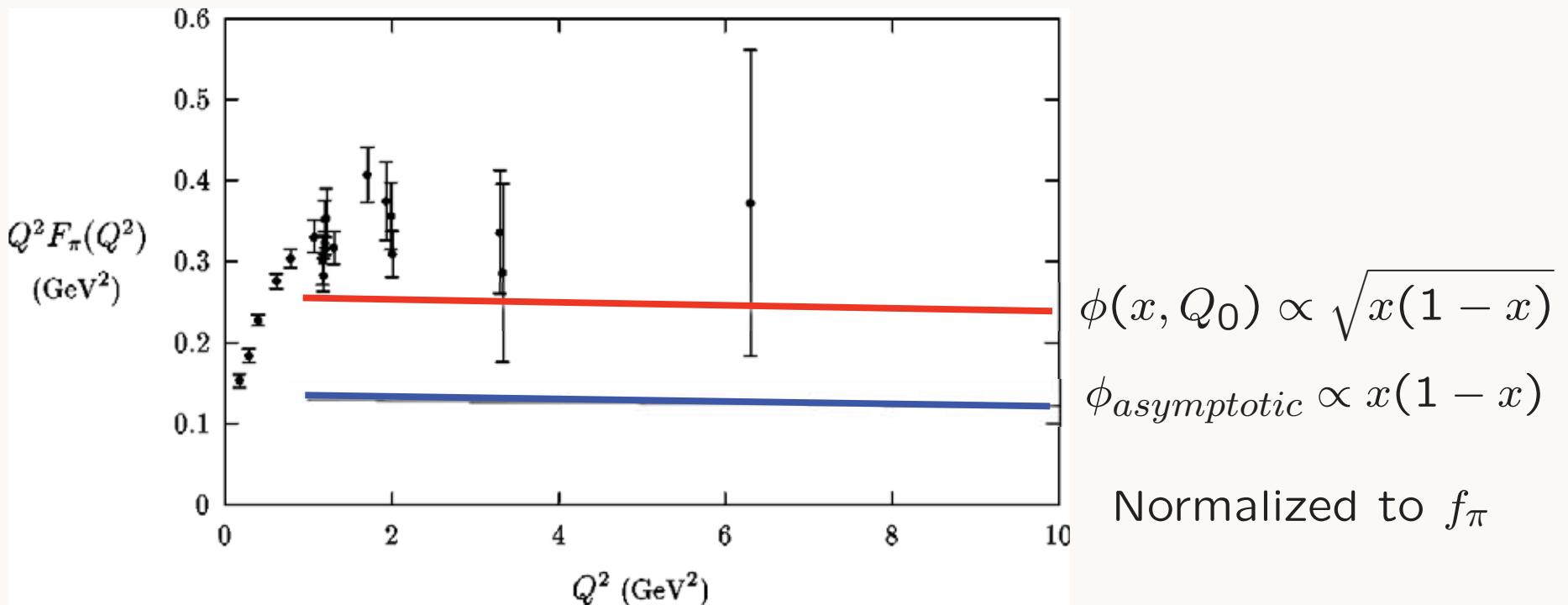


$$F_\pi(Q^2) = \int_0^1 dx \phi_\pi(x) \int_0^1 dy \phi_\pi(y) \frac{16\pi C_F \alpha_V(Q_V)}{(1-x)(1-y)Q^2}$$

**AdS/CFT:**

Increases PQCD leading twist prediction for $F_\pi(Q^2)$ by factor 16/9

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May 30, 2008

AdS/QCD
I35

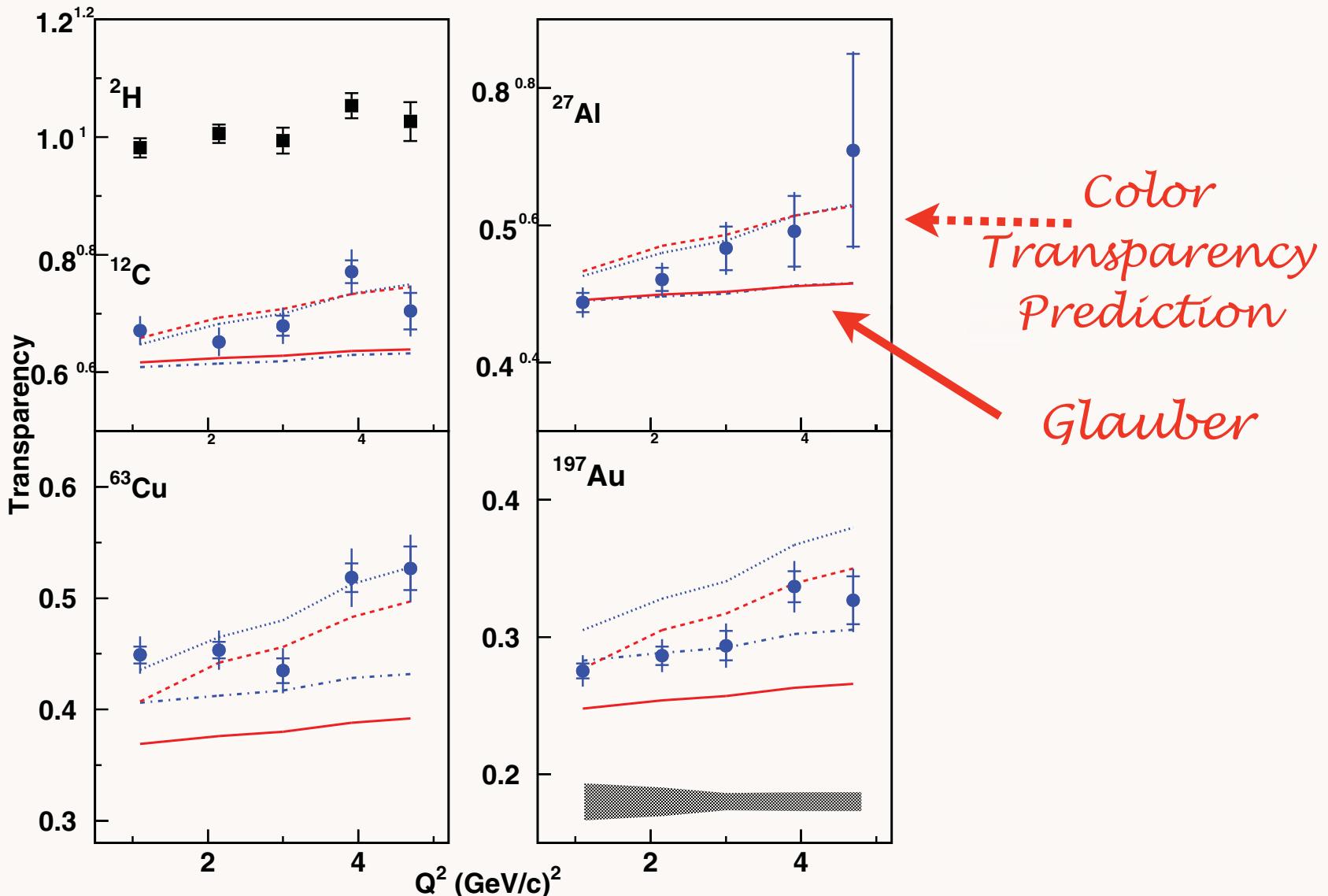
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Measurement of Nuclear Transparency for the $A(e, e'\pi^+) X$ Reaction



B. Clasie, et al ,Jlab

PRL 99, 242502 (2007)

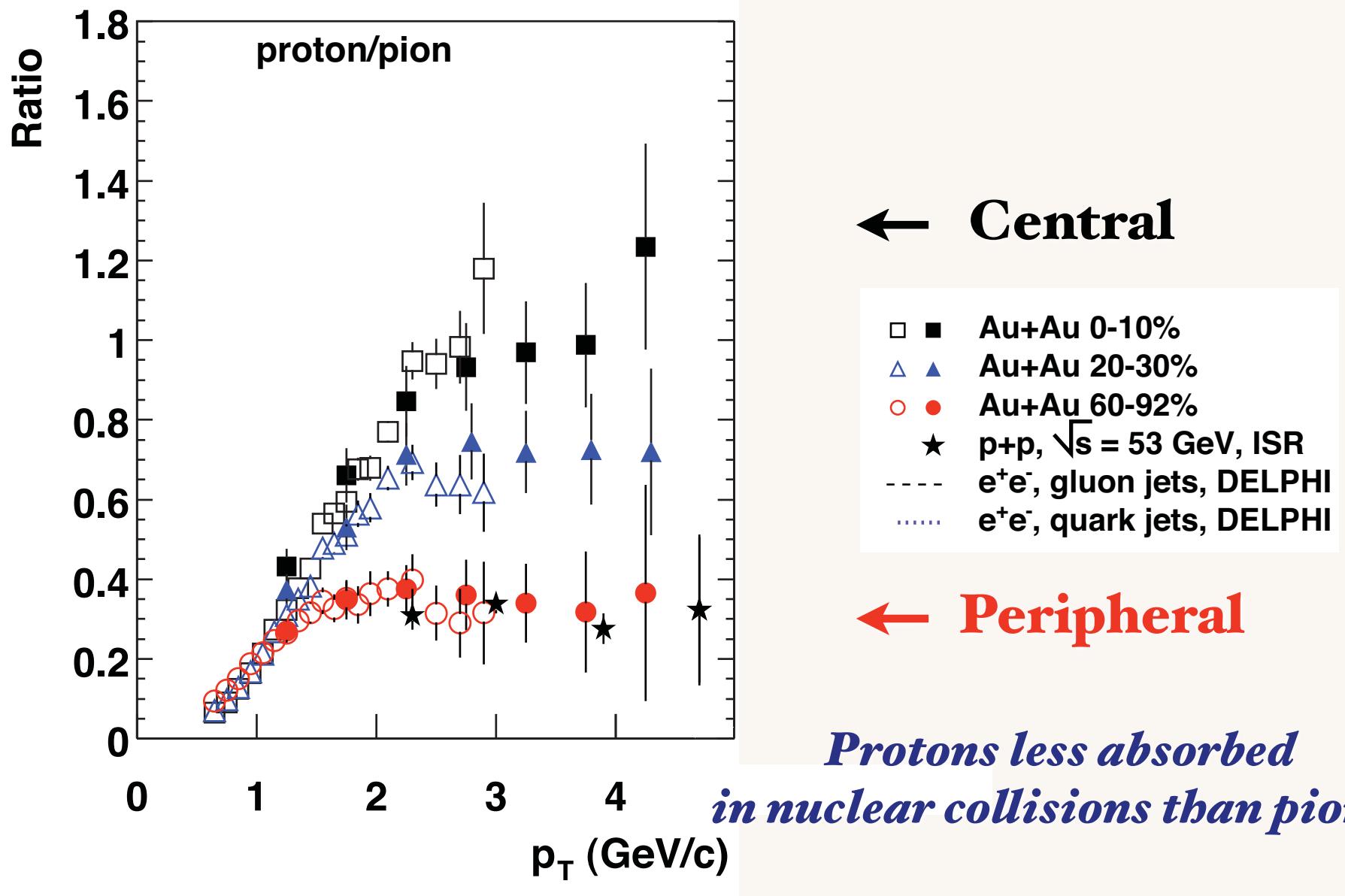


Rutherford
May 30, 2008

AdS/QCD
136

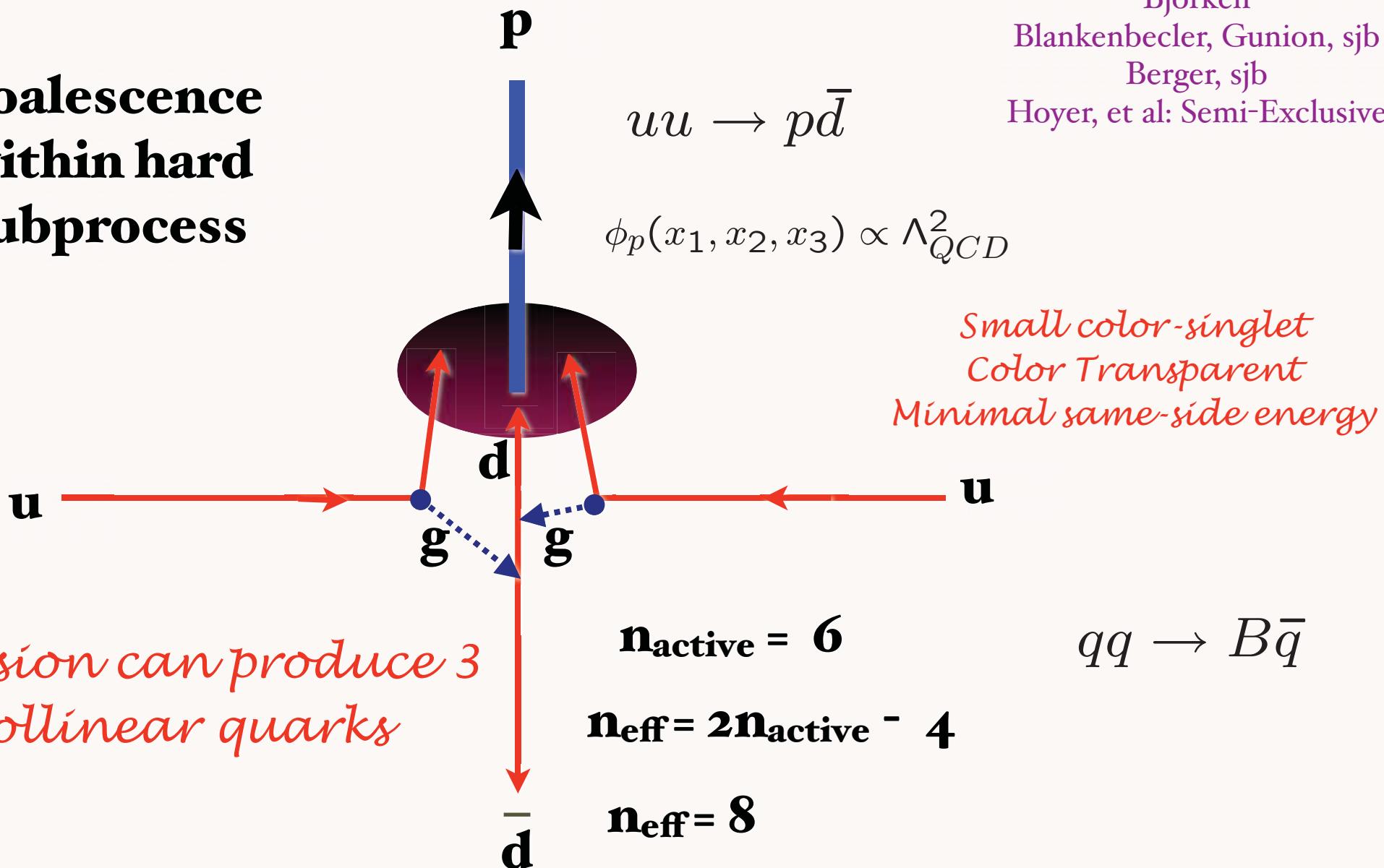
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Particle ratio changes with centrality!



Baryon can be made directly within hard subprocess

Coalescence within hard subprocess



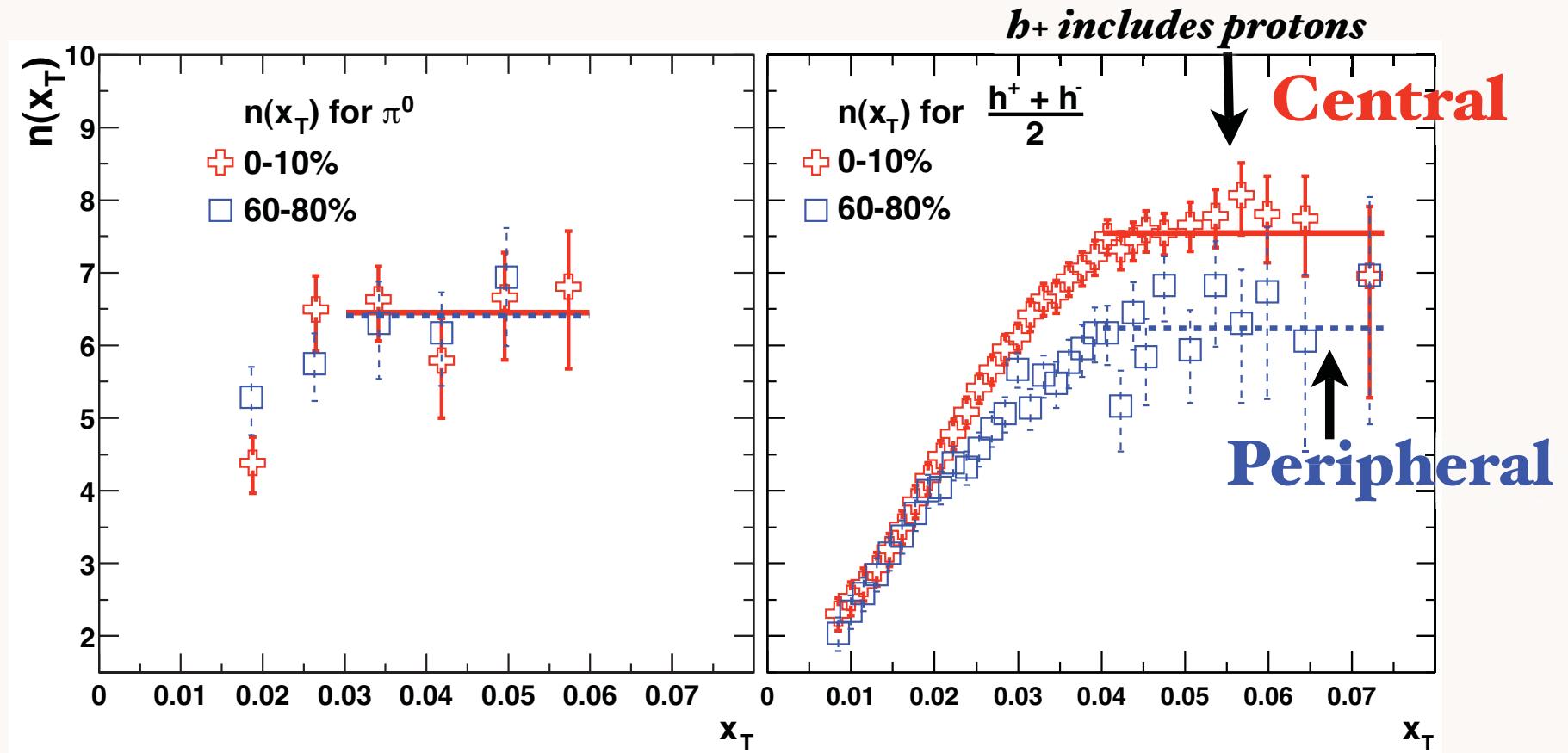
Rutherford
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AdS/QCD
138

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Power-law exponent $n(x_T)$ for π^0 and h spectra in central and peripheral Au+Au collisions at $\sqrt{s_{NN}} = 130$ and 200 GeV

S. S. Adler, *et al.*, PHENIX Collaboration, *Phys. Rev. C* **69**, 034910 (2004) [nucl-ex/0308006].



Proton production dominated by
color-transparent direct high n_{eff} subprocesses

Rutherford
May 30, 2008

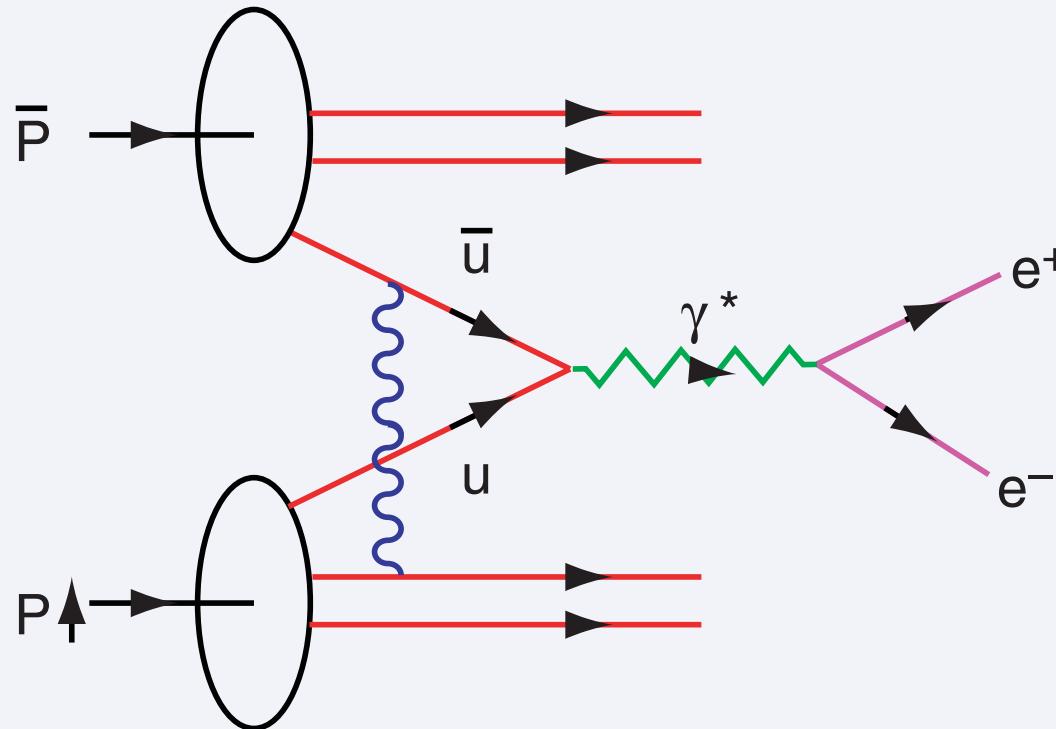
AdS/QCD
I39

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Hadron Dynamics at the Amplitude Level

- LFWFs are the universal hadronic amplitudes which underlie structure functions, GPDs, exclusive processes, distribution amplitudes, direct subprocesses, hadronization.
- Relation of spin, momentum, and other distributions to physics of the hadron itself.
- Connections between observables, orbital angular momentum
- Role of FSI and ISIs--Sivers effect

Predict Opposite Sign SSA in DY !



Collins;
Hwang, Schmidt.
sjb

Single Spin Asymmetry In the Drell Yan Process

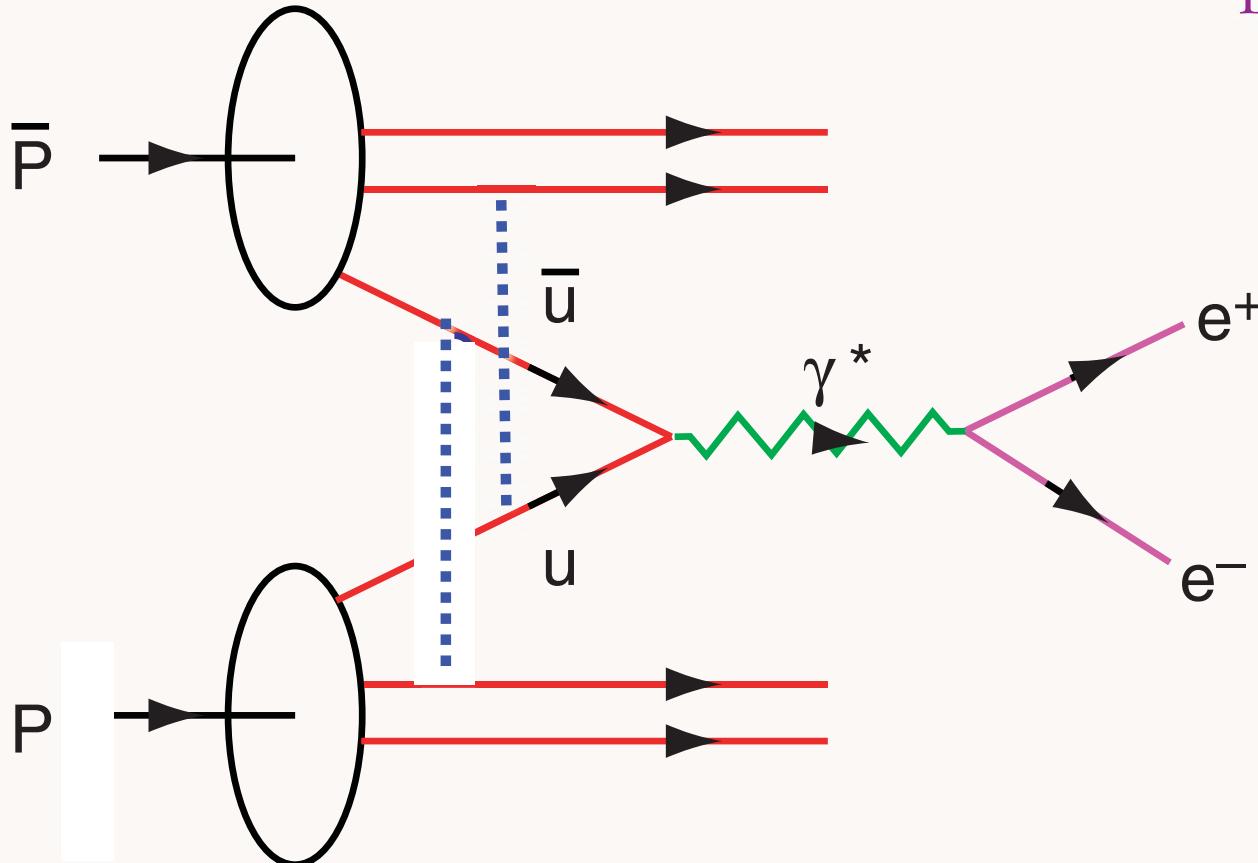
$$\vec{S}_p \cdot \vec{p} \times \vec{q}_{\gamma^*}$$

Quarks Interact in the Initial State

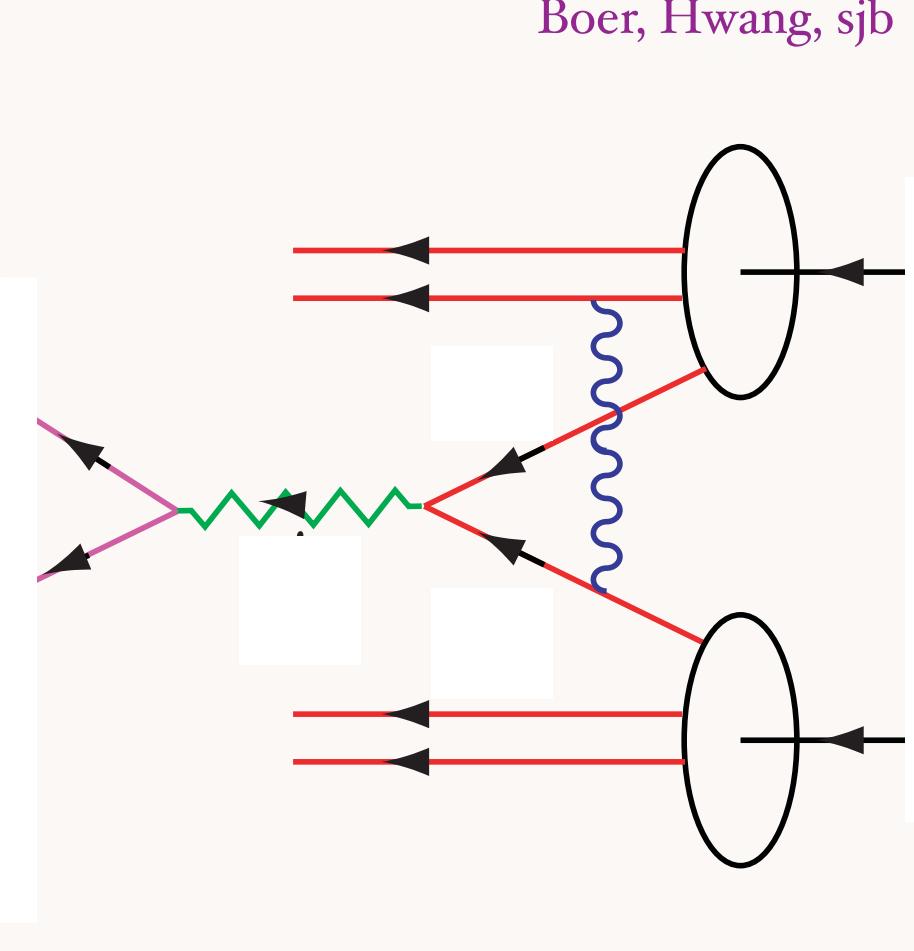
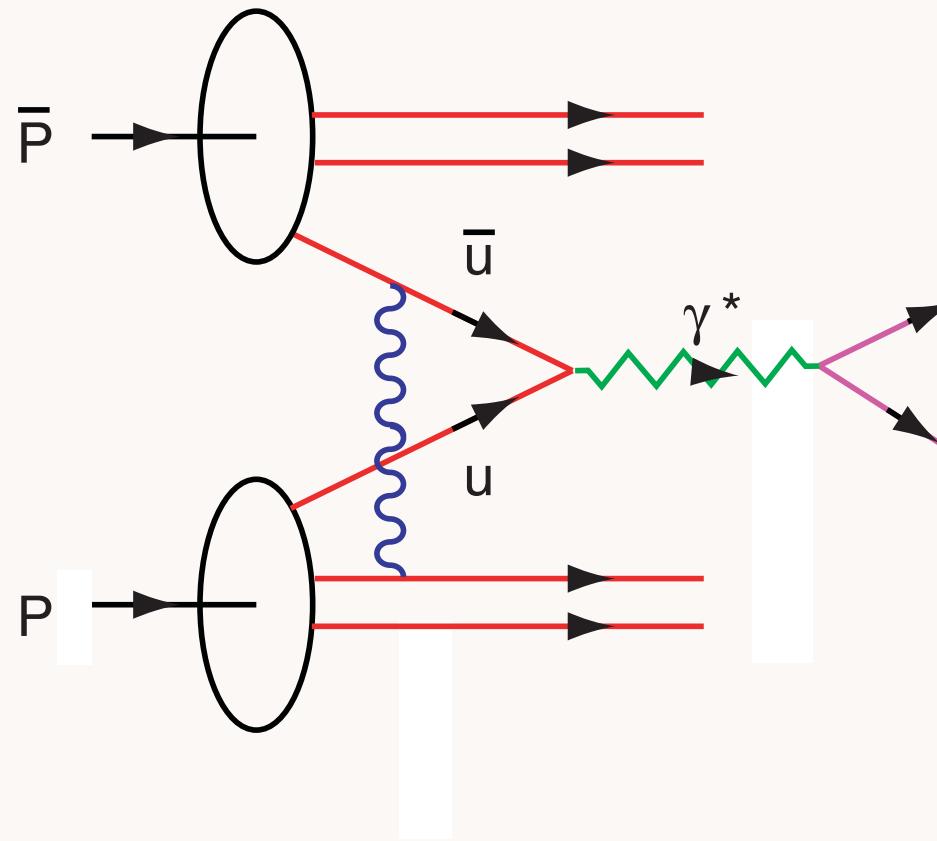
Interference of Coulomb Phases for S and P states

Produce Single Spin Asymmetry [Siver's Effect] Proportional
to the Proton Anomalous Moment and α_s .

Opposite Sign to DIS! No Factorization



DY $\cos 2\phi$ correlation at leading twist from double ISI



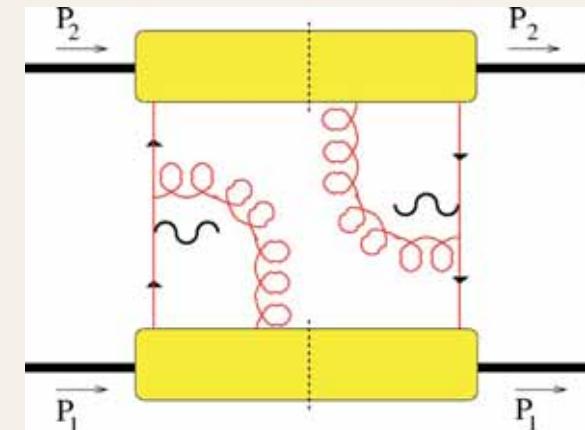
DY $\cos 2\phi$ correlation at leading twist from double ISI

Anomalous effect from Double ISI in Massive Lepton Production

Boer, Hwang, sjb

$\cos 2\phi$ correlation

- Leading Twist, valence quark dominated
- Violates Lam-Tung Relation!
- Not obtained from standard PQCD subprocess analysis
- Normalized to the square of the single spin asymmetry in semi-inclusive DIS
- No polarization required
- Challenge to standard picture of PQCD Factorization



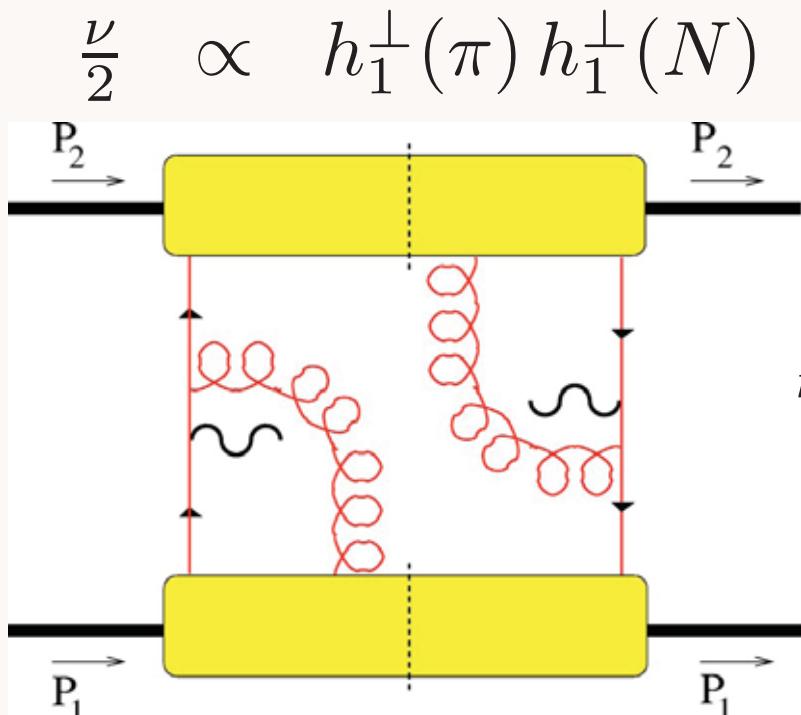
Double Initial-State Interactions

generate anomalous $\cos 2\phi$
Drell-Yan planar correlations

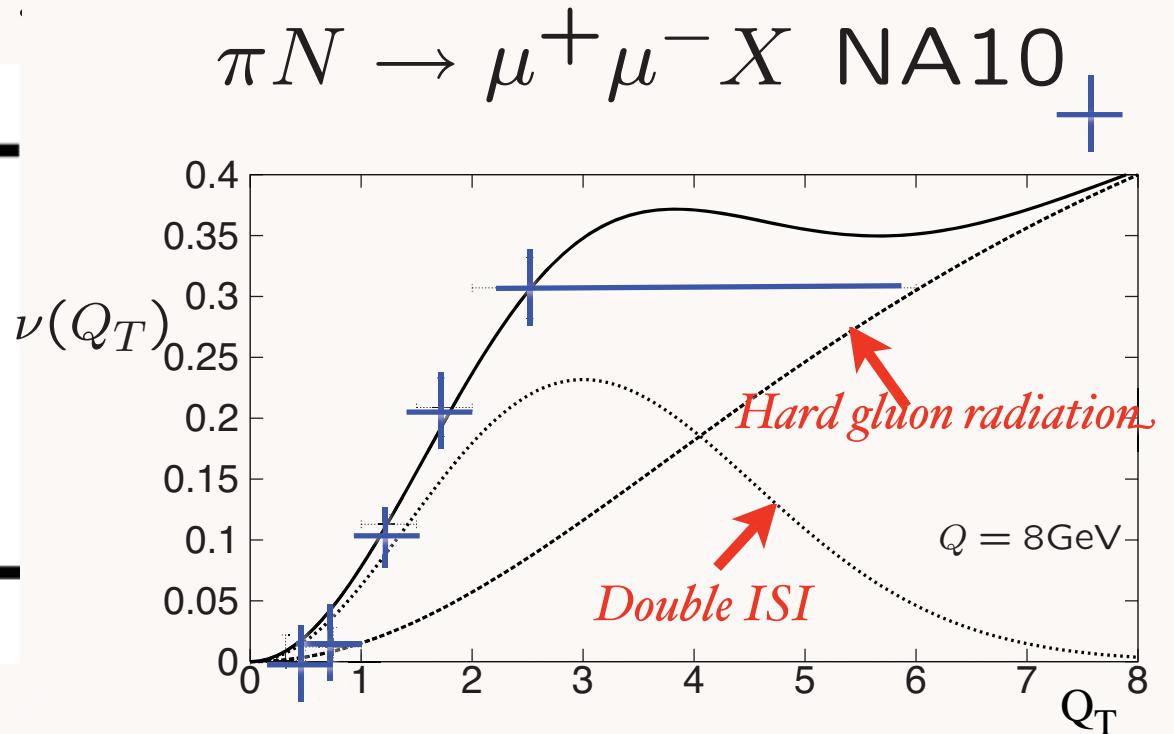
Boer, Hwang, sjb

$$\frac{1}{\sigma} \frac{d\sigma}{d\Omega} \propto \left(1 + \lambda \cos^2 \theta + \mu \sin 2\theta \cos \phi + \frac{\nu}{2} \sin^2 \theta \cos 2\phi \right)$$

PQCD Factorization (Lam Tung): $1 - \lambda - 2\nu = 0$



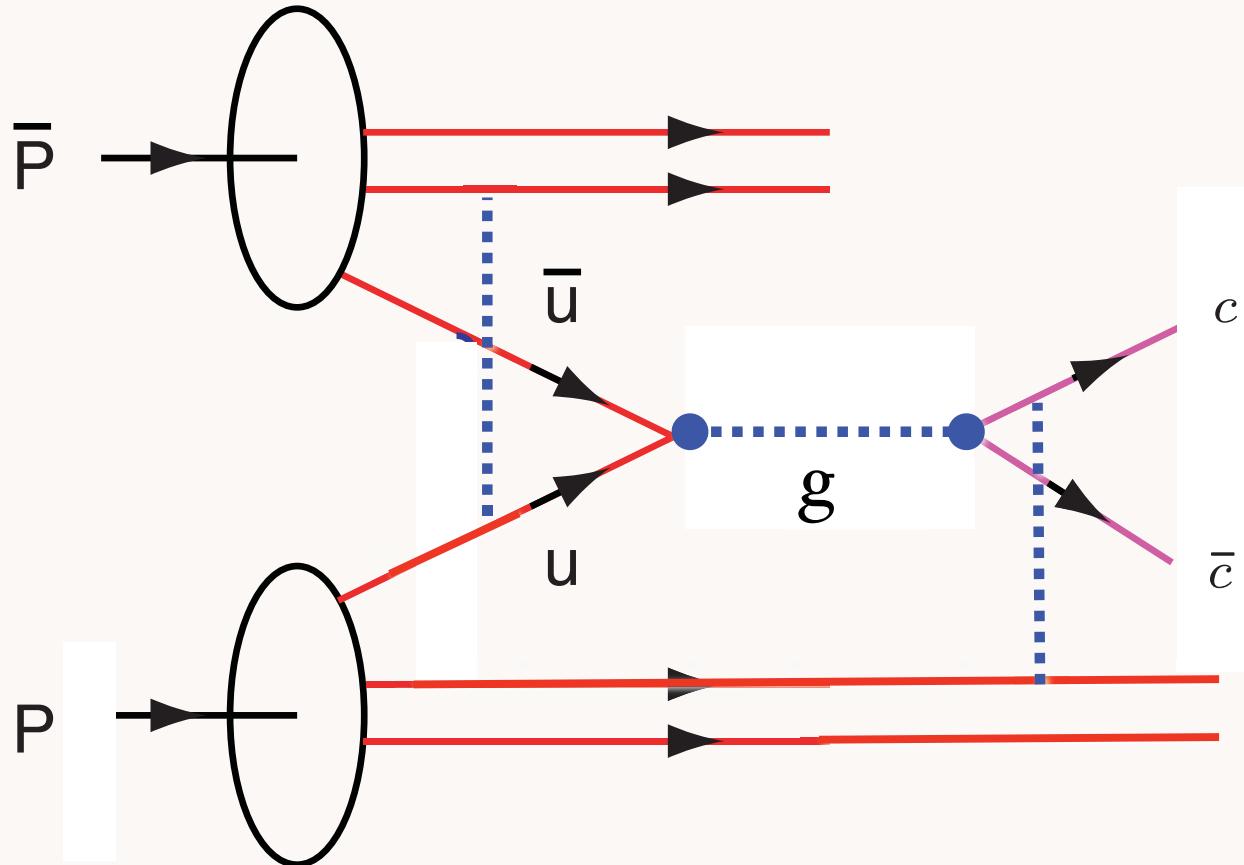
Violates Lam-Tung relation!



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AdS/QCD
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Model: Boer,
Stan Brodsky
SLAC & IPPP

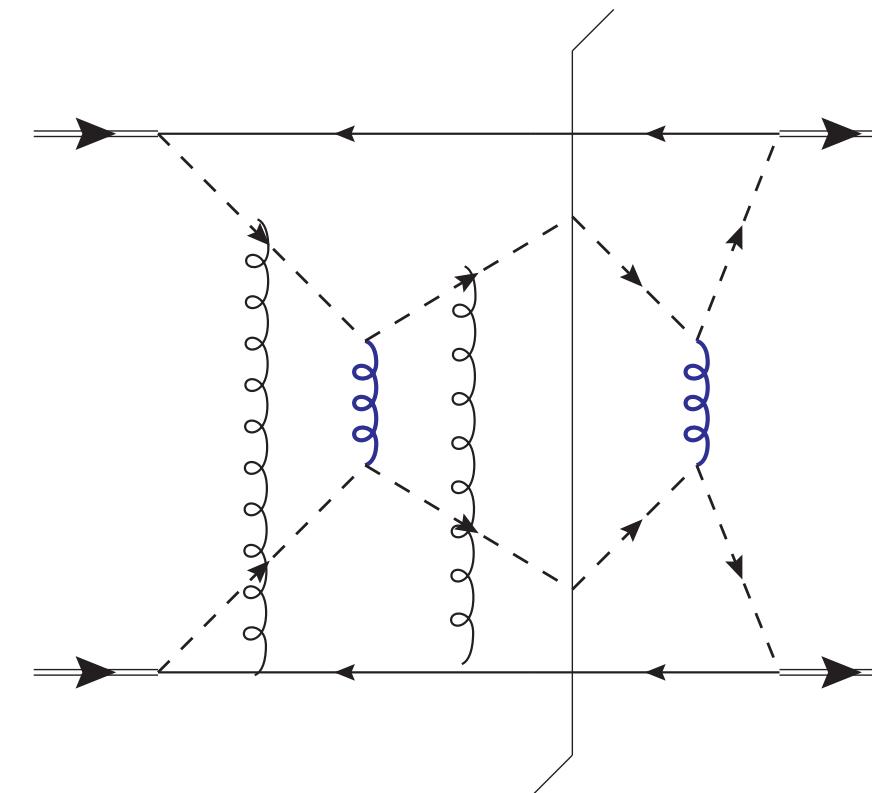


Problem for factorization when both ISI and FSI occur

Factorization is violated in production of high-transverse-momentum particles in hadron-hadron collisions

John Collins, [Jian-Wei Qiu](#) . ANL-HEP-PR-07-25, May 2007.

e-Print: [arXiv:0705.2141 \[hep-ph\]](#)



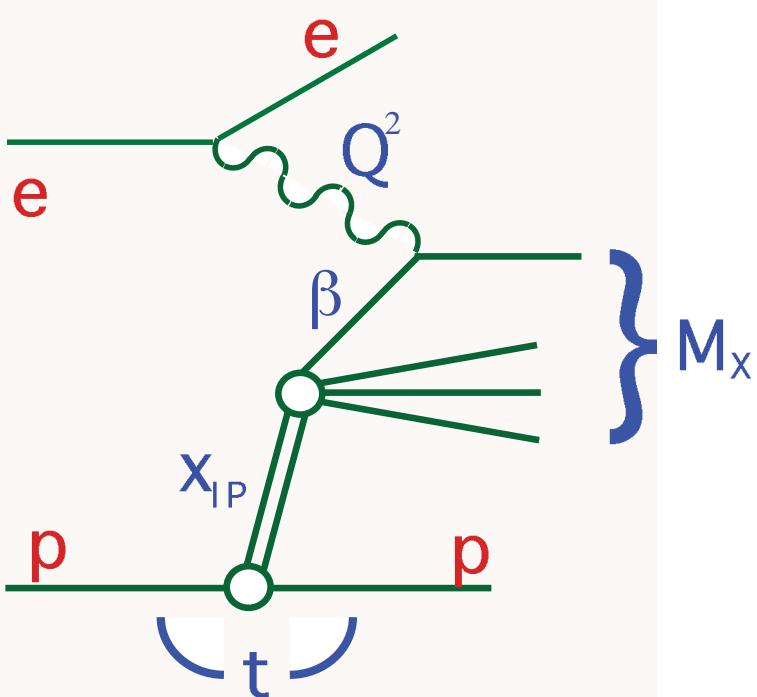
The exchange of two extra gluons, as in this graph, will tend to give non-factorization in unpolarized cross sections.

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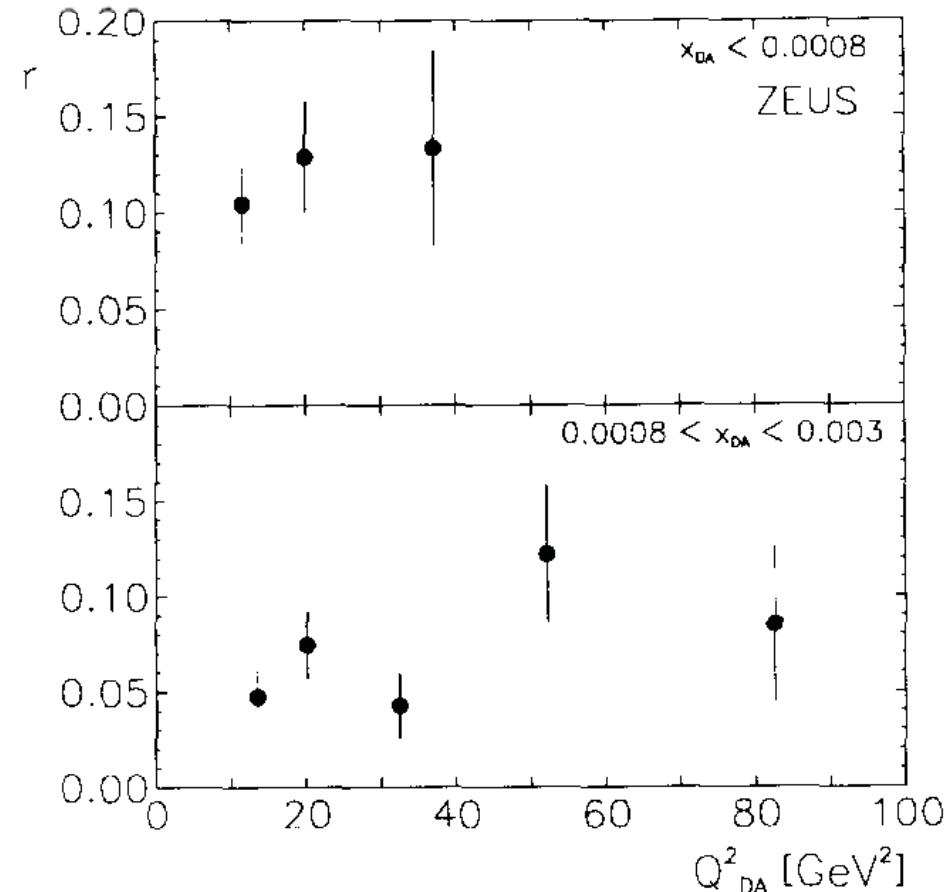
AdS/QCD
147

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Remarkable observation at HERA

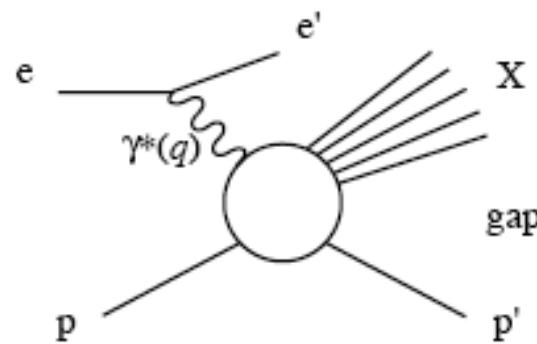


*10% to 15%
of DIS events
are
diffractive!*



Fraction r of events with a large rapidity gap, $\eta_{\max} < 1.5$, as a function of Q^2_{DA} for two ranges of x_{DA} . No acceptance corrections have been applied.

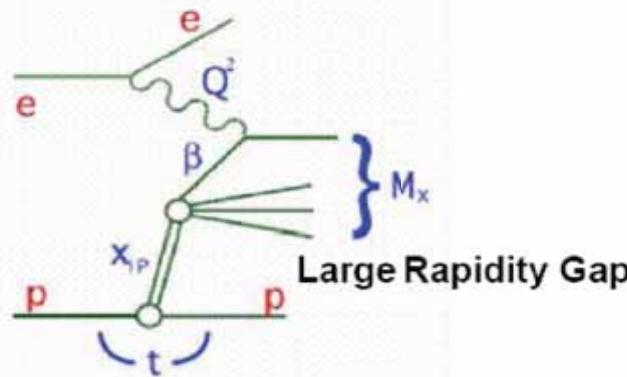
M. Derrick et al. [ZEUS Collaboration], Phys. Lett. B 315, 481 (1993).



- In a large fraction ($\sim 10\text{--}15\%$) of DIS events, the proton escapes intact, keeping a large fraction of its initial momentum
- This leaves a large *rapidity gap* between the proton and the produced particles
- The t -channel exchange must be *color singlet* \rightarrow a pomeron??

Diffractive Deep Inelastic Lepton-Proton Scattering

Diffractive Structure Function F_2^D



Diffractive inclusive cross section

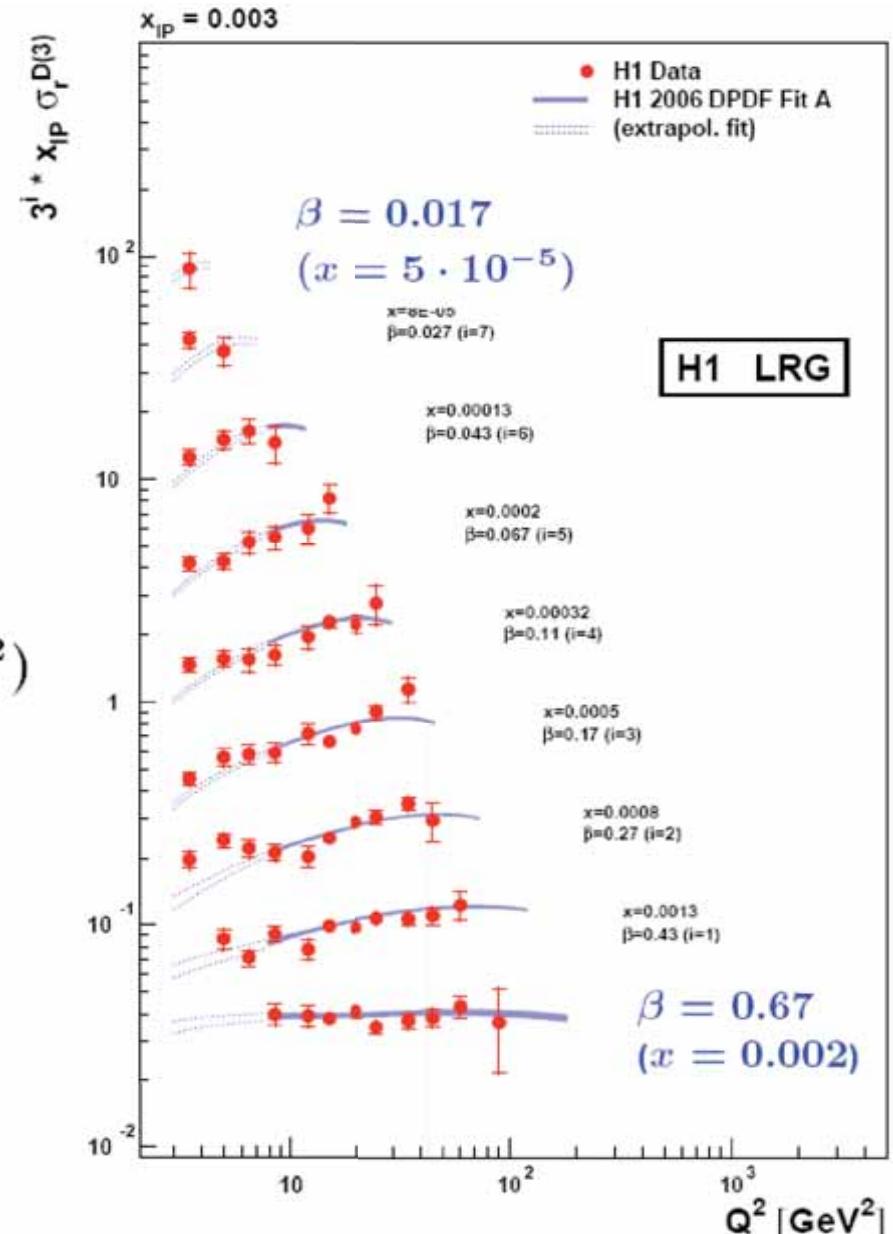
$$\frac{d^3\sigma_{NC}^{diff}}{dx_{IP} d\beta dQ^2} \propto \frac{2\pi\alpha^2}{xQ^4} F_2^{D(3)}(x_{IP}, \beta, Q^2)$$

$$F_2^D(x_{IP}, \beta, Q^2) = f(x_{IP}) \cdot F_2^{IP}(\beta, Q^2)$$

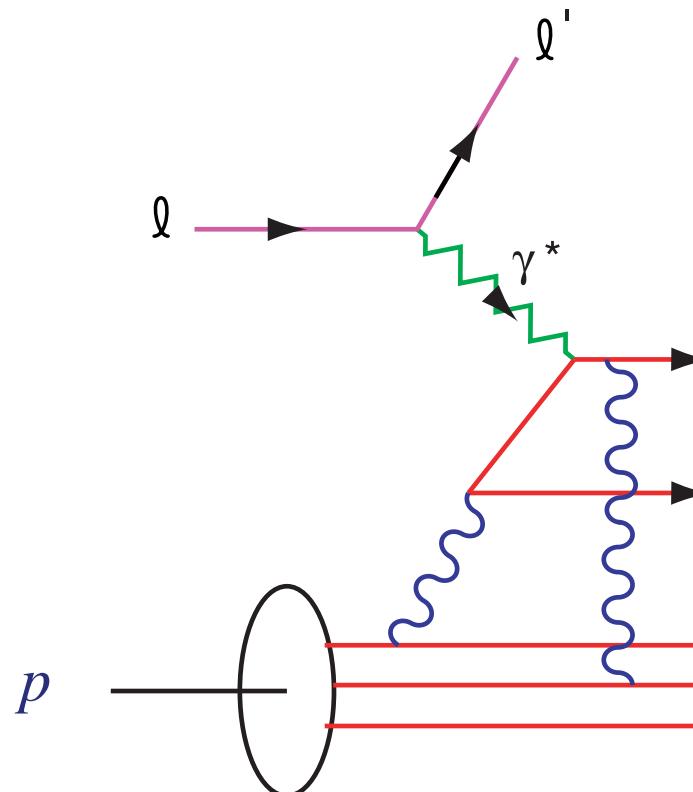
extract DPDF and $xg(x)$ from scaling violation

Large kinematic domain $3 < Q^2 < 1600 \text{ GeV}^2$

Precise measurements sys 5%, stat 5–20%



Final-State Interaction Produces Diffractive DIS



Quark Rescattering

Hoyer, Marchal, Peigne, Sannino, SJB (BHM)

Enberg, Hoyer, Ingelman, SJB

Hwang, Schmidt, SJB

1-2005
8711A18

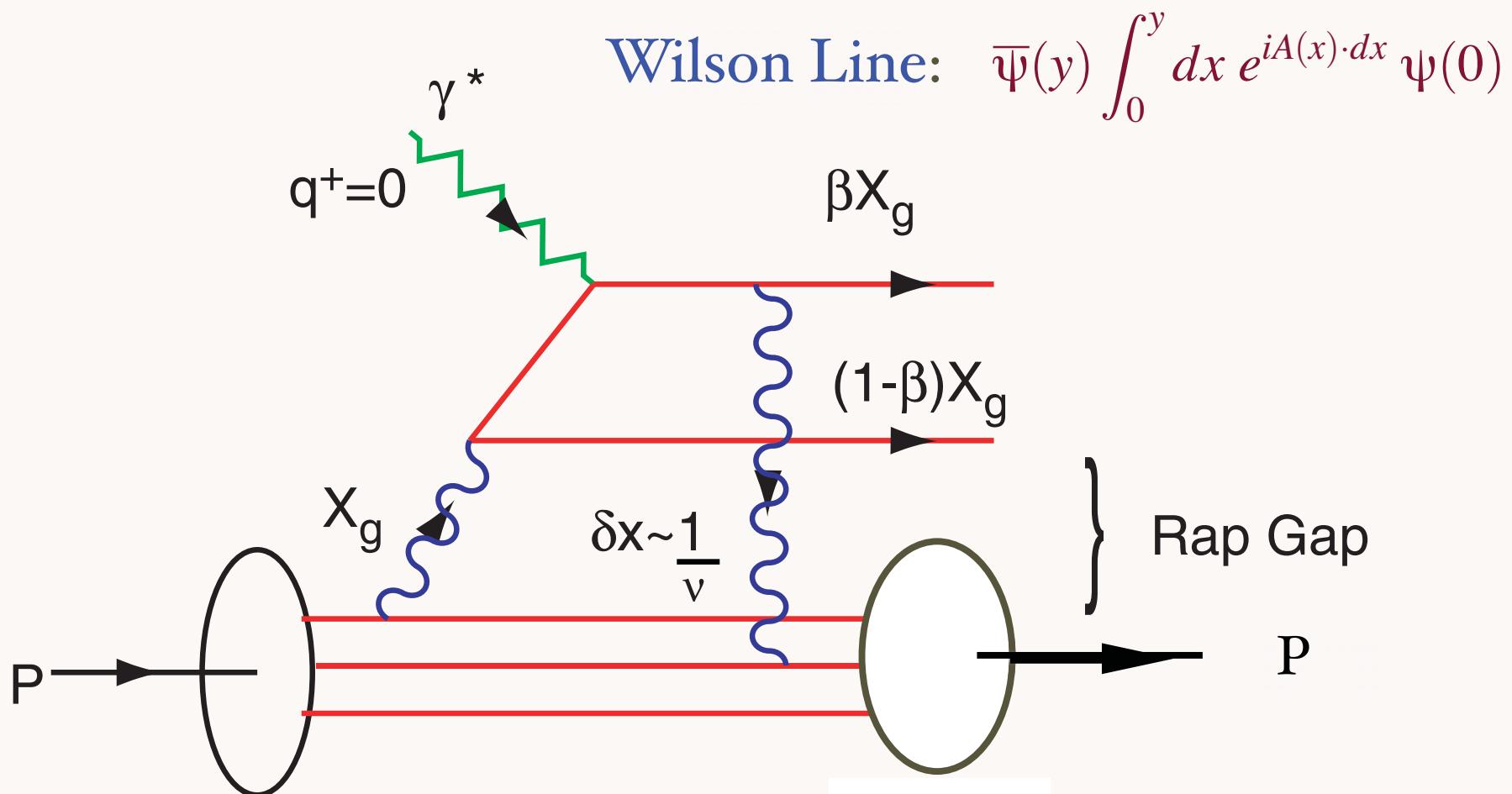
Low-Nussinov model of Pomeron

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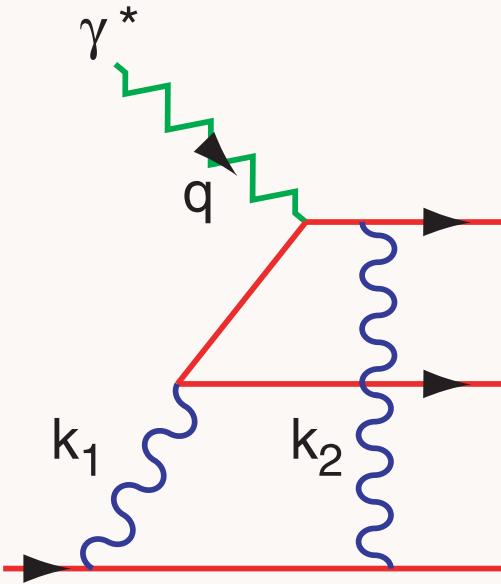
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QCD Mechanism for Rapidity Gaps

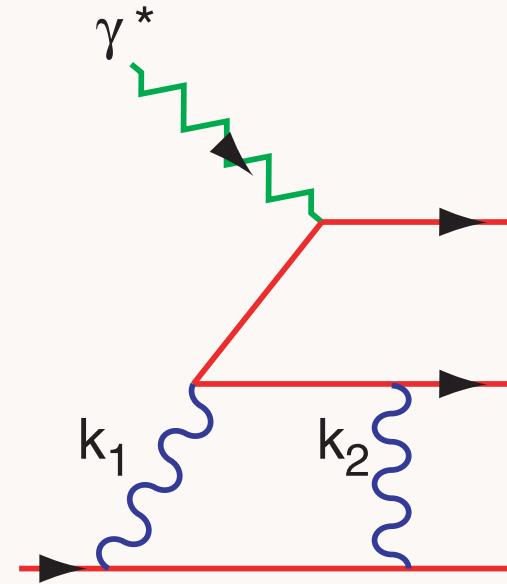


Reproduces lab-frame color dipole approach

Final State Interactions in QCD

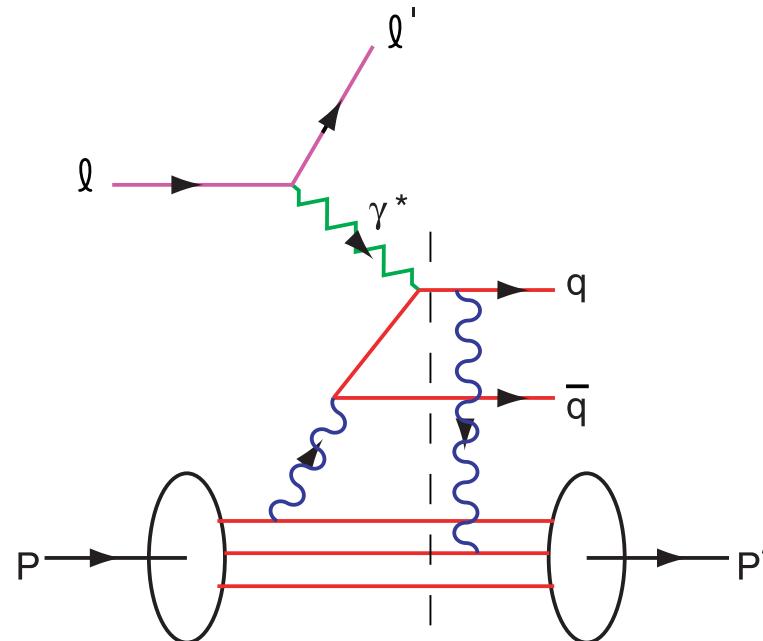


Feynman Gauge



Light-Cone Gauge

Result is Gauge Independent



Integration over on-shell domain produces phase i

Need Imaginary Phase to Generate Pomeron

Need Imaginary Phase to Generate
T-Odd Single-Spin Asymmetry

Physics of FSI not in Wavefunction of Target

Physics of Rescattering

- Sivers Asymmetry and Diffractive DIS: New Insights into Final State Interactions in QCD
- Origin of Hard Pomeron
- Structure Functions not Probability Distributions!
- T-odd SSAs, Shadowing, Antishadowing
- Diffractive dijets/ trijets, doubly diffractive Higgs
- Novel Effects: Color Transparency, Color Opaqueness, Intrinsic Charm, Odderon

Physics of Rescattering

- Diffractive DIS
- Non-Unitary Correction to DIS: Structure functions are not probability distributions
- Nuclear Shadowing, Antishadowing- Not in Target WF
- Single Spin Asymmetries -- opposite sign in DY and DIS
- DY $\cos 2\phi_\perp$ distribution at leading twist from double ISI-- not given by PQCD factorization -- breakdown of factorization!
- Wilson Line Effects not even in LCG
- Must correct hard subprocesses for initial and final-state soft gluon attachments
- Corrections to Handbag Approximation in DVCS!

Hoyer, Marchal, Peigne, Sannino, sjb

Light-Front QCD Phenomenology

- Hidden color, Intrinsic glue, sea, Color Transparency
- Near Conformal Behavior of LFWFs at Short Distances; PQCD constraints
- Vanishing anomalous gravitomagnetic moment
- Relation between edm and anomalous magnetic moment
- Cluster Decomposition Theorem for relativistic systems
- OPE: DGLAP, ERBL evolution; invariant mass scheme

“Dangling Gluons”

- Diffractive DIS Bodwin, Lepage, sjb
Hoyer, Marchal, Peigne, Sannino, sjb
- Non-Unitary Correction to DIS: Structure functions are not probability distributions
- Nuclear Shadowing, Antishadowing
- Single Spin Asymmetries -- opposite sign in DY and DIS
- DY $\cos 2\phi$ correlation at leading twist from double ISI-- not given by standard PQCD factorization
- Wilson Line Effects persist even in LCG
- Must correct hard subprocesses for initial and final-state soft gluon attachments -- Ji gauge link, Kovchegov gauge

$$|p, S_z\rangle = \sum_{n=3} \Psi_n(x_i, \vec{k}_{\perp i}, \lambda_i) |n; \vec{k}_{\perp i}, \lambda_i\rangle$$

sum over states with n=3, 4, ... constituents

The Light Front Fock State Wavefunctions

$$\Psi_n(x_i, \vec{k}_{\perp i}, \lambda_i)$$

are boost invariant; they are independent of the hadron's energy and momentum P^μ .

The light-cone momentum fraction

$$x_i = \frac{k_i^+}{p^+} = \frac{k_i^0 + k_i^z}{P^0 + P^z}$$

are boost invariant.

$$\sum_i^n k_i^+ = P^+, \quad \sum_i^n x_i = 1, \quad \sum_i^n \vec{k}_i^\perp = \vec{0}^\perp.$$

Intrinsic heavy quarks

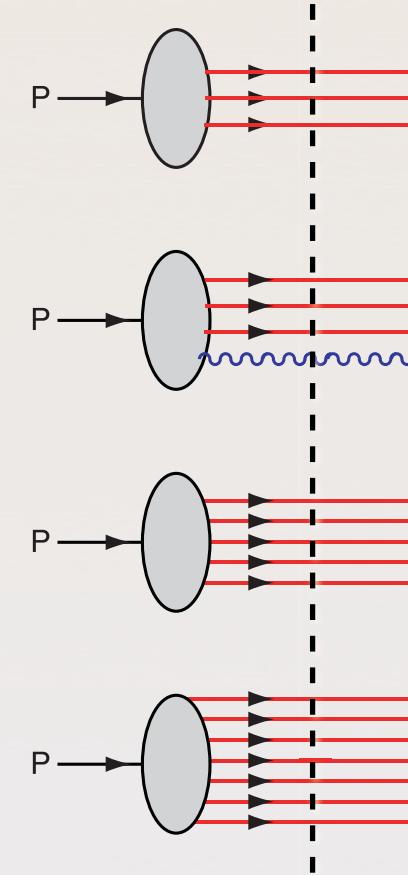
Mueller: BFKL DYNAMICS

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$$\bar{u}(x) \neq \bar{d}(x)$$

$$\bar{s}(x) \neq s(x)$$

AdS/QCD
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Fixed LF time

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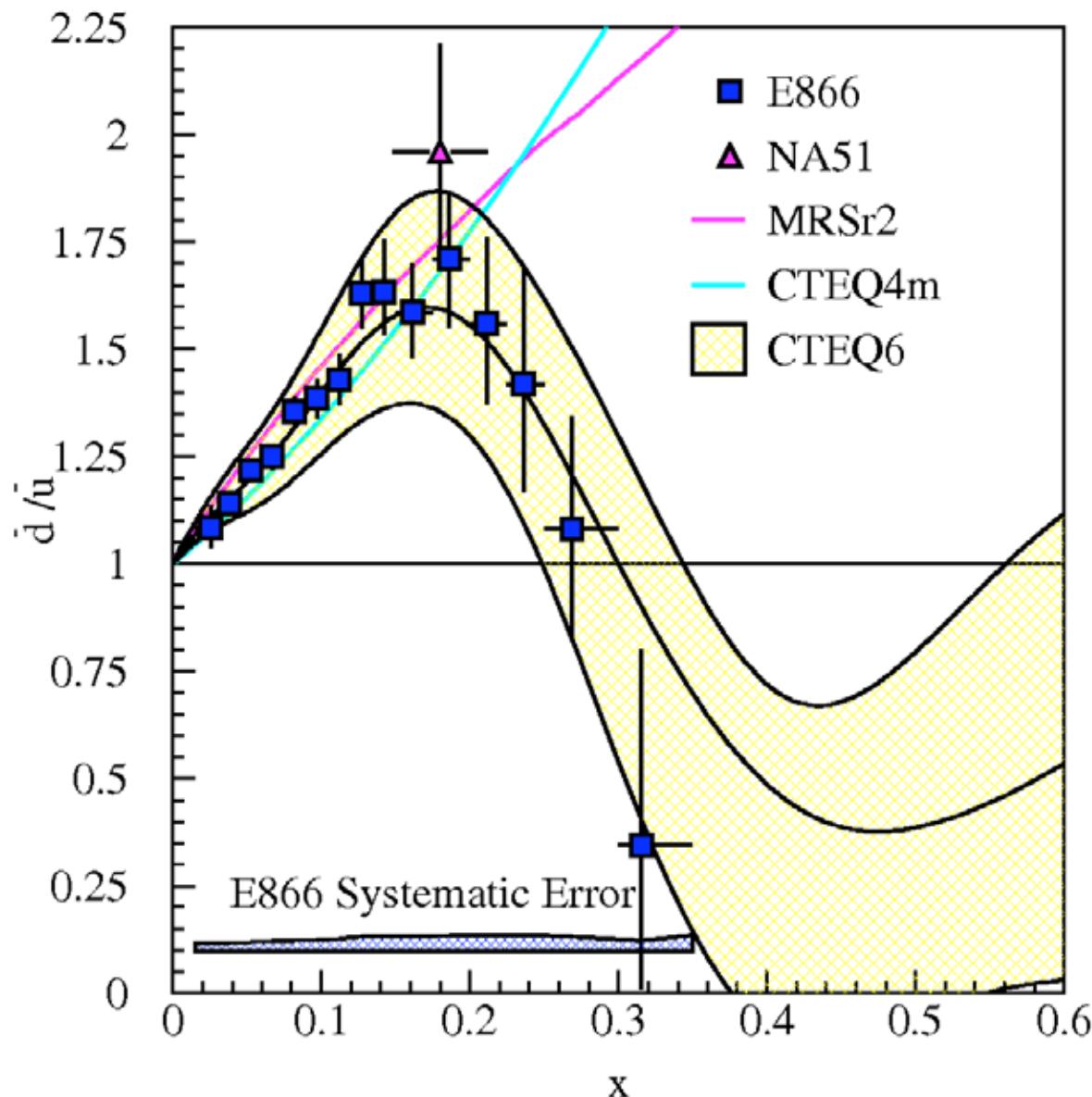
Light Antiquark Flavor Asymmetry

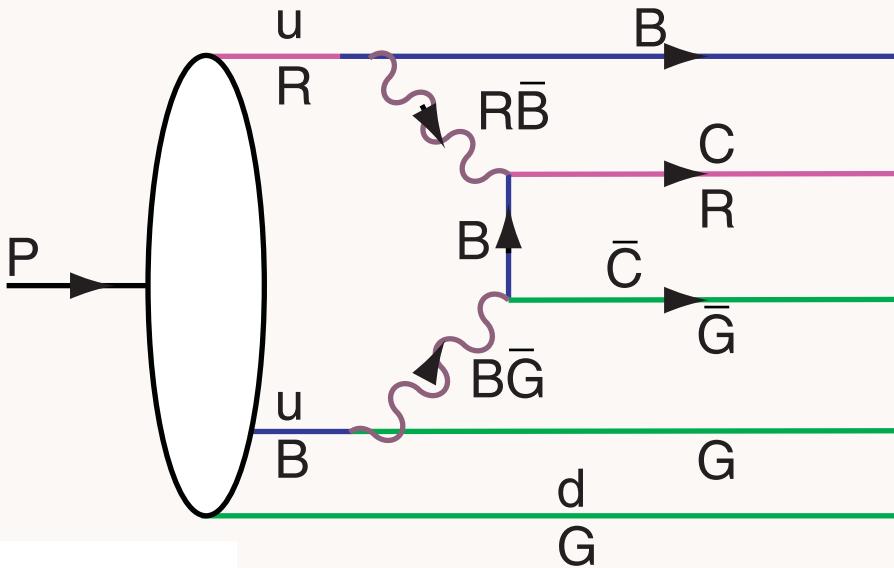
- Naïve Assumption from gluon splitting:

$$\bar{d}(x) = \bar{u}(x)$$

- E866/NuSea (Drell-Yan)

$\bar{d}(x)/\bar{u}(x)$ for $0.015 \leq x \leq 0.35$





$|uudc\bar{c}|$ Fluctuation in Proton
QCD: Probability $\sim \frac{\Lambda_{QCD}^2}{M_Q^2}$

$|e^+e^-\ell^+\ell^-|$ Fluctuation in Positronium
QED: Probability $\sim \frac{(m_e\alpha)^4}{M_\ell^4}$

OPE derivation - M.Polyakov et al.

$$\langle p | \frac{G_{\mu\nu}^3}{m_Q^2} | p \rangle \text{ vs. } \langle p | \frac{F_{\mu\nu}^4}{m_\ell^4} | p \rangle$$

$c\bar{c}$ in Color Octet

Distribution peaks at equal rapidity (velocity)
Therefore heavy particles carry the largest momentum fractions

$$\hat{x}_i = \frac{m_{\perp i}}{\sum_j^n m_{\perp j}}$$

High x charm!

Hoyer, Peterson, Sakai, sjb

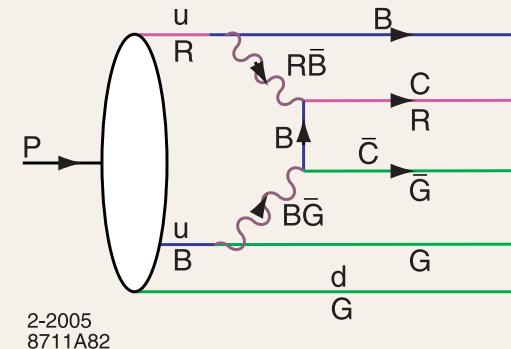
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Intrinsic Heavy-Quark Fock States

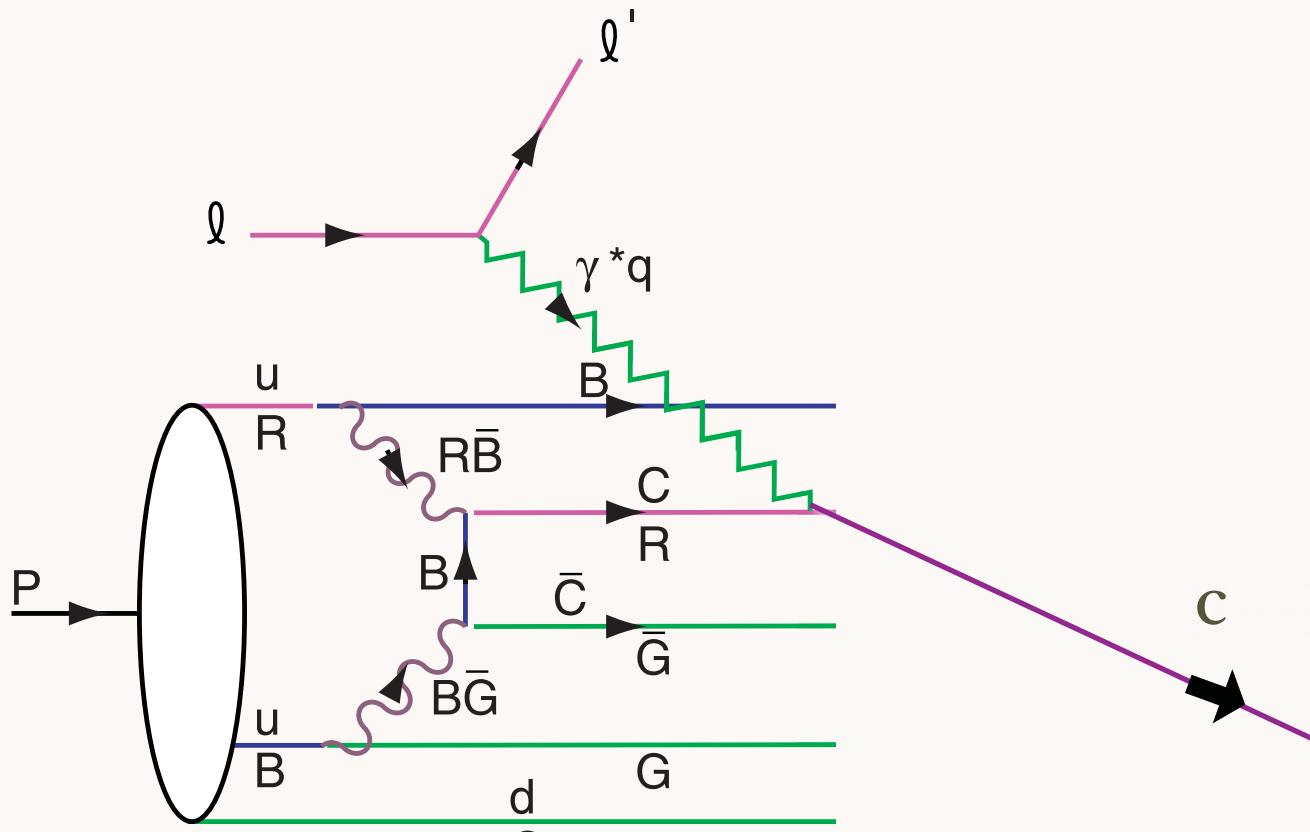
- Rigorous prediction of QCD, OPE



- Color - Octet + Color - Octet Fock State!

- Probability $P_{Q\bar{Q}} \propto \frac{1}{M_Q^2}$ $P_{Q\bar{Q}Q\bar{Q}} \sim \alpha_s^2 P_{Q\bar{Q}}$ $P_{c\bar{c}/p} \simeq 1\%$
- Large Effect at high x
- Greatly increases kinematics of colliders such as Higgs production (Kopeliovich, Schmidt, Soffer, sjb)
- Severely underestimated in conventional parameterizations of heavy quark distributions (Pumplin, Tung)
- Many empirical tests

Measure $c(x)$ in Deep Inelastic Lepton-Proton Scattering



1-2005
8711A83

Hoyer, Peterson, SJB

Rutherford
May 30, 2008

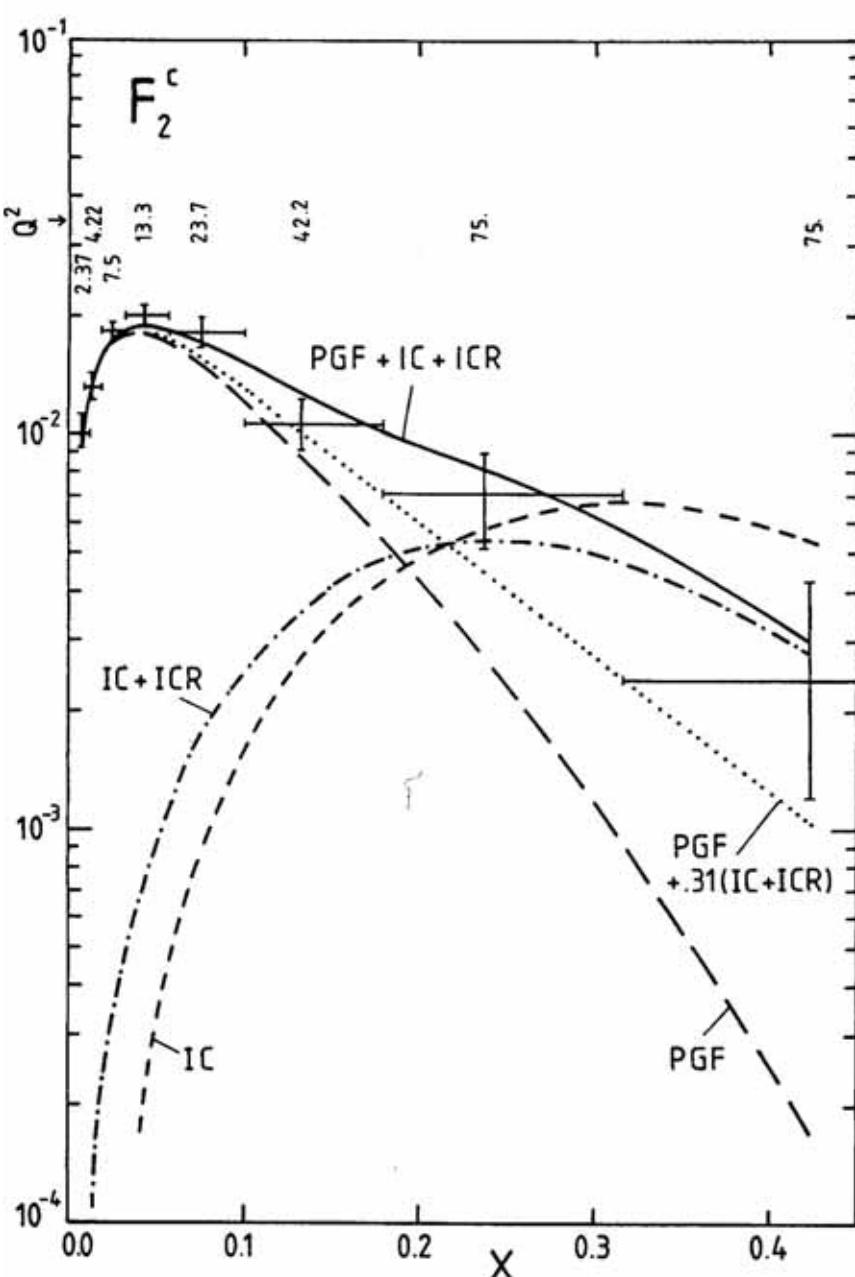
AdS/QCD
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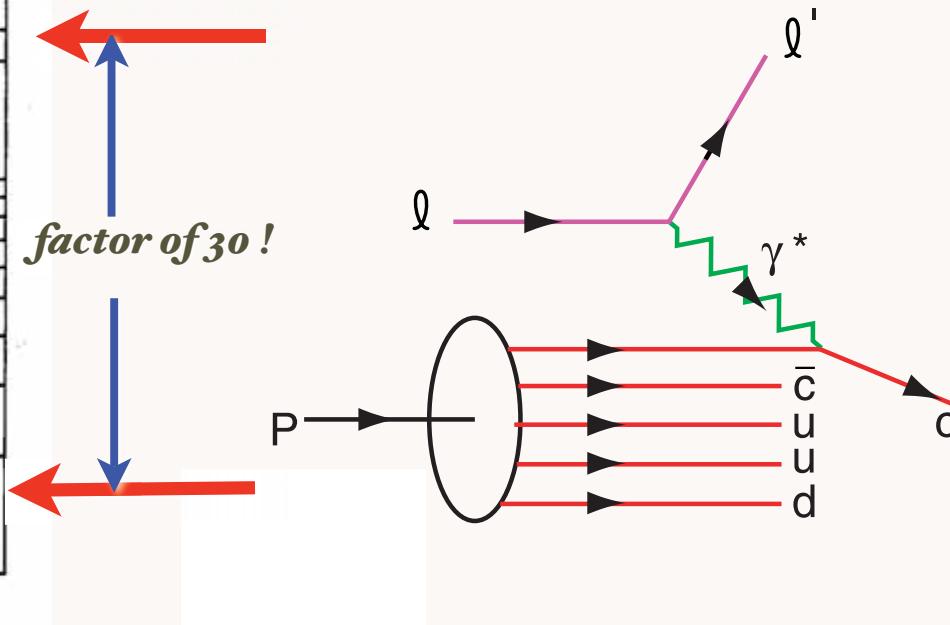
Measurement of Charm Structure Function

J. J. Aubert et al. [European Muon Collaboration], “Production Of Charmed Particles In 250-Gev Mu+ - Iron Interactions,” Nucl. Phys. B 213, 31 (1983).

First Evidence for
Intrinsic Charm



factor of 30 !



DGLAP / Photon-Gluon Fusion: factor of 30 too small

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- EMC data: $c(x, Q^2) > 30 \times$ DGLAP
 $Q^2 = 75 \text{ GeV}^2, x = 0.42$
- High x_F $pp \rightarrow J/\psi X$
- High x_F $pp \rightarrow J/\psi J/\psi X$
- High x_F $pp \rightarrow \Lambda_c X$
- High x_F $pp \rightarrow \Lambda_b X$
- High x_F $pp \rightarrow \Xi(ccd)X$ (SELEX)

Novel Heavy Flavor Physics

- LFWFS -- remarkable model from AdS/CFT
- AdS/CFT: Hadron Spectra and Dynamics, Counting Rules
- Intrinsic Charm and Bottom: rigorous prediction of QCD
- B decays: Many Novel QCD Effects
- Exclusive Channels: QCD at Amplitude Level
- Test B-analyses in other hard exclusive reactions, such as two-photon reactions
- Initial and Final State QCD Interactions -- Breakdown of QCD Factorization in Heavy Quark Hadroproduction!
- Renormalization scale not arbitrary

String Theory



AdS/CFT

Mapping of Poincare' and
Conformal $SO(4,2)$ symmetries of 3
+1 space
to AdS_5 space

Goal: First Approximant to QCD

Counting rules for Hard
Exclusive Scattering
Regge Trajectories
QCD at the Amplitude Level

AdS/QCD

Conformal behavior at short
distances
+ Confinement at large
distance

Semi-Classical QCD / Wave Equations

Holography

Boost Invariant 3+1 Light-Front Wave Equations

$J=0, 1, 1/2, 3/2$ plus L

Integrable!

Hadron Spectra, Wavefunctions, Dynamics

New Perspectives on QCD Phenomena from AdS/CFT

- **AdS/CFT:** Duality between string theory in Anti-de Sitter Space and Conformal Field Theory
- New Way to Implement Conformal Symmetry
- Holographic Model: Conformal Symmetry at Short Distances, Confinement at large distances
- Remarkable predictions for hadronic spectra, wavefunctions, interactions
- AdS/CFT provides novel insights into the quark structure of hadrons

Outlook

- Only one scale Λ_{QCD} determines hadronic spectrum (slightly different for mesons and baryons).
- Ratio of Nucleon to Delta trajectories determined by zeroes of Bessel functions.
- String modes dual to baryons extrapolate to three fermion fields at zero separation in the AdS boundary.
- Only dimension 3, $\frac{9}{2}$ and 4 states $\bar{q}q$, qqq , and gg appear in the duality at the classical level!
- Non-zero orbital angular momentum and higher Fock-states require introduction of quantum fluctuations.
- Simple description of space and time-like structure of hadronic form factors.
- Dominance of quark-interchange in hard exclusive processes emerges naturally from the classical duality of the holographic model. Modified by gluonic quantum fluctuations.
- Covariant version of the bag model with confinement and conformal symmetry.

Light-Front Holography and AdS/QCD Correspondence.

[Stanley J. Brodsky](#), [Guy F. de Teramond](#) . SLAC-PUB-13220, Apr 2008. 14pp.

e-Print: [arXiv:0804.3562](#) [hep-ph]

Light-Front Dynamics and AdS/QCD Correspondence: Gravitational Form Factors of Composite Hadrons.

[Stanley J. Brodsky \(SLAC\)](#) , [Guy F. de Teramond \(Ecole Polytechnique, CPHT & Costa Rica U.\)](#) . SLAC-PUB-13192, Apr 2008. 12pp. e-Print: [arXiv:0804.0452](#) [hep-ph]

AdS/CFT and Light-Front QCD.

[Stanley J. Brodsky](#), [Guy F. de Teramond](#) . SLAC-PUB-13107, Feb 2008. 38pp.

Invited talk at International School of Subnuclear Physics: 45th Course: Searching for the "Totally Unexpected" in the LHC Era, Erice, Sicily, Italy, 29 Aug - 7 Sep 2007.

e-Print: [arXiv:0802.0514](#) [hep-ph]

AdS/CFT and Exclusive Processes in QCD.

[Stanley J. Brodsky](#), [Guy F. de Teramond](#) . SLAC-PUB-12804, Sep 2007. 29pp. [Temporary entry](#)

e-Print: [arXiv:0709.2072](#) [hep-ph]

Light-Front Dynamics and AdS/QCD Correspondence: The Pion Form Factor in the Space- and Time-Like Regions.

[Stanley J. Brodsky \(SLAC\)](#) , [Guy F. de Teramond \(Costa Rica U. & SLAC\)](#) . SLAC-PUB-12554, SLAC-PUB-12544, Jul 2007. 20pp.

Published in [Phys.Rev.D77:056007,2008](#).

e-Print: [arXiv:0707.3859](#) [hep-ph]

1. “Light-Front Dynamics and AdS/QCD: The Pion Form Factor in the Space- and Time-Like Regions”
 S. J. Brodsky and G. F. de Teramond
 arXiv:0707.3859 [hep-ph]
 SLAC-PUB-12554(2007) (Submitted to Phys.Rev.D)
2. “AdS/CFT and QCD”
 S. J. Brodsky and G. F. de Teramond
 arXiv:hep-th/0702205
 SLAC-PUB-12361(2007)
Invited talk at 2006 International Workshop on the Origin of Mass and Strong Coupling Gauge Theories (SCGT 06), Nagoya, Japan, 21-24 Nov 2006
3. “Hadronic spectra and light-front wavefunctions in holographic QCD”
 S. J. Brodsky and G. F. de Teramond
 Phys. Rev. Lett. **96**, 201601 (2006) [arXiv:hep-ph/0602252]
4. “Advances in light-front quantization and new perspectives for QCD from AdS/CFT”
 S. J. Brodsky and G. F. de Teramond
 Nucl. Phys. Proc. Suppl. **161**, 34 (2006)
Invited talk at Workshop on Light-Cone QCD and Nonperturbative Hadron Physics 2005 (LC 2005), Cairns, Queensland, Australia, 7-15 Jul 2005
5. “Hadron spectroscopy and wavefunctions in QCD and the AdS/CFT correspondence”
 S. J. Brodsky and G. F. de Teramond
 AIP Conf. Proc. **814**, 108 (2006) [arXiv:hep-ph/0510240]
Invited talk at 11th International Conference on Hadron Spectroscopy (Hadron05), Rio de Janeiro, Brazil, 21-26 Aug 2005

6. “Applications of AdS/CFT duality to QCD”

S. J. Brodsky and G. F. de Teramond

Int. J. Mod. Phys. A **21**, 762 (2006) [arXiv:hep-ph/0509269]

Invited talk at International Conference on QCD and Hadronic Physics, Beijing, China, 16-20 Jun 2005

7. “Nearly conformal QCD and AdS/CFT”

G. F. de Teramond and S. J. Brodsky

arXiv:hep-ph/0507273

SLAC-PUB-11375(2005)

Presented at 1st Workshop on Quark-Hadron Duality and the Transition to pQCD, Frascati, Rome, Italy, 6-8 Jun 2005

8. “The hadronic spectrum of a holographic dual of QCD”

G. F. de Teramond and S. J. Brodsky

Phys. Rev. Lett. **94**, 201601 (2005) [arXiv:hep-th/0501022]

9. “Baryonic states in QCD from gauge / string duality at large N(c)”

G. F. de Teramond and S. J. Brodsky

arXiv:hep-th/0409074

SLAC-PUB-10693(2004)

Presented at ECT Workshop on Large Nc QCD 2004, Trento, Italy, 5-9 Jul 2004*

10. “Light-front hadron dynamics and AdS/CFT correspondence”

S. J. Brodsky and G. F. de Teramond

Phys. Lett. B **582**, 211 (2004) [arXiv:hep-th/0310227]

A Few References: Bottom-up-Approach

- Derivation of dimensional counting rules of hard exclusive glueball scattering in AdS/CFT:
Polchinski and Strassler, hep-th/0109174.
- Deep inelastic scattering in AdS/CFT:
Polchinski and Strassler, hep-th/0209211.
- Unified description of the soft and hard pomeron in AdS/CFT:
Brower, Polchinski, Strassler and Tan, hep-th/0603115.
- Hadron couplings and form factors in AdS/CFT:
Hong, Yoon and Strassler, hep-th/0409118.
- Low lying meson spectra, chiral symmetry breaking and hadron couplings in AdS/QCD (Emphasis on axial and vector currents)
Erlich, Katz, Son and Stephanov, hep-ph/0501128,
Da Rold and Pomarol, hep-ph/0501218, hep-ph/0510268.

- Gluonium spectrum (top-bottom):

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