

**An ASSU For All Students
Effective Advocacy & Improved Programming**

Senate Bill III-AR-2

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Submitted for Previous Notice: 9 February 1999
Submitted for Consideration: 23 February 1999
Action Requested: Placement on Ballot; Requires 2/3 Majority

WHEREAS the current system of graduate student representation in the ASSU, involving both the Senate and the Graduate Student Council, is disjoint and redundant, and

WHEREAS the flexibility and openness of the Graduate Student Council enables it to more effectively serve the needs of the graduate population than the structure of the Senate, and

WHEREAS both graduate and undergraduate students would be better served by structures dedicated to their respective populations, but still capable of joint effort, and

WHEREAS the demand for fee-supported activities differs substantially between the graduate and undergraduate populations, both in type and quantity, and

WHEREAS the interests of graduate and undergraduate students would be more efficiently and fairly served if their dedicated representatives were to determine separately the best uses for funds collected from their respective populations,

THEREFORE be it enacted by the Senate of this Association

THAT Article I, Section 2:

Section 2. Membership

All registered students of Stanford University, and only such persons, shall be members of this Association.

be struck and replaced by

Section 2. Membership and Populations

1. All registered students of Stanford University, and only such persons, shall be members of this Association.
2. The following population subsets of the Association shall be defined:
 - a. Undergraduate population: All undergraduate members of the Association
 - b. Graduate population: All graduate and professional school members of the Association

c. Association population: All members of the Association

THAT Article I, Section 5, Subsection A:

A. Within the University

Only this Association and its designees shall represent the entire Stanford student body in any dealings with other elements of the University.

be struck and replaced by:

A. Within the University

Only this Association and its designees shall represent the entire Stanford student body, or a population of the Association, in any dealings with other elements of the University.

THAT Article I, Section 5, Subsection B, Paragraph 1:

1. Only this Association and its designees shall have the right to represent the entire Stanford student body in non-University affairs.

be struck and replaced by:

1. Only this Association and its designees shall have the right to represent the entire Stanford student body, or a population of the Association, in non-University affairs.

THAT the following portion of Article I, Section 5, Subsection B, Paragraph 2:

2. No Association governing body, including the Senate, Members of the Senate, the President or the Vice President, shall exercise this right in matters not directly affecting Stanford students. ...

be struck and replaced by:

2. No Association governing body, including the Association legislative bodies, members of the Association legislative bodies, the President, and the Vice President, shall exercise this right in matters not directly affecting Stanford students. ...

THAT Article I, Section 5, Subsection B, Paragraph 3:

3. This prohibition may be waived for a specific issue for a one-year period following passage of a referendum in a general election by two-thirds vote of members of the Association specifically authorizing certain Association actions on that specific issue.

be struck and replaced by:

3. This prohibition may be waived for a specific issue for a one-year period following passage of a referendum in a general election by a two-thirds vote of the appropriate population of the Association specifically authorizing certain Association actions on that specific issue.

THAT the following portion of Article I, Section 6, Subsection 1:

1. The University shall not have the power to veto legislation approved by the Association and the Senate of the Association, except as defined within this Constitution.

be struck and replaced by:

1. The University shall not have the power to veto legislation approved by any population of the Association and either or both legislative bodies of the Association, except as defined within this Constitution.

THAT the following portion of Article I, Section 7, Subsection 2:

2. All Senate meetings, all meetings of standing and special committees of the Senate, and all meetings of bodies in which one or more senators is acting in an official, representative capacity shall be open for observation to all members of the Association. Meetings of the Executive Committee shall not be subject to this requirement.

be struck and replaced by:

2. All meetings of Association legislative bodies, and all meetings of bodies in which one or more Association legislators is acting in an official representative capacity shall be open for observation to all members of the Association.

THAT Article I, Section 7, Subsection 6:

6. All minutes of meetings of the Senate, standing committees of the Senate and the Executive Committee must be made available in electronic form within seven days of the meeting.

be struck and replaced by:

6. All minutes of meetings of Association legislative bodies, committees of those bodies, and the Executive Committee must be made available in electronic form within seven days of being approved.

THAT Article I, Section 7, Subsection 7, Paragraph 1:

1. The body must discuss the appointment, the employment, the performance, or the dismissal of an Association member or employee who is neither the President, the Vice President, nor a member of the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

1. The body must discuss the appointment, the employment, the performance, or the dismissal of an Association member or employee who is neither the President, the Vice President, nor a member of an Association legislative body.

THAT Article II, Section 1:

Section 1. Representative Authority

The representative authority of the Association shall be vested in the Senate of the Association. The Senate shall be composed of thirty-one members, fifteen of whom shall be elected by and shall represent the undergraduate members of the Association and fifteen of whom shall be elected by and shall represent the graduate and professional school members of the Association. The thirty-first member of the Senate shall be the Vice President of the Association.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 1. Representative Authority

The representative authority of the Association shall be vested in the legislative bodies of the Association.

The Undergraduate Senate of the Association shall be composed of 16 members, 15 of whom shall be elected by and shall represent the undergraduate members of the Association, with the 16th member being the Vice President of the Association.

The Graduate Student Council of the Association shall represent the graduate and professional members of the Association. The Graduate Student Council shall have 15 members who shall be elected by and shall represent the graduate and professional members of the Association, and shall include the Vice President of the Association as the 16th member.

THAT the title of Article II, Section 2:

Section 2. Membership of the Senate

be struck and replaced by:

Section 2. Membership of the Association Legislative Bodies

THAT Article II, Section 2, Subsection A:

A. General

1. The thirty elected members of the Senate shall be chosen each year in the Association Spring Quarter General Election.
2. Each of the elected members of the Senate shall, at the time of her or his election and during her or his continuance in office, be a member of the Association and be committed, at the time of certification of her or his election, to be a member of the constituency she or he represents for her or his term of office.
3. An elected member of the Senate shall cease to be a member of the Senate upon the event of her or his death, resignation, disqualification, recall or expulsion.
4. All vacant seats shall automatically be open for election should a special or general election be called.
5. If at any time more than one-third of the Senate seats are vacant, the Senate shall immediately call a special election to fill all vacant seats.
6. If a member of the Senate loses his or her seat within 28 days of the general or special election in which she or he was elected, the vacancy created by that member shall be filled by the next-highest vote recipient in that election who did not become a member of the Senate. If no such person exists, the seat shall remain vacant until filled.
7. In the event that one or more seats in the Senate are vacant, the membership of the Senate for the purpose of determining quorums and counting votes shall be considered to be thirty-one minus the number of vacant seats.
8. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as preventing the Senate from enforcing appropriate sanctions against candidates whose actions in seeking office were in violation of the rules governing student elections.

be struck and replaced by:

1. The elected members of the Association legislative bodies shall be chosen each year in the Association Spring Quarter General Election.
2. Each elected member of an Association legislative body shall, at the time of her/his election and during her/his continuance in office, be a member of the Association and be committed, at the time of certification of her/his election, to be a member of the constituency s/he represents during her/his term of office.
3. An elected member of an Association legislative body shall cease to be a member of that body upon the event of her/his death, resignation, disqualification, recall, or expulsion.
4. All vacant seats on an Association legislative body shall automatically be open should a general election be called, or a special election involving the relevant Association population.

5. If a member of an Association legislative body loses her/his seat within 28 days of the general or special election in which s/he was elected, the vacancy created by that member shall be filled by the next-highest vote recipient in that election, who did not become a member of the relevant Association legislative body. If no such person exists, the seat shall remain vacant until filled.
6. Nothing in this section shall be interpreted as preventing the Association legislative bodies from enforcing appropriate sanctions against candidates whose actions in seeking office were in violation of the rules governing student elections.

THAT Article II, Section 2, Subsection B:

B. Election of Undergraduate Senators

1. The fifteen undergraduate members of the Senate shall be elected from and shall represent the undergraduate members of the Association.
2. Each undergraduate member of the Association voting may cast one vote for each of as many Senate seats are assigned to the undergraduate members of the Association.
3. The candidates equal in number to the number of Senate seats assigned to the undergraduate members of the Association who receive the largest number of votes shall become members of the Senate.

be struck, and all subsequent text renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 2, Subsection C:

C. Election of Graduate Senators

1. The fifteen graduate and professional school members of the Senate shall be elected from one or more districts and shall represent the members of that district.
2. The Senate may by a two-thirds vote reapportion Senate seats for the graduate and professional school members of the Senate so long as they are based on an equitable apportionment of graduate and professional school members of the Association.
3. Each graduate and professional school member of the Association voting may cast one vote in the district to which he or she belongs for each of as many Senate seats are assigned to that district.
4. In each district, the candidates equal in number to the number of Senate seats assigned to that district who receive the largest number of votes shall become members of the Senate.
5. No member of the Association shall vote in a district of which she or he is not a member.
6. If at any time because a graduate or professional school member of the Senate has ceased to be a member there are no longer any members of the Senate from that district, the Senate shall immediately act to fill at least one of the vacant seats in that district.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 2, Subsection D:

D. Apportionment of votes in the Senate

1. The number of voting members at all meetings of the Senate shall depend solely on the number of members in attendance from the undergraduate community and the graduate and professional school community.
2. No member of the Senate in attendance at a meeting of the Senate may for any reason be disenfranchised. No vote taken in violation of this rule shall be considered valid. Restricting the right of members of the Senate to vote based on attire, behavior, beliefs or any other grounds is prohibited.
3. The Vice President of the Association shall only be eligible to vote at a meeting of the Senate when his or her vote would be consequential in determining the outcome of the vote.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 2, Subsection E:

E. Ex-Officio Members

1. The Senate may declare any member of the Association an ex-officio member of the Senate by a majority vote. No member of the Association shall be impeded from petitioning the Senate for the right to become an ex-officio member of the Senate.
2. Ex-officio members of the Senate shall have all privileges afforded members of the Senate but shall never be permitted to vote.
3. The President of the Association and the Financial Manager shall be members ex-officio of the Senate.

be struck, and the subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 3:

Section 3. Training

The Senate shall be informed about Association procedures and organizations at a meeting prior to the first meeting of the new school year. The President of the Association shall arrange for this training. The Senate may specify the contents of this training.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 4:

Section 4. Term

A. Senate Elect

Members of the Association elected and certified as members of the new Senate shall meet as the Senate Elect within one week after certification by the Senate, and at regular intervals thereafter.

B. Organization of the Senate Elect

The Senate Elect shall organize itself in a manner similar to that of the Senate. Members of the Senate Elect shall be ex-officio members of the Senate and observers on any body containing a member of the Senate. Members of the Senate shall be ex-officio members of the Senate Elect.

C. Presiding Officer of the Senate Elect

The Vice President Elect of the Association shall be the Presiding Officer of the Senate Elect.

D. Transition from the Senate Elect to the Senate

1. If the Senate Elect was elected by the Association Spring Quarter General Election, then at a date specified by the Senate or 14 days before the end of the spring quarter, whichever comes first, the Senate and the Senate Elect shall dissolve and the former members of the Senate Elect shall constitute the new Senate.
2. If the Senate Elect was elected in any other election, then within 14 days of certification of the election, the Senate Elect shall dissolve and the former members of the Senate Elect shall constitute the new Senate.

E. Initial meeting of the new Senate

The new Senate shall meet at least once in the academic quarter during which it was constituted as the Senate. At this time, it shall formalize the membership of the Senate committees and the appointment of Senate officers.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 5:

Section 5. Presiding Officer

1. The Vice President of the Association shall preside over the Senate.
2. The Senate shall elect by majority vote a member of the Senate to serve as the Senate Chair to serve at the Vice President's convenience during regular meetings of the Senate. In this case, the Senate Chair shall retain all his or her voting privileges as a member of the Senate, but the Senate may by a majority vote adopt rules curtailing other powers, such as speaking privileges, which the Senate Chair would previously have held as a member of the Senate. The Senate Chair shall set the agenda for meetings of the Senate and supervise the administration of the Senate's activities.
3. Should the Senate Chair at any time cease to be the Senate Chair, the Senate shall elect another member of the Senate to the position within 14 days.
4. At any time, the Vice President of the Association shall have the power to require the Senate Chair to step down so that he or she can preside over a meeting of the Senate. In this case, the Senate Chair shall reassume her or his position as a regular member of the Senate until the Vice President relinquishes the chair.
5. Should the Senate Chair choose to step down from his or her post for a temporary period of time, she or he may appoint another member of the Senate to serve as Acting Senate Chair. For that period of time, the Acting Senate Chair shall have all the powers of the Senate Chair. The Senate Chair shall then reassume his or her position as a regular member of the Senate until she or he chooses to return to the chair. The Senate may, by a majority vote, refuse the Senate Chair's selection.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 6:

Section 6. Procedure

A. Organization

The Senate shall be organized into several standing committees. By a two-thirds vote and with the assent of the President of the Association, the Senate may create a new standing committee. The Senate may by a majority vote create special committees charged with a specific task or purpose. The Senate may create any other form of group or organizational structure it deems necessary and proper to carrying out the work of the Association.

B. Standing Committees

1. All standing committees of the Senate shall meet at least once every two weeks.
2. Each standing committee shall consist of not less than 5 and not more than 10 members of the Senate. Members of the standing committees shall be selected in a fair manner from among interested applicants by the Senate Chair, subject to approval by a majority vote in the Senate. All members of the Senate are members ex-officio of all standing committees. The President and Vice President of the Association are members ex-officio of all standing committees. Each member of the Senate shall sit on at least one, but not more than two standing committees
3. Membership of the standing committees may be altered by a two-thirds vote of the Senate.
4. Standing committees of the Senate shall make decisions by majority vote. A quorum for conducting business in a standing committee shall be half the members of the standing committee plus one. Proxy voting in standing committees shall not be allowed.
5. Each committee shall elect from its membership a chair by majority vote. The chair shall be responsible for reporting the standing committee's actions to the Senate, for all administrative functions of the standing committee, and for setting the agenda of the standing committee. Each committee must be chaired by a single individual. No individual may serve as the chair of more than one standing committee simultaneously.

C. Discipline

A member of the Senate may be dismissed from office in the following ways:

1. The Association may vote to recall the member of the Senate.

2. The Senate may by a two-thirds vote expel a member of the Senate. Previous notice of the vote to expel a member of the Senate must be given at the regular meeting of the Senate immediately prior to the meeting at which the expulsion vote takes place. An expulsion vote shall only take place at a regular meeting of the Senate, and the member to be expelled shall have the right to speak in her or his defense before the vote takes place.

Grounds for dismissal from the Senate shall include, but not be limited to, actions which clearly violate the intent of this Constitution, consistent failure to attend regular meetings of the Senate, actions deemed unbecoming a member of the Senate.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 7:

Section 7. Quorum

A majority of the regular members of the Senate shall constitute quorum to conduct business. A quorum shall also require attendance by at least one-third of the regular members of the Senate from both the undergraduate and graduate and professional school communities.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT the following text be added as Article II, Section 3:

Section 3. Undergraduate Senate: Organization and Procedures

A. Election of the Undergraduate Senate

1. The fifteen members of the Undergraduate Senate shall be elected from and shall represent the undergraduate population.
2. Each member of the undergraduate population voting may cast one vote for as many Undergraduate Senate seats as are assigned to the undergraduate population.
3. The candidates equal in number to the number of available Undergraduate Senate seats who receive the largest number of votes shall become members of the Undergraduate Senate.
4. If at any time more than one-third of the Undergraduate Senate seats are vacant, the Undergraduate Senate shall immediately call a special election to fill all vacant seats.
5. The Vice President of the Association shall be a member of the Undergraduate Senate.

B. Apportionment of votes in the Undergraduate Senate

1. The number of voting members at all meetings of the Undergraduate Senate shall depend solely on the number of elected members in attendance.
2. No member of the Undergraduate Senate in attendance at a meeting of the Undergraduate Senate may for any reason be disenfranchised. No vote taken in violation of this rule shall be considered valid. Restricting the right of members of the Undergraduate Senate to vote based on attire, behavior, beliefs or any other grounds is prohibited.
3. The Vice President of the Association shall only be eligible to vote at a meeting of the Undergraduate Senate when her/his vote would be consequential in determining the outcome of the vote.

C. Undergraduate Senate Quorum

1. In the event that one or more seats in the Undergraduate Senate are vacant, the membership of the Undergraduate Senate for the purpose of determining quorums and counting votes shall be considered to be sixteen minus the number of vacant seats.
2. A majority of the regular members of the Undergraduate Senate shall constitute quorum to conduct business.

D. Ex-Officio Members of the Undergraduate Senate

1. The Undergraduate Senate may declare any member of the Association an ex-officio member of the Undergraduate Senate by a majority vote. No member of the Association shall be impeded

from petitioning the Undergraduate Senate for the right to become an ex-officio member of the Undergraduate Senate.

2. Ex-officio members of the Undergraduate Senate shall have all privileges afforded members of the Undergraduate Senate but shall never be permitted to vote.
3. The President of the Association, elected members of the Graduate Student Council, and the Financial Manager shall be ex-officio members of the Undergraduate Senate.

E. Undergraduate Senate Training

The Undergraduate Senate shall be informed about Association procedures and organizations at a meeting prior to the first meeting of the new school year. The President of the Association shall arrange for this training. The Undergraduate Senate may specify the contents of this training.

F. Undergraduate Senate Term of Office

1. Members of the Association elected and certified as members of the new Undergraduate Senate shall meet as the Undergraduate Senate Elect within one week after certification by the Undergraduate Senate, and at regular intervals thereafter.
2. The Undergraduate Senate Elect shall organize itself in a manner similar to that of the Undergraduate Senate. Members of the Undergraduate Senate Elect shall be ex-officio members of the Undergraduate Senate and observers on any body containing a member of the Undergraduate Senate. Members of the Undergraduate Senate shall be ex-officio members of the Undergraduate Senate Elect.
3. The Vice President Elect of the Association shall be the Presiding Officer of the Undergraduate Senate Elect.
4. Transition from the Undergraduate Senate Elect to the Undergraduate Senate
 - a. If the Undergraduate Senate Elect was elected by the Association Spring Quarter General Election, then at a date specified by the Undergraduate Senate or 14 days before the end of the spring quarter, whichever comes first, the Undergraduate Senate and the Undergraduate Senate Elect shall dissolve and the former members of the Undergraduate Senate Elect shall constitute the new Undergraduate Senate.
 - b. If the Undergraduate Senate Elect was elected in any other election, then within 14 days of certification of the election, the Undergraduate Senate Elect shall dissolve and the former members of the Undergraduate Senate Elect shall constitute the new Undergraduate Senate.
5. The new Undergraduate Senate shall meet at least once in the academic quarter during which it was constituted as the Undergraduate Senate. At this time, it shall formalize the membership of the Undergraduate Senate committees and the appointment of Undergraduate Senate officers.

G. Presiding Officer of the Undergraduate Senate

1. The Vice President of the Association shall preside over the Undergraduate Senate.
2. The Undergraduate Senate shall elect by majority vote a member of the Undergraduate Senate to serve as the Undergraduate Senate Chair to serve at the Vice President's convenience during regular meetings of the Undergraduate Senate. In this case, the Undergraduate Senate Chair shall retain all his or her voting privileges as a member of the Undergraduate Senate. However, the Undergraduate Senate may by a majority vote adopt rules curtailing other powers, such as speaking privileges, which the Undergraduate Senate Chair would previously have held as a member of the Undergraduate Senate. The Undergraduate Senate Chair shall set the agenda for meetings of the Undergraduate Senate and supervise the administration of the Undergraduate Senate's activities.
3. Should the Undergraduate Senate Chair at any time cease to be the Undergraduate Senate Chair, the Undergraduate Senate shall elect another member of the Undergraduate Senate to the position within 14 days.
4. At any time, the Vice President of the Association shall have the power to require the Undergraduate Senate Chair to step down so that he or she can preside over a meeting of the Undergraduate Senate. In this case, the Undergraduate Senate Chair shall reassume her or his

position as a regular member of the Undergraduate Senate until the Vice President relinquishes the chair.

5. Should the Undergraduate Senate Chair choose to step down from his or her post for a temporary period of time, she or he may appoint another member of the Undergraduate Senate to serve as Acting Undergraduate Senate Chair. For that period of time, the Acting Undergraduate Senate Chair shall have all the powers of the Undergraduate Senate Chair. The Undergraduate Senate Chair shall then reassume his or her position as a regular member of the Undergraduate Senate until she or he chooses to return to the chair. The Undergraduate Senate may, by a majority vote, refuse the Undergraduate Senate Chair's selection.

H. Undergraduate Senate Meetings

1. The Undergraduate Senate shall hold bi-weekly meetings during fall, winter and spring quarters. Exceptions may be made on a case-by-case basis by a two-thirds vote of the Undergraduate Senate. Each such meeting shall be termed a "regular meeting" of the Undergraduate Senate.
2. By a majority vote, the Undergraduate Senate may call additional meetings of the Undergraduate Senate, subject to the public notice requirements. The President of the Association may call an additional meeting of the Undergraduate Senate subject to the public notice requirements. Upon petition of ten members of the Undergraduate Senate, the Undergraduate Senate Chair shall call an additional meeting of the Undergraduate Senate, subject to the public notice requirements. Each such additional meeting shall be termed a "special meeting" of the Undergraduate Senate.
3. No regular meetings of the Undergraduate Senate shall take place during the last two weeks of the quarter.
4. Minutes from all regular and special meetings of the Undergraduate Senate shall be available to any member of the Association.
5. The Undergraduate Senate shall create and enforce by appropriate measures a policy to ensure attendance by members of the Undergraduate Senate at all meetings of the Undergraduate Senate.

I. Undergraduate Senate Committees

1. The Undergraduate Senate shall be organized into several Standing Committees. By a two-thirds vote and with the assent of the President of the Association, the Undergraduate Senate may create a new Standing Committee. The Undergraduate Senate may by a majority vote create special committees charged with a specific task or purpose. The Undergraduate Senate may create any other form of group or organizational structure it deems necessary and proper to carrying out the work of the Association.
2. Standing Committees
 - a. All Standing Committees of the Undergraduate Senate shall meet at least once every two weeks.
 - b. Each Standing Committee shall consist of not less than 3 and not more than 8 members of the Undergraduate Senate. Members of the Standing Committees shall be selected in a fair manner from among interested applicants by the Undergraduate Senate Chair, subject to approval by a majority vote in the Undergraduate Senate. All members of the Undergraduate Senate are ex-officio members of all Standing Committees. The President and Vice President of the Association are ex-officio members of all Standing Committees. Each member of the Undergraduate Senate shall sit on at least one, but not more than two Standing Committees.
 - c. Membership of the Standing Committees may be altered by a two-thirds vote of the Undergraduate Senate.
 - d. Standing Committees of the Undergraduate Senate shall make decisions by majority vote. A quorum for conducting business in a Standing Committee shall be a majority of the members of the Standing Committee. Proxy voting in Standing Committees shall not be allowed.
 - e. Each Standing Committee shall elect from its membership a chair by majority vote. The chair shall be responsible for reporting the Standing Committee's actions to the Undergraduate Senate, for all administrative functions of the Standing Committee, and for setting the agenda

of the Standing Committee. Each Standing Committee must be chaired by a single individual. No individual may serve as the chair of more than one Standing Committee simultaneously.

J. Discipline

A member of the Undergraduate Senate may be dismissed from office in the following ways:

1. The undergraduate population may vote to recall the member of the Undergraduate Senate.
2. The Undergraduate Senate may by a two-thirds vote expel a member of the Undergraduate Senate. Previous notice of the vote to expel a member of the Undergraduate Senate must be given at the regular meeting of the Undergraduate Senate immediately prior to the meeting at which the expulsion vote takes place. An expulsion vote shall only take place at a regular meeting of the Undergraduate Senate, and the member to be expelled shall have the right to speak in her/his defense before the vote takes place.

Grounds for dismissal from the Undergraduate Senate shall include, but not be limited to, actions which clearly violate the intent of this Constitution, consistent failure to attend regular meetings of the Undergraduate Senate, actions deemed unbecoming a member of the Undergraduate Senate.

and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT the following text be added as Article II, Section 4:

Section 4. Graduate Student Council: Organization and Procedures

A. Election of the Graduate Student Council

1. The fifteen elected members of the Graduate Student Council shall be elected from one or more districts of the graduate population and shall represent the members of that district.
2. The Graduate Student Council may redistrict seats for its elected members, so long as they are based on an equitable apportionment amongst the graduate population.
3. Each member of the graduate population voting may cast one vote in each district to which s/he belongs for each of as many Graduate Student Council seats are assigned to that district.
4. In each district, the candidates equal in number to the number of Graduate Student Council seats assigned to that district who receive the largest number of votes shall become elected members of the Graduate Student Council.
5. No member of the Association shall vote in a district of which s/he is not a member.
6. If at any time a district has a vacant seat, the Graduate Student Council shall immediately act to fill it, by a procedure specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws. New members of the Graduate Student Council resulting from this procedure shall be considered elected members for all intents and purposes.

B. Apportionment of votes in the Graduate Student Council

1. The number of voting members at all meetings of the Graduate Student Council shall depend solely on the number of members in attendance.
2. The Vice President of the Association shall have a vote only when the other voting members of the Graduate Student Council are evenly divided.
3. No member of the Graduate Student Council in attendance at a meeting of the Graduate Student Council may for any reason be disenfranchised. No vote taken in violation of this rule shall be considered valid.

C. Graduate Student Council Quorum

Quorum for conducting votes mandated in this Constitution shall consist of a majority of the non-vacant Graduate Student Council seats.

D. Ex-Officio Members of the Graduate Student Council

1. The President of the Association, members of the Undergraduate Senate, and Financial Manager shall be ex-officio members of the Graduate Student Council.
2. The Graduate Student Council may appoint other members of the Association as ex-officio members of the Graduate Student Council.

E. Graduate Student Council Term of Office and Transition

The term of office and transition procedures for the Graduate Student Council shall be specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws, with the condition that whatever the procedures are, they must be completed by the end of the academic quarter in which the election for the Graduate Student Council took place.

F. Graduate Student Council Officers

The elected members of the Graduate Student Council shall choose a Chair and a Financial Officer, both of whom must be elected members of the Graduate Student Council. The Chair shall preside over all Graduate Student Council meetings.

G. Graduate Student Council Meetings

The procedures for calling meetings of the Graduate Student Council shall be specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws. The only conditions on these procedures are that the Graduate Student Council must meet on a regular basis, that public notice of all meetings must be given, that minutes must be taken at all meetings, and that these minutes must be made publicly available within one week of their approval.

H. Graduate Student Council Committees

The Graduate Student Council shall have the ability to create and abolish committees, or other administrative structures, for specific purposes. The procedures for doing so, as well as the specifications of any permanent administrative structures, shall be included in the Graduate Student Council By-Laws.

I. Removal from the Graduate Student Council

The procedure for removing members of the Graduate Student Council shall be specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws.

and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT Article II, Section 8:

Section 8. Budgetary and Financial Policy

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the members of the Association shall have the ultimate authority to determine the budget of the Association and its agencies and their budgetary, financial, investment, business and operating policies, and to establish rules ensuring that funds derived from fees levied upon members of the Association are expended and accounted for properly. As the representative body for the students, the Senate shall exercise these powers in the name of the members of the Association.

be struck and replaced by

Section 5. Budgetary and Financial Policy

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, the members of the Association shall have the ultimate authority to determine the budget of the Association and its agencies, as well as their budgetary, financial, investment, business, and operating policies. The members of the various Association populations shall also have the ultimate authority to establish rules ensuring that funds derived from fees levied upon those populations are expended and accounted for properly. As the

representative bodies for the students, the legislative bodies of the Association shall exercise these powers in the names of the members of their respective constituencies.

THAT Article II, Section 9:

Section 9. Agencies of the Association

The Senate shall have the power to create, modify and abolish agencies of the Association for specific purposes, including but not limited to projects providing services to members of the Association. The functions, structure, officers and finances of all such agencies may be specified by the Senate. However, corporate subsidiaries of the Association shall be subject to their own corporate charters and by-laws.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 6. Agencies of the Association

The legislative bodies of the Association shall have the power to create, modify, and abolish agencies of the Association including, but not limited to, projects providing services to members of the Association. The functions, structure, officers, and finances of all such agencies may be specified jointly by the Undergraduate Senate and the Graduate Student Council for those agencies whose purpose involves members of both the undergraduate and graduate populations. Otherwise, the above structures may be specified only by the legislative body for the relevant population.

THAT Article II, Section 10:

Section 10. Nominations Commission

1. Each year, the Senate shall choose the Nominations Commission. No member of the Senate may be a member of the Nominations Commission. All members of the Association are, except as specified in this section, eligible to serve on the Nominations Commission.
2. Student representatives for University committees shall be nominated by the Association through the Nominations Commission with confirmation by a majority vote of the Senate and consent of the President of the Association. The Senate and President shall not have the power to alter the nominations of the Nominations Commission.
3. The Nominations Commission may recommend to the Senate the removal of any representatives of the Association on University committees who do not regularly attend meetings of their committee or do not fulfill their obligations to the committee. The Senate may by a two-thirds vote remove such members. The Senate may only act to remove a representative of the Association after the Nominations Commission recommends his or her removal.
4. Alternative procedures for these nominations may be specified through agreements between the Senate, the President of the Association and the President of the University if the Nominations Commission is unable to make the nominations. Such agreements must be submitted by the President of the Association to the Senate in writing, and all such agreements must meet with the approval of the President of the Association and be ratified by a two-thirds vote of the Senate. No such agreement may last for more than a period of one year, but must be renewed by the Senate each year.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 7. Nominations Commission

1. Each year, the legislative bodies of the Association shall jointly choose the Nominations Commission. No member of an Association legislative body may be a member of the Nominations Commission. All members of the Association are, except as specified in this section, eligible to serve on the Nominations Commission.

2. Student representatives for University committees shall be nominated by the Association through the Nominations Commission. Representatives of the undergraduate population shall be confirmed by a majority vote of the Undergraduate Senate and the consent of the President of the Association. Representatives of the graduate population shall be confirmed by a majority vote of the Graduate Student Council, with the consent of the President of the Association. The Association legislative bodies and the Association President shall not have the power to alter the nominations of the Nominations Committee.
3. The Nominations Commission may recommend to the appropriate legislative bodies the removal of any representative of the Association on a University committee who does not regularly attend meetings of her/his committees or do not otherwise fulfill her/his obligations to her/his committee. The Undergraduate Senate and the Graduate Student Council may by a two-thirds vote remove such members. The legislative bodies of the Association may only act to remove a representative of the Association after the Nominations Commission recommends her/his removal.
4. Alternate procedures for these nominations may be specified through agreements between the appropriate Association legislative bodies, the President of the Association, and the President of the University, if the Nominations Commission is unable to make the nominations. Such agreements must be submitted by the President of the Association to the appropriate Association legislative bodies in writing. All such agreements must meet with the approval of the President of the Association as well as a majority vote of the Undergraduate Senate and the Graduate Student Council.
No such agreement may last for more than a period of one year, but may be renewed by the appropriate Association legislative body each year.

THAT Article II, Section 11:

Section 11. Confirmation of Appointments

The Senate shall have the right to confirm appointments of representatives of the Stanford student body, except in those cases where an alternate procedure has been approved by a majority vote of the Association voting in a general election. Such confirmation shall be by majority vote of those members of the Senate present and voting.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 8. Confirmation of Appointments

The Association legislative bodies shall have the right to confirm appointments of representatives of the Stanford student body, except in those cases where an alternate procedure has been approved by a majority vote of the Association voting in a general election. For the Undergraduate Senate, such confirmation shall be by a majority vote. For the Graduate Student Council, such confirmation shall be by a procedure specified in its By-Laws.

THAT Article II, Section 12:

Section 12. Elections

The Senate shall have the power to make rules governing Association elections, in accordance with this Constitution.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 9. Elections

Each Association legislative body shall have sole power to make rules governing elections involving only members of the population it represents, in accordance with this Constitution. For elections involving the Association population, the Association legislative bodies shall have the joint power to make rules, in accordance with this Constitution.

THAT Article II, Section 13:

II.13

Section 13. By-Laws

The By-Laws of the Association may be amended at a regular meeting of the Senate by a vote of two-thirds of the members present and voting, provided that notice has been given at the previous regular meeting.

shall be struck and replaced by:

Section 10. By-Laws

A. Undergraduate Senate By-Laws

1. Shall cover those matters affecting only the undergraduate population and its representatives.
2. May be amended at a regular meeting of the Undergraduate Senate by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting, provided that notice has been given at the previous regular meeting.

B. Graduate Student Council By-Laws

1. Shall cover those matters affecting only the graduate population and its representatives.
2. May be amended at a regular meeting of the Graduate Student Council by a two-thirds vote of the members present and voting, provided that notice has been given at the previous regular meeting.

C. Association By-Laws

1. Shall cover all matters affecting both the graduate and undergraduate populations, or affecting both populations' representatives.
2. May be amended only by joint approval of the Undergraduate Senate and Graduate Student Council, in the manners described in Paragraphs A(2) and B(2) of this Section, respectively.

THAT Article II, Section 14:

Section 14. Meetings

1. The Senate shall hold bi-weekly meetings during fall, winter and spring quarters. Exceptions may be made on a case-by-case basis by a two-thirds vote of the Senate. Each such meeting shall be termed a "regular meeting" of the Senate.
2. By a majority vote, the Senate may call additional meetings of the Senate, subject to the public notice requirements. The President of the Association may call an additional meeting of the Senate subject to the public notice requirements. Upon petition of ten members of the Senate, the Senate Chair shall call an additional meeting of the Senate, subject to the public notice requirements. Each such additional meeting shall be termed a "special meeting" of the Senate.
3. No regular meetings of the Senate shall take place during the last two weeks of the quarter.
4. Minutes from all regular and special meetings of the Senate shall be available to any member of the Association.
5. The Senate shall create and enforce by appropriate measures a policy to ensure attendance by members of the Senate at all meetings of the Senate.

be struck and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT the following text be inserted as Article II, Section 11:

Section 11. Joint Meetings of Association Legislative Bodies

The Executive Committee shall have the power to call joint meetings of the Association legislative bodies. The Vice President of the Association shall serve as the Presiding Officer of all such joint meetings. The procedures for calling such meetings shall be included in the Association By-Laws. The only conditions on these procedures are that public notice must be given of all such meetings, minutes must be taken at all such meetings, and these minutes must be made publicly available within one week of being approved.

and that all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT the following text be inserted as Article II, Section 12:

Section 12. Joint Approval by Association Legislative Bodies

Unless otherwise stated in this Constitution, the joint approval of any item of business by the Association legislative bodies shall not necessarily require a joint meeting of the Association legislative bodies.

THAT Article II, Section 15:

Section 15. Open ballot

All votes of the Senate shall be taken by open ballot.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 12. Open ballot

All votes of Association legislative bodies shall be by open ballot.

THAT Article III, Section 2:

Section 2. Qualifications

1. The President and Vice President shall at the time of their election and during their continuance in office be members of the Association. Neither may simultaneously be an elected member of the Senate of the Association.
2. Should the President become incapacitated, resign or otherwise be removed from office, the Vice President shall assume the role of President of the Association. The President shall then appoint a member of the Association to be Vice President. This appointment must be approved by a two-thirds vote of the Senate.
3. If both the President and the Vice President lose office due to reasons other than the election of a new President and Vice President, the Senate shall, within 14 days, call a general election to choose another President and Vice President. The Senate shall by majority vote choose a member of the Senate to serve as Acting President in the interim.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 2. Qualifications

1. The President and Vice President shall be, at the time of their election and during their continuance in office, members of the Association. Neither may simultaneously be an elected member of an Association legislative body.
2. Should the President become incapacitated, resign, or otherwise be removed from office, the Vice President shall assume the role of President of the Association. The President shall then appoint a member of the Association to be Vice President. This appointment must be approved by a two-thirds vote of each Association legislative body.
3. If both the President and Vice President lose office due to reasons other than the election of a new President and Vice President, the Association legislative bodies shall, within 14 days, call a general election to choose another President and Vice President. The Association legislative bodies shall, by a joint majority vote, choose a member of either Association legislative body to serve as Acting President in the interim.

THAT the following portion of Article III, Section 3, Subsection 2:

2. Provisions for nominations shall be specified in the By-Laws of the Association.

be struck and replaced by:

2. Provisions for nominations shall be specified in the Association By-Laws.

THAT Article III, Section 6:

Section 6. Executive Committee

1. There shall exist an Executive Committee of the Association. The Executive Committee shall assist the President of the Association in administering and carrying out the will of the Association. Decisions of the Executive Committee shall not be binding upon the Senate or the President, but should be used as a guide for carrying out the business of the Association.
2. The President of the Association shall chair the Executive Committee. Other members of the Executive Committee shall be the Vice President of the Association, the Senate Chair and the chairs of the standing committees of the Senate.
3. Members of the Executive Committee shall assist the President in the governance of the Association. The President may delegate specific tasks or duties to individual members of the Executive Committee as she or he sees fit.
4. The President of the Association shall organize the Executive Committee as she or he sees fit.
5. The President may name any other members of the Association members ex-officio of the Executive Committee.
6. The Financial Manager of the Association shall be a member of the Executive Committee.
7. The President of the Association shall call all meetings of the Executive Committee, set its agenda, rules and policies.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 6. Executive Committee

1. There shall exist an Executive Committee of the Association. The Executive Committee shall coordinate the administration and activities of the executive branch and Association legislative bodies.
2. The membership of the Executive Committee shall be:
 - a. The President of the Association, who shall chair the Executive Committee.
 - b. The Vice President of the Association.
 - c. The Chair and Deputy Chair of the Undergraduate Senate.
 - d. The Chair and Financial Officer of the Graduate Student Council.
 - e. The ASSU Financial Manager.
3. The President of the Association shall call all meetings of the Executive Committee, and set its agenda.
4. The Executive Committee shall meet on a weekly basis to discuss all business coming before the Association legislative bodies.
5. Unless an alternate mechanism is specified in this Constitution, the Executive Committee shall have the power, by consensus, to decide if a given issue affects either the graduate or undergraduate population individually, or both jointly. In the absence of an alternate mechanism and in the absence of consensus of the Executive Committee, the issue shall be assumed to affect both populations.
6. The Executive Committee shall have the power, by consensus, to call joint meetings of the Association legislative bodies.
7. The Executive Committee shall have the power, by consensus, to force joint consideration of any item of business by the Association legislative bodies. This joint consideration shall not necessarily imply the need for a joint meeting of the Association legislative bodies.
8. The Executive Committee shall have the power, by consensus, to name any other members of the Association ex-officio members of the Executive Committee.

THAT the following portion of Article III, Section 7, Subsection 1:

1. The President shall see to it that all measures adopted by the Senate are carried out and enforced.

be struck and replaced by:

1. The President shall see to it that all measures adopted by the Association legislative bodies are carried out and enforced.

THAT the following portion of Article III, Section 7, Subsections 3:

3. The President shall have the power to call special meetings of the Senate and of the Association in general.

be struck and replaced by:

3. The President shall have the power to call special meetings of the Undergraduate Senate, the Graduate Student Council, and of the Association in general.

THAT Article III, Section 7, Subsections 4-5:

4. The President shall have the power to stop the enacting of any Senate legislation through an executive veto. To override the executive veto, the Senate must again pass the legislation at its next meeting by a two-thirds vote. Once a veto has been overridden, the President may not again veto the same legislation.
5. As the Association's chief executive, the President shall be accountable to the Senate and to the members of the Association for all actions carried out in his or her official capacity.

be struck and replaced by:

4. The President shall have the power to stop the enacting of any legislation of an Association legislative body through an executive veto. To override the executive veto, the Association legislative body must again pass the legislation at its next meeting by a two-thirds vote. Once a veto has been overridden, the President may not again veto the same legislation.
5. As the Association's chief executive, the President shall be accountable to the Association legislative bodies and to the members of the Association for all actions carried out in her/his official capacity.

THAT Article IV, Section 2, Subsection A:

A. Constitutional Council

Constitutional Council shall adjudicate all cases where the constitutionality of an act by the Senate of the Association, the President of the Association or any member or members of the Association is called into question.

be struck and replaced by:

A. Constitutional Council

The Constitutional Council shall adjudicate all cases where the constitutionality of an act by an Association legislative body, the President of the Association, or any member(s) of the Association is called into question.

THAT Article IV, Section 2, Subsection B, Paragraph 1:

1. All members must be current members of the Association. Members shall serve until they resign, cease to be members of the Association, or are removed by a 4/5 vote of the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

1. All members must be current members of the Association. Members shall serve until they resign, cease to be members of the Association, or are removed by a 4/5 vote of both Association legislative bodies.

THAT Article IV, Section 2, Subsection B, Paragraph 2:

2. Should a seat within the Council be vacant, the President of the Association shall select a member of the Association to fill that vacancy. This selection must be confirmed by a two-thirds vote of the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

2. Should a seat within the Constitutional Council be vacant, the President of the Association shall select a member of the Association to fill that vacancy. This selection must be confirmed by a 2/3 vote of both Association legislative bodies.

THAT Article IV, Section 2, Subsection C, Paragraph 1:

1. Unless a majority of the Council deems it frivolous, the chair of the Council shall call a meeting of the Council within seven days of receipt of petitions from 5 percent of the members of the Association, or the written request of the President or Vice President, or a petition signed by 5 members of the Senate. Meetings shall be held within seven days of the issuance of a call for the meeting.

be struck and replaced by:

1. Unless a majority of the Council deems it frivolous, the chair of the Council shall call a meeting of the Council within seven days of receipt of petitions from 5 percent of the members of the Association, or the written request of the President or Vice President, or a petition signed by 5 members of either Association legislative body. Meetings shall be held within seven days of the issuance of a call for the meeting.

THAT Article V, Section 1, Subsection A:

A. General

The Association may levy one or more General Fees upon its membership. These Fees are to be used for the organizational and basic programming expenses, and minor capital improvements, of student organizations requiring small amounts of funding, including appropriate agencies of the Association. Each General Fee must have an explicit statement of purpose, and funds may be disbursed from a General Fee only in accordance with its purpose.

be struck and replaced by:

A. General

The Association may levy one or more General Fees upon its membership; such General Fees shall be levied on either the graduate or undergraduate population, but not both. Each General Fee must have an explicit statement of purpose, which must be approved by the same procedure used to set the base amount for the General Fee. Funds may be disbursed from a General Fee upon the approval of the appropriate legislative body, and only in accordance with the approved statement of purpose.

THAT Article V, Section 1, Subsection B:

B. Setting Amounts of General Fees

Each year, in the Association Spring Quarter General Election, the students will set the amount of each General Fee for the coming fiscal year in the following manner. For each General Fee:

1. The Senate must approve a list of percentages by which the General Fee may be raised or lowered: these percentages must specifically include zero percent, and must fall in the range from -50 percent to 50 percent. Senate approval requires a two-thirds vote and notice at the previous regular meeting of the Senate, and must occur no later than the day before the beginning of the Association Spring Quarter General Election. If approval does not occur in time, the percentages from the previous year shall be used.
2. The base amount of a General Fee is the amount assessed for that Fee in the current fiscal year multiplied by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index during the calendar year immediately preceding the general election.
3. The ballot shall include a list of specific dollar figures for the General Fee, consisting of the base amount as adjusted for changes in the Consumer Price Index as outlined in paragraph B(2) symmetrically raised and lowered by the percentages approved by the Senate.
4. Each voter may select one figure from the list. The new Fee amount will be set to the median of the voters' selections, if at least 15 per cent of the members of the Association cast ballots in the election. Otherwise, the new Fee amount will be set to the current base amount as adjusted for changes in the Consumer Price Index as outlined in paragraph B(2).

be struck and replaced by:

B. Modification of Undergraduate General Fees

1. Each year, in the Association Spring Quarter General Election, the undergraduate population will set the amount of each General Fee levied on the undergraduate population in the following manner:
 - a. The Undergraduate Senate must approve a list of percentages by which the undergraduate General Fee may be raised or lowered: these percentages must specifically include zero percent, and must fall in the range from -50 percent to 50 percent. Undergraduate Senate approval requires a two-thirds vote and notice at the previous regular meeting of the Undergraduate Senate, and must occur no later than the day before the beginning of the Association Spring Quarter General Election. If approval does not occur in time, the percentages from the previous year shall be used.
 - b. The base amount of an undergraduate General Fee is the amount assessed for that Fee in the current fiscal year multiplied by the percentage change in the Consumer Price Index during the calendar year immediately preceding the general election.
 - c. The ballot shall include a list of specific dollar figures for the undergraduate General Fee, consisting of the base amount as adjusted for changes in the Consumer Price Index as outlined in paragraph B(2) symmetrically raised and lowered by the percentages approved by the Undergraduate Senate.
 - d. Each voter from the undergraduate population may select one figure from the list. The new undergraduate General Fee amount will be set to the median of the undergraduate voters' selections, if at least 15 per cent of the members of the undergraduate population cast ballots in the election. Otherwise, the new undergraduate General Fee amount will be set to the current base amount as adjusted for changes in the Consumer Price Index as outlined in paragraph B(2).
2. The Undergraduate Senate may, by a 2/3 vote of its membership, place a proposal to create, abolish, or modify the base amount of an undergraduate General Fee, or to change its statement of purpose, on the ballot of the Association Spring Quarter General Election. Only members of the undergraduate population shall be eligible to vote on such proposals. Proposals to modify the base amount must include the specific proposed new base amount; proposals to modify the statement of purpose must include the proposed new statement of purpose. Such a proposal will be adopted if 2/3 of the undergraduate population voting is in favor, and if those in favor make up 15 percent of the undergraduate population. The Undergraduate Senate may set a lower limit to undergraduate General

Fees, and any undergraduate General Fee that drops below this limit one year and is not raised above it by the next year will be abolished.

THAT Article V, Section 1, Subsection C:

C. Creation, Abolition, and Large Modifications of General Fees

The Senate may by a two-thirds vote of its membership, place a proposal to create, abolish, or modify the base amount of the General Fee on the ballot of the Association Spring Quarter General Election. Proposals to modify the base amount must include the specific proposed new base amount. Such a proposal will be adopted if two-thirds of the students voting are in favor, and if those in favor make up 15 percent of the members of the Association. The Senate may set a lower limit to General Fees, and any General Fee that drops below this limit one year and is not raised above it by the next year will be abolished.

be struck, and all subsequent text be renumbered accordingly.

THAT the following text be added as Article V, Section 1, Subsection C:

C. Modification of Graduate General Fees

1. Each General Fee levied on the graduate population shall increase each year by a percentage equal to a nationally-recognized index of inflation, specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws.
2. The Graduate Student Council may, by a 2/3 vote of its membership, place a proposal to create, abolish, or modify the base amount of a graduate General Fee, or to change its statement of purpose, on the ballot of the Association Spring Quarter General Election. Only members of the graduate population shall be eligible to vote on such proposals. Proposals to modify the base amount must include the specific proposed new base amount; proposals to modify its statement of purpose must include the proposed new statement of purpose. Such a proposal will be adopted if 2/3 of the graduate population voting is in favor, and if those in favor make up 15 percent of the graduate population.

THAT Article V, Section 2, Subsection A:

A. Placement on the Ballot

During the Association Spring Quarter General Election, the Association may levy one or more Special Fees via referenda. Special Fees shall be sought by student organizations to cover their organizational and basic programming expenses. A student organization shall have its request for a Special Fee placed on the ballot after following any one of the following four procedures:

1. Prepare a detailed budget for the student organization for the next fiscal year, including the amount sought from the Special Fee, and submit this, along with the current budget and a summary of actual expenditures, to the Association in the form of a petition. Such petitions bearing the signatures of 15 percent of the members of the population of the Association from which the student organization is seeking a Special Fee, requesting to place the Special Fee on the ballot for consideration by that population, shall be presented to the Elections Commissioner, who must examine for authenticity the signatures on the petitions within seven days after receiving it. Upon verifying the petition, the Elections Commissioner shall then authorize the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration.
2. Prepare a detailed budget for the student organization for the next fiscal year, including the amount sought from the Special Fee, and submit this, along with the current budget and a summary of actual expenditures, to the Association in the form of a petition and to the Senate. Such petitions bearing the signatures of 10 percent of the members of the population of the Association from which the student organization is seeking a Special Fee, requesting to place

the Special Fee on the ballot for consideration by that population, shall be presented to the Elections Commissioner, who must examine for authenticity the signatures on the petitions within seven days after receiving it. Upon verifying the petition, the Elections Commissioner shall then authorize the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration, provided that this request has also been approved by three-fifths of the members of the Senate.

3. Prepare a detailed budget for the student organization for the next fiscal year, including the amount sought from the Special Fee, and submit this, along with the current budget and a summary of actual expenditures, to the Senate. Upon approval by three-fifths of the members of the Senate, the Elections Commissioner shall then authorize the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration, provided that the last time this student organization appeared on the ballot for a Special Fee, those in favor of the Special Fee constituted a majority of the members of the Association voting on the Special Fee, and that the fee presently sought is not substantially higher than the fee requested the last time this student organization appeared on the ballot for a Special Fee.
4. The Senate shall not have the power to remove a Special Fee from the ballot once one of the above procedures has been completed for that Special Fee. However, the Senate may vote on Special Fees already approved by the Elections Commissioner for the ballot and, by a majority vote of the Senate, a notation may be included on the ballot indicating the Senate's vote on the Special Fee.
5. No Special Fee budget may include a buffer of more than 25 percent to guard against Special Fee refunds.

One of the above procedures must be completed by a deadline specified in the By-Laws of the Association, but no later than 21 days before the general election. The Senate shall give public notice in the Stanford Daily or through inclusion in an election pamphlet/handbook of the Special Fee requests which will appear on the ballot and their amounts at least 7 days before the general election.

The Senate shall have the authority to specify the form in which the detailed budget and summary of actual expenditures must be presented and the information they must contain, and to establish regulations defining the proper form for petitions and governing the circulation thereof.

During the application process, each student organization must indicate the population from which it will seek a Special Fee; the Senate shall not have the power to alter this choice. The allowed population choices are:

1. Population A - All undergraduate members of the Association
2. Population B - All graduate and professional school members of the Association
3. Population C - All members of the Association

Student organizations which receive a Special Fee may not deprive any member of the Association from any or all of its services unless that member has obtained a fee refund of that organization's fee. However, student organizations may charge an amount not greater than its per capita Special Fee for services provided to members of the Association outside of that organization's funding population.

be struck and replaced by:

A. Placement on the Ballot

1. During the Association Spring Quarter General Election, the Association may levy one or more Special Fees via referenda. Special Fees shall be sought by student organizations to cover their organizational and basic programming expenses.
2. The Association legislative bodies shall have the authority to specify the form in which the detailed budget and summary of actual expenditures must be presented and the information they must contain, and to establish regulations defining the proper form for petitions and governing the circulation thereof.
3. No Special Fee budget may include a buffer of more than 25 percent to guard against Special Fee refunds.

4. Each student organization must choose the population from which it will seek a Special Fee; neither Association legislative body shall have the power to alter this choice.
5. Student organizations that receive a Special Fee may not deprive any member of the Association of any or all of its services unless that member has obtained a refund of that organization's fee. However, during a given year, a student organization may not charge a total amount greater than its per capita Special Fee for services provided to members of the Association outside of that organization's funding population.
6. A student organization shall have its request for a Special Fee placed on the ballot by any one of the following procedures:
 - a. Prepare a detailed budget for the student organization for the next fiscal year, including the amount sought from the Special Fee, and submit this, along with the current budget and a summary of actual expenditures, to the Association in the form of a petition. Such petitions must bear the signatures of 15 percent of the members of the population of the Association from which the student organization is seeking a Special Fee, and request the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for consideration by that population. Such petitions shall be presented to the Elections Commissioner, who must examine for authenticity the signatures on the petitions within seven days after receiving it. Upon verifying a petition, the Elections Commissioner shall then authorize the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration.
 - b. Prepare a detailed budget for the student organization for the next fiscal year, including the amount sought from the Special Fee, and submit this, along with the current budget and a summary of actual expenditures, to the relevant Association legislative bodies. This information must also be submitted to the relevant population of the Association in the form of a petition. Such petitions must bear the signatures of 10 percent of the members of the population of the Association from which the student organization is seeking a Special Fee, and request the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for consideration by that population. Such petitions shall be presented to the Elections Commissioner, who must examine for authenticity the signatures on the petitions within seven days after receiving it. Upon verifying the petition, the Elections Commissioner shall then authorize the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration, provided that this request has also been approved by a 3/5 vote of the relevant Association legislative bodies.
 - c. Prepare a detailed budget for the student organization for the next fiscal year, including the amount sought from the Special Fee, and submit this, along with the current budget and a summary of actual expenditures, to the relevant Association legislative bodies. Upon approval by a 3/5 vote of the relevant Association legislative bodies, the Elections Commissioner shall then authorize the placement of the Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration, provided that: 1) the last time this student organization appeared on the ballot for a Special Fee, those in favor of the Special Fee constituted a majority of the members of the Association voting on the Special Fee, and 2) the fee presently sought is not substantially higher than the fee requested the last time this student organization appeared on the ballot for a Special Fee.
 - d. The relevant Association legislative bodies shall be those that represent the population from which the student organization is requesting a Special Fee. The Association By-Laws shall contain procedures for dealing with a student organization needs approval from both Association legislative bodies for placement of its Special Fee request on the ballot, but receives approval from only one.
 - e. The relevant Association legislative bodies shall not have the power to remove a Special Fee from the ballot once one of the above procedures has been completed for that Special Fee. However, each Association legislative body may vote on Special Fees already approved by the Elections Commissioner for the ballot, and a notation may be included on the ballot indicating the results of such a vote on the Special Fee. For the Undergraduate Senate, this shall be by majority vote; for the Graduate Student Council, by a procedure specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws.

7. One of the above procedures must be completed by a deadline specified in the Association By-Laws, but no later than 21 days before the general election. The Elections Commission shall give public notice in the Stanford Daily or through inclusion in an election pamphlet/handbook of the Special Fee requests which will appear on the ballot and their amounts at least 7 days before the general election.

THAT Article V, Section 2, Subsection B:

B. Placement on the Ballot in Extenuating Circumstances

If a student organization has completed one of the above procedures within 21 days of the general election and the Senate determines that extenuating circumstances prevented an earlier completion of one of these procedures, then the Senate may, by a two-thirds vote, authorize the placement of a Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration. In this case within two days after authorization, the Senate shall give public notice in the Stanford Daily or through the inclusion in an election handbook of the Special Fee(s) and their amount(s) to be placed on the ballot for student consideration.

be struck and replaced by:

B. Placement on the Ballot in Extenuating Circumstances

If a student organization has completed one of the above procedures within 21 days of the general election, and the relevant Association legislative bodies determines that extenuating circumstances prevented an earlier completion of one of these procedures, then the relevant Association legislative bodies may authorize the placement of a Special Fee on the ballot for Association consideration. For the Undergraduate Senate, this authorization shall require a 2/3 vote; for the Graduate Student Council, it shall be by a procedure specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws. In this case within two days after authorization, the Elections Commission shall give public notice in the Stanford Daily or through the inclusion in an election handbook of the Special Fee(s) and their amount(s) to be placed on the ballot for student consideration.

THAT Article V, Section 2, Subsection D:

D. Division of Special Fee Requests

Regardless of which procedure for placement of a Special Fee request on the ballot was followed, the detailed budget for the next fiscal year of a student organization seeking a Special Fee may be divided into two sections by a vote of three-fifths of the members of the Senate. Each section, along with an appropriate amount sought from the student organization's initial Special Fee request, its current budget, and the summary of actual expenditures to date, shall be considered as a separate and independent Special Fee request, shall appear separately on the ballot, and shall require separate approval by the members of the Association as provided herein. The sum of the two Special Fee requests appearing on the ballot shall equal the amount sought in the organization's initial Special Fee request.

be struck and replaced by:

D. Division of Special Fee Requests

Regardless of which procedure for placement of a Special Fee request on the ballot was followed, the detailed budget for the next fiscal year of a student organization seeking a Special Fee may be divided into two sections by each of the relevant Association legislative bodies. For the Undergraduate Senate, this shall require a 3/5 vote; for the Graduate Student Council, it shall be by a procedure specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws. The Association By-Laws shall deal with those cases in which the two partitions do not coincide. Each section, along with an appropriate amount sought from the student organization's initial Special Fee request, its current budget, and the summary of actual expenditures to date, shall be considered as a separate and independent Special Fee request, shall appear separately on the ballot, and shall require separate approval by the members of the Association as provided herein. The sum

of the partitioned Special Fee requests appearing on the ballot shall equal the amount sought in the organization's initial Special Fee request.

THAT the preamble to Article V, Section 3, Subsection A:

A. Collection Schedule

After the Association Spring Quarter General Election results have been certified by the Senate, the Financial Manager shall devise and submit to the Senate for approval a schedule for the levying of the General and Special Fees which must conform to the following five principles:

be struck and replaced by:

A. Collection Schedule

After the Association Spring Quarter General Election results have been certified by the Association legislative bodies, the Financial Manager shall devise and submit to the relevant Association legislative bodies, for approval, a schedule for the levying of the General and Special Fees levied on their respective populations. This collection schedule must conform to the following five principles:

THAT Article V, Section 3, Subsection A, Paragraph 1:

1. The amount levied during each of Autumn, Winter, and Spring quarters shall be substantially the same. No fee shall be levied during Summer quarter.

be struck and replaced by:

1. The amount levied during each of Autumn, Winter, and Spring quarters shall be substantially the same. While the graduate population may have a fee levied on it during the Summer quarter, no fee shall be levied upon either the undergraduate population or the Association population during the Summer quarter.

THAT Article V, Section 3, Subsection A, Paragraph 5:

5. Special Fees may only be levied on members of the Association who are members of the Population which was eligible to vote on that particular Special Fee in the general election.

be struck and replaced by:

5. General and Special Fees may only be levied on members of the Association who are members of the population which was eligible to vote on those General and Special Fees in the general election.

THAT Article V, Section 5:

Section 5: Distribution of the General and Special Fees

A. Distribution of the Association Fee

The Association Fee shall be distributed by one or more bodies of the Association as authorized in the By-Laws of the Association. The Senate shall retain ultimate authority over the distribution of the Association Fee.

B. Deviations from Special Fee Budgets

The Financial Manager shall notify the Senate whenever a student organization who has obtained a Special Fee significantly deviates from their budget. The Senate may then direct the Financial Manager to halt any distribution of funds from the concerned student organization's account that would force it outside of its budget.

C. Modifications of Special Fee Budgets

Any student organization who has obtained a Special Fee may modify their budget, subject to the approval of the Financial Manager. The Senate shall retain ultimate authority over the approval of such modifications.

D. Excess funding

1. If the total amount refunded from a General or Special Fee is less than its buffer, then the Financial Manager shall transfer the remaining funds into a Reserve Account for that fee.
2. The Financial Manager may distribute funds from the Reserve Account of a group to that group by a two-thirds vote of the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 5: Distribution of the General and Special Fees

A. Distribution of General and Special Fees

The By-Laws of the relevant Association legislative bodies shall govern the distribution of the General and Special Fees. The relevant Association legislative bodies shall retain ultimate authority over the distribution of General and Special Fees.

B. Deviations from Special Fee Budgets

The Financial Manager shall notify the relevant Association legislative bodies whenever a student organization who has obtained a Special Fee significantly deviates from its budget. The relevant Association legislative bodies may then direct the Financial Manager to halt any distribution of funds from the concerned student organization's account that would force it outside of its budget.

C. Modifications of Special Fee Budgets

Any student organization who has obtained a Special Fee may modify its budget, subject to the approval of the Financial Manager. The relevant Association legislative bodies shall retain ultimate authority over the approval of such modifications.

D. Excess funding

1. If the total amount spent from a General or Special Fee is less than was allocated, then the Financial Manager shall transfer the remaining funds into a Reserve Account for that fee.
2. The Financial Manager may distribute funds from the Reserve Account of a group to that group upon authorization by the relevant Association legislative bodies. In this case, relevant shall be determined from the funding status of the group during the current fiscal year. For the Undergraduate Senate, this authorization shall require a 2/3 vote; for the Graduate Student Council, it shall be by a procedure specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws.

THAT the following portion of Article V, Section 6, Subsection A, Paragraph 2:

2. Authorization shall consist of the approval by the Senate of the appropriate budget or a modification thereof.

be struck and replaced by:

2. Authorization shall consist of the approval by the relevant Association legislative bodies of the appropriate budget or a modification thereof.

THAT Article V, Section 6, Subsection B:

B. Operating Budget

1. The Operating Budget of the Association shall be used for the basic operating expenses of the Association, including but not limited to the Senate, the President and Vice President,

Financial Office, Association Office, Students' Organizations Fund, Nominations and Elections Commissions, and such other activities and expenses as are so classified by the Senate. The Operating Budget shall be divided into two parts, representing those expenses funded by the Operating Budget Allowance provided by the University, and those expenses not so funded.

2. Sources of funds for the Operating Budget shall include but not be limited to the Operating Budget Allowance provided by the University, income earned from the investment of funds owned by or in the custody of the Association, the net operating profit of the profit-making agencies of the Association, indirect cost recovery charges, and gifts. The Senate shall adopt policies governing the rates of reinvestment, if any, out of income from different sources. Solicitation of gifts from sources outside the University shall be undertaken in accordance with University policies regarding gift solicitation and acceptance, and in consultation with the appropriate University officers.
3. The Association shall annually negotiate with the University an Operating Budget Allowance. The funds in this allowance are to be used for the basic operating expenses of the Association, including but not limited to all or part of the expenses of the Senate, President and Vice President, Financial Office, Association Office, Students' Organizations Fund, and the Nominations and Elections Commissions. The procedures by which the Association formulates and approves its annual request for this allowance, negotiates this request with the University, and accepts the results of these negotiations, shall be specified in the By-Laws of the Association.
4. By a date specified in the By-Laws of the Association, but in any case no later than the beginning of the new fiscal year, the Senate shall approve the operating budget for that fiscal year. If no budget is approved by the Senate by this deadline, the budget for the new fiscal year shall be identical to that of the previous fiscal year. All modifications to the operating budget shall be approved by the Senate before becoming effective.
5. Upon approval by the Senate, but in any case no later than the beginning of the new fiscal year, the Financial Manager shall submit the operating budget approved by the Senate, or the previous year's budget if no new budget has been approved, to the President of the University or designee. Within 14 days after the receipt of this budget, the President or designee shall either approve the Operating Budget, or shall return it to the Senate with a statement of the modifications necessary for it to be approved. Any adjustments to that part of the operating budget funded by the Operating Budget Allowance shall require the approval of the President or designee.

be struck and replaced by:

B. Operating Budget

1. The Operating Budget of the Association shall be used for the basic operating expenses of the Association. These shall include, but not be limited to, the Association legislative bodies, the President and Vice President, the Financial Office, the Association Office, the Students' Organizations Fund, the Nominations and Elections Commissions, and such other activities and expenses as are so classified by the Association legislative bodies. The Operating Budget shall be divided into two parts, representing those expenses funded by the Operating Budget Allowance provided by the University, and those expenses not so funded.
2. Sources of funds for the Operating Budget shall include, but not be limited to, the Operating Budget Allowance provided by the University, the income earned from the investment of funds owned by or in the custody of the Association, the net operating profit of the profit-making agencies of the Association, indirect cost recovery charges, and gifts. The Association legislative bodies shall adopt policies governing the rates of reinvestment, if any, out of income from different sources. Solicitation of gifts from sources outside the University shall be undertaken in accordance with University policies regarding gift solicitation and acceptance, and in consultation with the appropriate University officers.
3. The Association shall annually negotiate with the University an Operating Budget Allowance. The funds in this allowance are to be used for the basic operating expenses of the Association, including but not limited to all or part of the expenses of the Association legislative bodies,

the President and Vice President, the Financial Office, the Association Office, the Students' Organizations Fund, and the Nominations and Elections Commissions. The procedures by which the Association formulates and approves its annual request for this allowance, negotiates this request with the University, and accepts the results of these negotiations, shall be specified in the Association By-Laws.

4. By a date specified in the Association By-Laws, but in any case no later than the beginning of the new fiscal year, the Association legislative bodies shall approve the operating budget for that fiscal year. If the Association legislative bodies do not approve a budget by this deadline, the budget for the new fiscal year shall be identical to that of the previous fiscal year. All modifications to the operating budget shall be approved by the Association legislative bodies before becoming effective.
5. Upon approval by the Association legislative bodies, but in any case no later than the beginning of the new fiscal year, the Financial Manager shall submit the operating budget approved by the Association legislative bodies, or the previous year's budget if no new budget has been approved, to the President of the University or designee. Within 14 days after the receipt of this budget, the President or designee shall either approve the Operating Budget, or shall return it to the Association legislative bodies with a statement of the modifications necessary for it to be approved. Any adjustments to that part of the operating budget funded by the Operating Budget Allowance shall require the approval of the President of the University or designee.

THAT Article V, Section 6, Subsection C:

C. Other Budgets

The budgets of all Association agencies shall be prepared in accordance with procedures provided in the By-Laws of the Association, and shall be approved by the Senate prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. All modifications to these budgets shall be approved by the Senate before becoming effective.

be struck and be replaced by:

C. Other Budgets

The budgets of all Association agencies shall be prepared in accordance with procedures provided in the Association By-Laws, and shall be approved by the Association legislative bodies prior to the beginning of each fiscal year. All modifications to these budgets shall be approved by the Association legislative bodies before becoming effective.

THAT Article V, Section 6, Subsection D:

D. Capital Expenditures

All capital expenditures of the Association and its agencies shall be contained either in the Operating Budget of the Association or the budgets of such agencies, or in a separate Capital Budget. This Capital Budget, and all modifications to it, shall be approved by the Senate before becoming effective.

be struck and replaced by:

D. Capital Expenditures

All capital expenditures of the Association and its agencies shall be contained either in the Operating Budget of the Association or the budgets of such agencies, or in a separate Capital Budget. This Capital Budget, and all modifications to it, shall be approved by the Association legislative bodies before becoming effective.

THAT the following portion of Article V, Section 7, Subsection A, Paragraph 2:

2. The Senate shall retain the ultimate authority over all rules and regulations of the Fund.

be struck and replaced by:

2. The Association legislative bodies shall retain the ultimate authority over all rules and regulations of the Fund.

THAT Article V, Section 7, Subsection B, Paragraph 2:

2. The Senate shall have the authority to specify the conditions and terms under which, and the process by which, exemptions from this requirement may be made, and to provide for the enforcement of this requirement through appropriate sanctions. No exemption shall be approved for a period longer than one fiscal year, nor earlier than during the fiscal year preceding the one for which the exemption is valid. The Senate shall retain the ultimate authority over the approval, modification, and termination of all exemptions.

be struck and replaced by:

2. The relevant Association legislative bodies shall have the authority to specify the conditions and terms under which, and the process by which, exemptions from this requirement may be made, and to provide for the enforcement of this requirement through appropriate sanctions. No exemption shall be approved for a period longer than one fiscal year, nor earlier than during the fiscal year preceding the one for which the exemption is valid. The relevant Association legislative bodies shall retain the ultimate authority over the approval, modification, and termination of all exemptions.

THAT the preamble to Article V, Section 8, Subsection A:

A. Duties

Subject to the provisions of this Constitution and of the By-Laws of the Association, the Financial Manager shall be directly responsible to the Senate for the performance of the following duties:

be struck and replaced by:

A. Duties

Subject to the provisions of this Constitution and of the Association By-Laws, the Financial Manager shall be directly responsible to the Association legislative bodies for the performance of the following duties:

THAT Article V, Section 8, Subsection A, Paragraph 1:

1. As chief financial officer of the Association, the Financial Manager shall exercise control over the budget and finances of the Association and its agencies on a day-to-day basis, and shall report on their condition to the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

1. As chief financial officer of the Association, the Financial Manager shall exercise control over the budget and finances of the Association and its agencies on a day-to-day basis, and shall report on their condition to the Association legislative bodies.

THAT Article V, Section 8, Subsection A, Paragraph 4:

4. The Financial Manager shall assume such additional responsibilities as are provided in this Constitution and the By-Laws of the Association, or by the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

4. The Financial Manager shall assume such additional responsibilities as are provided in this Constitution, the Association By-Laws, the Undergraduate Senate By-Laws, and the Graduate Student Council By-Laws, or by the Association legislative bodies.

THAT Article V, Section 8, Subsection B:

B. Selection

1. The Financial Manager Selection Committee shall consist of the current Financial Manager or designee, the President of the Association, and two members of the Senate, one graduate and one undergraduate, chosen by the Senate. By a date specified in the By-Laws of the Association, the Selection Committee shall nominate an individual to serve as Associate Financial Manager. This nomination shall require confirmation by a two-thirds vote of the Senate.
2. Once confirmed by the Senate, the Associate Financial Manager shall undertake such responsibilities as are assigned by the Financial Manager, in order to become familiar with the duties and responsibilities of the Financial Manager and with the finances and operations of the Association and its agencies. During this period, the Associate Financial Manager shall be a non-voting ex-officio member of all bodies on which the Financial Manager serves.
3. By a date specified in the By-Laws of the Association, but in any case no later than the beginning of the sixth week of Spring quarter, the Financial Manager Selection Committee shall reconvene and evaluate the performance of the Associate Financial Manager. The Selection Committee shall then decide either to nominate the Associate Financial Manager as Financial Manager, or to interview additional candidates before making a nomination. The final nomination shall be transmitted to the current Senate before it dissolves, where it shall require a two-thirds vote for approval.
4. On a date specified in the By-Laws of the Association, but in any case no later than the last day of Spring quarter, the new Financial Manger shall take office, provided that his or her appointment has been confirmed by the Senate. The Financial Manager shall serve until a successor has taken office.
5. In the event of a vacancy in the office of Financial Manager, the Financial Manager Selection Committee (excluding the Financial Manager or designee) shall convene and nominate a replacement for confirmation by the Senate, such confirmation requiring a two-thirds vote. During this process, the President may nominate an Acting Financial Manager, who shall take office immediately upon nomination, but whose office shall terminate upon the adjournment of the next meeting of the Senate unless confirmed at that meeting by a two-thirds vote. Following confirmation by the Senate, the Acting Financial Manager shall serve for a period of no more than 30 days, not counting days between quarters, but may be re-appointed for an additional term of fourteen days if no replacement has been found, such re-appointment requiring prior approval of the Senate by a two-thirds vote.
6. The Financial Manager shall not, during his or her term of office, serve as an elected member of the Senate or as President or Vice President. However, provided that he or she is not reapplying for the position of Financial Manager, the current Financial Manager may run in the Association Spring Quarter General Election for election to the new Senate or election as President or Vice President and, if elected, may serve on that body throughout the normal term of office. The Financial Manager need not be a member of the Association.
7. At the time that it approves the nomination of the Financial Manager, the Senate shall also approve a contract or letter of appointment specifying the terms and conditions under which he or she shall hold office.

be struck and replaced by:

B. Selection

1. The Financial Manager Selection Committee shall consist of the current Financial Manager or designee, the President of the Association, one member of the Graduate Student Council (selected by the Graduate Student Council), and one member of the Undergraduate Senate (selected by the Undergraduate Senate). By a date specified in the Association By-Laws, the Selection Committee shall nominate an individual to serve as Associate Financial Manager. This nomination shall require confirmation by a two-thirds vote of each Association legislative body.
2. Once confirmed by the Association legislative bodies, the Associate Financial Manager shall undertake such responsibilities as are assigned by the Financial Manager, in order to become familiar with the duties and responsibilities of the Financial Manager and with the finances and operations of the Association and its agencies. During this period, the Associate Financial Manager shall be a non-voting ex-officio member of all bodies on which the Financial Manager serves.
3. By a date specified in the Association By-Laws, but in any case no later than the beginning of the sixth week of Spring quarter, the Financial Manager Selection Committee shall reconvene and evaluate the performance of the Associate Financial Manager. The Selection Committee shall then decide either to nominate the Associate Financial Manager as Financial Manager, or to interview additional candidates before making a nomination. The final nomination shall be transmitted to the current Association legislative bodies before it dissolves, where it shall require a two-thirds vote for approval.
4. On a date specified in the Association By-Laws, but in any case no later than the last day of Spring quarter, the new Financial Manger shall take office, provided that his or her appointment has been confirmed by the Association legislative bodies. The Financial Manager shall serve until a successor has taken office.
5. In the event of a vacancy in the office of Financial Manager, the Financial Manager Selection Committee (excluding the Financial Manager or designee) shall convene and nominate a replacement for confirmation by the Association legislative bodies, such confirmation requiring a two-thirds vote by each Association legislative body. During this process, the President of the Association may nominate an Acting Financial Manager, who shall take office immediately upon nomination, but whose office shall terminate upon the adjournment of the next meetings of each of the Association legislative bodies unless confirmed at those meetings by a two-thirds vote. Following confirmation by the Association legislative bodies, the Acting Financial Manager shall serve for a period of no more than 30 days, not counting days between quarters, but may be re-appointed for an additional term of fourteen days if no replacement has been found. Such re-appointment shall require prior approval of the Association legislative bodies by a two-thirds vote.
6. The Financial Manager shall not, during his or her term of office, serve as an elected member of an Association legislative body, the President of the Association, or the Vice President of the Association. However, provided that s/he is not reapplying for the position of Financial Manager, the current Financial Manager may run in the Association Spring Quarter General Election for election to the new Association legislative bodies, for election as President of the Association, or for election as Vice President of the Association. If elected, the Financial Manager may serve on that body throughout the normal term of office. The Financial Manager need not be a member of the Association.
7. At the time that it approves the nomination of the Financial Manager, the Association legislative bodies shall also approve a contract or letter of appointment specifying the terms and conditions under which he or she shall hold office.

THAT Article V, Section 8, Subsection C:

C. Removal

The Financial Manager may be removed by a vote of two-thirds of the membership of the Senate. The Financial Manager must be notified in writing of the intent to introduce such a motion not less than

forty-eight hours prior to the opening of the Senate meeting at which the motion will be considered, and must be given an opportunity to speak in opposition to the motion at that meeting.

be struck and replaced by:

C. Removal

The Financial Manager may be removed by a vote of 2/3 of the membership of each Association legislative body. The Financial Manager must be notified in writing of the intent to introduce such a motion not less than forty-eight hours prior to the opening of each meeting of an Association legislative body at which the motion will be considered, and must be given an opportunity to speak in opposition to the motion at each such meeting.

THAT Article V, Section 8, Subsection D, Paragraph 2:

2. The Senate shall have the power to create additional positions subordinate to the Financial Manager, to specify their responsibilities, and to provide for the selection of persons to fill them. All persons appointed to such positions shall require confirmation by a two-thirds vote of the Senate before their appointments become effective. All such positions shall be under the supervision and direction of the Financial Manager.

be struck, and all subsequent text renumbered accordingly.

THAT the following portion of Article V, Section 8, Subsection E:

E. Association Office

The Association Office shall provide administrative and financial services for the Association, its agencies, the Students' Organizations Fund, and student organizations designated by the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

E. Association Office

The Association Office shall provide administrative and financial services for the Association, its agencies, the Students' Organizations Fund, and student organizations designated by the Association legislative bodies.

THAT Article VI, Section 2, Subsection A:

A. Initiative

1. Initiative is the power of the membership of the Association to enact any bill, resolution, order, or other original main motion within the power of the Senate (referred to in this Article as "legislation"), including By-Law amendments, except for the certification of the results of any Association election. Subject to this exception, the initiative power shall include the power to modify or repeal any legislation previously approved by the Senate.
2. A measure adopted by initiative may not be amended or repealed by the Senate, except through a Referendum.

be struck and replaced by:

A. Initiative

1. Initiative is the power of the membership of the Association to enact any bill, resolution, order, or other original main motion within the power of an Association legislative body (referred to in this Article as "legislation"), including By-Law amendments, except for the certification of the results

- of any Association election. Subject to this exception, the initiative power shall include the power to modify or repeal any legislation previously approved by an Association legislative body.
2. A measure adopted by initiative may not be amended or repealed by an Association legislative body, except through a Referendum.

THAT Article VI, Section 2, Subsection B:

B. Referendum

Referendum is the power of the members of the Association to overturn any legislation approved by the Senate, except that those types of legislation which are defined in this Constitution as not being subject to initiative shall also not be subject to referendum.

be struck and replaced by:

B. Referendum

Referendum is the power of the members of the Association to overturn any legislation approved by an Association legislative body, except that those types of legislation which are defined in this Constitution as not being subject to initiative shall also not be subject to referendum.

THAT Article VI, Section 2, Subsection C:

C. Recall

Recall is the power of the membership of the Association to remove from office the President or the Vice President of the Association, any or all of the members of the Senate, or the Financial Manager (referred to in this Article as “officers” of the Association).

be struck and replaced by:

C. Recall

Recall is the power of the membership of the Association to remove from office the President or the Vice President of the Association, any or all of the members of an Association legislative body, or the Financial Manager (referred to in this Article as “officers” of the Association).

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection A:

A. Initiative

An initiative measure shall be submitted to the members of the Association for their approval or rejection according to one of the following procedures:

1. For resolutions, “advisory referenda”, or other initiatives whose only purpose is to express an opinion, or to take such symbolic action as may be incidental to the expression of that opinion:
 - a. That resolution may be placed on the ballot by a majority vote of the Senate.
 - b. If a petition of 5 percent of the membership of the Association, containing the text of the resolution, is submitted to the Elections Commission at least 21 days prior to the Association Spring Quarter General Election, or at least 14 days prior to any other previously called general election, the Commission shall, unless they or the Senate determine the petition not to be in good order within the limitations of this Constitution, place the initiative on the ballot for the specified election.
2. For all other initiative measures, if a petition containing the signatures of at least 10 percent of the members of the Association, containing the text of the initiative, is submitted to the Elections Commission, the Commission shall, after the petition was found to be valid, place the initiative measure on the ballot for the next general election, so long as the petition is found to be in good order.

be struck and replaced by:

A. Initiative

An initiative measure shall be submitted to the members of the Association for their approval or rejection according to one of the following procedures:

1. For resolutions, "advisory referenda", or other initiatives whose only purpose is to express an opinion, or to take such symbolic action as may be incidental to the expression of that opinion:
 - a. The resolution may be placed on the ballot by Association legislative bodies; each Association legislative body approves placement on the ballot for its respective constituents. For the Undergraduate Senate, this shall be by majority vote; for the Graduate Student Council, it shall be by a procedure specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws.
 - b. If a petition of 5 percent of a population of the Association, containing the text of the resolution, is submitted to the Elections Commission at least 21 days prior to the Association Spring Quarter General Election, or at least 14 days prior to any other previously called election involving that population, the Commission shall, unless it or either Association legislative body determines the petition not to be in good order within the limitations of this Constitution, place the initiative on the ballot for the specified population for the specified election. "Not in good order" shall include, but not be limited to, an inappropriate choice of population. Petitions covering the entire membership of the Association must bear the signatures of 5 percent of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately.
2. For all other initiative measures, if a petition containing the signatures of at least 10 percent of a population of the Association, containing the text of the initiative, is submitted to the Elections Commission, the Commission shall place the initiative measure on the ballot for the next election involving the specified population, unless wither the Commission or either Association legislative body determines the petition not to be in good order. "Not in good order" shall include, but not be limited to, an inappropriate choice of population. Petitions covering the entire membership of the Association must bear the signatures of 10 percent of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately.

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection B:

B. Referendum

1. If a petition of 10 percent of the members of the Association, stating the Senate legislation on which the referendum is requested, is submitted to the Elections Commission within 21 days after the Senate has enacted the legislation in question, not counting days between quarters, the Commission shall, after the petition was found to be valid, place the initiative measure on the ballot for the next general election, so long as the petition is found to be in good order.
2. Once a petition seeking a referendum on a piece of legislation enacted by the Senate has been found to be valid, that piece of legislation shall be suspended pending the outcome of the referendum election. In particular, any funds budgeted or allocated by the Senate which had not been expended or encumbered before the referendum qualified for the ballot shall be frozen pending the outcome of the election. However, any action taken by officers of the Association pursuant to an item of legislation approved by the Senate after it was initially approved, and before a referendum had qualified for the ballot, shall continue to be valid.

be struck and replaced by:

B. Referendum

1. If a petition of 10 percent of a population of the Association, stating the legislation of the corresponding Association legislative body on which the referendum is requested, is submitted to the Elections Commission within 21 days after that Association legislative body has enacted the legislation in question, not counting days between quarters, the Commission shall, after the petition was found to be valid, place the initiative measure on the ballot for the next election involving that population, so long as the petition is found to be in good order. Petitions covering then entire membership of the

Association must bear the signatures of 15 percent of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately.

2. Once a petition seeking a referendum on a piece of legislation enacted by an Association legislative body has been found to be valid, that piece of legislation shall be suspended pending the outcome of the referendum election. In particular, any funds budgeted or allocated by that Association legislative body which had not been expended or encumbered before the referendum qualified for the ballot shall be frozen pending the outcome of the election. However, any action taken by officers of the Association pursuant to an item of legislation approved by an Association legislative body after it was initially approved, and before a referendum had qualified for the ballot, shall continue to be valid.

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection C, Paragraph 1, Subparagraphs b and c:

- b. A petition to recall one or more members of the Senate who represent the same district shall not be valid unless it contains the signatures of at least 15 percent of the members of that district.
- c. A petition to recall two or more members of the Senate who represent different districts shall not be valid unless it contains the signatures of at least 15 per cent of the members of each district represented.

be struck and replaced by:

- b. A petition to recall an elected member of an Association legislative body shall not be valid unless it contains the signatures of at least 15 percent of the members of the population or district of the Association that was eligible to vote for that elected member.

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection C, Paragraph 2, Subparagraph b:

- b. If the Commission does not make a determination as to the authenticity of the signatures and their sufficiency in number within 7 days after the petitions have been submitted, its responsibilities devolve upon the President of the Association, or, in the case of a petition to recall the President or the Vice President of the Association or the Financial Manager, upon the Senate. The President of the Association (or the Senate, if the responsibility devolves upon it) must make its determination as to the authenticity of the signatures and their sufficiency in number within 5 days after such responsibility has devolved upon it from the Elections Commission. If the petitions are determined to be in order, the Elections Commission shall call and conduct a recall election on two consecutive days not less than 10 nor more than 21 days after the petitions were determined to be in order.

be struck and replaced by:

- b. If the Commission does not make a determination as to the authenticity of the signatures and their sufficiency in number within 7 days after the petitions have been submitted, its responsibilities devolve upon the President of the Association, or, in the case of a petition to recall the President or the Vice President of the Association or the Financial Manager, upon the relevant Association legislative body. The President of the Association (or the relevant Association legislative body, if the responsibility devolves upon it) must make its determination as to the authenticity of the signatures and their sufficiency in number within 5 days after such responsibility has devolved upon it from the Elections Commission. If the petitions are determined to be in order, the Elections Commission shall call and conduct a recall election on two consecutive days not less than 10 nor more than 21 days after the petitions were determined to be in order.

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection D, Paragraphs 1-3

1. An immediate election may be called by submission of petitions bearing the signatures of 15 percent of the members of the Association to the Elections Commission. The election shall be held not less than 7 nor more than 21 days after the Commission has found the petition to be valid. The Senate may not delay such an election except as provided in section F(1) below.
2. Petitions bearing a call for elections may simultaneously bear initiatives, referenda, recalls, amendments to this Constitution. All such simultaneous legislation shall be placed on the ballot in the election, along with any other measures awaiting the approval of the Association.
3. Such elections shall be held in accordance with the rules and regulations set down previously by the Senate for the general election held in spring quarter.

be struck and replaced by:

1. An immediate election open to a population of the Association may be called by submission of petitions bearing the signatures of 15 percent of the members of that population to the Elections Commission. Petitions covering the entire membership of the Association must bear the signatures of 15 percent of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately. The election shall be held not less than 7 nor more than 21 days after the Commission has found the petition to be valid. The Association legislative bodies may only find such a petition to be invalid due to an inappropriate choice of population. The Association legislative bodies may not delay such an election except as provided in section F(1) below.
2. Petitions bearing a call for elections may simultaneously bear initiatives, referenda, recalls, amendments to this Constitution. All such simultaneous legislation shall be placed on the ballot in the election, along with any other measures awaiting the approval of that population of the Association.
3. Such elections shall be held in accordance with the rules and regulations set down previously by the Association legislative bodies for an election open to that population of the Association.

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection E:

E. Calling of Senate Elections

1. If petitions bearing the signatures of 20 percent of the members of the Association are submitted to the Elections Commission calling for new Senate elections, new Senate elections shall be called immediately. The election shall be held not less than 7 nor more than 21 days after the Commission has found the petition to be valid. The Constitutional Council shall rule by majority vote on any questions about the validity of the petitions. The Senate shall not have the power to postpone the call for elections except as provided in section F(1) below.
2. Such elections shall not preclude or alter the timing of the Association Spring Quarter General Election.
3. Such elections shall be held in accordance with the rules and regulations set down previously by the Senate for the Association Spring Quarter General Election.
4. The Elections Commission shall have the power to certify the results of such an election. Any questions about the validity of the election results shall be referred to the Constitutional Council which shall rule by majority vote on the election's validity.
5. Immediately upon certification of the election results, the Senate shall disband and the newly elected members of the Senate shall constitute the new Senate in accordance with all rules and regulations set down in Article II of this Constitution. The Senate shall then within 14 days hold its first meeting.

be struck and replaced by:

E. Calling of Association Legislative Body Elections

1. If petitions bearing the signatures of 20 percent of the members of a population of the Association are submitted to the Elections Commission calling for new elections for the corresponding Association legislative bodies, new elections for those Association legislative bodies shall be called immediately. Petitions covering the entire membership of the Association must bear the signatures of 20 percent of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately. The election shall be held not less than 7 nor

more than 21 days after the Commission has found the petition to be valid. The Constitutional Council shall rule by majority vote on any questions about the validity of the petitions. The affected Association legislative bodies shall not have the power to postpone the call for elections except as provided in section F(1) below.

2. Such elections shall not preclude or alter the timing of the Association Spring Quarter General Election.
3. Such elections shall be held in accordance with the rules and regulations set down previously by the Senate for the Association Spring Quarter General Election.
4. The Elections Commission shall have the power to certify the results of such an election. Any questions about the validity of the election results shall be referred to the Constitutional Council, which shall rule by majority vote on the election's validity.
5. Immediately upon certification of the election results, the relevant Association legislative bodies shall disband and the newly elected members of these Association legislative bodies shall constitute the new relevant Association legislative bodies in accordance with all rules and regulations set down in Article II of this Constitution. The relevant Association legislative bodies shall then within 14 days hold their first meeting.

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection F, Paragraphs 1-2:

1. An election on any petition seeking an election under the provisions of this Article which was submitted within 21 days of the end of the quarter may, at the discretion of the Senate, be postponed for vote until not more than 21 days after the opening of the following quarter, provided that any such postponement in the spring quarter shall be until the following fall quarter.
2. The Senate may, by a two-thirds vote, schedule an earlier election for any item which has qualified for the ballot by petition.

be struck and replaced by:

1. An election on any petition seeking an election under the provisions of this Article which was submitted within 21 days of the end of the quarter may, at the discretion of the relevant Association legislative bodies, be postponed for vote until not more than 21 days after the opening of the following quarter, provided that any such postponement in the spring quarter shall be until the following fall quarter.
2. The relevant Association legislative bodies may, by a two-thirds vote, schedule an earlier election for any item which has qualified for the ballot by petition.

THAT Article VI, Section 3, Subsection F, Paragraph 4:

4. The Senate shall have the authority to establish regulations defining the proper form for petitions and governing the circulation thereof. All such regulations shall take effect 90 days after they are approved by a majority vote of the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

4. The Association legislative bodies shall have the authority to establish regulations defining the proper form for petitions and governing the circulation thereof. All such regulations shall take effect 90 days after they are approved by the relevant Association legislative bodies. For the Undergraduate Senate, this approval shall require a majority vote; for the Graduate Student Council, it shall be by a procedure specified in the Graduate Student Council's By-Laws.

THAT the following portion Article VI, Section 4, Subsection A:

A. Notice

The text of each resolution or other initiative measure, and of each item of Senate legislation which is the subject of a referendum, shall be made available to all members of the Association at least seven days prior to the ratification election on the amendment, either through publication in the Stanford Daily or through inclusion in an election handbook distributed to members of the Association.

be struck and replaced by:

A. Notice

The text of each resolution or other initiative measure, and of each item of Association legislative body legislation which is the subject of a referendum, shall be made available by the Elections Commission to all members of the relevant population of the Association at least seven days prior to the ratification election on the amendment, either through publication in the Stanford Daily or through inclusion in an election handbook distributed to members of the Association.

THAT Article VI, Section 4, Subsection B, Paragraph 1:

1. Initiative

Each member of the Association may cast one vote in favor of or against each initiative measure. An initiative measure shall be adopted upon approval by a majority of the members of the Association voting on that measure.

be struck and replaced by:

1. Initiative

Each member of the relevant population of the Association may cast one vote in favor of or against each initiative measure. An initiative measure shall be adopted upon approval by a majority of the members of the relevant population of the Association voting on that measure, and provided that those in favor of the measure constitute at least 15 percent of the relevant population. For an initiative measure open to the entire membership of the Association, a majority of both the graduate and undergraduate populations must separately approve the measure, and those in favor within each population must constitute at least 15 percent of their respective populations.

THAT Article VI, Section 4, Subsection B, Paragraph 2:

2. Referendum

Each member of the Association may cast one vote in favor of or against each item of Senate legislation for which a referendum was sought. The action of the Senate shall be rejected with the concurrence of a majority of those members of the Association voting on the referendum; otherwise, it shall be approved.

be struck and replaced by:

2. Referendum

Each member of the relevant population of the Association may cast one vote in favor of or against each item of Association legislative body legislation for which a referendum was sought. The action of the Association legislative body shall be rejected with the concurrence of a majority of those members of the relevant population of the Association voting on the referendum, and provided that those voting against the action constitute at least 15 percent of the relevant population. Otherwise, the action shall be approved. For those referenda open to the entire membership of the Association, a majority of both the graduate and undergraduate populations must separately concur in rejecting the action of the relevant Association legislative bodies, and those concurring within each population must constitute at least 15 percent of their respective populations. Otherwise, the action shall be approved.

THAT Article VI, Section 4, Subsection B, Paragraph 3, Subparagraph b:

- b. In recall elections for members of the Senate, only members of the district the member of the Senate in question represents may vote.

be struck and replaced by:

- b. In recall elections for elected members of an Association legislative body, only members of the district the member of the Senate in question represents may vote.

THAT the following text from Article VI, Section 4, Subsection B:

The officer or officers shall be removed from office with the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the Association voting on his or her recall, as determined by the Elections Commission.

be struck and replaced by:

The officer or officers shall be removed from office with the concurrence of 2/3 of the members of the Association voting on her/his recall, as determined by the Elections Commission, provided that those concurring constitute at least 15% of those eligible to vote for removal. If the entire membership of the Association was eligible to vote on a given removal, then approval shall require the concurrence of 2/3 of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately, with those voting in favor of removal within each population constituting at least 15 percent of their respective populations.

THAT Article VII, Section 1, Subsection A:

A. General

Proposed amendments to this Constitution shall be submitted to the membership of the Association for ratification upon approval by two-thirds of the membership of the Senate, provided that written notice containing the text of the proposed amendment and indicating the parts of the Constitution affected thereby had been given at the previous regular meeting, or upon petition by members of the Association, as provided herein. All elections for the ratification of amendments to this Constitution shall be held during the fall, winter or spring quarter.

be struck and replaced by:

A. General

Proposed amendments to this Constitution shall be submitted to a population of the Association for ratification upon approval 2/3 of the membership of each Association legislative body, provided that written notice containing the text of the proposed amendment, the population of the Association that would be eligible to vote on the amendment, and indicating the parts of the Constitution affected thereby had been given at the previous regular meeting, or upon petition by members of the Association, as provided herein. All elections for the ratification of amendments to this Constitution shall be held during the fall, winter or spring quarter.

THAT Article VII, Section 1, Subsection B:

B. Petitions

Any member of the Association wishing to propose an amendment to the Constitution shall submit the text of that amendment to the Vice President of the Association or to the Senate Chair.

The Vice President or the Senate Chair shall then give notice of that amendment at the next regular meeting of the Senate which begins at least 24 hours after the proposed amendment was received.

If the Senate has not placed the proposed amendment on the ballot for the specified election by the end of the regular meeting of the Senate following the meeting at which the notice was given, then petitions proposing that amendment may be circulated by members of the Association. All such petitions shall contain the text of the proposed amendment and the parts of the Constitution to be affected thereby.

1. If such a petition containing the signatures of at least 5 percent of the members of the Association is submitted to the Elections Commission at least 21 days prior to the Association Spring Quarter General Election, or at least 14 days prior to any other general election, the Commission shall place the amendment on the ballot in the election for which the petition was submitted, provided that it finds the petition to be valid.
2. If such a petition containing the signatures of at least 15 percent of the members of the Association is submitted to the Elections Commission, the Commission shall, within 48 hours after the petition was found to be valid, call a general election on the amendment except as provided below. The Senate may not subsequently amend the call of the election. The election on the amendment shall be held not less than 7 nor more than 21 days after the petitions are submitted to the Elections Commission. However, if they are received within 28 days of the end of the quarter, the Elections Commission may hold the election within the first 14 days of the following quarter. For the purposes of this section, the quarter following the spring quarter shall be the fall quarter.
3. The Senate may, by a vote of two-thirds of its membership, schedule an earlier election for any proposed amendment which has qualified for the ballot.
4. The Senate and the Elections Commission shall share the authority to establish regulations defining the proper form for petitions and governing the circulation thereof.

be struck and replaced by:

B. Petitions

1. Any member of the Association wishing to propose an amendment to the Constitution shall submit the text of that amendment, along with a statement of which population would be eligible to vote on the proposed amendment, to the Chair of the Graduate Student Council, and either the Vice President of the Association or the Undergraduate Senate Chair.
2. The Vice President of the Association or the Senate Chair shall then give notice of that amendment at the next regular meeting of the Undergraduate Senate, which begins at least 24 hours after the proposed amendment was received. The Chair of the Graduate Student Council shall provide analogous notice at the corresponding meeting of the Graduate Student Council.
3. If either Association legislative body has not placed the proposed amendment on the ballot for the specified election by the end of the regular meeting of that body following the meeting at which the notice was given, then petitions proposing that amendment may be circulated by members of the Association to the corresponding population of the Association. All such petitions shall contain the text of the proposed amendment, the population that would be eligible to vote on the proposed amendment, and the parts of the Constitution to be affected thereby.
 - a. If such a petition containing the signatures of at least 5 percent of the members of the Association is submitted to the Elections Commission at least 21 days prior to the Association Spring Quarter General Election, or at least 14 days prior to any other general election, the Commission shall place the amendment on the ballot in the election for which the petition was submitted, provided that it finds the petition to be valid. Grounds for the Elections Commission ruling the petition invalid shall include, but not be limited to, an inappropriate choice of population. Either Association legislative body may rule such a petition invalid, but only on the grounds that the choice of population is inappropriate. Petitions covering the entire membership of the Association must bear the signatures of 5 percent of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately.
 - b. If such a petition containing the signatures of at least 15 percent of the members of the Association is submitted to the Elections Commission, the Commission shall, within 48 hours after the petition

was found to be valid, call a election, involving the relevant population of the Association, on the amendment except as provided below. Grounds for the Elections Commission ruling a petition invalid shall include, but not be limited to, an inappropriate choice of population. Either Association legislative body may rule such a petition invalid, but only on the grounds that the choice of population is inappropriate. Petitions covering the entire membership of the Association must bear the signatures of 15 percent of the graduate and undergraduate populations separately. The Association legislative bodies may not subsequently amend the call of the election. The election on the amendment shall be held not less than 7 nor more than 21 days after the petitions are submitted to the Elections Commission. However, if they are received within 28 days of the end of the quarter, the Elections Commission may hold the election within the first 14 days of the following quarter. For the purposes of this section, the quarter following the spring quarter shall be the fall quarter.

- c. The Association legislative bodies may, by a vote of 2/3 of each membership, schedule an earlier election for any proposed amendment which has qualified for the ballot.
- d. The Association legislative bodies and the Elections Commission shall share the authority to establish regulations defining the proper form for petitions and governing the circulation thereof.

THAT Article VII, Section 2:

Section 2. Ratification

A proposed amendment shall be adopted upon its approval by two-thirds of the members of the Association voting on the amendment and its acceptance by the Board of Trustees. The Board of Trustees may designate the President of the University to act on their behalf in accepting such amendments.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 2. Ratification

A proposed amendment shall be adopted upon its approval by 2/3 of the members of the population the Association voting on the amendment (provided that those voting in favor constitute at least 15 percent of that population of the Association) and its acceptance by the Board of Trustees. The population eof the Association eligible to vote on the proposed amendment shall be the population listed in the statement of the proposed amendment. For those proposed amendments on which the entire membership of the Association is eligible to vote, approval shall require 2/3 of both the graduate and undergraduate populations voting to be in favor, and that within each population, those in favor constitute at least 15 percent of their respective populations. The Board of Trustees may designate the President of the University to act on their behalf in accepting such amendments.

THAT the following portion of Article VII, Section 3:

Section 3. Unconditional Acceptance

Failure of the Board (or the University President, if so designated) to take action within 90 days of receipt of the proposed amendment, or some later date as approved by a two-thirds vote of the Senate, shall constitute unconditional acceptance of the amendment.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 3. Unconditional Acceptance

Failure of the Board (or the University President, if so designated) to take action within 90 days of receipt of the proposed amendment, or some later date as approved by a 2/3 vote of both Association legislative bodies, shall constitute unconditional acceptance of the amendment.

THAT the following portion of Article VII, Section 4:

Section 4. Acceptance with Conditions

Should the Board of Trustees (or the University President, if so designated) accept the proposed amendment subject to conditions or interpretations, then the amendment shall take effect only upon the approval of those conditions or interpretations by a vote of two-thirds of the membership of the Senate.

be struck and replaced by:

Section 4. Acceptance with Conditions

Should the Board of Trustees (or the University President, if so designated) accept the proposed amendment subject to conditions or interpretations, then the amendment shall take effect only upon the approval of those conditions or interpretations by a vote of 2/3 of the membership of each Association legislative body.

THAT all of the current General Fees be abolished, and replaced with the following:

1. Undergraduate Programming General Fee

Levied on the undergraduate population, it shall fund the basic operating and programming expenses of student organizations with a substantial undergraduate membership, except for student publications and organizations receiving Special Fees.

Base Amount: \$145,256 (the Gross Programming General Fee minus the GSC allocation)

2. Undergraduate Community Service General Fee

Levied on the undergraduate population, it shall fund the basic operating and programming expenses of community service programs of student organizations with a substantial undergraduate membership, except for student publications and organizations receiving Special Fees.

Base Amount: \$100,905 (the Gross Community Service General Fee minus the GSC allocation)

3. Undergraduate Publications General Fee

Levied on the undergraduate population, it shall fund the basic operation and publishing expenses of member publications with a substantial undergraduate membership, that do not receive Special Fees.

Base Amount: \$54,918 (the Gross Publications General Fee minus the GSC allocation)

4. Graduate Student General Fee

Levied on the graduate population, it shall fund the basic operating and programming expenses of student organizations with a substantial graduate student membership, as well as the in-house programming of the Graduate Student Council.

Base Amount: \$160,000

THAT the above changes shall take effect upon the transition to the next set of elected Association officials this spring, with the following exceptions:

1. The members of the graduate population elected as members of the old Graduate Student Council and the old graduate Senate shall jointly serve as the elected members of the revised Graduate Student Council, until the following Association Spring Quarter General election.
2. Vacancies in this temporary membership of the Graduate Student Council above the 15 elected seats listed in the above amendments may not be filled.
3. For purposes of term of office, the undergraduate members of the Association elected to the Senate in this year's Association Spring Quarter General Election shall become the Undergraduate Senate Elect, with this year's Vice President Elect serving as their Presiding Officer. The transition between the current Senate and the new Undergraduate Senate Elect shall occur as outlined in the revised Article II, Section 3, Subsection F above.

THAT the above proposed amendments be placed on the ballot of the Association Spring Quarter General Election, for consideration by the membership of the Association.