

MASSIVE OPEN ONLINE COURSES Larry Chu, MD, MS ASSOCIATE PROFESSOR OF ANESTHESIA STANFORD UNIVERSITY SCHOOL OF MEDICINE





INFORMATICS AND MEDIA LAB

AIM.STANFORD.EDU AIMLABSTANFORD@GMAIL.COM



AIM LAB FUNDING

Cedars-Sinai Medical Center St. Elizabeth's Medical Center University of Cincinnati University of Iowa SUNY Downstate Medical Center John H. Stroger, Jr. Hospital

University of Kansas-Wichita Mayo Clinic Tulane University University of Illinois Loyola Medical Center The Tides Foundation



Stanford University Department of Anesthesia Agency for Healthcare Research Quality IARS, National Institutes of Health

> Columbia University New York University Tufts University University of Rochester University of Tennessee San Antonio Foundation

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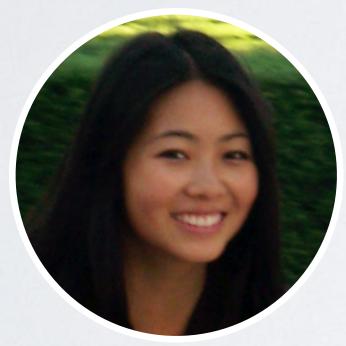
SOME OF THE PEOPLE WHO HELPED



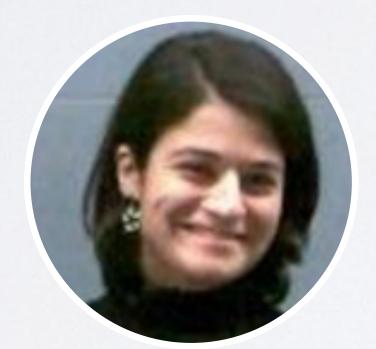
Amy Ahearn Learning Specialist Stanford AIM Lab



Janak Chandrasoma Education Fellow Stanford AIM Lab



Lynn Ngai Medical Student USC







Research Fellow HarvardX



Glenn Gravlee Professor Univ. Colorado





Andrea Traynor Associate Professor Univ. Colorado

Estee Piehl Assistant Professor Univ. Colorado

- George Washington University (Jeffrey Berger, MD)
- Harvard University Brigham and Women's Hospital (Rob Lekowski, MD)
- Harvard University Massachusetts General Hospital (Meredith Albrecht, MD)
- Yale University (Viji Kurup, MD)
- Tufts University (Iqbal Ahmed, MD)
- University of Rochester, New York (Carol Diachun, MD)
- University of Massachusetts (Elifce Cosar, MD and Ellie Duduch, MD)
- Tulane University (Michael Yarborough, MD)
- UC San Diego (Beverly Newhouse, MD)
- University of Alabama (Susan Black, MD and Lee Ann Riesenberg, MD)



CURRENT AIM LAB MOOC COURSES



Medical Education in the New Millennium

Engage + Empower Me

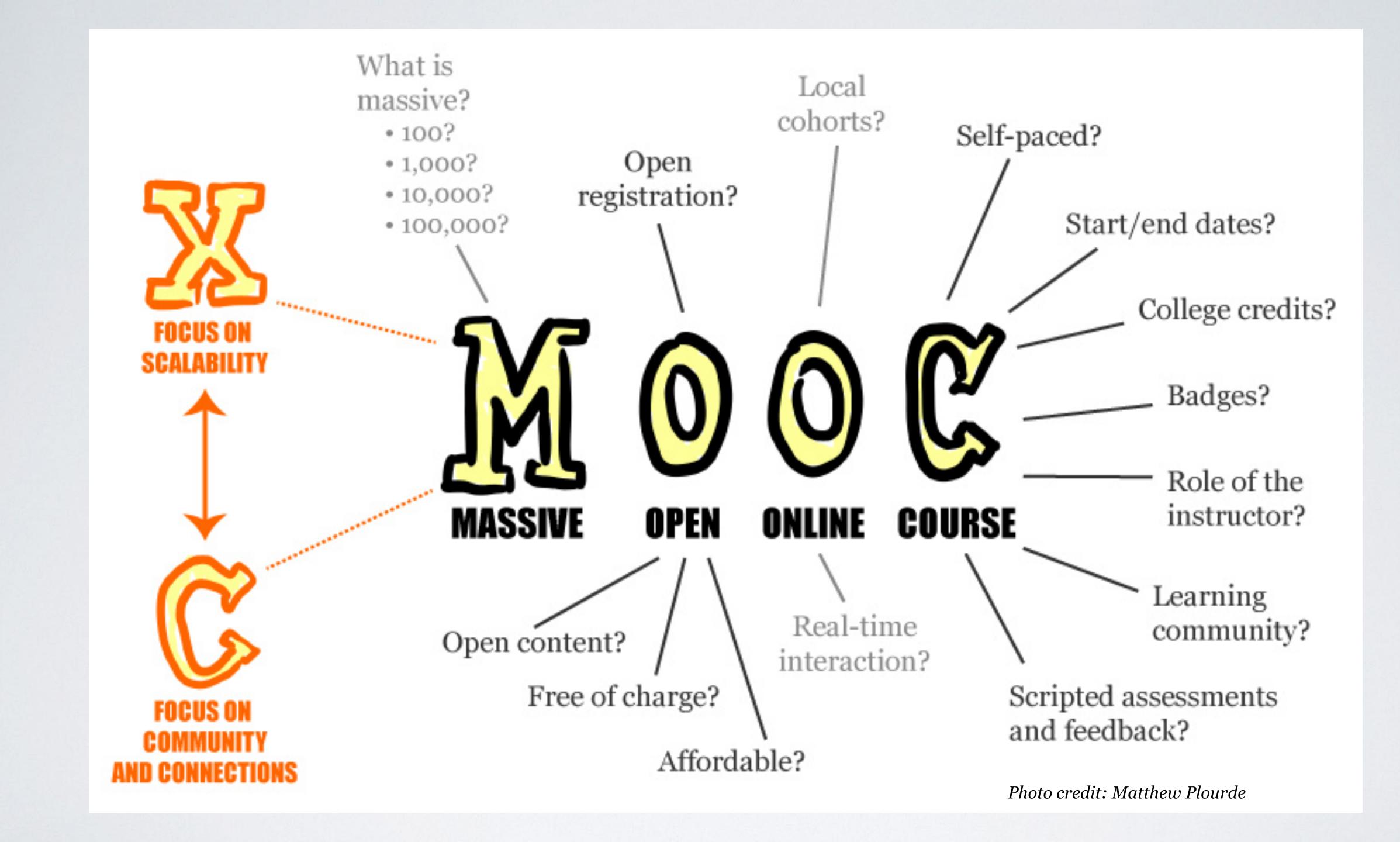


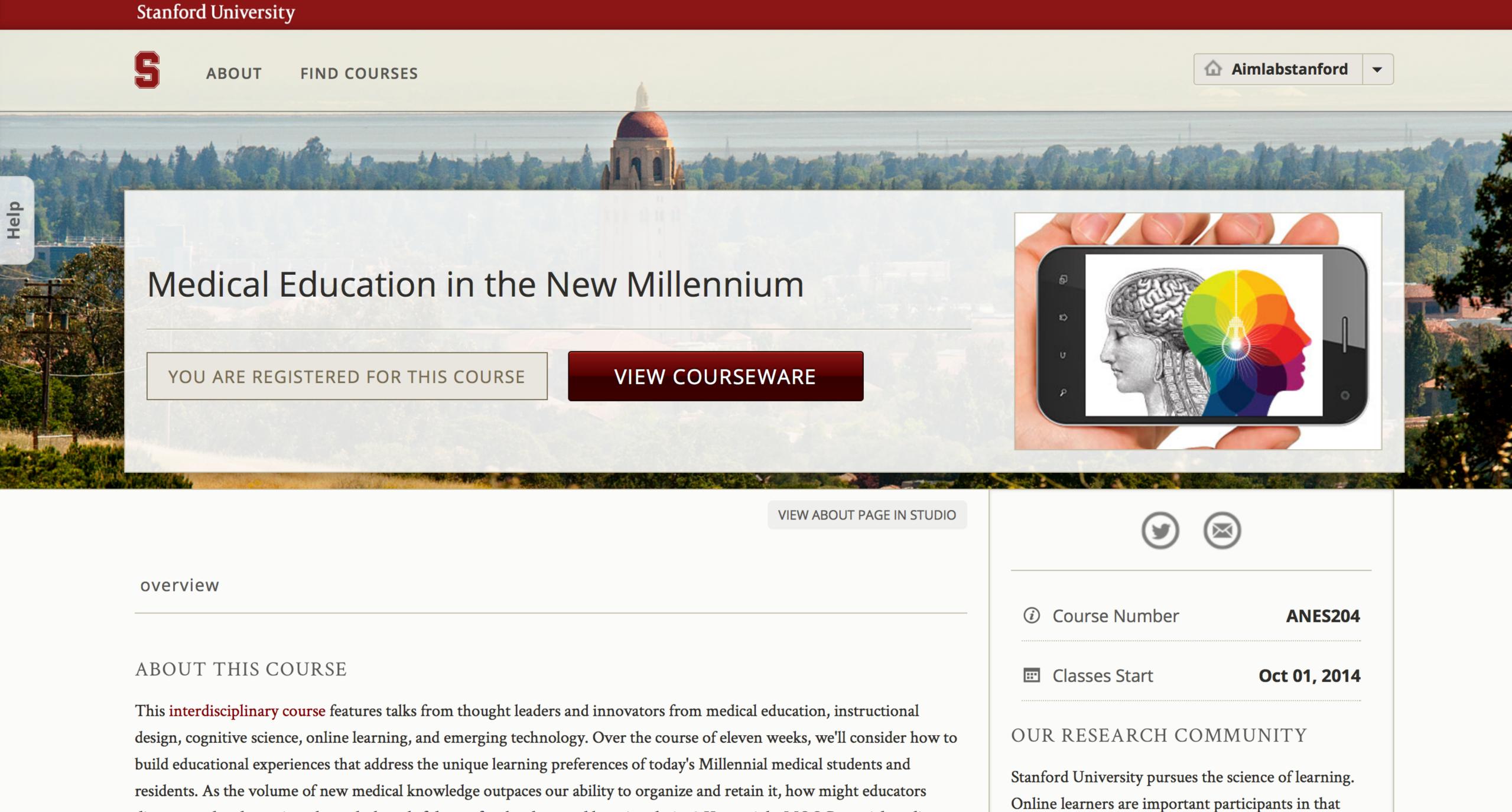
STARTprep: Anesthesia **Basic Sciences**

START Anesthesia Residency



DEFINITION MASSIVE OPEN ONLINE COURSE





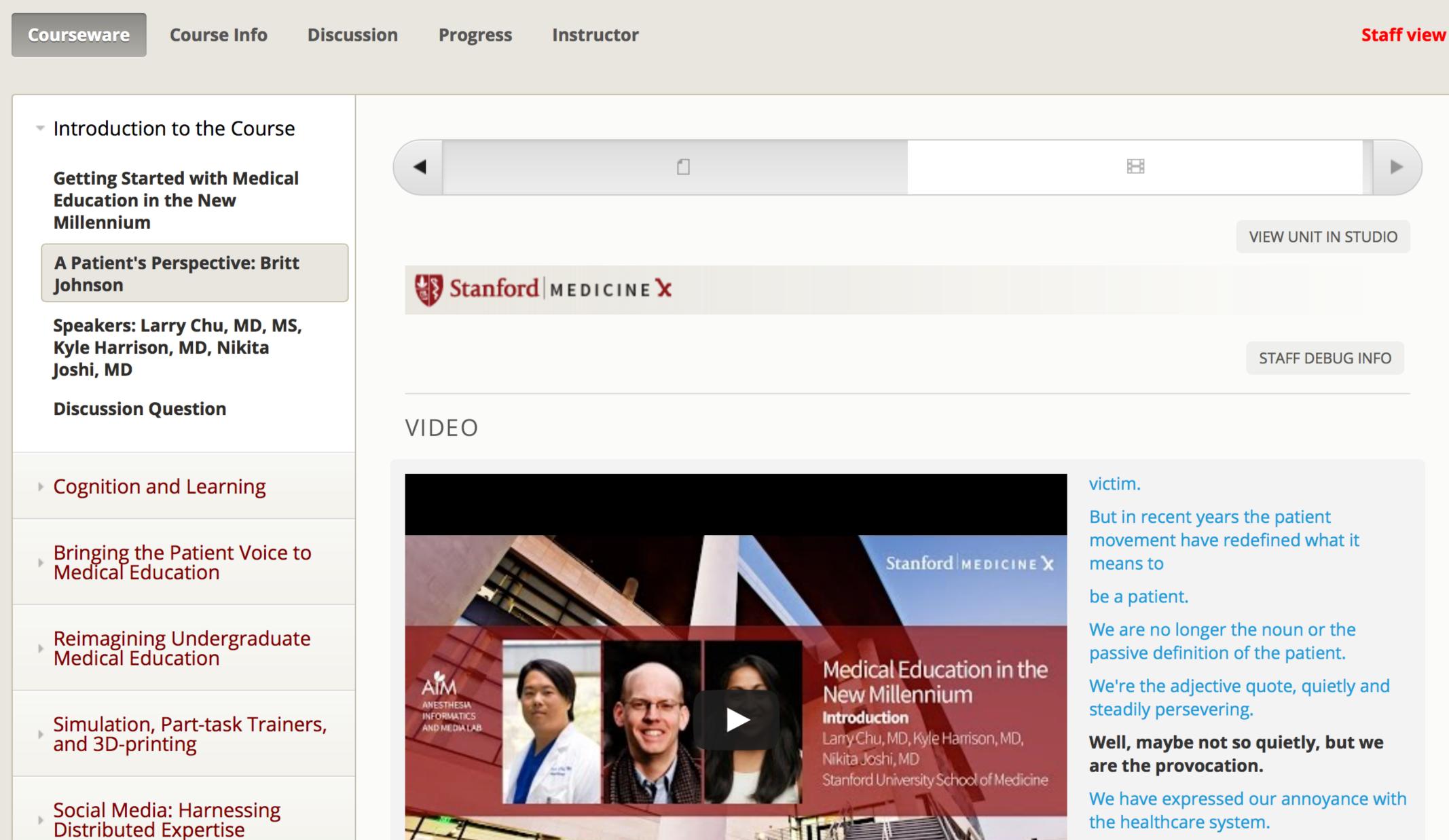
disrupt outdated practices through thoughtful use of technology and learning design? How might MOOCs, social media, simulation and virtual reality change the face of medical education? How might we make learning continuous, engaging, and

pursuit. The information we gather from your

Stanford University

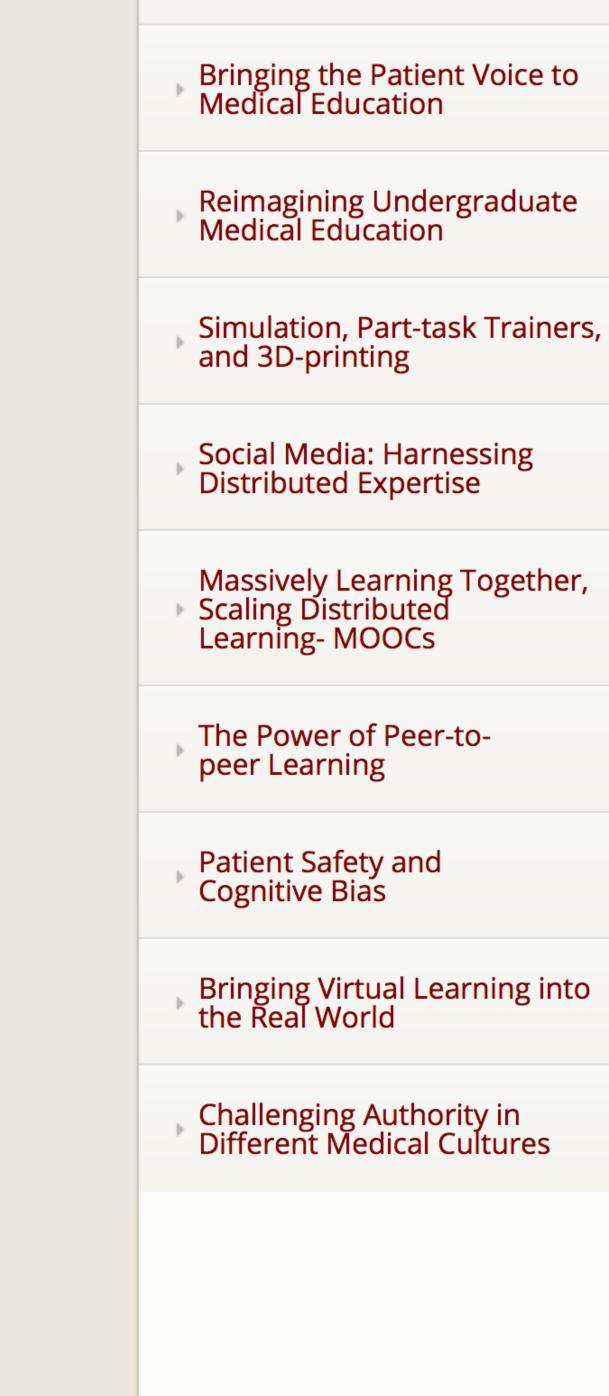


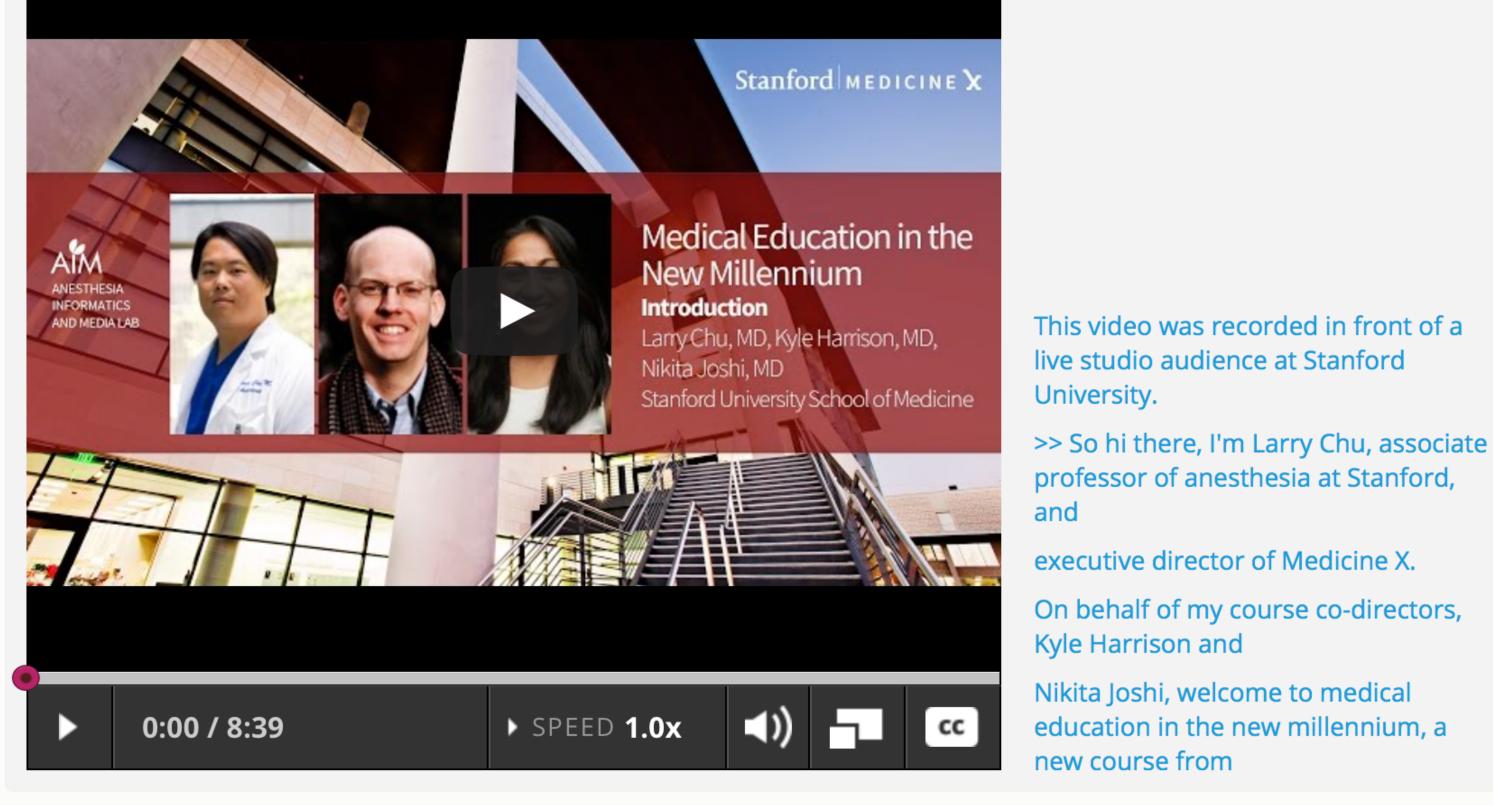
Medicine: ANES204 Medical Education in the New Millennium

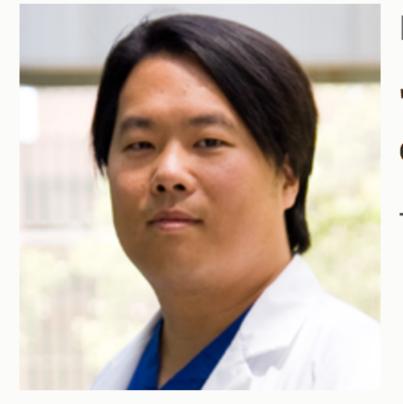












STAFF DEBUG INFO

KEY INSIGHT

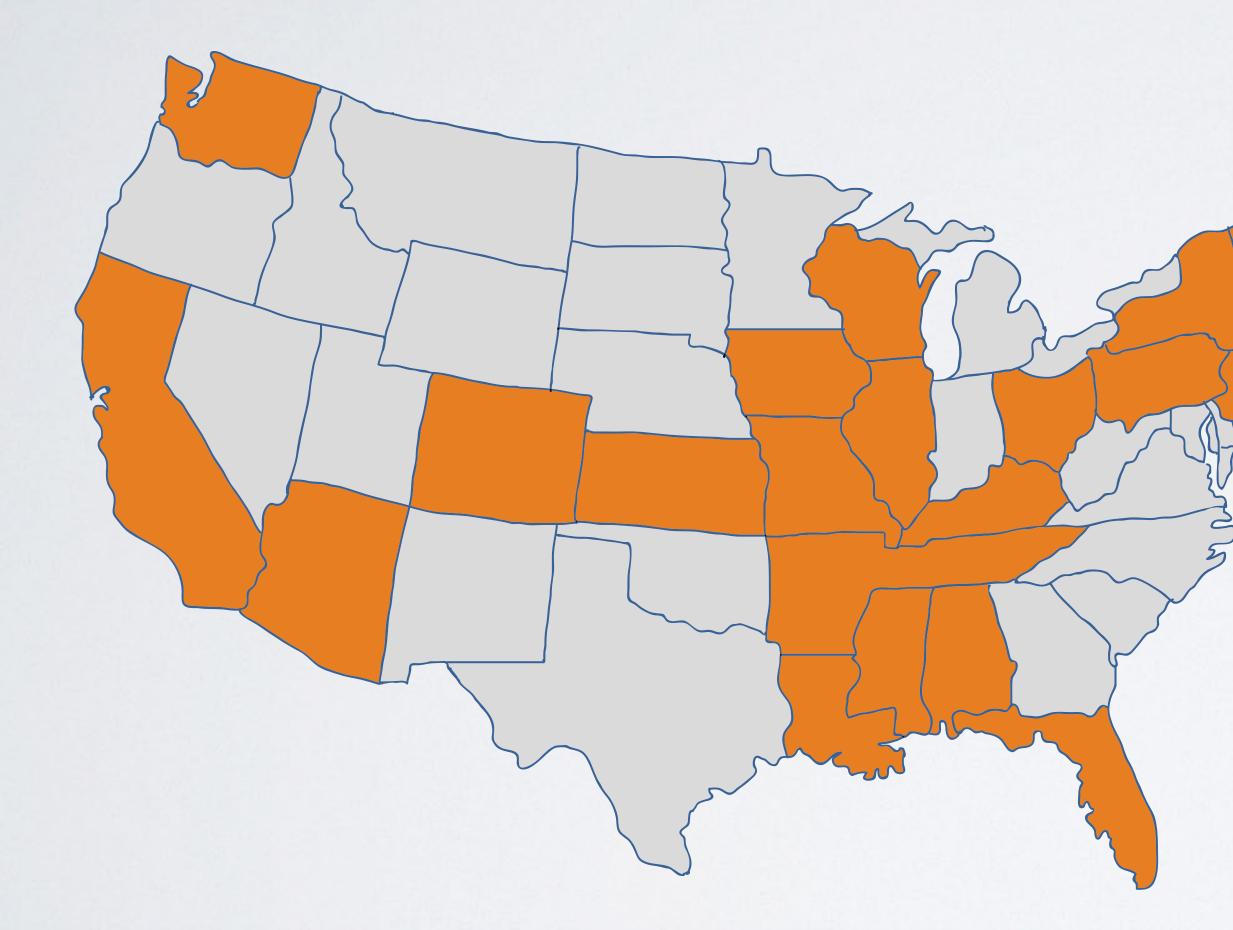
"If the practice of participatory medicine requires a team effort, could we think of medical education in the same way?"

-Dr. Larry Chu

STAFF DEBUG INFO

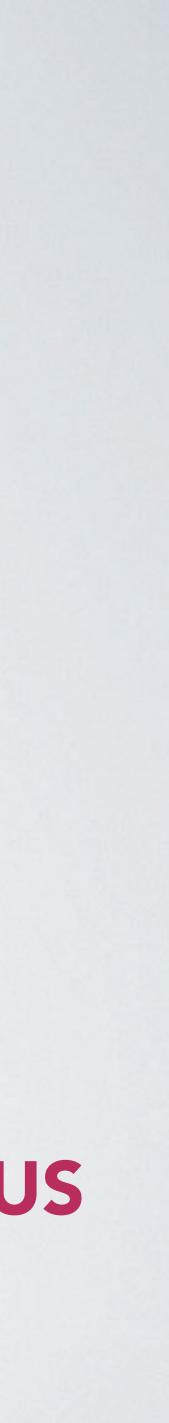
Use the arrow below to move on to the next screen.

STARTPREP MOOC





15 Months
1200 Anesthesia Learners
36 Programs = 25% US
1 Australia
1 South Africa
2014: 990/3517 = 28% US







- new technologies and fast, mobile delivery of information.
- Accustomed to mobile, online learning from grade school **through medical school**, expecting similarly sophisticated teaching modalities in residency.
- for high stakes educational milestones.



BACKGROUND

Majority of current residents are millennial learners, incorporating

 STARTprep was created to meet this need for a time-shifted, place-shifted method of learning that strategically promotes an incremental model of studying (vs. cramming) to prepare residents



340+ online learning modules, organized around anesthesia basic sciences. STARTprep is not marketed as a board review course.

UNIQUE AFFORDANCES



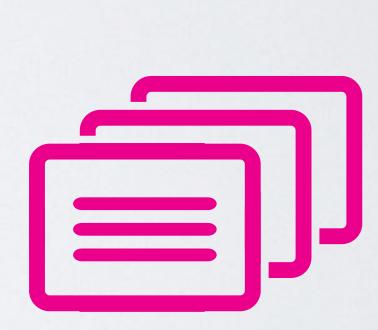


Daily Trigger Email

Short Online Reading

UNIQUE AFFORDANCES

Knowledge Assessment Questions





Reports



Introduction to Lesson

Monday, September 8, 2014

Ventilators: Classification: Flow Generation vs. Pressure Generation



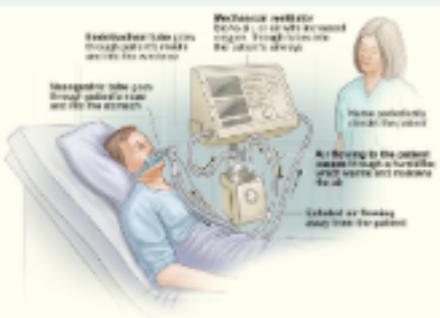
James M. Hunter, Jr., MD Assistant Professor of Anesthesiology and Surgery University of Alabama at Birmingham

Learning Objectives:

After completing this lesson the learner will be able to:

- Describe the flow patterns in flow-targeted and pressure-targeted mechanical breaths.
- pressure-targeted breath.
- Explain how pressure support differs from pressure control.

What would you do?



A 52-year-old woman is slow to awaken after general anesthesia for total abdominal hysterectomy. She is transported to the PACU and mechanical ventilation with volume-control is initiated. 30 minutes later, the nurse calls because the patient is "fighting the ventilator" and the peak inspiratory pressure alarm is sounding. Evaluation reveals that the patient is attempting to exhale toward the end of mechanical inspiration. How might the choice of mechanical breath type influence the patient's ability to tolerate mechanical ventilation? How would changing to pressure-support change the situation? You'll uncover our answer after completing today's module!

Lesson with Writable Questions -->

Lesson With Reflection Questions -->

Support

Contrast how changes in lung compliance and chest wall compliance affect airway pressure and tidal volume in a flow-targeted breath vs. a

Contrast how changes in airway resistance affect airway pressure and tidal volume in a flow-targeted breath vs. a pressure-targeted breath.

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Course

Current week

C Turn editing on

Q Close full screen

Mon 09/08/14 - Ventilators: Classifications: Flow Generation vs. Pressure Generation 🔊

Preview Edit Reports Grade essays

Positive Pressure Breaths

The flow pattern of a mechanical breath is determined by parameters controlled by the ventilator. These include: airway pressure, tidal volume, flow, and duration.

This chapter describes the common types of positive pressure breaths:

- volume-control
- pressure-control, and
- pressure support.

Each of these breath types is useful in the operating room. For example, pressure support can be used with an LMA during eye surgery to reduce movement of the eye due to the patient's inspiratory efforts.

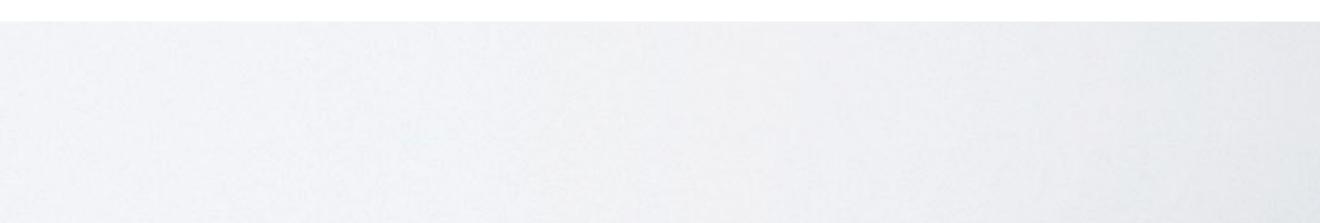
Check your understanding!

List the parameters that can be controlled by the ventilator in delivery of a positive pressure breath.

Move on to the next section!







↑Home	Course	Current week	C Turn editing on	ଷ୍ଟ Close full screen	
	ad out of 1.00 How is most blood carbon dioxide transported?		de transported?		
		 B. As bica C. As diss 	baminohemoglobin arbonate ion (HCO ₃ solved CO ₂ bonic acid (H ₂ CO ₃)		
send • Edit quest	feedback				

Question 2

Marked out of 1.00

Flag question

Write a personal note

save question note

Send feedback to teacher

send feedback

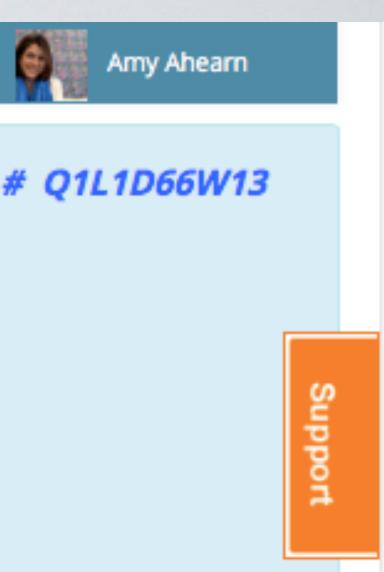
14

Edit question

Which of the following is NOT a determinant of mixed venous oxygen content?

Select one:

- A. Hemoglobin
- B. Arterial oxygen content
- C. Oxygen consumption
- D. Partial pressure carbon dioxide
- E. Cardiac output



Question # Q1L1D66W13

Question # Q2L1D66W13



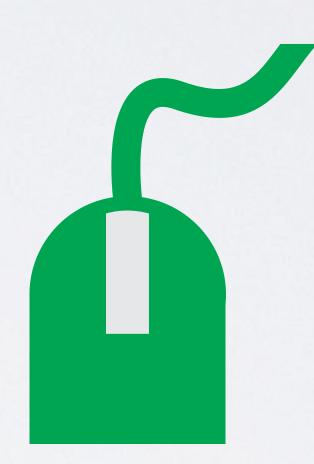


WHO'S USING STARTPREP?



99% used learning technologies in college





59% completed an online course before



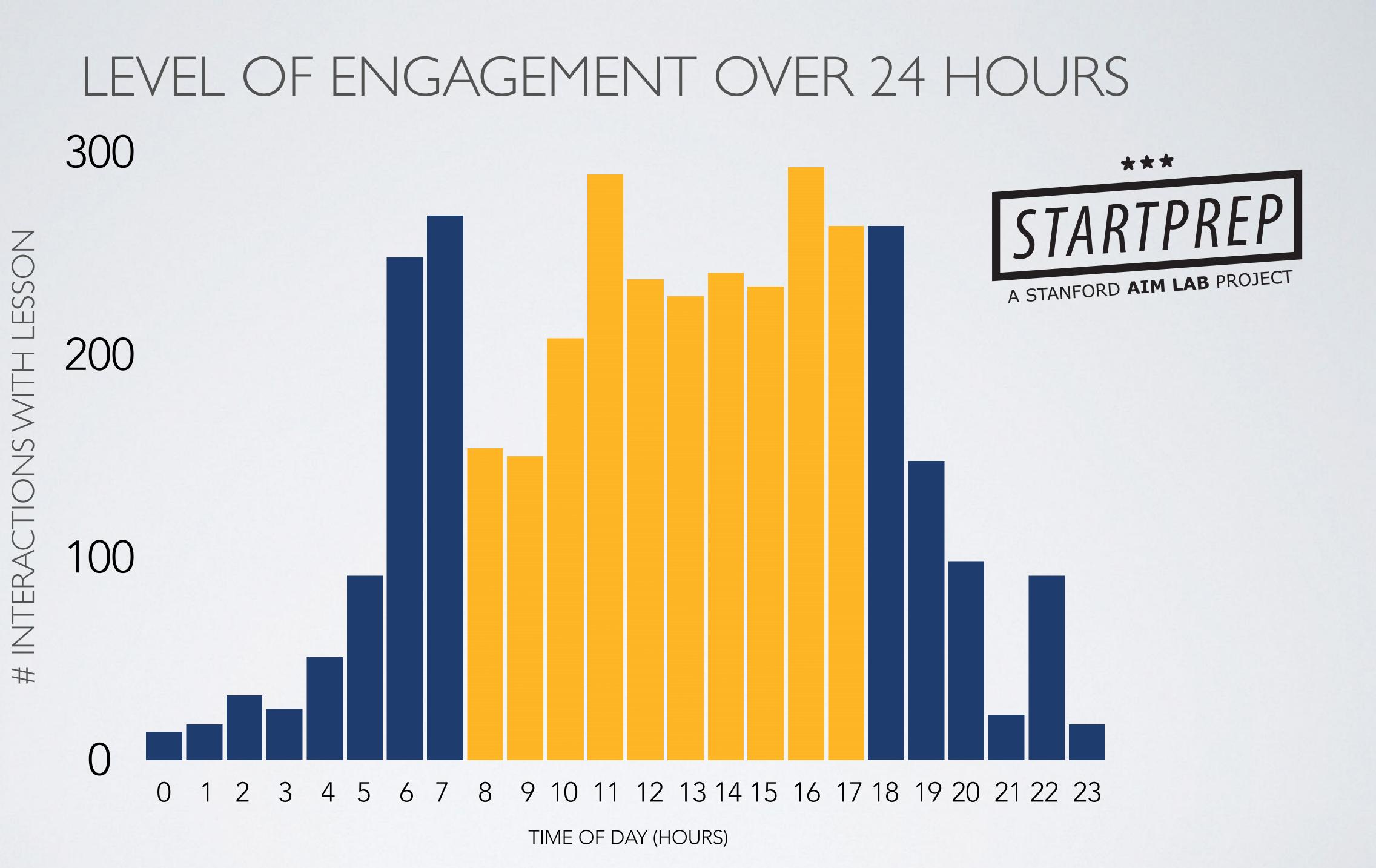
STARTPREP MORE ENGAGING

- least 3 months say that START prep is more engaging than traditional study methods
- traditional lectures



• 81% of residents who have been using the course for at

• 86% of residents say START prep is more engaging than



#



Time Shifting 98% of residents say they use **STARTprep to** learn and study at convenient times not possible with in person courses

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Podcasts

Podcast episodes have been downloaded 2,604 times across eight countries



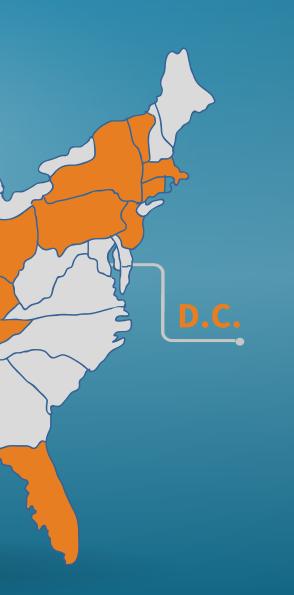
Participation

1/3 or residents open daily course emails and 29% click through to the course



Demographics

42% female 62% ages 25-30 45% on facebook 22% 1° caregiver



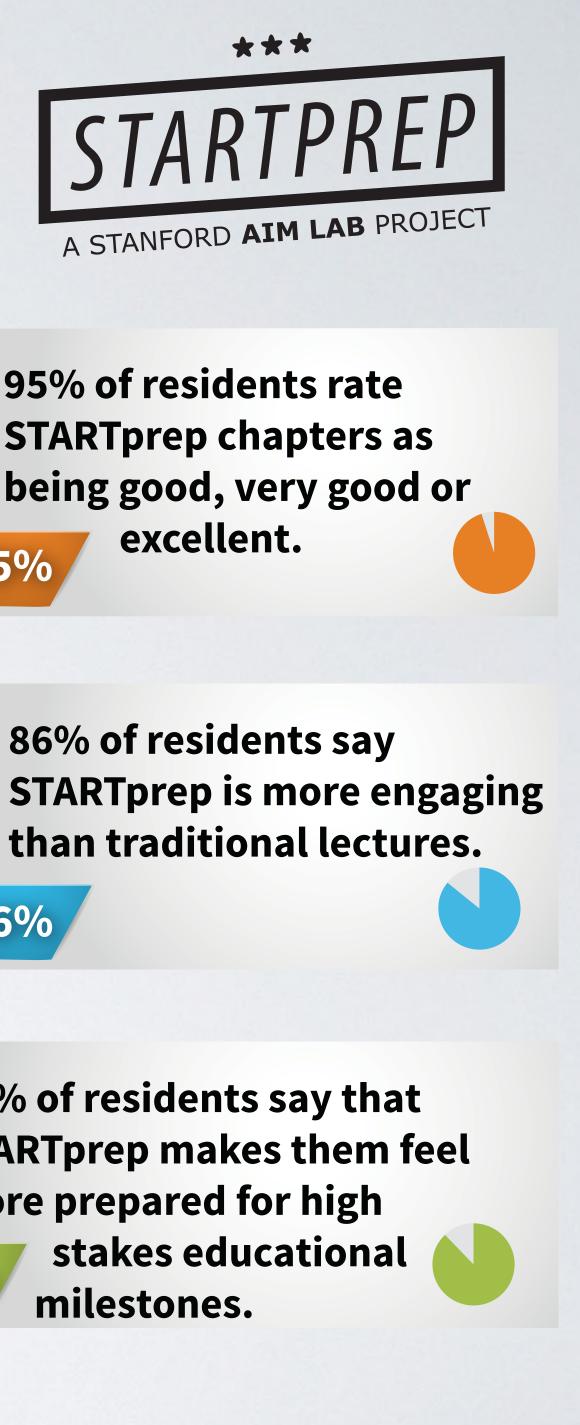


Mobile Learners

58% of residents primarily access **STARTprep from** a mobile device such as an iPhone

990 Residents

Residents from 38 residency programs across US, 1 in Australia and 1 in South Africa



95% of residents rate **STARTprep chapters as** 95%

86% of residents say

86%

88% of residents say that **STARTprep makes them feel** more prepared for high 88%



CLINICAL APPLICABILITY

92% of respondents say that STARTprep helps them make better clinical decisions

 94% say START prep helps them feel more prepared for daily cases





SUMMARY

Initial results show the program helps learners:

- Feel more prepared for high stakes educational milestones
- needs and lifestyles
- anesthesia basic sciences

• Engages learners more than traditional lectures and study methods Allows residents to learn at times that are convenient to their

Reveals strengths and gaps in residents' knowledge of the



OUTCOMES (2013 COHORT)

PASS 100%



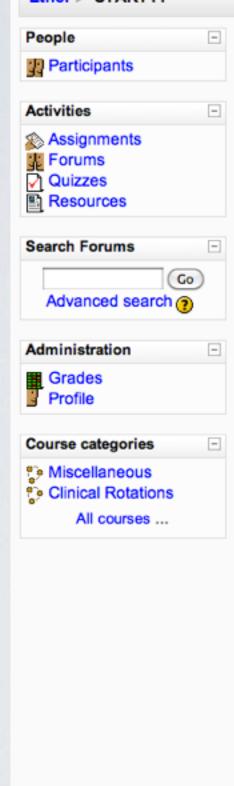
2013 STARTprep Programs Reporting ABA Part 1 Results

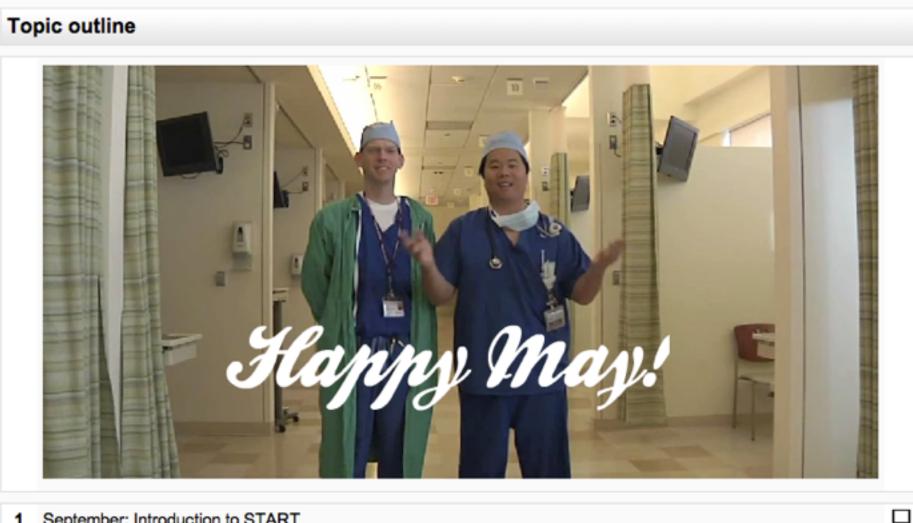
CISTARTplus FLIPPINGTHE MOOC

2011 Anesthesia Residents START Program

You are logged in as Larry Chu: Student (Return to my normal role)

Ether > START11





September: Introduction to START 1

Successful Transition to Anesthesia Residency Training - START - is a ten month online educational and virtual mentorship program designed to ease your transition from internship to anesthesia residency at Stanford. The program is comprised of ten concise online learning modules.

- #1.1: Complete the START Preparedness Survey
- #1.3 Please watch this month's podcast
- 2 October: Induction of General Anesthesia
- Please do the activities in the order they are listed below. Thanks.
- #2.1: Podcast/Lecture Pre-Quiz
- #2.2: Please View Podcast #2
- #2.3: Please Watch This Month's Lecture
- #2.4: Podcast/Lecture Post-Quiz
- #2.5: Icebreaker Team Forum
- #2.6: How well do you know your classmates?
- 20 #2.7: Please complete the October course evaluation

Return to my normal role

Late	st No	ews		

(No news has been posted yet)

Upcoming Events There are no upcoming

> Go to calendar.. New Event...

Recent Activity

events

Activity since Saturday, 21 May 2011, 09:00 AM Full report of recent activity

Nothing new since your last

5 Years

1000+ Anesthesia Interns

Baylor, Cedars-Sinai Medical Center, Cook County, Cooper, Drexel, Geisinger, George Washington University, New York University, Medical College of Wisconsin, St. Elizabeth's, Stanford, Tufts University, Tulane, UC Davis, UC San Diego School of Medicine University of Alabama, University of Calgary School of Medicine, University of Cincinnati, University of Florida-Jacksonville, University of Kansas-Wichita, University of Massachusetts Medical School, University of Saskatchewan College of Medicine, University of Vermont, University of Washington, Yale University

2014: 257/1029 = 25%

LSTARTplus FLIPPING THE MOOC





DELIVERY PLATFORMS Moodle OpenEdX, Coursera, NovaEd

PRODUCTION COSTS Online Course with 10 hours of Video \$43,344

http://cbcse.org/wordpress/wp-content/uploads/2014/05/MOOCs_Expectations_and_Reality.pdf



Stanford AIM Lab receives voluntary donations to help offset these costs*

PRODUCTION COSTS STARTprep Platform (2), Programming (1), Q&A (2), Research (5+)\$100.000+*

EDITORIAL COSTS STARTprep 300+ contributors across 13+ institutions Questions (1), Content (4), Media/Design (3)

Stanford AIM Lab receives voluntary donations to help offset these costs*



SUITABLE AND BEST FOR WHICH SETTING/GROUP? Large learning cohorts Disseminate knowledge widely Culture/practice change

PROS Scaleable Time- and place-shift learning Widens community of learners Wide dissemination of learning resources Accessibility and inclusion

CONS Expensive Legalize can be cumbersome Knowledge assessment is limited Difficult to design for engagement High drop out rates

CURRENT STATE AND FUTURE Better assessment methods Flipping the MOOC Online behaviors predict real world learning? Personalize and targeted curriculum



START AND STARTPREP 2015 ENROLLMENT



STARTprep: Anesthesia Basic Sciences START Anesthesia Residency

START

aimlabstanford@gmail.com June 15, 2015 www.startprep.org



PLEASE JOIN US

Medical Education in the New Millennium

http://stanford.io/1vdKm2U

Stanford ANESTHESIA EDUCATION, LEARNING DESIGN

Reuben EngEducation FellowStanford AIM Lab2013-2014

Janak Chandrasoma Education Fellow Stanford AIM Lab 2014-2015





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SEPTEMBER 23, 2015 THE FUTURE OF MEDICAL EDUCATION

M. A. A. Martin

