

Biomass Heating Technologies, Emissions Measurements, and Observations of Wood Smoke in Rural and Urban Communities in New York State

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Ellen Burkhard, Ph.D.
Senior Project Manager
Clean Energy Research and Market Development
New York State Energy Research and Development Authority



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Thermo-Control

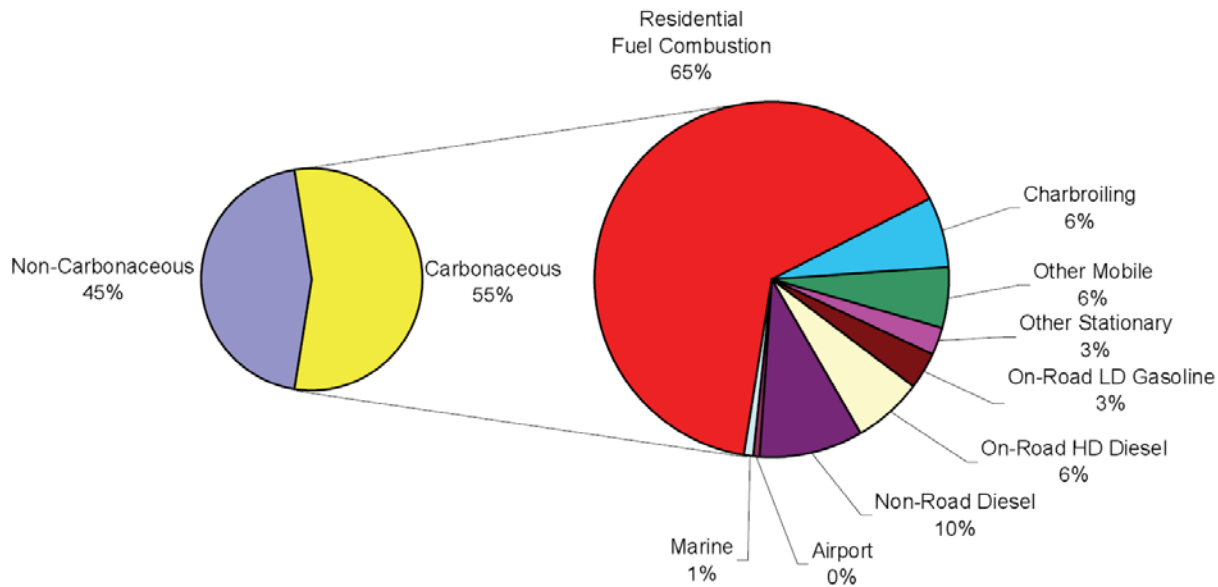


bioenergy2020+



ASSESSMENT OF CARBONACEOUS PM_{2.5} FOR NEW YORK AND THE REGION

Figure ES-3. Total New York State PM_{2.5} and Carbonaceous Detail (2002).



Wood smoke is an important contributor to fine particles, especially in rural areas.



Photo credit Phil Etter

Outdoor wood boiler



Photo credit Phil Etter



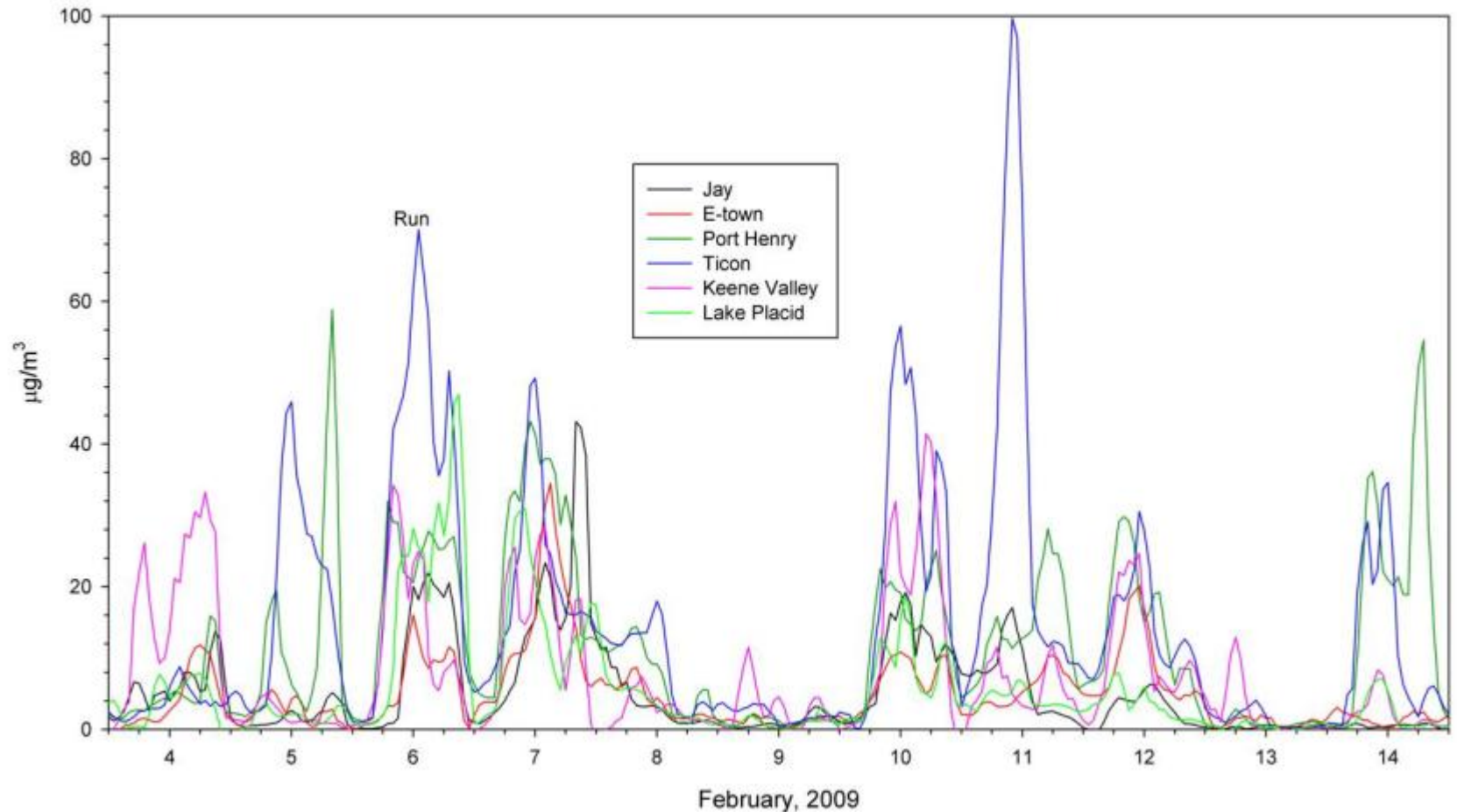
Photo credit Louis Fontain



Photo credit Gerald McDonald

“average PM” low but spikes frequently $> 200 \text{ ug/m}^3$, several over 400

Diurnal wood smoke in the Adirondacks

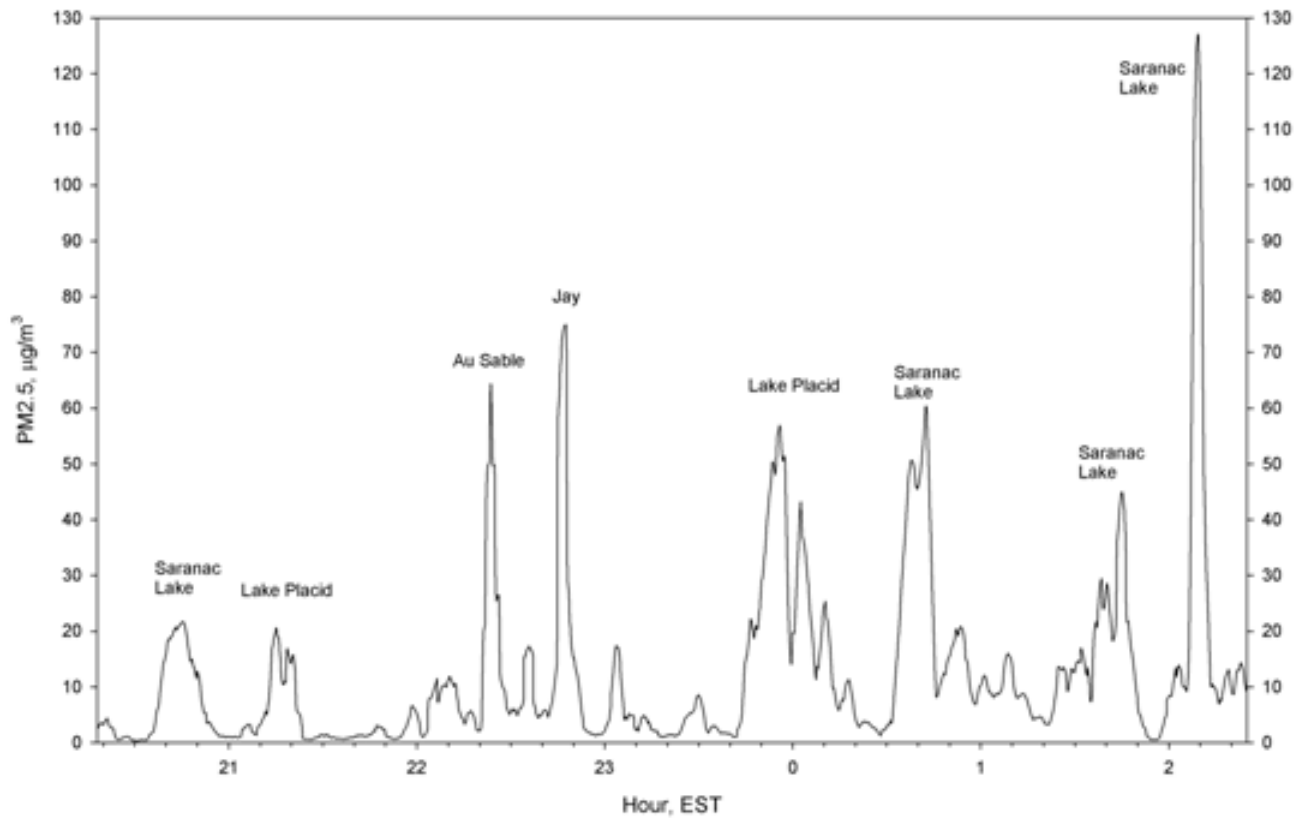


NYSERDA (2010a)

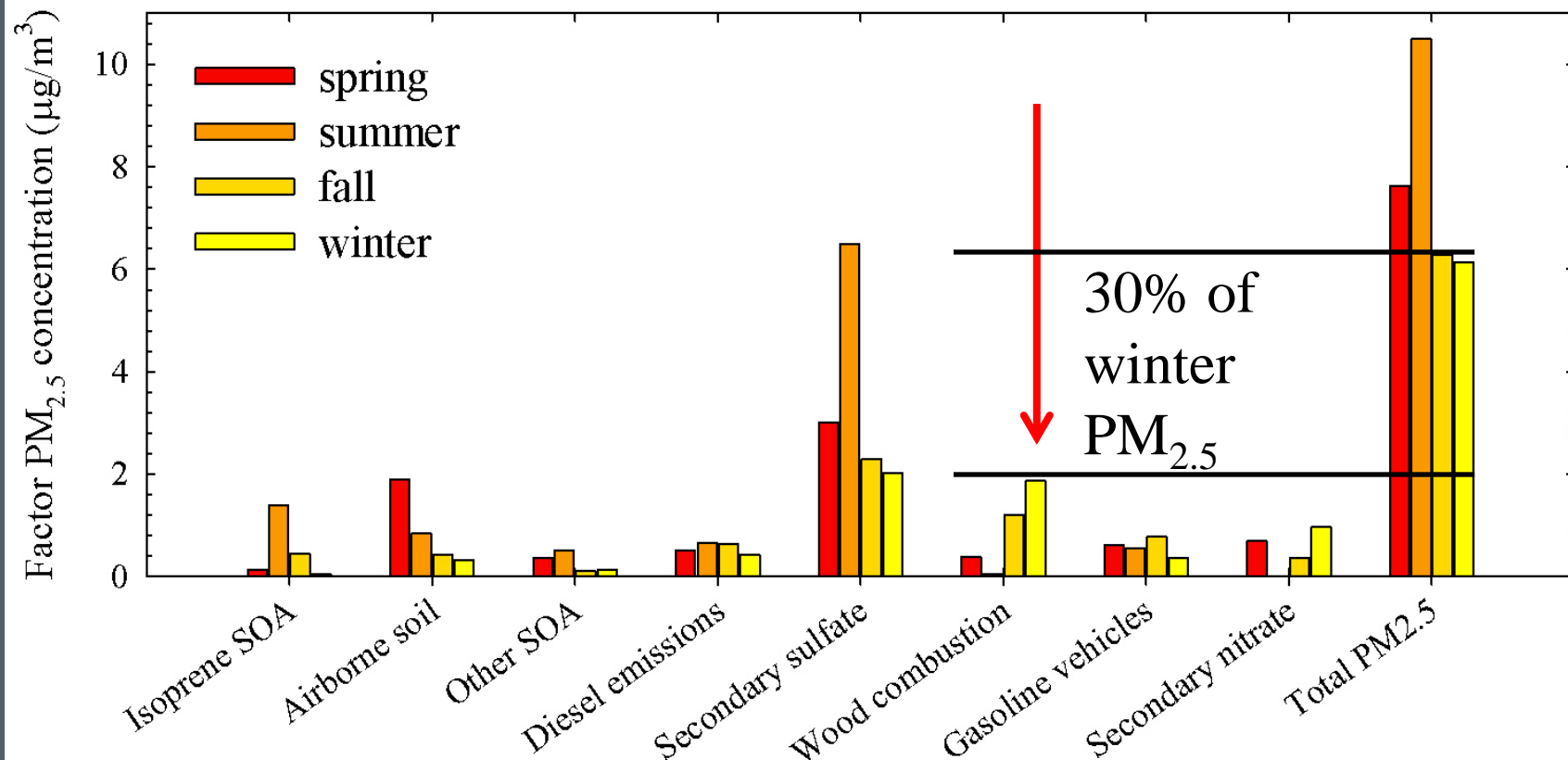
Running 3-h averages of 1-h data
Highest at night, lowest during the day

Localized high concentrations of wood smoke, “valley effect”

24-25 Feb 2009 Mobile Monitoring, Truncated North Loop
3-Minute Running Average DR4-PM2.5



Wood smoke in Rochester, NY



Wang, Y. et al. (2012)

Monroe County housing unit heating systems:

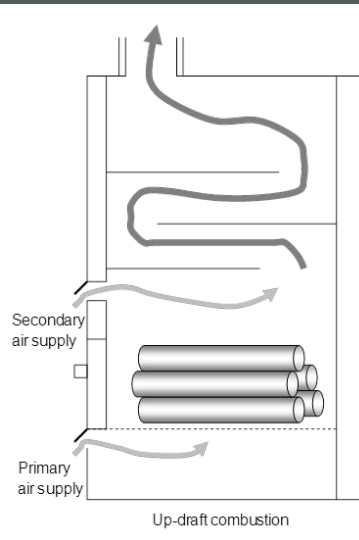
Natural gas (82.5%), Electricity (11.9%), Heating oil (2.9%), Propane (1.5%), Wood (0.5%)

Emissions testing of 4 wood-fired hydronic heaters by EPA ORD

- Conventional outdoor wood boiler (3 fuel types)
- Advanced outdoor wood boiler (Red Oak)
- Staged combustion (gasifier) with thermal storage (Red Oak)
- European pellet boiler (hardwood pellets)
- Each tested using the same “call for heat”

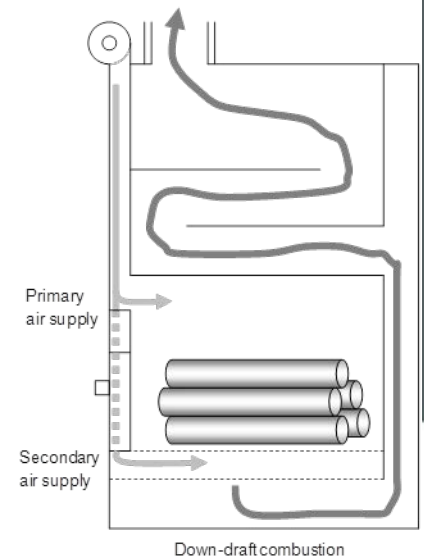
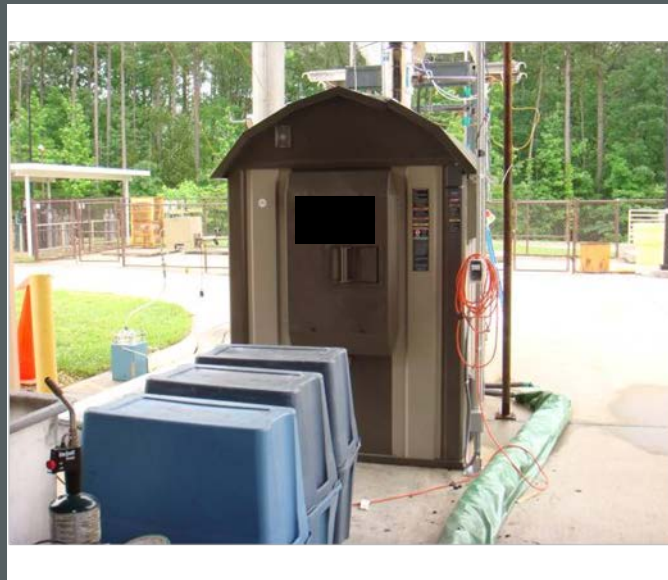


Outdoor Wood Boilers (Hydronic Heaters)



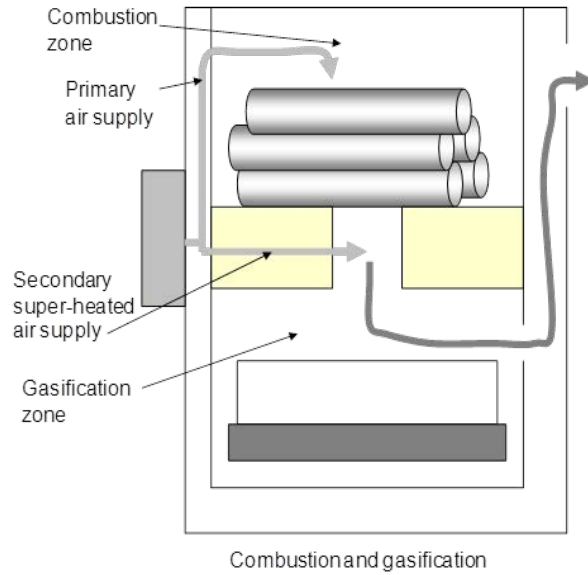
Conventional OWB
Updraft
250,000 Btu/h
196 gallons

Advanced OWB
down-draft
160,000 Btu/h
450 gallons



Btu = British Thermal Unit

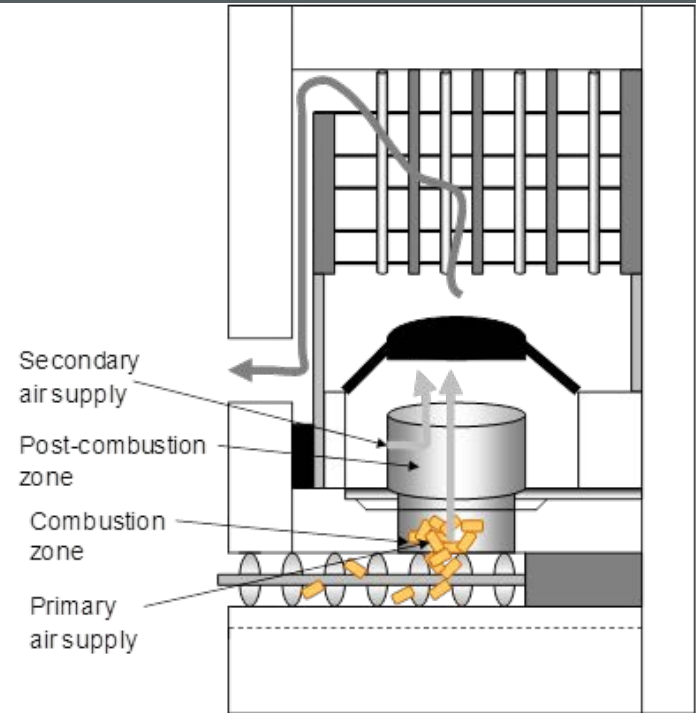
2-stage combustion (gasification) wood boiler



downdraft
150,000 Btu/h
32 gallons



Staged combustion pellet boiler



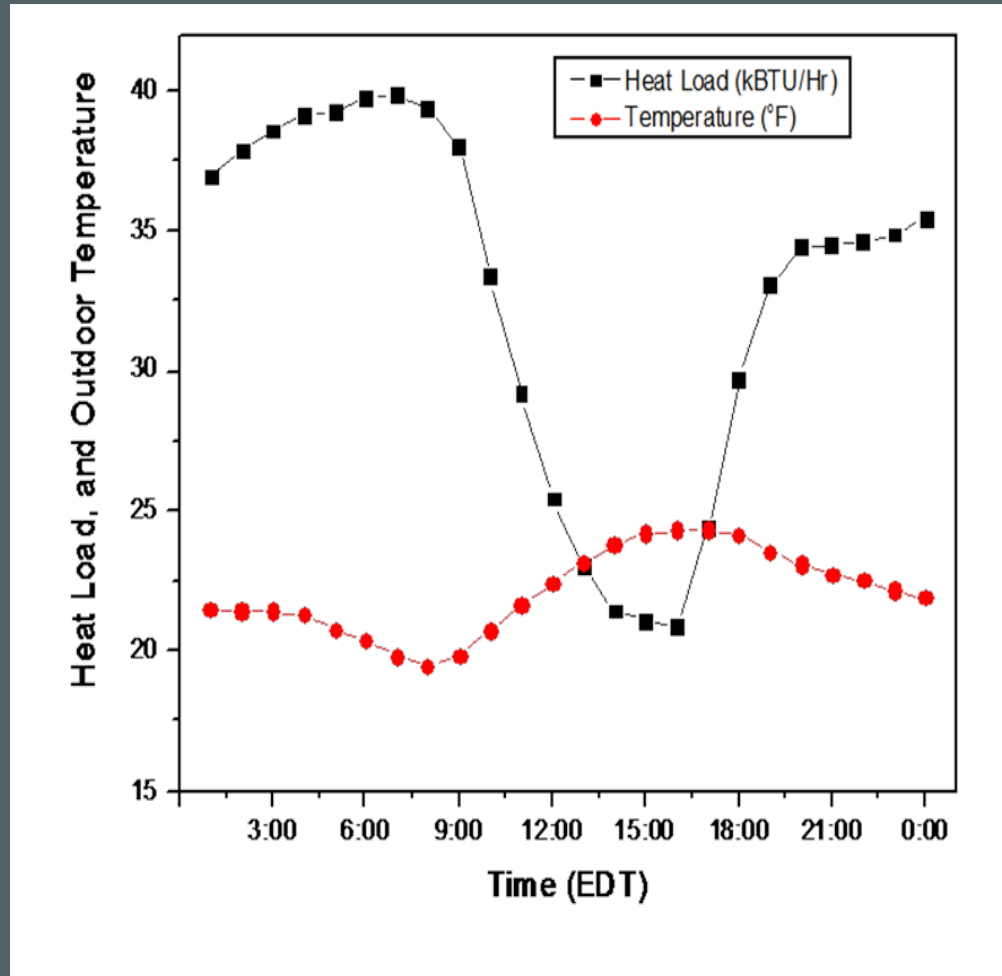
Bottom fed pellet burner

NYSERDA (2012)

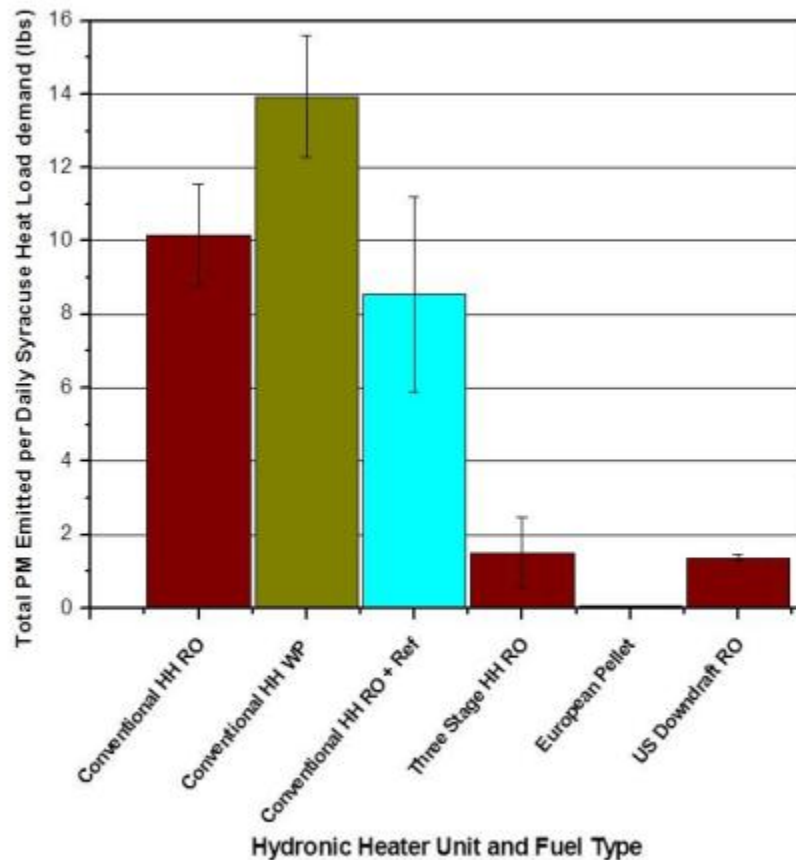
Staged combustion
137,000 Btu/h
43 gallons

Syracuse, NY heat load

Ranch-style home,
2500 ft²
R-13



EPA-ORD residential wood boiler research



NYSERDA (2012)

All units responding to the same heat load with no thermal storage except for the US downdraft

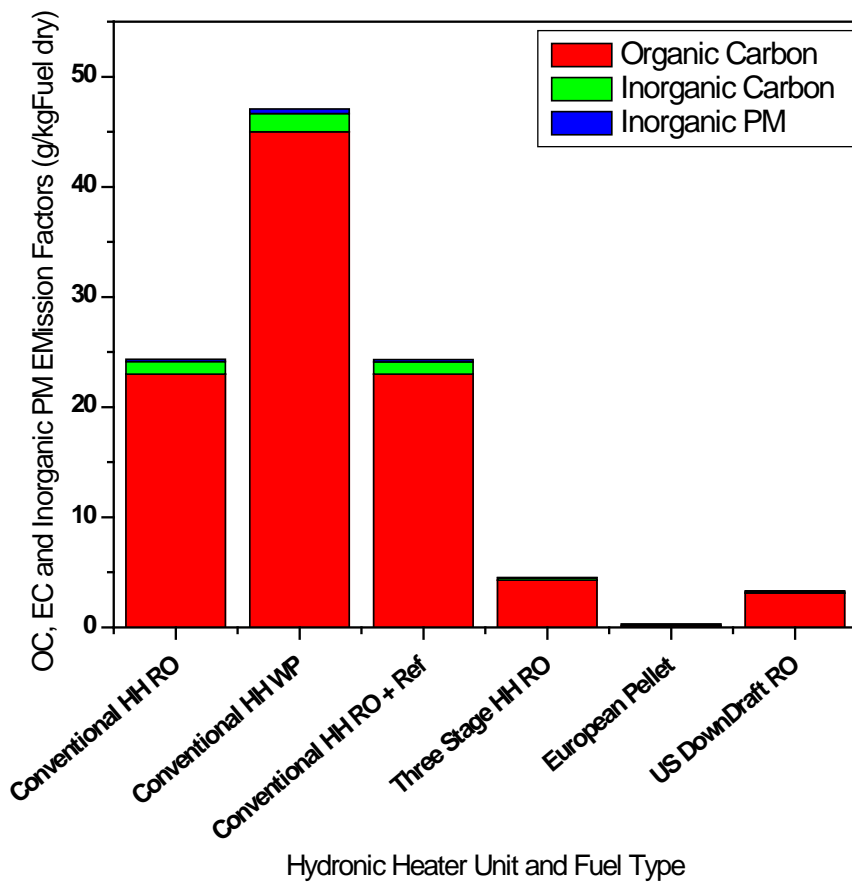
Pellet – 0.08 lb/day

Oil-fired boiler – 0.004 lb/day

ULS HHO – 0.00004 lb/day

PM Generated per Syracuse Day for All Six Unit/Fuel Combinations.

OC, EC, inorganic PM2.5



Significant organic carbon contribution with emission factor a function of technology type and fuel.

OC, EC (lb/MMBtu output), OC/EC

	OC lb/MMBtu	EC lb/MMBtu	OC/EC
Conventional, Single Stage HH Red Oak	13	0.63	20
Conventional, Single Stage HH White Pine	16	0.60	27
Three Stage HH, Red Oak	1.8	0.078	23
European Two-Stage Pellet Burner	0.039	0.046	0.82
U.S. Two Stage Downdraft Burner/ Red Oak * based on boiler efficiency	0.39	0.019	21

Conventional wood-chip technology



Conventional wood-chip technology



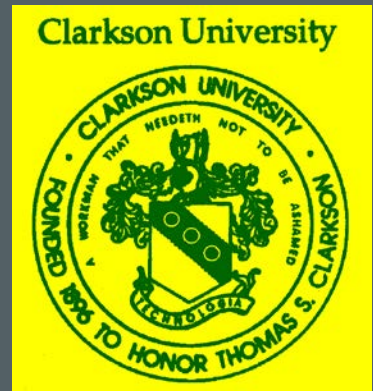
Stack testing of green wood chip-fired stoker boiler



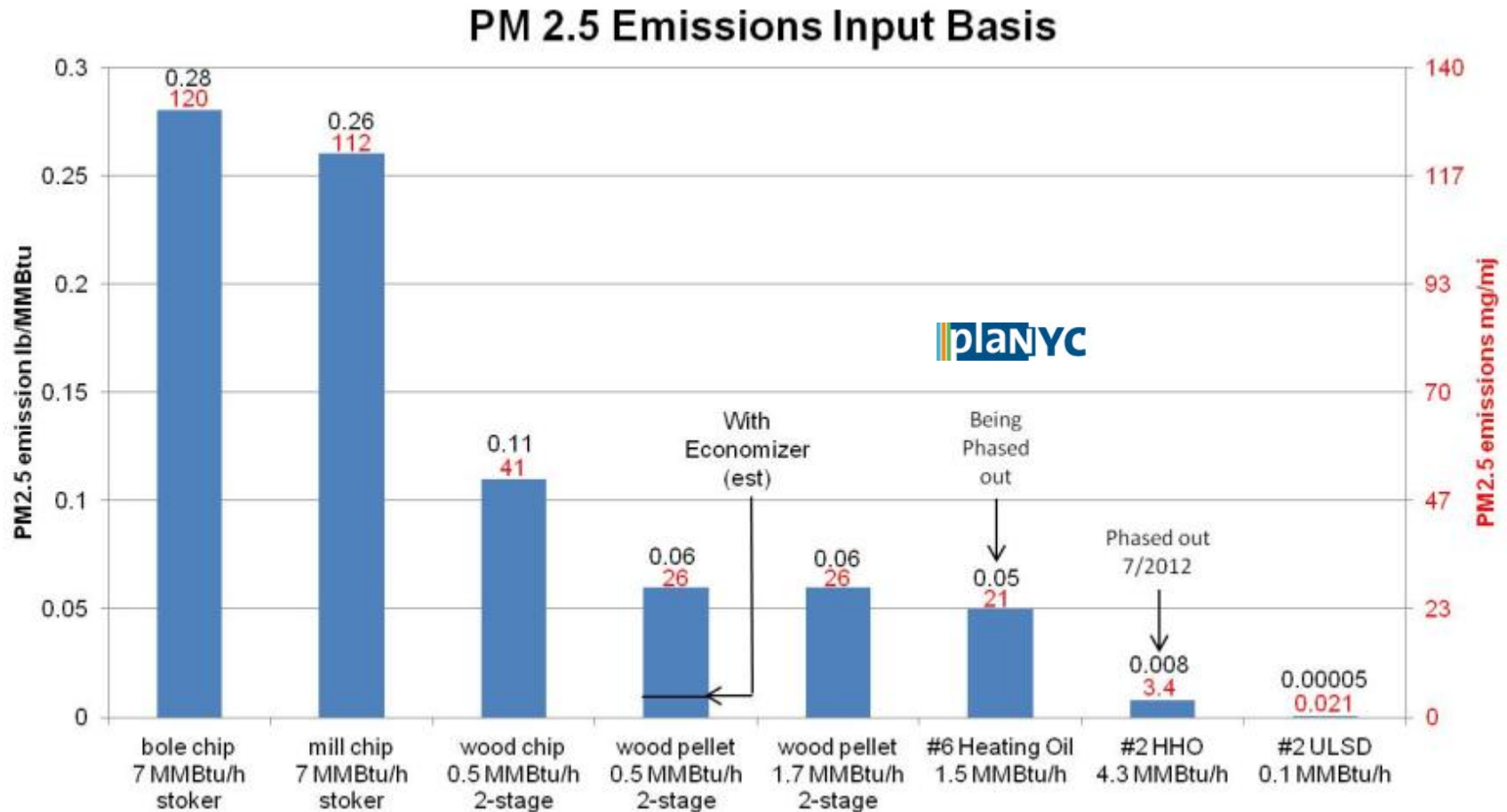
First Made-in-NY high-efficiency wood pellet-fired boiler



Performance evaluation

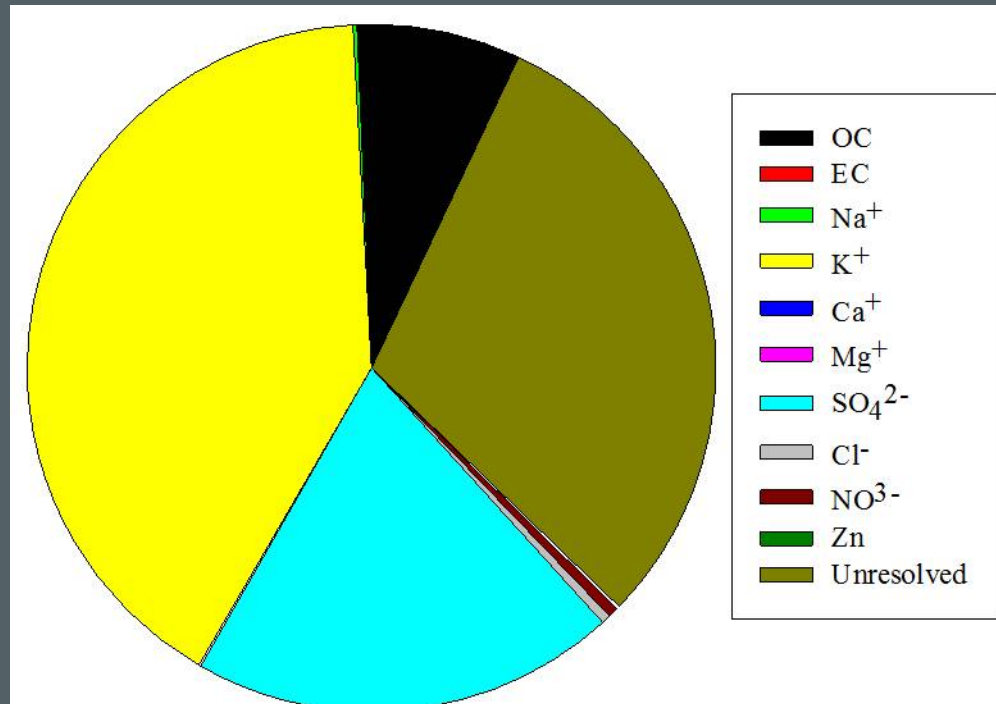


PM 2.5 emissions on energy input basis



Rector, L. (2010), Chandrasekaran, S. et al. (2011), McDonald (2009)

PM composition depends on combustion design



Fine PM composition from stack emission of ACT boiler (0.5 MMBtu/h) when burning wood pellets (Chandrasekaran, S.R. et al., 2011)

Particle size distribution

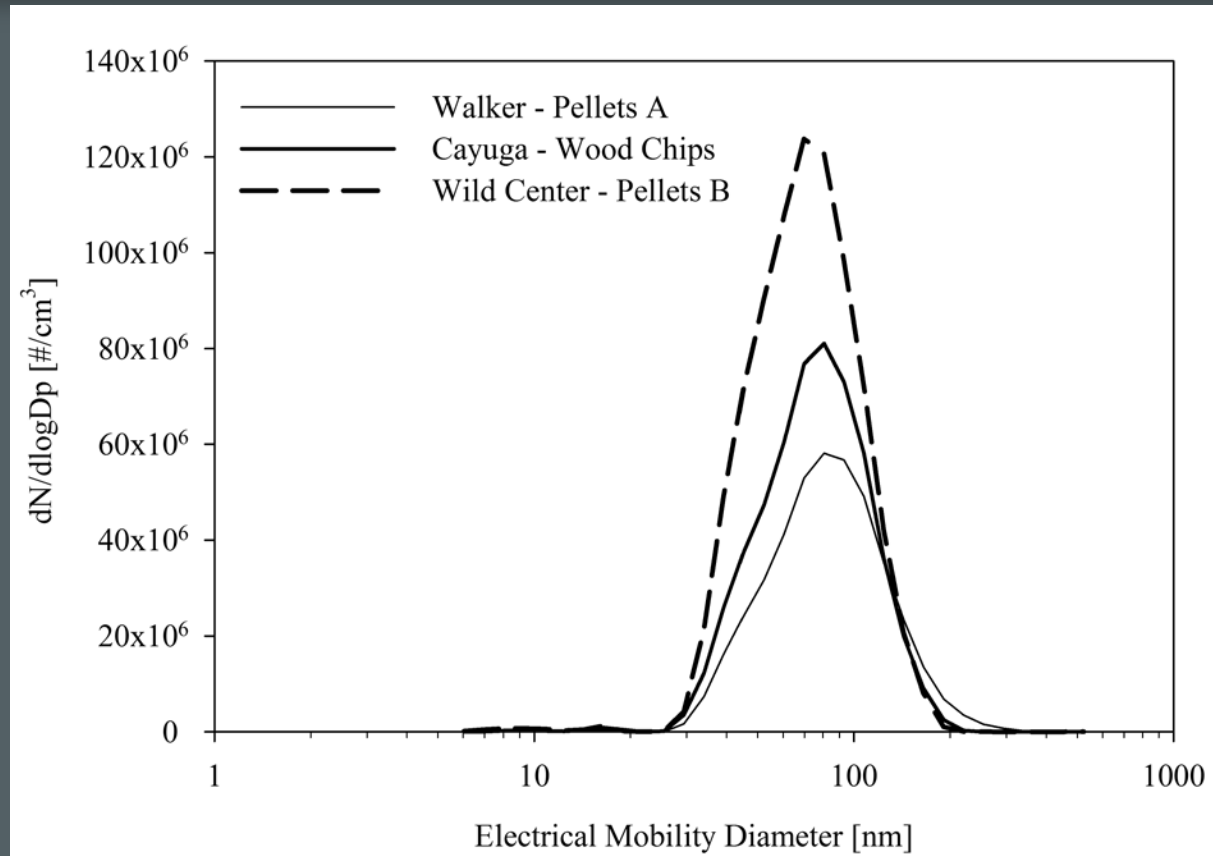


Figure 2. Steady-state ultra-fine particle number size distributions for emissions from 0.5 MMBtu pellet boiler, 0.5 MMBtu chip boiler, and 1.7 MMBtu pellet boiler (Chandrasekaran, et al., 2011).

University of Massachusetts Lowell Center for Sustainable Production

Symposium held in November 2011

Focus on industrial, commercial, and institutional applications (non-residential)

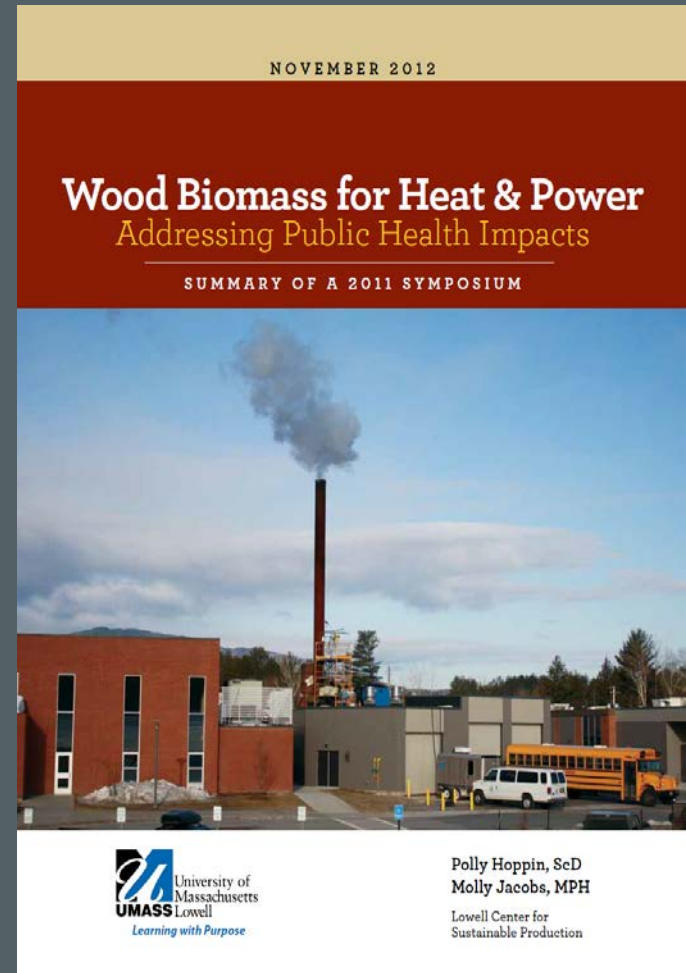
Broad stakeholder participation from 9 states:

- academia;
- state energy, environment, health, education, and forestry agencies;
- health advocacy; and
- biomass industry participants

State of the Science on Biomass Emissions and Health Effects

Recommendations and Priority Action Steps

<http://www.sustainableproduction.org/WoodBiomass.php>



Thank you!



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doi:10.1016/j.atmosenv.2012.03.073

EPA's Residential Wood Smoke Reduction Initiative



U.S. Environmental Protection Agency
Office of Air Quality Planning and Standards
Research Triangle Park, NC

www.epa.gov/woodstoves



Particulate* emissions in one hour:



15-30
grams

Old, non-certified stove



2-7
grams

EPA certified stove

Overall efficiency**
40-60% 60-80%

*Fine particles <2.5 microns
** Combustion and heat transfer efficiency

U.S EPA
Setting New Source
Performance Standards for
wood heaters



NEXT GENERATION
Woodstove
 DesignChallenge

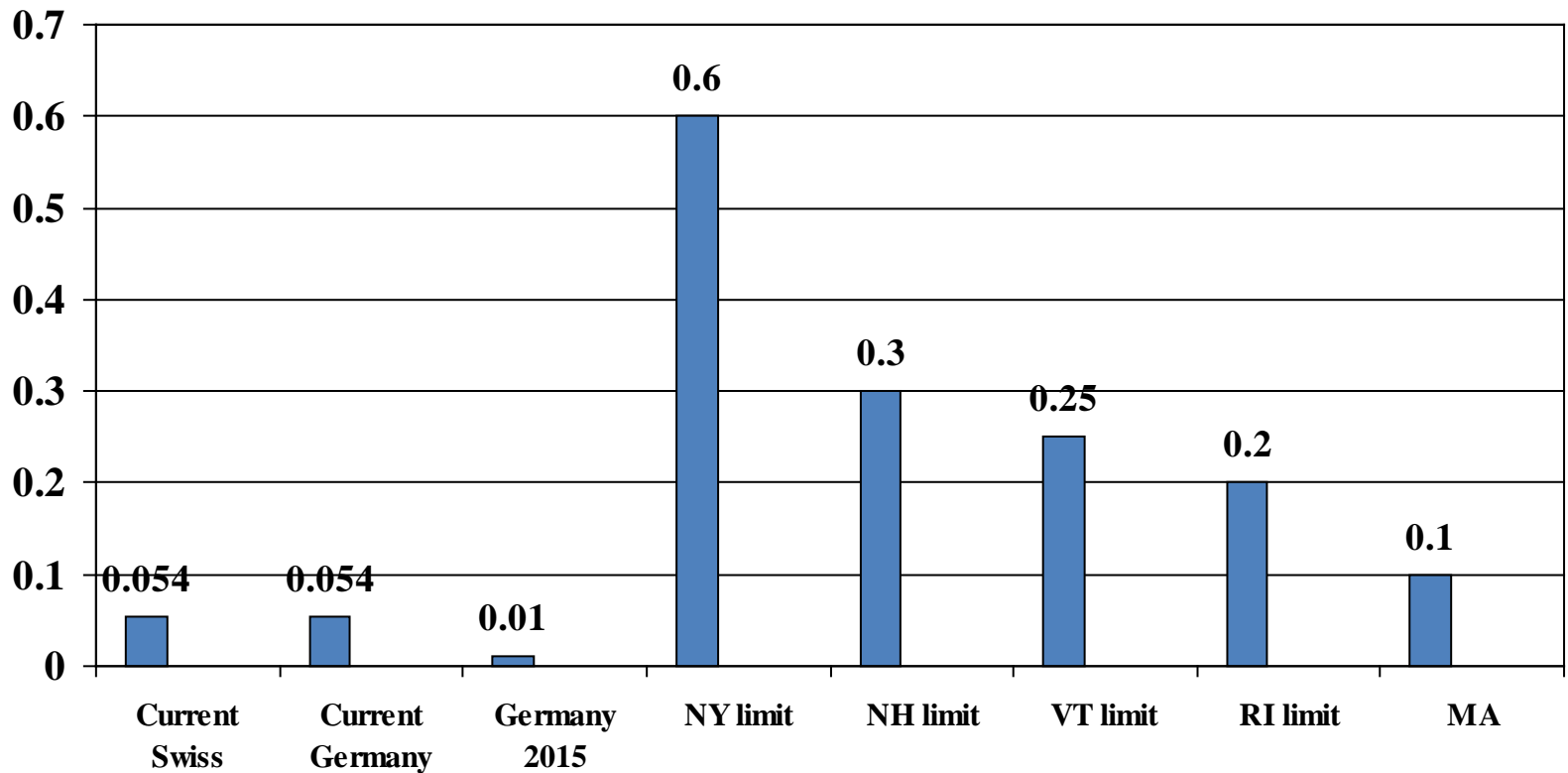
The Next Generation Wood Stove Design Challenge is now underway! The Challenge seeks to promote next generation stove designs, build a community of innovators and showcase stove innovation to the public.

Popular Mechanics

ALLIANCE
 FOR GREEN HEAT
 clean, renewable & local



Comparison of Emission Standards Small Commercial/Institutional Boilers (lb/mmBtu heat input)



No. 2 oil = 0.005