goal of acquiring the MD degree. The Committee also makes the final decision on Dean's awards given to graduating students. The CSP is composed of five faculty members who have been members of the Faculty of the School of Medicine for at least the previous three years and the Associate Deans of Advising who are non-voting members.

• Committee on Medical Student Scholarship (CMS)

The CMS oversees the performance and achievements of the Medical Student Scholarly Concentrations and Medical Student Research Fellowships. The CMS shall make final decisions on the approval and disapproval of research fellowship awards to students, and on Scholarly Concentration criteria for assessment, completion, and evaluation. The CMS, the Dean, and the Executive Committee of the School are responsible for implementing those policies recommended by the CMS and adopted by the Senate. The CMS is composed of the Scholarly Concentration Directors and ex-officio members including the Senior Associate Dean for Medical Education and the Associate Dean for Medical Student Research and Scholarship. Each Scholarly Concentration Director of the CMS shall establish a subcommittee to review medical student research proposals in their area of expertise.

OFFICE OF STUDENT AFFAIRS - SUPPORT SERVICES

- OFFICE OF STUDENT AFFAIRS SUPPORT SERVICES
- MEDICAL SCHOOL REGISTRAR'S OFFICE
- FINANCIAL AID OFFICE
- CENTER OF EXCELLENCE
- OFFICE OF STUDENT LIFE
- MEDICAL STUDENT ADVISING
- CAREER CENTER
- SCHOOL OF MEDICINE OMBUDSPERSON

OFFICE OF STUDENT AFFAIRS – SUPPORT SERVICES

The Office of Student Affairs (OSA) supports the School of Medicine and its student body by fostering an environment that values diversity, scholarly achievement, and community service. Within the larger OSA organization, the offices of the Registrar, Financial Aid, MD Advising, Student Life, the Center of Excellence, the Career Center, and the School of Medicine Ombudsperson are dedicated to providing direct assistance to students.

More specifically, these offices of the OSA support individual students in attaining their professional goals by providing assistance with meeting financial needs, addressing academic problems, achieving personal well-being, assuming the professional responsibilities required of a physician or scientist, choosing a career, and planning for post-graduate training.

Among the major responsibilities of these OSA offices are overseeing student registration, monitoring academic progress and administering curricular policies; distributing financial aid and supporting students applying for outside fellowships and scholarships; providing individual academic advising and group informational forums; providing orientation programs for incoming students; organizing special informational programs on career opportunities in medicine and the basic sciences; interacting with the leadership of the Stanford Medical Student's Association (SMSA) and the Biomedical Associated Stanford Students (BioMASS); planning and organizing the School of Medicine commencement ceremony; preparing and publishing the Medical Student Guide and the quarterly Medical Student Newsletter.

ASSISTANT DEAN FOR STUDENT AFFAIRS

MSOB X313

Char Hamada 650-723-4462 hamada@stanford.edu

MEDICAL SCHOOL REGISTRAR'S OFFICE

MSOB X325

Doug Monica Registrar 650-723-5085 doug.monica@stanford.edu

Eva Vasquez Assistant Registrar 650-725-4726 evasquez@stanford.edu Caroline Cheang Assistant Director of Clerkship Administration 650-498-7619 cheang@stanford.edu

Jared Shields Administrative Assistant 650-724-6837 jshields@stanford.edu

The Medical School Registrar's Office serves the educational community of the Stanford University School of Medicine by maintaining the official record of each student and providing appropriate data to further the

educational process of the school. The office also coordinates the Visiting Student program that allows students from other medical schools to participate in clinical electives. The Medical School Registrar works closely with the University Registrar's Office.

Among the services provided:

Enrollment Services

- Monitor student study lists
- Assist students with dropping and adding courses
- Handle Graduate Authorization Petitions to add a program
- Process and Track Leave of Absence
- Track Satisfactory Academic Progress
- Monitor tuition and TMR status

Academic Records

- Create and maintain official student academic records
- Maintain student records with the American Association of Medical Colleges
- Respond to agency licensing requests
- Respond to medical education verification requests
- Respond to student verification of standing requests (e.g., student rates for conferences, student insurance rates, jury duty)

Clerkships

- Organize and run Clerkship Draw and weekly Shuffles
- Create informational materials on clerkship choices
- Conduct forums on clerkship and the clerkship process
- Assist students with entering clerkship choices
- Handle visiting clinical students
- Handle away clerkship paperwork

Residency Match

- Assist with producing the Medical Student Performance Evaluation (MSPE, or Dean's Letter)
- Assist students with rank-order listing (strategizing and entering list online)
- Compile statistics for the Match
- Assist unmatched students with the Scramble for open programs

Examinations

- Create final exam schedules
- Schedule placement exams
- Process student applications for the United States Medical Licensing Exam (Step 1, Step 2 CK, Step 2 CS)
- Serve as the National Board of Medical Examiners Chief Executive Proctor

FINANCIAL AID OFFICE

MSOB X383

Marti Trujillo Director of Student Financial Assistance 650-723-6954 mtrujill@stanford.edu

Abera Metaferia Financial Aid Counselor 650-724-3181 abera.metaferia@stanford.edu Dolores Juarez Financial Aid Assistant 650-723-6958 djuarez@stanford.edu

The Medical School Financial Aid Office (FAO) is a central point of contact for MD students in the School of Medicine for assistance and questions about financial aid. The FAO strives to ensure that financial support is processed in a timely manner and that students are informed about the various sources of aid, timing of the disbursements, and anticipated refunds outlined in their awards. The FAO also coordinates financial planning seminars, open to all students whether or not they are receiving need-based aid, and maintains web-based information on financial resources and possible funding opportunities.

CENTER OF EXCELLENCE

MSOB X361

Fernando Mendoza
Associate Dean for Minority Advising and
Programs
650-725-8314
fernando.mendoza@stanford.edu

Ron Garcia Assistant Dean for Minority Affairs 650-725-0354 ron.garcia@stanford.edu Kathryn Fitzgerald Associate Director, Health Careers Opportunity Program 650-498-4003 kathrynf@stanford.edu

Mark Gutierrez Assistant Director of COE 650-725-0385 marz@stanford.edu Fred Tovar Community Outreach Coordinator 650-725-1437 ftovar@stanford.edu

Bahij Austin Administrative Associate 650-498-4638 bahij@stanford.edu Gregg Pearlman Publication Coordinator 650-725-5698 greggjp@stanford.edu

The Center of Excellence (COE) in Diversity

The COE was established in 1993 through federal grant support from the Health Resources and Services Administration's Bureau of Health Professions. Its missions are to increase the number of underrepresented minority leaders in academic and clinical medicine, and to expand Stanford's capacity to offer information, research, and training on minority health care issues.

COE's major programmatic areas include:

- Student and faculty recruitment and development.
- Information and research on minority health issues.
- Preclinical and clinical curriculum development.

These areas encompass various outreach efforts, including a regional and national premedical student recruitment program, an early matriculation program to provide summer research opportunities for entering minority and disadvantaged medical students, a leadership development program for minority and disadvantaged medical students, a postdoctoral fellowship in primary care specialties, a faculty development program, and a course offering in cultural competence. In addition, the COE provides mentorship and advising support, and offers a very successful USMLE Step 1 review course each winter and spring. The COE is the administrative home to the Stanford Health Careers Opportunity Program.

The Health Careers Opportunity Program (HCOP)

The Stanford HCOP grant was established in 1996 through federal grant support from the Health Resources and Services Administration's Bureau of Health Professions. HCOP seeks to produce a diverse and culturally competent workforce by helping students from disadvantaged backgrounds pursue health careers. The main component of the program is an educational pipeline that consists of a series of partnerships spanning middle school, high school, community college and four-year college institutions in Santa Clara County and contiguous counties in the San Francisco Bay Area.

HCOP aims to accomplish the following goals:

- Assist educationally and economically disadvantaged students interested in a health professions career.
- Increase recruitment into the health professions, especially medical schools and physician assistant programs.

- Retain medical students in good academic standing and provide educational opportunities to develop their leadership abilities.
- Increase student exposure to community-based clinics.
- Decrease medical student educational indebtedness.

To achieve these goals HCOP offers health career and role model programs for elementary and middle school students, a summer in-residence program for premedical students, a community health scholars program for premedical students completing the summer HCOP, MD admissions and financial aid workshops for community college students, physician assistant recruitment and advising workshops, a faculty and student mentorship program for disadvantaged medical students, health career workshops for teachers at various levels in the educational pipeline, and many other quality programs.

OFFICE OF STUDENT LIFE

MSOB - X323

Zera Murphy
Director of Student Life
650-498-4945
zera.murphy@stanford.edu

Suzanne Bethard Administrative Associate 650-725-3944 sbethard@stanford.edu

The Office of Student Life provides services to all MD and PhD students in the School of Medicine. In general, the office is a clearinghouse for a variety of issues affecting both MD and PhD students, working with other university departments to help resolve issues ranging from housing to health insurance. The Office of Student Life serves as a liaison between the administration and students through its relationship with the student organizations – Stanford Medical Students' Association (SMSA) and Biomedically Affiliated Stanford Students (BioMASS) – and through working with the student special interest organizations (approximately 50 in number). The support ranges from simple funding of meetings to helping plan major conferences. The office also serves as the conduit for information flow between sources internal and external to the university and students through the Medical School listserves, and through the daily electronic events calendar.

Events, large and small, for students in the School of Medicine are planned through the Office of Student Life, beginning with the Orientation program for entering students and culminating with the School of Medicine Commencement program when they graduate.

Medical Student compliance with Health and Safety Training Requirements (HIPAA, Bloodborne Pathogen, and General Lab Safety) is coordinated and tracked through the Office of Student Life.

Logistical Services Provided:

- White coats
- Hospital photo ID's
- Stethoscopes

- Lockers
- Mailboxes
- FIT testing
- Copy codes
- SUNet IDs
- Assistance with housing issues
- Assistance with the Entrance Medical Requirements
- Assistance with Health and Safety Training requirements
- Assign computer access to Stanford and Packard Hospitals
- Coordinate Call Room policy

Programs

- New MD Student Orientation
- Stethoscope Ceremony
- Welcome Back Dinner for preclinical MD students
- Clinical MD Student Dinner
- Transition to Residency Dinner
- Ad hoc social events
- Commencement ceremony and luncheon

Publications

- Full Code (student-to-student guide to the clinical years)
- Students in the MD Program (student facebook)
- *Medical Student Guide* (in conjunction with MD student editors)
- Medical Student Clinical Journal (in conjunction with MD student editors and faculty advisors)

STUDENT ACADEMIC ADVISING

The Academic Advising Deans have primary responsibility for overall academic advising. They will get to know each student, assist in orienting new students, meet regularly with students individually and help them throughout their medical school career. The Advising Deans assist students in the following ways:

• Provide advice regarding courses, clerkships and research activities

- Provide assistance for students with academic difficulties, arranging tutorial assistance as needed
- Facilitate small group discussion sessions with advisees on topics such as medical ethics, professionalism, etc.
- Refer students to community and faculty mentors working in areas in which they have an interest
- Organize meetings with residency program directors and prepare the Medical Student Performance Evaluation (MSPE or "Dean's Letter") for graduating students (see page 67 for information on the MSPE)
- Advise students on career choices and give assistance in preparing their Rank Order List for the Residency Match
- Give workshops on clinical clerkships and interviewing skills in order to prepare students for successful postgraduate training

A preceptorship/mentorship program provides opportunities for students to develop a personal relationship with a member of the faculty or a community physician who can introduce the student to the science and practice of medicine. This relationship helps students gain early exposure to clinical medicine or research, begin to explore possible long-range career goals, and understand the responsibilities and rewards of academic medicine or practice.

Career advising is provided by the Advising Deans. In addition, one member of each clinical department serves as the consultant for questions about careers in that specialty. The Internet also provides a wealth of information about careers and residency programs. For example, the Fellowship and Residency Interactive Database (FREIDA) Online provides information on approximately 7,800 accredited graduate medical education programs as well as over 200 combined specialty programs.

For more detailed information on MD Advising, and for other student resources please visit the MD Advising website:

http://med.stanford.edu/md/advising.html

Advisors:

Terry Blaschke blaschke@stanford.edu 650-725-4632 Grant Bldg., S009

Neil Gesundheit neil7@stanford.edu 650-724-5454 MSOB $x333 - 3^{rd}$ Fl.

Denise Johnson mudlj@stanford.edu 650-723-5955 (Direct) 723-5672 (Office) 3rd Fl. Hospital, H3680 Susan Knox sknox@stanford.edu 650-723-5832 CCSR South, 1245A

Oscar Salvatierra osalvatierra@stanfordmed.org 650-498-5481 Pgr: 13246 703 Welch Rd., Suite H-Z

Advising Coordinator

Molly Aufdermauer mollyauf@stanford.edu 650-724-9112

To schedule an appointment with an advisor call 724-0998, e-mail Molly Aufdermauer, or set up your own appointment using Sundial (directions are on the MD Advising website).

Guidelines for Changing Academic Advisors

(Revised 10/20/04)

The current advising system, in effect since Summer 2002, randomly assigns each incoming student to one of five academic Advising Deans in the School of Medicine. These guidelines are intended to clarify the protocol to be followed when students seek to change their assigned advisor.

Before matriculation, incoming students are notified to whom they have been assigned and have the opportunity to meet with him/her as a group during Orientation. Students may request a reassignment if, after a minimum of two one-on-one meetings, they believe they cannot establish a useful and comfortable working relationship with the assigned Advising Dean.

A student seeking to change Advising Deans must submit a request in writing to the Assistant Dean for Student Affairs presenting his/her reasons for the perceived incompatibility. The student must then schedule a meeting with the Assistant Dean to discuss the request. The Assistant Dean will evaluate the reasonableness of the request, taking into account the availability of the student's proposed new advisor. Because of the need to balance the number of students affiliated with or assigned to each Advising Dean, students cannot be guaranteed to get their choice of advisors.

A student seeking to change Advising Deans a second time will need to petition, detailing the reasons therefor. The Committee will notify the student of its decision, which will be final.

Student Life Advisor

The Student Life Advisor is a point of contact for students who wish to discuss sensitive or personal topics and obtain advice without concern about affecting their academic "reputation."

The Student Life Advisor advises medical students on matters, particularly non-academic and personal issues, that impact their life decisions, well-being, and academic performance. He/she is available to represent and advocate for medical students, as appropriate, with regard to matters that affect student well-being. The Student Life Advisor Works directly with the Academic Advising Deans in developing the Advising Program.

(The appointment process is currently underway to fill this recently developed position.)

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE CAREER CENTER

CCSR 4245

Michael Alvarez Director (650) 723-2035 michael.alvarez@stanford.edu Suzanne Frasca Program Coordinator (650) 725-7687 sfrasca@stanford.edu

Sponsored by the Dean's Office, the Career Center's mission is to assemble resources, coordinate programs, and offer services to support the career-related needs of all School of Medicine trainees, alumni, and postdoctoral researchers in the biomedical sciences across the University. The Career Center serves as a single point of contact for companies interested in developing relationships with members of the Stanford scientific community, and provides these organizations formal mechanisms to identify and recruit the talents and technologies that are core to their continued success.

For more information about the Career Center and its services, please visit online:

http://med.stanford.edu/careercenter/

SCHOOL OF MEDICINE OMBUDSPERSON

Martha McKee MSOB 301 650-498-5744

The Ombudsperson at the School of Medicine serves as a neutral, confidential and independent resource for students, staff and faculty, as well as for residents and post doctoral scholars. Any matter causing concern or difficulty is an appropriate reason to arrange a meeting with the Ombudsperson. The Ombudsperson can assist medical students in a safe, confidential setting. No issue is too small to bring to the Ombudsperson. In fact, the earlier an issue can be discussed, the greater the number of options available to the visitor to the office. The Ombudsperson has served the University as an attorney before becoming the Ombudsperson and is a certified mediator. More information is available at the Ombudsperson website:

www.med.stanford.edu/ombuds

including additional resources, reading suggestions and frequently asked questions about the office of the Ombudsperson. Please contact the office if you have any questions.

FINANCIAL AID

- TUITION AND FEES
- FINANCIAL AID POLICIES
- TEACHING/RESEARCH ASSISTANT COMPENSATION SCHEDULES

TUITION AND FEES

Tuition Payment Policies

Tuition and student fees, payable on the first day of each quarter, entitle students to University community services, benefits of the University Health Service, use of Stanford University libraries, and use of required equipment in laboratory courses. Deferment of tuition payment is subject to a finance charge, unless the tuition is met by financial aid or Research Assistant/Teaching Assistant (RA/TA) tuition credit.

Students who have paid for 13 full quarters of tuition (16 for joint MD/PhD candidates) pay the TMR tuition rate.

Students who must repeat a clerkship as required for graduation must again pay tuition.

Students employed as RAs or TAs may register on a unit basis. (To be eligible for financial aid, a student must enroll in at least nine units.) The unit basis registration privilege is not available to students appointed as pre-doctoral fellows on training grants.

The units of work attempted must be in agreement with the tuition paid by the student.

Any student classified as a "special student" is eligible to register for the TMR rate plus Associated Students of Stanford University (ASSU) fees.

Tuition Rates for 2005-2006

• Tuition (Courses)

\$12,765 Full-time, 9 or more units

- Terminal Medical Registration (TMR) rate
 - \$ 2,610 Applied after 13 full quarters paid for MD students and 16 full quarters paid for MD/PhD students (three at full graduate student rate)

Fees

In addition to tuition, students are required to pay other fees related to their enrollment in the School of Medicine:

- All students registered at Stanford University must have health insurance, either with the Stanford-sponsored insurance, Cardinal Care, or with an external carrier. The fee for Cardinal Care will appear on the student's tuition bill. Students choosing external insurance must notify the University. For specific information, see Health Insurance for Incoming Students (vaden.stanford.edu).
- Major Medical Hospitalization insurance is required in addition to basic health insurance. The cost of the plan, offered as a supplement to Cardinal Care, is approximately \$597 per quarter for a single student.
- Medical Student Disability insurance is also required of all students and is currently \$61 per year.

- Associated Students of Stanford University (ASSU) fees are \$23 for autumn quarter, \$22 for winter quarter, and \$22 for spring quarter. No fees are paid for summer quarter enrollment.
- With the exception of ASSU fees, the fees above are included in the budgets for students on financial aid.
- Parking fees will be required of students who wish to park a car or motorcycle on campus, either adjacent to on-campus housing or at the Medical Center. Typical fees are \$510 per year for close-in parking (A Lots), \$204 per year for more distant parking (C Lots), \$66 per year for motorcycle parking.

FINANCIAL AID POLICIES

Stanford non-discriminatory policy

Stanford University admits students of either sex and any race, color, religion, sexual orientation, or national and ethnic origin to all the rights, privileges, programs, and activities generally accorded or made available to students at the University. It prohibits discrimination, including harassment, against students on the basis of sex, race, age, color, disability, religion, sexual orientation, national and ethnic origin, and any other characteristic protected by applicable law in the administration of its educational policies, admissions policies, scholarships and loan programs, and athletic and other University-administered programs.

Citizenship

U.S. citizenship or permanent residency is a prerequisite for financial aid. International students must be able to demonstrate, with appropriate financial statements, that they have sufficient funds available to meet all educational costs for the length of the program. Although assistantship earnings may become available to help international students meet their educational costs, they cannot be included as a resource in the documentation required prior to matriculation.

Enrollment

To be eligible for financial aid, students must be enrolled for a minimum of nine units of medical school course work during the fall, winter, and spring quarters. During summer quarters, only three of the nine units must be medical school course work. Students working on advanced degrees outside of the medical school are not eligible for medical school financial aid and should apply for aid from the individual degree-granting department.

Satisfactory academic progress for financial aid

Federal law and regulations require that students receiving financial assistance from federal funds maintain satisfactory academic progress. The following policy presents the standards adopted by the Stanford University School of Medicine for students receiving financial aid. This policy supersedes prior policy.

- 1. Each student must maintain the following unit requirements:
 - a. Per quarter (autumn, winter, spring): nine medical school units each quarter; summer (if enrolled): a minimum of nine units that must include at least three medical school units. (Medical school course work includes all courses and research units offered through the medical school.)

- b. Per academic year: minimum of 36 medical school units each academic year.
 - Students planning not to register for a quarter, or to register for summer and take only three medical school units, must be careful that during each academic year they complete a minimum of 36 medical school units. No financial aid will be disbursed to a student who completes less than the minimum. Units for a course dropped will not be included.
- 2. Academic deficiencies must be corrected within the time frame established by the Committee on Student Performance.
- 3. Maximum Financial Aid Eligibility:
 - a. For students in the MD program: five years (i.e., 20 quarters)
 - b. For MD students working on a master's degree at the medical school: six years (i.e., 23 quarters)
 - Funding beyond the maximum time frames will be provided only if approved by an advising dean of student affairs because of *significant mitigating circumstances*.
 - The maximum time allowed does not include periods of approved Leaves of Absence. For transfer students, quarters completed prior to entering are subtracted from maximum financial aid eligibility.
- 4. Advanced degrees outside of the medical school do not qualify for financial aid funding through the medical school.
- 5. A student who has completed degree requirements, with the exception of the National Boards and ACLS, will not be eligible for financial aid funding.

The Medical School Registrar monitors all student records and apprises the School of Medicine Financial Aid Office and the Committee on Student Performance of those students whose academic progress may be in question.

Financial need

All financial aid administered by the Medical School FAO is based on demonstrated financial need, not academic achievement. The premise of need-based financial aid is that the student and family have the *primary responsibility* for financing their medical education. Grant eligibility is determined after family resources are assessed.

The financial aid program requires that students, their parents (if the student is under 30 years of age and is applying for Stanford-based financial aid), and their spouse provide all financial information fully and accurately. All students, regardless of age, must notify the FAO promptly, in writing, of any change in their financial circumstances during the year. Failure to report changes such as marital status, parental income, assets, scholarship aid, work income, etc., could result in a total loss of assistance, a revision of past awards, serious disciplinary action, or all three.

The Application Process

The Med School FAO uses the Free Application for Federal Student Assistance (FAFSA), the Need Access Application, and a paper supplemental application, to collect the data used in preparing the financial aid award. The sources of aid awarded (federal grant and loan, institutional grant and loan) are based on these data.

The Med School Financial Aid Office will take action on applications for loans and grants only when all required documentation and materials are received and processed. Priority is given to students whose applications are complete and ready for review by May 15. Students should start the application process six to eight weeks before this date. No Stanford-based aid (Stanford Grant and Loan) will be awarded to applicants who submit application materials after December 31.

Students must reapply and submit all required documents each year. Application forms become available in late January, early February.

Financial aid award letter

Financial aid award letters are prepared after the FAO staff has completed a need-analysis of the student's completed application/file. Students should review their award letters carefully and ask for clarification as needed.

As new sources of financial support become available, the financial aid award may change. Students are notified of these changes in "revised" award letters.

Thank-you letter and annual dinner

Most of our grant, loan, and medical scholar funds exist because of generous gifts from alumni or friends of Stanford. If you are awarded such funds, you may be required to write the donor(s) a thank-you letter and attend the annual dinner, usually held in late April. Your cooperation is needed and expected, since maintaining the good will of Stanford's donors helps assure the availability of funds for the future. Aid recipients who fail to comply with these requirements by the specified date will lose eligibility for Stanford grants or loans — or both — the following year.

Disbursement of financial aid

Prior to each academic quarter, you will receive a Student Account Statement (bill) from Stanford University's Office of Student Financial Services; your autumn quarter statement will be mailed to your billing address in August. This bill lists all quarter-based charges (tuition, ASSU fees, health insurance, medical disability insurance, and room and board, if applicable). Based on your financial aid application and other supporting documents, your financial aid package will appear on your bill as "anticipated aid."

When you have satisfied all requirements for aid eligibility, the "anticipated aid" will be applied to your account.

If financial aid funds are less than charges, you are required to pay the difference on registration day. You may view your student account statement at

http://axess.stanford.edu

(requires SUNet ID and password). Please note that Stanford University does not currently accept credit or debit cards as forms of payment.

If funds from financial aid exceed the charges, Student Financial Services will mail a refund check only after registration (enrollment in courses) and attendance at Entrance Counseling (applies to entering students only) are completed. Effective this academic year (2005-06), students may receive their refunds through "direct deposit" into a specified checking or savings account. If this is your choice of reimbursement, please complete a direct deposit form available through the Axess link. Otherwise, reimbursements will be sent via U.S. post and may take a few days longer to receive.

Stanford University School of Medicine Quarterly Salary and Tuition Allowance for 2005-2006 TA Rates (MD only) Effective September 1, 2005

Teaching Assistants Elective Courses

Percent Appointment	Tuition Allowance	Departments Tuition Cost 81%	Schools Tuition Cost 19%	Quarterly Salary	TA Salary Semi-monthly
10%	\$1,664.00	\$1,348.00	\$316.00	\$1,337.00	\$222.83
15%	\$2,496.00	\$2,022.00	\$474.00	\$2,006.00	\$334.33
20%	\$3,328.00	\$2,696.00	\$632.00	\$2,674.00	\$445.67
25%	\$4,160.00	\$3,370.00	\$790.00	\$3,343.00	\$557.17
30%	\$4,992.00	\$4,044.00	\$948.00	\$4,011.00	\$668.50
35%	\$5,824.00	\$4,717.00	\$1,107.00	\$4,680.00	\$780.00
40%	\$6,656.00	\$5,391.00	\$1,265.00	\$5,348.00	\$891.33
50%	\$8,320.00	\$6,739.00	\$1,581.00	\$6,685.00	\$1,114.17

Teaching Assistants Required Courses*

Percent Appointment	Tuition Allowance	Departments Tuition Cost 19%	Schools Tuition Cost 81%	Quarterly Salary	TA Salary Semi-monthly
10%	\$1,664.00	\$316.00	\$1,348.00	\$1,337.00	\$222.83
15%	\$2,496.00	\$474.00	\$2,022.00	\$2,006.00	\$334.33
20%	\$3,328.00	\$632.00	\$2,696.00	\$2,674.00	\$445.67
25%	\$4,160.00	\$790.00	\$3,370.00	\$3,343.00	\$557.17
30%	\$4,992.00	\$948.00	\$4,044.00	\$4,011.00	\$668.50
35%	\$5,824.00	\$1,107.00	\$4,717.00	\$4,680.00	\$780.00
40%	\$6,656.00	\$1,265.00	\$5,391.00	\$5,348.00	\$891.33
50%	\$8,320.00	\$1,581.00	\$6,739.00	\$6,685.00	\$1,114.17

All appointments should be on a quarterly basis and appointed in 5% increments. The minimum appointment at the Med School has been set at 10%. Tuition rates are based on full MD Tuition of \$12,765 per qtr.

There is a 3.5% staff benefit rate applied on student RA/TA salaries.

Department's cost equals the Dept's tuition cost plus student salary for percentage appointed.

Departments must pay the tuition for students on TMR tuition; \$2,610 per quarter.

Student's with TAships funded with Federal Work Study, tuition split is 50/50; adjustments done at fiscal year-end.

^{*}Schedule for required courses appoved by the Dean's Office for 81% tuition supplementation.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE QUARTERLY SALARY AND TUITION ALLOWANCE FOR 2005-2006 RA RATES (MD ONLY) EFFECTIVE SEPTEMBER 1, 2005

Research Assistants

Percent Appointment	Tuition Allowance	Departments Tuition Cost 81%	Schools Tuition Cost 19%	Quarterly Salary	TA Salary Semi-monthly
10%	\$1,664.00	\$1,348.00	\$316.00	\$1,213.00	\$202.17
15%	\$2,496.00	\$2,022.00	\$474.00	\$1,819.00	\$303.17
20%	\$3,328.00	\$2,696.00	\$632.00	\$2,425.00	\$404.17
25%	\$4,160.00	\$3,370.00	\$790.00	\$3,032.00	\$505.33
30%	\$4,992.00	\$4,044.00	\$948.00	\$3,638.00	\$606.33
35%	\$5,824.00	\$4,717.00	\$1,107.00	\$4,244.00	\$707.33
40%	\$6,656.00	\$5,391.00	\$1,265.00	\$4,850.00	\$808.33
50%	\$8,320.00	\$6,739.00	\$1,581.00	\$6,063.00	\$1,010.50

HEALTH AND SAFETY

- EMERGENCY NUMBERS
- VADEN HEALTH CENTER
- HEALTH INSURANCE INFORMATION FOR INCOMING STUDENTS
- ENTRANCE MEDICAL REQUIREMENTS
- HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING REQUIREMENTS
- PERSONAL SUPPORT SERVICES
- SECURITY SERVICES

EMERGENCY NUMBERS

In Case of Emergency

For Fire-Police-Medical Emergencies from medical center phones	286
From payphones, cell phones, and non-medical center campus phones	911
(Outdoor Blue Tower Phones will automatically reach the 911 operator)	
Sexual Assault, Counseling for Students	5-9955
Medical Center Escort Service	3-7222
Main Campus Escort Service	5-7873

Needlesticks

(Clerkship Scheduling Handbook 2005-2006, Page 16)

If you believe you've had a significant exposure to blood or OPIM at Stanford proceed immediately to the Stanford Emergency Department. If the exposure occurs at one of the School's affiliated hospitals go immediately to that hospital's Emergency Department. Tell the admitting clerk you have had an occupational exposure to blood or OPIM. The staff will know you need to be seen promptly. After this initial evaluation and management, follow-up care will be carried out at Vaden Health Center; call (650) 498-2336 and request an appointment with Dr. Irene Cannon for post-exposure care. Records are strictly confidential. There is no charge for blood tests, medications, or follow-up care following a blood or OPIM exposure. Call Dr. Blaschke after the visit to the Emergency Department: (650) 725-4632 (W), (650) 493-0290 (H), or Stanford page, (650) 723-8222, #13509.

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION AND RECOMMENDATIONS REGARDING TREATMENT CALL THE NEEDLESTICK AND EXPOSURE HOTLINE: (650) 498-4000.

VADEN HEALTH CENTER

Vaden Health Center provides comprehensive, on-site health care on both an appointment and a walk-in basis to Stanford students currently enrolled in the university. A wide variety of services are available, including medical care, confidential personal counseling, general health and nutrition education, HIV prevention, and alcohol and other drug abuse prevention. Specific service areas include medical appointments, women's health appointments, Gynecology, Orthopedics, Urgent Care, Pharmacy, Physical Therapy, Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS), Sexual Health Peer Resource Center and Health Promotion Services.

- Web Address: http://vaden.stanford.edu/
- Vaden is located conveniently on campus at 866 Campus Drive across from Wilbur Field.
- Regular hours during the fall, winter, and spring quarters:

Telephone Monday – Friday, 8:00 a.m. – 8:00 p.m.

Saturday − Sunday (for urgent problems), 10:00 a.m. − 5:30 p.m.

Appointments Monday − Thursday, 8:00 a.m. − 5:00 p.m.

Friday, 9:00 a.m. – 5:00 p.m.

After-hours appointments available (for urgent problems only)

Monday − *Friday*, 5:00 p.m. − 8:00 p.m.

Saturday − Sunday (for urgent problems), 10:00 a.m. − 5:15 p.m.

Regular hours during summer quarter are Monday – Friday, 9:00 a.m. – 12:00 p.m. and 1:30 – 5:00 p.m.

Both Medical Services and Counseling and Psychological Services are available to help in urgent situations 24 hours a day, including when Vaden is closed.

Life-threatening situation 911	(from University phones dial 9-911)
Sexual Assault and Harassment Prevention	(650) 725-9955
Insurance Office	(650) 498-2336, extension 4
HIV/AIDS Testing	(650) 498-2336, extension 1
Physical Therapy	(650) 723-3195
Pharmacy	(650) 498-2336, extension 3
Health Promotion Services	(650) 498-2336, extension 5
After 5 p.m. and weekends	(650) 498-2336, extension 1
Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS)	(650) 498-2336, extension 2
Medical Advice (24 hours)	(650) 498-2336, extension 1
Appointments	(650) 498-2336, extension 1
Information	(650) 498-2336

Medical Services at Vaden Health Center include: medical appointments, women's health appointments, urgent care, medical advice, allergy treatment, immunizations, travel advice, after hours medical care, physical therapy, pharmacy, laboratory, x-ray, gynecology, and orthopedics.

Please call ahead to Vaden to make an appointment with either a physician or nurse practitioner. If you are in need of urgent care during the day and if immediate attention is needed, call or come to Vaden and ask to see the triage nurse, who will refer you to the appropriate provider.

Medical Emergencies

If there is a medical or psychiatric emergency that does not require hospital emergency room facilities and staff, students should go to Vaden. If a medical emergency requires treatment in the hospital emergency room, students should go to the emergency room at Stanford University Medical Center.

Services Covered

Health services covered by the Vaden Health Center include routine visits to physicians and nurse practitioners; necessary examinations, treatments and dressings; most laboratory and X-ray tests and noninvasive procedures.

In order to avoid unnecessary expenses, students are urged to consult first with the Vaden Health Center before consulting with other faculty and clinics for medical care (except for emergencies).

Services Not Covered

Please also refer to the insurance section, for many services not covered by Vaden may be covered by one's own health insurance policy.

Health Services not covered by the Vaden Health Center include in-hospital care (hospitalization, hospital emergency, or operating room care for an accident or injury); transportation by ambulance; outpatient surgical and fracture care; specialty consultation and related ancillary services, dental care, examination or X-rays; eyeglasses, contact lenses or examinations (eye disease and injury are covered); speech therapy; maternity care or complications of pregnancy; purely cosmetic surgery; special nursing service; extended psychiatric care; physical examination, chest x-rays and immunizations that are required for entrance to the University; radiation and laser therapy; surgery for sterilization or fertility studies; and conditions for which the student may desire treatment but that in the opinion of Vaden Health Center is not essential for the student's welfare.

• Other Fee-for-Services Available

Vaden, at a charge, can provide physical examinations for employment and scholarships, etc.; spouse care; physical therapy; allergy injections; travel immunizations; and immunizations required for the Entrance Medical Record (EMR).

Pharmacy

Vaden's pharmacy provides prescription and over-the-counter medications. The costs are competitive with or lower than charges at neighboring pharmacies.

Pregnancy Care

The following pregnancy care is available:

- (1) pregnancy tests: no charge at Vaden for students; a fee for spouses,
- (2) termination of pregnancy: by referral, and covered by the Stanford-sponsored health insurance policy or by one's own insurance, and
- (3) prenatal care and normal delivery: Cardinal Care.

Dental Care is not available on campus. Vaden offers a voluntary low-cost plan that provides coverage with preferred dentists. The plan offers discounted rates with no claims to file.

Disability Insurance is required of all MD students and costs \$61 per year (billed through registration in Winter Quarter).

Malpractice Insurance is provided by the University for all MD students and covers them year round as long as they are enrolled (registration during the summer is not required as long as they are enrolled, matriculating students).

HEALTH INSURANCE INFORMATION FOR INCOMING STUDENTS

Cardinal Care

While most services at Vaden are available to Stanford students without charge, all registered students are required to have health insurance, either with Cardinal Care, the University-designated insurance policy paid with Stanford registration fees or from an external carrier.

If a student decides to use Cardinal Care, the fees will appear on his/her quarterly University bill. This Cardinal Care student health insurance provides year-round coverage for medical expenses for injuries and illnesses. The current fee schedule can be found on the Vaden website:

http://vaden.stanford.edu/

Health insurance during unregistered quarters and/or for up to a year away from Stanford is available to students covered under Cardinal Care insurance plan. (The "year" terminates at the end of the summer quarter.) Forms to continue insurance are available at Vaden and must be completed by the second day of class of each unregistered quarter. Please note that students are not notified in advance that the insurance policy must be renewed.

Outside Insurance

Students are automatically enrolled in Cardinal Care during registered quarters unless health insurance is waived through Axess. The health insurance waiver must be in place not later than the first day of any registered quarter. To waive out of Cardinal Care a student must enter Axess and follow the health insurance waiver link and complete the steps indicated. A health plan name and group policy number

are required to complete the health insurance waiver. A student can waive health insurance for the entire academic year or for a quarter at a time.

Note for students with private health insurance: Many managed care plans provide only for emergency care outside their local service area. Students should review their policies to make sure coverage is adequate.

• Spousal Insurance

Students may apply to purchase a supplemental insurance plan for legal dependents. Information and applications are available at Vaden. Health insurance for domestic partners is also available.

Medical services for spouses and domestic partners are available at Vaden on a fee-for-service basis, and charges typically are lower than at other clinics. Medical care for spouses is also available in the community or at the Stanford University Clinic, on a fee-for-service basis.

For more information, call the insurance office at Vaden at (650) 723-2135.

ENTRANCE MEDICAL REQUIREMENTS

Before you can begin your studies at Stanford you must complete certain health-related forms, immunizations, and tests. Failure to complete these requirements will result in a hold being placed on your Winter Quarter registration. For complete information, forms, and instructions see the Vaden Health Center website at:

http://vaden.stanford.edu

- Immunizations: All entering medical students must have had the following immunizations or provide proof of immunity: measles, mumps, rubella (MMR), or individual measles, mumps, and rubella; diphtheria and tetanus (Td); hepatitis B; varicella (chicken pox); and polio. The hepatitis B vaccination series may be completed after arrival at Stanford within the first academic year.
- Health History: A health history is required of all students, regardless of their insurance or their intentions to utilize the services at Vaden Health Center. The information in your file is electronically secure and completely confidential. It cannot be released without your consent, except as required by law.
- Tuberculosis Screening: Tuberculosis testing (PPD) is required of all incoming medical students and annually thereafter. TB screening is available at Vaden Health Center for a fee.

HEALTH AND SAFETY TRAINING REQUIREMENTS

Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA) Training: In compliance with the Privacy Rule of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA), the Stanford University School of Medicine requires all new medical students to complete Patient Privacy Regulation HIPAA Training

before starting classes. Stanford's HIPAA Training is a web-based training that takes approximately one-and-a-half hours. The training is accessed with a SUNet ID at

http://hipaa.stanford.edu/training.html

Medical students are required to complete Level 2 on Curriculum Track SOM/Clark/Research Level 2.

Bloodborne Pathogens Training: The California OSHA Bloodborne Pathogen Standard requires that all individuals with occupational exposure to blood, blood products, or other potentially infectious materials complete a Bloodborne Pathogens training course ANNUALLY. This requirement applies to all medical students. Stanford University Bloodborne Pathogens Training is a web-based training that takes approximately one half hour. The training is accessed with a Stanford University ID at

http://somsafety.stanford.edu

General Safety and Emergency Preparedness: All medical students are required to complete a General Safety and Emergency Preparedness class (EHS 4200), available at

http://somsafety.stanford.edu

The training takes approximately one-half hour to complete.

PERSONAL SUPPORT SERVICES

The Director of Student Life and other members of the Student Life staff are always available to discuss personal concerns of students, and to recommend further counseling with the Advising Deans and/or one of the organizations or services below.

Counseling and Psychological Services (CAPS)

CAPS, located on the second floor of Vaden Health Center, offers, without charge, evaluations and brief counseling to any registered Stanford student. Short-term counseling is defined as evaluation and treatment up to 10 visits a year. For couples counseling, only one person needs to be a registered student. Only students requesting or requiring longer, ongoing, psychotherapy incur fees.

Assistance is available for students experiencing personal problems or difficult situations while at Stanford, including stress, anxiety, depression, relationship distress, low self esteem, procrastination, sexual concerns, sexual assault/harassment, or family problems. Emergency response is available. Workshops and groups to support student adjustment at Stanford and to help with personal and social difficulties that interfere with academic and social functioning are also offered. African American, Asian American, Chicano/Latino, and gay counselors are available upon request. Services are confidential. The School of Medicine is never informed about students using CAPS without their explicit permission.

If longer-term treatment is indicated (more than 10 visits per year), it is available through CAPS or through outside services. If so, the financial aid officer in the Office of Student Affairs can assist students by helping to arrange for a special loan to meet the financial need for such treatment. The Student Health Insurance Plan will co-pay up to \$50 per visit with a \$1,500 maximum per year.

Students can be seen on an urgent basis the same day. A clinician is on-call 24 hours for emergencies and can be reached by calling one of the following numbers: appointments and Information, (650) 498-2336; after 5 p.m. and weekends, (650) 498-2336; and CAPS Sexual Harassment & Sexual Assault Counseling, (650) 725-9955.

Health Promotion Services (HPS)

HPS helps students to make informed, healthy decisions about their lifestyle and behavior through education and support. Areas of expertise include alcohol, tobacco, and other drug use; nutrition, weight management, body image and eating disorders, sexual assault and harassment; sexual health, relationships, intimacy, and gender issues.

Services include individual preventive counseling and resource referral, speakers, programs, events and workshops at student residences, community centers, and student organizations, and for new students. HPS also trains student volunteers and sponsors a variety of health outreach projects and events. Most services are free. Please call (650) 498-2336, extension 5, for further information.

Medical Center Chaplain

An on-call chaplain is available 24 hours a day to provide personal counseling for medical students. The Chaplain's office is located in the Stanford Hospital near the Emergency Department (H1401). Office hours are Monday-Friday, 8:30 a.m. to 5:00 p.m. Telephone: (650) 723-5101.

University Ombudsperson

The University Ombudsperson receives, examines, and channels the complaints and grievances of members of the University community and facilitates expeditious and impartial resolution. Although possessing no decision-making authority, the office has wide powers of inquiry. Services are conducted in a confidential manner and available to students, housestaff, fellows, faculty, and staff. For further information, please contact the University Ombudsperson, Stanford University, Bldg. 310, Room 104, Stanford, California 94305. Telephone: (650) 723-3682.

The Bridge

The Bridge Peer Counseling Center is staffed by intensively trained volunteer student counselors. These peer counselors are willing to discuss any concerns with students, – e.g., academic frustrations, coming out issues, sex, substance abuse, loneliness, family or relationships. The Bridge provides information on a variety of other support services available in this geographical area. In addition, it sponsors depression support group workshops on such topics as stress and time management. The Bridge is located at Rogers House, 549 Salvatierra Walk. Drop-in hours are seven days a week, 9:00 a.m. to 12:00 p.m. Telephone: (650) 723-3392 (24 hours per day).

Office of Accessible Education

The Office of Accessible Education (OAE) at Stanford University is organized into four interrelated service centers: Student Disability Resource Center (SDRC), Schwab Learning Center, Assistive Learning Technology Center (ALTeC), and the Center for Universal Design in Education (CUDE).

Student Disability Resource Center (SDRC)

In accordance with the provisions of the Americans with Disabilities Act of 1990 and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973, the SDRC coordinates and offers an array of accommodations and auxiliary aids and services to students with documented disabilities. The SDRC's goal is to enable students with disabilities to participate fully in the educational experience at Stanford while meeting the academic standards maintained by the university.

Students seek support from the SDRC for a wide range of disabilities, including mobility impairments, learning differences, chronic illness, psychological disabilities, and sensory disabilities.

Working collaboratively with a staff member, staff and student develop and implement an accommodation plan tailored to the student's disability-related needs. Direct support services include, but are not limited to:

- Note taking
- Oral or sign language interpretation
- Stenocaptioning
- Examination accommodations
- Modifications in course load or other academic requirements
- Books-on-tape
- Braille embossing
- Electronic text (e-text)
- Assistive technology screenings and training
- Housing accommodations
- Other accommodations as approved

DisGoCart: During the academic year the SDRC runs a free golf cart transportation service called DisGo for use by any member of the campus community who has a temporary or permanent mobility impairment or who uses a wheelchair. To arrange for an on campus ride, call 725-2484 (5-CHUG).

If you are a student with a disability for which you may need accommodations, call and register with the SDRC as soon as possible by phoning the main office number: (650) 723-1066. Arranging for your service needs is a shared responsibility; by contacting the SDRC early, staff can often begin making arrangements prior to the start of the quarter. The liaison at the Medical School, with whom the SDRC works closely to facilitate academic accommodations, is Charlene C. Hamada, Assistant Dean of Student Affairs/Director of Admissions; e-mail: hamada@stanford.edu, work phone: (650) 723-4462.

The SDRC is located at 563 Salvatierra Walk, Stanford University, Stanford, California 94305. Voice (650) 723-1066; TTY (650) 723-1067. The Center is open 9:00 am to noon and 1:00 pm to 5:00 pm Monday through Friday.

Schwab Learning Center

The Schwab Learning Center serves students with learning differences (LD) and Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder (ADHD). Emphasis is on a metacognitive approach to learning: students learn how to identify and use their own unique learning styles and strengths to maximize academic success. Sue Willows-Raznikov, M.A., a learning strategy specialist, serves medical students exclusively; her office is in Student Affairs on the third floor of the Medical School Office Building. Among the services offered by the Schwab Learning Center are:

- Screening assessments for learning differences
- Individual learning style assessments and instruction in specific study strategies for academic enhancement
- Referral to outside professionals, as appropriate, for comprehensive psychoeducational testing (evaluations are subsidized for students with financial need)
- Tutoring in various academic disciplines
- On-site tutoring service for students at the Stanford Medical School
- ADHD coaching
- Orientation program for incoming and returning students

Students with Learning Disabilities/Differences and ADHD who are interested in receiving services offered by the Schwab Learning Center should phone Sue Willows Raznikov, M.A. at (650) 387-0550.

Assistive Learning Technology Center (ALTeC)

Located on Meyer Library's second floor, ALTeC provides a wide array of resources to make information technology and education more accessible for those with disabilities. The Center's expert staff can provide training and technical assistance, assess barriers to computer access, and recommend appropriate assistive technology or compensatory strategies. Among ALTeC's current accommodations are:

- A cluster of accessible high-end PCs and Macs
- Software for speech recognition, text-to-speech screen readers, screen magnification, and assistance with studying and writing
- Alternative input devices such as specialized keyboards and mouse substitutes
- Ergonomic computer workstations (some private) with independently adjustable keyboard and monitor positions
- CCTV video magnifiers and a refreshable Braille display
- Tutoring rooms with PCs and whiteboard capture systems

ALTeC's Alternative Format Production Facility (AFPF) converts printed text to computer files (e-text), large print, or Braille using high-speed scanners and Braille embossers. The Equipment and Software Loan Library (EaSLL) allows students to borrow certain assistive technology for evaluation purposes.

ALTeC's services are available to eligible students, faculty, and staff who need assistance due to a disability. Students should contact the SDRC at (650) 723-1066 for more information. Faculty and staff should contact Stanford's ADA/504 Compliance Office at (650) 723-0755 for a referral.

Center for Universal Design in Education

This is a research and development center under the auspices of the OAE. It serves to advance the development of instructional methods, tools, and strategies that are inherently flexible, customizable, and accessible to *all* students with different backgrounds, learning styles, abilities, and disabilities in a variety of learning contexts.

The Stanford Help Center

http://www.stanford.edu/dept/helpcenter

The Faculty Staff Help Center offers professional, confidential, brief counseling. Counseling focuses on short term problem recognition and resolution. Counseling is available for up to 10 sessions. If extended counseling is needed, the Center makes referrals to community agencies or private resources. The Help Center is staffed by licensed clinical social workers and psychologists. Its services are available to Stanford University faculty, staff, their spouses and children under 23 years of age. A member of the staff is defined for purposes of this service as someone receiving a paycheck from the University, even for part-time employment. Thus, medical students who hold appointments as research or teaching assistants would qualify during the quarters of their appointment. Medical students having a spouse who is a University employee would qualify for services.

Examples of issues for which people seek help from the Center include: stressful relations with a significant other, job stress, parent-child problems, alcohol and other drug abuse, loss of loved one, and care of ill family members. In addition to individual appointments, there are workshops, peer support groups, or phone interviews for those wishing to speak anonymously with a counselor.

The Center is located at 100 Encina Commons. There is also a satellite office at Stanford Hospital. Telephone: (650) 723-4577.

SECURITY SERVICES

Stanford University Medical Center's Security Services Department provides both walking and mobile escorts, vehicle jump-starts, facility door unlocks, photo identification access badges and key control. In addition they investigate thefts, crimes against persons, perform patient restraints, de-escalate violent situations, and coordinate Medical Center interaction with local police departments. Security Services also presents seminars on personal safety, and Medical Center parking.

Security Services is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week. Telephone: (650) 723-7222. They are located on the ground floor of Stanford Hospital, just below the Emergency Department.

TRANSPORTATION, PARKING, AND HOUSING

- TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING
- HOUSING

TRANSPORTATION AND PARKING

Information regarding campus parking, shuttles, bike facilities and commute alternatives in the Bay Area is available from Transportation Programs. The main office is located at 340 Bonair Siding on the main Stanford campus; hours are Monday-Friday 7:30 am to 5:00 pm. Telephone: (650) 723-9362. E-mail is

transportation@stanford.edu

Visit the website at:

http://www.transportation.stanford.edu

Housing

On-Campus Housing

Approximately 60 percent of Stanford's graduate students enrolled at the home campus live in on- and off-campus University housing. The residence program is based on the conviction that living and learning, social and intellectual life should be integrated, not separate. Graduate residences serve as focal points of intellectual, recreational, and social interchange.

Single graduate student accommodations consist mostly of shared one-to-four bedroom apartments. We also offer single or double occupancy dormitory rooms, as well as single occupancy studio apartments. All on-campus, single student housing is furnished. The costs vary greatly and are shown on the Housing Assignments web site:

http://housing.stanford.edu/tour/gradtour/rateschart.html

Rates include all utilities except for the telecommunications fee.

Couple without Children housing is available to students who are married and to students who have a same-sex or opposite-sex domestic partner who will be occupying the apartment with then at least 50% of each week. At Stanford University, a domestic partnership is defined as an established, long-term partnership with an exclusive mutual commitment in which the partners share the necessities of life and ongoing responsibility for their common welfare. Couples are offered one-bedroom apartments, either furnished or unfurnished. Couples who are both enrolled, matriculated, Stanford students may also apply for one of eight two-bedroom loft apartments.

Students with children are housed in two or three-bedroom apartments, depending on the number of children in occupancy, for a minimum of 50% each week. Students with one or two children are eligible for a two-bedroom apartment. Eligibility for a three-bedroom apartment requires two or three children. Single parents with one child may choose to live in a one-bedroom apartment. These apartments are available either furnished or unfurnished.

Rents for these units are also shown on the above web page

All housing assignments are made through a lottery system. New students who apply for housing by the May lottery deadline and are willing to live in any graduate residence are guaranteed housing. The

University is able to meet the housing demand of nearly all continuing, matriculated students with children and most couples without children. While Stanford is unable to assign all continuing, single, matriculated graduate students who apply for on-campus housing, the University generally comes close to meeting the demand of those willing to live in any graduate residence approximately 80%). Single students who have limited housing choices may not be assigned housing because space in each individual residence is limited. Web pages describing housing on campus in more detail and explaining application procedures and housing policies are updated on the housing website by each April for the following academic year:

http://housing.stanford.edu

Students can indicate housing preferences by submitting an application in Axess, Stanford's online information system:

https://axess.stanford.edu

A SUNet ID is required to login to Axess—for more information, please see

http://sunetid.stanford.edu

Housing applications for the following academic year are accepted beginning in mid-April each year—additional information on deadlines and procedures is available on the Housing Assignments web site.

Single graduate students and couples without children are assigned to campus housing for one academic year at a time and must reapply for housing on a yearly basis. After taking occupancy of an assigned space, students are responsible for the room rent for the entire academic year. Students with children are assigned campus housing yearly, but have the option of renewing as long as they remain eligible. Students with Children must submit a new housing application each year by the Lottery deadline and sign a new Residence Agreement to renew their contract. For additional information, visit the Housing Assignments web site.

Off-Campus Housing

Many students live off campus. Complete and up-to-date information on obtaining suitable housing can be found at the Community Housing office. Community Housing maintains a rental listings database available in the Stanford area to current Stanford affiliates. The Community Housing web addresses are:

http://offcampus.stanford.edu.

http://www.stanford.edu/dept/hds/chs/index.shtml

The School of Medicine Office of Student Life will provide additional assistance as appropriate to students having difficulties finding housing.

STANFORD UNIVERSITY POLICIES

- STANFORD UNIVERSITY POLICIES
- THE FUNDAMENTAL STANDARD
- THE HONOR CODE
- STATEMENT ON STUDENT ACADEMIC GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES
- POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT AND CONSENSUAL SEXUAL OR ROMANTIC RELATIONSHIPS
- OWNERSHIP AND USE OF STANFORD NAME AND TRADEMARKS
- COMPUTER AND NETWORK USAGE POLICY

STANFORD UNIVERSITY POLICIES

As students at Stanford University, medical students are governed by the applicable rules, regulations and policies of the University. Many of these are set forth in the Stanford Bulletin, available from the University's Registrar (Old Union 133, m.c. 3005) and online at:

http://www.stanford.edu/dept/registrar/bulletin/

Certain particularly important policies are set forth below.

Judicial Affairs and Student Conduct

In March 1996, President Gerhard Casper convened the Committee of 15 and requested a review of the student judicial charter. During the following year, the Committee of 15 conducted an extensive review of the existing judicial charter and process and drafted a new charter to take its place. The Student Judicial Charter of 1997 was approved by the Associated Students of Stanford University, the Senate of the Academic Council, and the President of the University during Spring Quarter 1996-97 and Autumn Quarter 1997-98, and became effective in January 1998. Cases of alleged violations of the Honor Code, Fundamental Standard, and other student conduct policies now proceed through an established student judicial process based upon the Student Judicial Charter of 1997, which can be found in its entirety at the Judicial Affairs Office website http://www.stanford.edu/dept.vpsa/judicialaffairs/index.html. Also found at that website are the policies, rules, and interpretations regarding them related to student conduct, including the penalty code applicable to those students responsible for violating such a policy or rule.

When a violation of the Fundamental Standard, or the Honor Code, or other policy or rule governing student conduct is alleged, or whenever a member of the University community believes such a violation has occurred, he or she should contact the Judicial Affairs Office, Tresidder Memorial Union, 2nd Floor, (650) 725-2485.

THE FUNDAMENTAL STANDARD

The primary codes of conduct for students are the Fundamental Standard and Honor Code.

Students are expected to observe the Fundamental Standard of student conduct, which was stated by Stanford's first President, David Starr Jordan, as follows:

"Students are expected to show both within and without the University such respect for order, morality, personal honor, and the rights of others as is demanded of good citizens. Failure to do this will be sufficient cause for removal from the University."

Actions which have been found to be in violation of the Fundamental Standard include:

- Physical assault
- Forgery
- Sexual harassment or other sexual misconduct

- Misrepresentation in seeking financial aid, University housing, University meals, or other University benefits
- Driving on campus while under the influence of alcohol
- Misuse of computer equipment or e-mail

There is no standard penalty which applies to violations of the Fundamental Standard. Penalties range from warning to expulsion. Each case is in fact specific; considerations include: the nature and seriousness of the offense, the motivation underlying the offense, and precedent in similar cases.

THE HONOR CODE

The Honor Code at Stanford is essentially the application of the Fundamental Standard to academic matters. Provisions of the code date from 1921, when the honor system was established by the Academic Council of the University Faculty at the request of the student body and with the approval of the President.

- "A. The Honor Code is an undertaking of the students, individually and collectively:
 - 1) that they will not give or receive aid in examinations; that they will not give or receive unpermitted aid in class work, in the preparation of reports, or in any other work that is to be used by the instructor as the basis of grading;
 - 2) that they will do their share and take an active part in seeing to it that others as well as themselves uphold the spirit and letter of the Honor Code.
- "B. The faculty on its part manifests its confidence in the honor of its students by refraining from proctoring examinations and from taking unusual and unreasonable precautions to prevent the forms of dishonesty mentioned above. The faculty will also avoid, as far as practicable, academic procedures that create temptations to violate the Honor Code.
- "C. While the faculty alone has the right and obligation to set academic requirements, the students and faculty will work together to establish optimal conditions for honorable academic work."

Examples of conduct which have been regarded as being in violation of the Honor Code include:

- Copying from another's examination paper or allowing another to copy from one's own paper
- Unpermitted collaboration
- Plagiarism
- Revising and resubmitting a quiz or exam for regrading without the instructor's knowledge and consent
- Representing as one's own work the work of another
- Giving or receiving aid on an academic assignment under circumstances in which a reasonable person should have known that such aid was not permitted

In recent years, most student disciplinary cases have involved Honor Code violations; of those, the most frequent arise when a student submits another's work as his or her own, or gives or receives unpermitted aid. The standard penalty for a first offense is a one-quarter suspension from the University and 40 hours of community service. In addition, many faculty members issue a "No Pass" for the course in which the violation occurred.

STATEMENT ON STUDENT ACADEMIC GRIEVANCE PROCEDURES

The following policy was effective beginning in the 1999-2000 academic year and is subject to periodic review.

1. Coverage

- a. Any undergraduate or graduate Stanford student who believes that he or she has been subjected to an improper decision on an academic matter is entitled to file a grievance to obtain an independent review of the allegedly improper decision, followed by corrective action if appropriate. A grievance is a complaint in writing made to an administrative officer of the University concerning an academic decision, made by a person or group of persons acting in an official University capacity, that directly and adversely affects the student as an individual in his or her academic capacity.
- b. Grievance procedures apply only in those cases involving a perceived academic impropriety arising from a decision taken by: (1) an individual instructor; (2) a school, department or program; (3) a committee charged to administer academic policies of a particular school, department or program; or (4) the University Registrar or a Senate committee or subcommittee charged to administer academic policies of the Senate of the Academic Council. They do not pertain to complaints expressing dissatisfaction with a University policy of general application challenged on the ground that the policy is unfair or inadvisable, nor do they pertain to individual school, department or program academic policies, as long as those policies are not inconsistent with general University policy.
- c. Students should be aware that the University Ombuds Office is available to all Stanford students, faculty and staff to discuss and advise on any matter of University concern and frequently helps expedite resolution of such matters. Although it has no decision-making authority, the Ombuds Office has wide powers of inquiry, including into student complaints against instructors.

2. Grievance and Appeal Procedures

a. Informal Attempts at Resolution. The student first should discuss the matter, orally or in writing, with the individual(s) most directly responsible. If no resolution results, the student should then consult with the individual at the next administrative level, for example, the chair or director of the relevant department or program or, for those cases in which there is none, with the school dean. At this stage, the department chair or program director, if any, may inform the dean that the consultation is taking place and may solicit his or her advice on how to assure that adequate steps are taken to achieve a fair result. Efforts should be made to resolve the issues at an informal level without the complaint escalating to the status of a formal grievance.

b. The Filing of the Grievance:

- 1) If informal means of resolution prove unsatisfactory, the student should set forth in writing a statement of the decision that constitutes the subject of the dispute, the grounds on which it is being challenged, and the reasons why the grievant believes that the decision was improperly taken. The statement should also include a description of the remedy sought and the informal efforts taken to date to resolve the matter. It is at this point that the complaint becomes a formal grievance. The written grievance should specifically address the matters set forth in the Standards for Review in Section IV below. The grievance should include an allegation of any adverse effects on the grievant, known to the grievant at the time of filing.
- 2) The grievance document should be submitted to the dean of the school in which the grievance arose; for a grievance concerning a decision of the University Registrar or of a Senate committee or subcommittee, the procedures set forth herein for grievances and appeals shall be modified as stated in Section III below. A grievance must be filed in a timely fashion, that is, normally within 30 days of the end of the academic quarter in which the adverse decision occurred or should reasonably have been discovered. A delay in filing a grievance may, taking all circumstances into account, constitute grounds for rejection of the grievance.

c. The Response to the Grievance:

- 1) The relevant dean shall consider the grievance. The dean may attempt to resolve the matter informally or make whatever disposition of the grievance he or she deems appropriate. The dean may, in appropriate cases, remand the grievance to a lower administrative level (including to the level at which the grievance arose) for further consideration.
- 2) The dean may also refer the grievance, or any issue therein, to any person (the "grievance officer") who shall consider the matter and report to the dean as the latter directs. The dean shall inform the grievant (and the party against whose decision the grievance has been filed) in writing of any referral of the matter and shall specify the matters referred, the directions to the person to whom the referral is made (including the time frame within which the person is to report back to the dean), and the name of that person.
- 3) In undertaking the review, the dean or the grievance officer may request a response to the issues raised in the grievance from any individuals believed to have information considered relevant, including faculty, staff, and students.
- 4) Should attempts to resolve the matter informally not be successful, the dean shall decide the grievance, and shall notify the grievant (and the party against whose decision the grievance has been filed) in writing of the disposition made of the grievance and the grounds for the disposition at the earliest practicable date after his or her receipt of the grievance.
- 5) Normally no more than 60 days should elapse between the filing of a grievance and the disposition by the dean. If, because of absence of key persons from the campus or other circumstances or exigencies, the dean decides that prompt disposition is not possible, he or she shall inform the grievant (and the party against whose decision the grievance has been filed) of that in writing, giving the grounds therefore and an estimate of when a disposition can be expected.

d. The Filing of an Appeal:

- 1) If the grievant is dissatisfied with the disposition of the grievance at the decanal level, either on substantive or procedural grounds, he or she may appeal in writing to the Provost.
- 2) The appeal must specify the particular substantive or procedural bases of the appeal (that is, the appeal must be made on grounds other than general dissatisfaction with the disposition) and must be directed only to issues raised in the grievance as filed or to procedural errors in the grievance process itself, and not to new issues. The appeal should contain the following:
 - a) A copy of the original grievance and any other documents submitted by the grievant in connection therewith.
 - b) A copy of the determination made by the dean on that grievance.
 - c) A statement of why the reasons for the determination of the dean are not satisfactory to the grievant. This statement should specifically address the matters set forth in the Standards for Review in Section IV below.
- 3) The grievant shall file his or her appeal at the earliest practicable date after the grievant's receipt of the determination by the dean. Normally, no more than 30 days should elapse between the transmittal of the dean's decision on the grievance and the filing of the appeal. A delay in filing an appeal may, taking all circumstances into account, constitute grounds for rejection of the appeal.

e. The Response to the Appeal:

- 1) The Provost may attempt to resolve the matter informally, or refer the appeal, or any issue thereof, to any person (the "grievance appeal officer") who shall consider the matter and report to the Provost as the latter directs. The Provost may also, in appropriate cases, remand the matter to a lower administrative level (including to the level at which the grievance arose) for further consideration.
- 2) The Provost shall inform the grievant (and the party against whose decision the grievance has been filed) in writing of any referral of the matter and shall specify the matters referred, the directions to the person to whom the referral is made (including the time frame within which the person is to report back to the Provost), and the name of that person.
- 3) Should attempts to resolve the matter informally not be successful, the Provost shall decide the appeal, and shall notify the grievant (and the party against whose decision the grievance has been filed) in writing of the disposition made of the grievance and the grounds for the disposition at the earliest practicable date after his or her receipt of the appeal. The decision of the Provost shall be final, unless the grievant requests a further appeal to the President pursuant to Section II F below, and the President agrees to entertain this further appeal.
- 4) Normally no more than 45 days should elapse between the filing of the appeal and the disposition by the Provost. If, because of absence of key persons from the campus or other exigencies, the Provost judges that prompt disposition is not possible, he or she shall inform the grievant (and the party against whose decision the grievance has been filed) of that fact in writing, giving the grounds therefore and an estimate of when a disposition can be expected.

f. The Request to the President:

If the student is dissatisfied with the disposition of the appeal by the Provost, he or she may write to the President of the University giving reasons why he or she believes the grievance result to be wrong (following the general format set forth in Section II. D. 2 above). No more than 30 days should elapse between the transmittal of the Provost's disposition and the written statement to the President urging further appeal. In any case, the President may agree or decline to entertain this further appeal. If the President declines to entertain the further appeal, the decision of the Provost shall be final. If the President decides to entertain the further appeal, he or she shall follow the general procedures set forth in Section II. E. above, and the decision of the President shall be final.

3. Grievances Concerning Decisions of the University Registrar or of a Senate Committee or Subcommittee

- a. For a grievance concerning a decision of the University Registrar or of a Senate committee or subcommittee, the grievant shall file his or her grievance with the Provost, rather than with the dean, and the Provost shall handle that grievance in accordance with the procedures set forth in Section II.C. above.
- b. There shall be no appeal of the Provost's disposition of that grievance, except as may be available under Section II.F. above.

4. Standards for Review and Procedural Matters

- a. The review of the grievance or appeal shall usually be limited to the following considerations:
 - 1) Were the proper facts and criteria brought to bear on the decision? Were improper or extraneous facts or criteria brought to bear that substantially affected the decision to the detriment of the grievant?
 - 2) Were there any procedural irregularities that substantially affected the outcome of the matter to the detriment of the grievant?
 - 3) Given proper facts, criteria, and procedures, was the decision one that a person in the position of the decision maker might reasonably have made?
- b. The time frames set forth herein are guidelines. They may be extended by the relevant administrative officer in his or her discretion for good cause.
- c. Questions concerning the filing and appeal of grievances should be directed to the Office of the Provost.

POLICY ON SEXUAL HARASSMENT AND CONSENSUAL SEXUAL OR ROMANTIC RELATIONSHIPS

For the complete text of the currently applicable version of this policy, see Administrative Guide Memo 23.2, Policy on Sexual Harassment and Consensual Sexual or Romantic Relationships at:

http://adminguide.stanford.edu/23_2.pdf

It is also available from the Sexual Harassment Policy Office home page:

http://harass.stanford.edu

Policy

Stanford University strives to provide a place of work and study free of sexual harassment, intimidation or exploitation. It is expected that students, faculty, staff and other individuals covered by this policy will treat one another with respect.

Reports of sexual harassment are taken seriously and will be dealt with promptly. The specific action taken in any particular case depends on the nature and gravity of the conduct reported, and may include intervention, mediation, investigation and the initiation of grievance and disciplinary processes. Where sexual harassment is found to have occurred, the University will act to stop the harassment, act to prevent its recurrence, and discipline and/or take other appropriate action against those responsible.

The University recognizes that confidentiality is important. Sexual harassment advisers and others responsible to implement this policy will respect the confidentiality and privacy of individuals reporting or accused of sexual harassment to the extent reasonably possible. Examples of situations where confidentiality cannot be maintained include circumstances when the University is required by law to disclose information (such as in response to legal process) and when disclosure is required by the University's outweighing interest in protecting the rights of others.

Retaliation and or reprisals against an individual who in good faith reports or provides information in an investigation about behavior that may violate this policy are against the law and will not be tolerated. Intentionally making a false report or providing false information, however, is grounds for discipline.

Stanford is committed to the principles of free inquiry and free expression. Vigorous discussion and debate are fundamental to the University, and this policy is not intended to stifle teaching methods or freedom of expression generally, nor will it be permitted to do so. Sexual harassment, however, is neither legally protected expression nor the proper exercise of academic freedom; it compromises the integrity of the University, its tradition of intellectual freedom and the trust placed in its members.

What is Sexual Harassment?

Unwelcome sexual advances, requests for sexual favors, and other visual, verbal or physical conduct of a sexual nature constitute sexual harassment when:

 It is implicitly or explicitly suggested that submission to or rejection of the conduct will be a factor in academic or employment decisions or evaluations, or permission to participate in a University activity; or 2. The conduct has the purpose or effect of unreasonably interfering with an individual's academic or work performance or creating an intimidating or hostile academic, work, or student living environment.

Determining what constitutes sexual harassment depends upon the specific facts and the context in which the conduct occurs. Sexual harassment may take many forms-subtle and indirect, or blatant and overt. For example,

- It may be conduct toward an individual of the opposite sex or the same sex.
- It may occur between peers or between individuals in a hierarchical relationship.
- It may be aimed at coercing an individual to participate in an unwanted sexual relationship or it may have the effect of causing an individual to change behavior or work performance.
- It may consist of repeated actions or may even arise from a single incident if sufficiently egregious.

The University's Policy on Sexual Assault (see Stanford Administrative Guide Memo 23.3) may also apply when sexual harassment involves physical contact.

Procedures for Dealing with Sexual Harassment

A brochure containing Stanford's Policy on Sexual Harassment and Consensual Sexual or Romantic Relationships and a list of sexual harassment advisers and resources is supplied to all new students and is also available from the Sexual Harassment Policy Office at 723-1583. The Medical School Ombudsperson is available as a confidential resource under the policy; telephone 498-5744. The contents of the brochure, including a current list of sexual harassment advisers, is available on the web at:

http://harass.stanford.edu/index.html#Advisers

The policy is also published in its entirety as Administrative Guide Memo 23.2, and may be reviewed with local personnel administrators at any Personnel Office, and at the reference desk at Lane Medical Library. Copies of Stanford's policy on Sexual Assault, which complements the sexual harassment policy, and copies of the university grievance procedures are also available online and at the Sexual Harassment Policy Office.

If a student feels that s/he has been a target of sexual harassment, s/he can discuss the situation and obtain advice under the policy from any sexual harassment adviser or confidential resource. Individuals particularly desiring confidential consultation may discuss their concerns about sexual harassment with a confidential resource (such as an ombudsperson, a counselor at CAPS, or a University chaplain), or with an adviser without identifying the other persons involved or sometimes by not identifying themselves.

Particular attention is called to the following newly revised policy provision:

Consensual Sexual or Romantic Relationships

In General - There are special risks in any sexual or romantic relationship between individuals in inherently unequal positions, and parties in such a relationship assume those risks. In the University context, such positions include (but are not limited to) teacher and student, supervisor and employee, senior faculty and junior faculty, mentor and trainee, adviser and advisee, teaching assistant and student, coach and athlete,

and the individuals who supervise the day-to-day student living environment and student residents. Because of the potential for conflict of interest, exploitation, favoritism, and bias, such relationships may undermine the real or perceived integrity of the supervision and evaluation provided, and the trust inherent particularly in the teacher-student context. They may, moreover, be less consensual than the individual whose position confers power believes. The relationship is likely to be perceived in different ways by each of the parties to it, especially in retrospect.

Moreover, such relationships may harm or injure others in the academic or work environment. Relationships in which one party is in a position to review the work or influence the career of the other may provide grounds for complaint by third parties when that relationship gives undue access or advantage, restricts opportunities, or creates a perception of these problems. Furthermore, circumstances may change, and conduct that was previously welcome may become unwelcome. Even when both parties have consented at the outset to a romantic involvement, this past consent does not remove grounds for a charge based upon subsequent unwelcome conduct.

Where such a relationship exists, the person in the position of greater power will bear the primary burden of accountability, and must ensure that he or she — and this is particularly important for teachers — does not exercise any supervisory or evaluative function over the other person in the relationship. Where such recusal is required, the recusing party must also notify his or her supervisor, department chair or dean, so that such chair, dean or supervisor can exercise his or her responsibility to evaluate the adequacy of the alternative supervisory or evaluative arrangements to be put in place. To reiterate, the responsibility for recusal and notification rests with the person in the position of greater power. Failure to comply with these recusal and notification requirements is a violation of this policy, and therefore grounds for discipline.

With Students - At a university, the role of the teacher is multifaceted, including serving as intellectual guide, counselor, mentor and advisor; the teacher's influence and authority extend far beyond the classroom. Consequently and as a general proposition, the University believes that a sexual or romantic relationship between a teacher and a student, even where consensual and whether or not the student would otherwise be subject to supervision or evaluation by the teacher, is inconsistent with the proper role of the teacher, and should be avoided. The University therefore very strongly discourages such relationships.

OWNERSHIP AND USE OF STANFORD NAME AND TRADEMARKS

Stanford registered marks, as well as other names, seals, logos, and other symbols and marks that are representative of Stanford, may be used solely with permission of Stanford University. Items offered for sale to the public bearing Stanford's names and marks must be licensed. For complete text of the currently applicable policy, including the University officers authorized to grant permission to use the Stanford name and marks, see Administrative Guide memo 15.5, Ownership and Use of Stanford Name and Trademarks at:

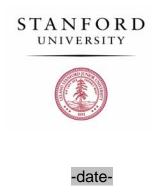
http://adminguide.stanford.edu/15_5.pdf

COMPUTER AND NETWORK USAGE POLICY

Users of Stanford network and computer resources have a responsibility not to abuse the network and resources and to respect the rights of others. For the complete text of the currently applicable policy, see Administrative Guide Memo 62 and 66. This policy provides guidelines for the appropriate use of

information technologies. Users of University information must respect software copyrights and licenses, respect the integrity of computer-based information resources, refrain from seeking to gain unauthorized access, and respect the rights of other computer users. Chat rooms, newsgroups, bulletin board, websites or other forums of communication that use the Stanford.edu, Stanford.org, other Stanford domains or use University computing facilities, should be established only in connection with legitimate activities of the University. See also Administrative Guide Memos 62 and 66.

SAMPLE LETTER TO A COPYRIGHT OWNER REQUESTING PERMISSION TO COPY



Name Address

Dear Sir/Madam:

I would like permission to copy the following for use in my class name of class next semester OR next semester and subsequent semesters during which the course is offered.

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I have enclosed a self-addressed, stamped envelope for your convenience in replying to this request.

Sincerely, Faculty Member,

Your Name Your Title