

# **STANFORD UNIVERSITY**

# DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY PLANNING GUIDELINES



Stanford University Emergency Preparedness Steering Committee



# **DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY PLANNING GUIDELINES**

INT	RODUCTIO	N 3		
A)	Getting Org Supplies an Establishing Planning A	DNESS		
	Templates:	Emergency Organization: Team Rosters Emergency Organization: Headquarters and Supply Locations Emergency Team Wallet Card Template Emergency Communications: Establishing Notification Systems Evacuation Roster: Persons with Disabilities		
B)	Overview Emergency To Impleme	Response Actions ent an Evacuation ist People with Disabilities During an Evacuation		
	Templates	To Report an Emergency Incident To Get Emergency Information Department Emergency Message Department Evacuation Routes Emergency Evacuation Sign-in Sheet		
C)	RECOVERY			
	Templa	Summary: Department Recovery Status Recovery: Detailed Space Assessment Recovery: Detailed Equipment Assessment Recovery: Detailed Personnel Impacts		



# INTRODUCTION

Emergencies and disasters can happen at any moment---and, they usually occur without warning. When an emergency strikes, our immediate safety and prompt recovery will depend on the existing levels of preparedness among faculty, staff, and students.

Each School and department at Stanford has an important role to play in maintaining the University's emergency preparedness and safety. We are an interdependent community.

At Stanford, Department Emergency Plans are written to provide fundamental support for the general campus Emergency Plan. During a major emergency or disaster, the University Emergency Management Team (EMT) will rely on effective communication between the campus "Emergency Operations Center (EOC)", corresponding "Satellite Operations Centers (SOCs)" in Deans and Vice Presidents' headquarters, and individual campus departments.

Clearly, Department Emergency Plans are an essential building block of the University's emergency response. They are also part of every unit's basic health and safety responsibilities and business continuity planning. Department Emergency Plans outline how an organization will

- ✓ Protect the safety of students, faculty, staff and visitors in the department,
- ✓ Safeguard vital records and resources related to the department's mission, and
- ✓ Coordinate with the University's emergency response and recovery procedures

This "Blue Emergency Handbook" is distributed to every Stanford School and Department to provide a current copy of the University's Emergency Plan, and to offer a model for developing local area contingency plans. The guidelines for Department Emergency Plans will produce comprehensive, yet simple and flexible, procedures that units can apply to a variety of emergency incidents that may occur, including

- **♦** Earthquakes
- ♦ Fires or Explosions
- ♦ Hazardous Materials Releases
- ♦ Extended Power or Utility Outages
- ♦ Floods
- ♦ Mass Casualty Events

Emergencies are classified as Level 1, 2, or 3 at Stanford, according to their severity and potential program impact. (Emergency Levels are defined on pp. 7-8 of the University Emergency Plan).

Materials in this Handbook provide guidance for any emergency level. The guidelines will help department managers identify key emergency roles and responsibilities, plan ahead for safe building evacuations and effective emergency communications, and develop strategies for resuming normal functions after emergency conditions subside.

# **INTRODUCTION**

The manual is divided into three sections:

- A) PREPAREDNESS
- B) RESPONSE
- C) RECOVERY

Each section contains information, checklists and forms (marked with a ) that outline the basic components of these three critical areas. The materials can serve as templates to create a new Department Emergency Plan, or they can be incorporated directly into existing School or Department documents. By keeping emergency preparedness plans in a loose-leaf binder, departments can easily customize or update the contents

The enclosed forms should be adapted or augmented to fit an organization's mission, staffing, relative location(s), or other unique circumstances. For example, an emergency plan in a laboratory science department will address hazardous materials concerns; while an administrative service unit will address client issues.

Whatever form a Department Emergency Plan takes, it should include the unit's policies relating to the emergency "chain of command," a definition of essential personnel and mission-critical functions, staff release-time policies, and internal emergency communications procedures.

The Emergency Plan must be known and understood before an emergency occurs. Department heads should take immediate steps to:

- Share this important safety information with all faculty, staff, researchers and students annually
- Brief all new personnel as they join the department
- ♦ Keep multiple copies of the Plan in accessible locations throughout the organization
- Ensure that managers keep a copy of the Department Plan at home

On-line copies of all of the materials contained in the "Blue Emergency Handbook" are available to facilitate making duplicate copies and annual updates. The URL is:

http://www.stanford.edu/dept/EHS/prod/general/erprep/plans

Environmental Health & Safety provides planning consultations, hazard assessments, and safety training to support department emergency preparedness programs. Call 723-0448 for more information.

#### **GETTING ORGANIZED**

The first step in building department preparedness is to assemble appropriate human and physical resources to do the job.

Every Stanford School and Department executive should have an "Emergency Coordinator" to help develop and implement their Department Emergency Plan. An Emergency Coordinator must be familiar with the Department's programs and physical facilities, and should be a person with the management experience and financial authority to:

- Collaborate with the Department head to develop and maintain the information in the Department Emergency Plan.
- ◆ Recruit a core "Emergency Preparedness Committee" that represents staff, faculty, and principal investigators from the department's major divisions or locations.
- Arrange related staff safety education and training.
- Purchase department emergency supplies and equipment
- Be ready to support the Department manager during an emergency incident (and be called back to campus if necessary).
- ♦ Be ready to help prepare post-disaster impact summaries and insurance claims
- Emergency Coordinators whose supervisors serve at the University Emergency Operations Center will also interface with the News-Service as "Information Coordinator" for their area.

Some Schools and Departments already have individuals assigned to coordinate safety functions (for example, areas with active "University Safety Partners"), and may already have broad-based Safety Committees. These units can easily incorporate emergency preparedness planning into their programs.

Both existing and newly formed Emergency Preparedness Committees should consider dividing their members into an Emergency Response Team and an Emergency Recovery Group to handle those specialized activities.

- ✓ The "Emergency Response Team" should be trained to help disseminate emergency instructions, assist evacuations and security, and provide first aid if necessary.
- ✓ "Emergency Recovery Team" should be prepared to document the effects of the emergency and coordinate facility and program restoration, according to priorities identified by the Department executive

#### SUPPLIES AND EQUIPMENT

Departments will need basic emergency supplies and equipment to be as self-sufficient as possible after an emergency. Department emergency kits will vary in size and composition according to an organization's structure and function, but all Stanford departments should have the following essentials in an accessible location:

- ✓ First aid supplies, with instructions
- ✓ Flashlights/batteries, approved power strips and extension cords
- ✓ Portable AM/FM radios/batteries
- ✔ Laboratory spill kits
- ✔ Portable emergency water
- **✓** Employee rosters

Several campus departments have developed extensive disaster supplies caches. These resources include such items as megaphones, two-way radios, rescue tools, stretchers, cots, and packaged emergency rations.

Every Stanford manager should encourage employees to keep a personal emergency kit in their work area. These kits should contain the employee's flashlight, back-up eyeglasses and medications, sturdy shoes, a sweater, a wrapped snack and water packet, and personal emergency contact numbers.

#### **ESTABLISHING EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS SYSTEMS**

The Stanford Emergency Plan explains that, during an emergency, department heads

• Ensure that life-safety emergencies are reported to 9-911 (911 from payphones and 286 in the Medical Center)

- Account for the safety of department personnel
- ◆ Contact appropriate campus emergency response departments for safety or repairs assistance (e.g., Facilities Operations, EH&S)
- Deliver critical University information and instructions to their constituents
- ◆ Forward disaster impact reports to their respective Deans' or Vice Presidents' Satellite Operations Centers (SOCs) and disseminate SOC disaster instructions

Be certain that your Emergency Plan includes procedures for making critical notifications during business hours and during after hours emergencies.

- ✓ Establish "telephone trees" and "distribution" voicemail and email lists to initiate rapid emergency notifications. (Be ready to use your web page for making updates during extended incidents).
- ✓ Create a department "Emergency Hotline" so that faculty, staff, and students can call into your department to hear recorded announcements and instructions about emergency effects on your program

All departments equipped with voicemail can designate a hotline without incurring any additional cost. Contact Communication Services at 5-HELP for more information

✔ Publicize the University Emergency Information Hotlines. Ask your telecommunications coordinator (the "STAR") to affix a Communications Services' phone sticker with this important information to every department telephone. (Call 5-HELP to obtain more stickers).

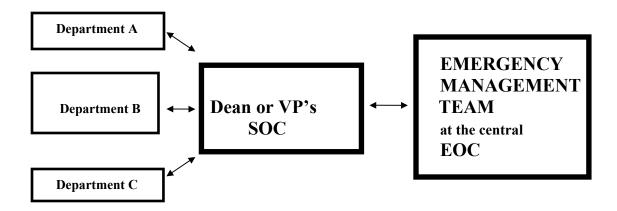
Campus Emergency Information Hotline5-5555
Student Information 7-9000
Hospital Information 8-8888

✓ Keep your Dean's or Vice President's Satellite Operations Center (SOC) numbers at-hand.

#### DISASTER COMMUNICATIONS AT STANFORD

During a disaster, campus departments send emergency impact reports to their SOC (Satellite Operations Center), and the SOC transmits the information to the University EOC (Emergency Operations Center). The EOC serves as a central coordination point for deploying resources and information to campus locations.

The flow of information in a disaster is shown below:



#### PLANNING AHEAD FOR EVACUATIONS

A building evacuation is mandatory whenever a fire alarm sounds, and building occupants should exit immediately. Building evacuations also follow severe earthquakes, after the shaking stops. After a building has been evacuated, occupants must wait for a safety inspection before reentry.

If a complete campus evacuation and closure is necessary during a disaster, it will be announced and coordinated by the Stanford Emergency Management Team from the EOC (Emergency Operations Center). Campus evacuations will be sequential to maintain safety and avoid traffic gridlock.

**Note** that it may or may not be necessary to vacate the building during minor Level 1 emergency incidents, or even during some Level 2 events. Occupants in the area may simply be directed to remain on-site and shut down systems, or they may be asked to move to other sectors of their floor or building. In some events (such as extended power outages), evacuations are not necessary unless the incident has generated a hazardous materials incident or immediate health and safety risk. In limited emergencies, wait for evacuation instructions and engage your Emergency Response Team to communicate the information throughout the department.

# PREPAREDNESS FOR BUILDING EVACUATIONS

Review evacuation information and responsibilities with faculty, PIs, staff and students.

Conduct evacuation drills annually. Plan evacuation needs with disabled personnel

## Plan where to go during an evacuation, and know the routes to get there

Building evacuees go to your department's Emergency Assembly Point (EAP). Stanford has adopted blue signage with this symbol to denote EAP locations:



EAPs are safe outdoor destinations where personnel meet to notify managers of their safety and get emergency information and assistance. All SU buildings have EAPs. They are identified on hallway evacuation signs.

- ✓ See http://www-leland.stanford.edu/dept/EHS to review you EAPs
- ✓ Contact the Fire Marshal at 3-0609 for information on site selection.

#### **Know how to announce and implement evacuation**

A sample script is:

We have a \_\_\_\_\_\_emergency.

Evacuate to \_\_\_\_\_(the EAP)

Take your belongings.

Do not use the elevators.

Use your Emergency Response Team to assist with the evacuation.

## Know what to do next

Be prepared to account for your personnel.

Know how to obtain and disseminate emergency information and instructions.



#### REDUCING EXPOSURE TO RISKS AND HAZARDS

The following tips can prevent emergencies from happening in your department, and will certainly mitigate their effects when they do occur.

#### FIRE PREVENTION

- Know the location of alarm stations and extinguishers. Know how to use them
- ♦ Leave fire doors closed at all times
- Clear obstructed corridors, aisles and room exits
- ♦ Use only grounded electrical plugs
- ♦ Limit use of extension cords and multiple outlets
- ♦ Do not use mechanical rooms or utility rooms for storage
- ♦ Do not smoke in University buildings

#### LABORATORY SAFETY & PREPAREDNESS

- ♦ Maintain a clean work environment
- Post lab safety work rules, train all personnel
- Inventory and label chemicals. Do not purchase excess quantities of chemicals
- Segregate incompatible chemicals. Keep flammables in flammable storage cabinets
- Keep copies of Material Safety Data Sheets: http://stanford.edu/dept/EHS/prod/MSDS
- ♦ Back up cultures and data off-site
- ♦ Investigate emergency power options
- Install seismic restraints on chemical storage shelves. Latch cabinet doors
- Anchor equipment, animal containers, and furniture. Avoid high storage of heavy items
- ♦ Chain compressed gas cylinders at 1/3 and 2/3 points
- Do not store hazardous materials on mobile carts
- Dispose of chemical waste properly:
- ◆ Call EH&S Chemical Waste Help Line at 5-7520

#### BEFORE A POWER EMERGENCY

- Identify and prioritize vital power-dependent functions, operations, and equipment
- ◆ Determine whether you have emergency power outlets (red) in your area. Plan to use them for priority functions only
- Determine if there is emergency lighting in your area. Keep flashlights available in all work areas
- Do not overload power strips. Extension cords are for emergency use only
- Keep offsite duplicates of critical data and cultures



### **EARTHQUAKE PREPAREDNESS**

- ♦ Know how and where to take cover during a quake
- Anchor bookcases, cabinets, and files over 42". Do not stack furniture
- ♦ Move tall furniture away from exits. Do not use tall furniture as room dividers
- Secure computers, equipment, and display cases.
- ♦ Store heavy items at floor level
- Back-up data and sensitive information, store duplicates off-site

Communicate these important preparedness measures to your students, faculty, researchers and staff. Your department's level of readiness for an emergency situation depends not only on having an up-to-date plan document, but also on keeping your constituents aware of their personal responsibility for safety at Stanford.

EMERGENCY PREPAREDNESS PLANNING TEMPLATES FOLLOW...



# EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION: TEAM ROSTERS

(SEND A COPY TO YOUR DEAN OR VICE PRESIDENT)

form last revised on\_\_\_\_\_

	EMERGENCY RES	PONSE TEAM	
	Room& Bldg.	Office Phone	Home Phone
Department Chair)			
Emergency Coordinator)			
Team Members)			
	EMERGENCY REC	OVERY TEAM	
	Room& Bldg.	Office Phone	Home Phone
(Department Chair)			
Emergency Coordinator)			
(Team Members)			
	<del></del>	<del></del>	



# EMERGENCY ORGANIZATION: HEADQUARTERS AND SUPPLY LOCATIONS

form last revised on\_\_\_\_\_

В	ldg./Rm.				
Pl	none		Fax		
E	М				
DEAN'S/VIC	E PRESIDENT	Γ'S "SATEL	LITE OPE	CRATIONS CENT	TER (SOC)"
	11 (5	& Altern	ate Site		
Pl	none		Fax		
E	М				
Si	OC Hotline _				
			CY SUP	PLY LOCATION	<u>ONS</u>
		EMERGEN	CY SUP	PLY LOCATION Building	ONS Other
		EMERGEN			
<u>DEPA</u>		EMERGEN			
<u>DEPA</u>		EMERGEN			



## **EMERGENCY TEAM WALLET CARD TEMPLATE**

front panel

# Stanford University DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY TEAM GUIDE Business Hours Report emergency conditions Alert & instruct Emergency Team Evacuate area if necessary Disseminate instructions Account for personnel Advise emergency responders Update Dean/VP and personnel Afterhours Contact Dean/VP for status report Record Department Hotline bulletin Alert & instruct Emergency Team

back panel

TO REPORT AN EMERG	ENCY			
Police, Fire, Ambulance	9-911			
Payphone	911			
Medical Center	286			
Hazmat Incident	5-9999			
Facilities Operations	3-2281			
EMERGENCY ASSEMBLY POINT (EAP)				
INFORMATION HOTLINES (reco	orded bulletins)			
SU Campus	725-5555			
Student Info	497-9000			
Department Hotline				
LISTEN TO KZSU (90.1FM) for campu	us news bulletins			

interior folding panel

CRITICAL CONTACTS					
DEAN/VP OFFICE Fax	EM	Ph			
EMERGENCY OPERATION Fax		Ph			
EMERGENCY TEAM Name	Campus#		Home#		
		_			
RECOVERY TEAM		_			
		_			



# EMERGENCY COMMUNICATIONS: ESTABLISHING NOTIFICATION SYSTEMS

# TO CREATE AN EMERGENCY NOTIFICATION LIST (or "distribution list") USING STANFORD VOICEMAIL

Call Stanford Voicemail at 723-0000

Enter \*Mailbox number, then enter the Password

Press 4 for the Personal Options Menu

Press 2 for Administrative Options

Press 2 for Group Lists

Press 1 to create the list

Assign a 2-digit number between 11-25 to the list you want to create

Record a name for the list...e.g., Emergency Response Team

Enter the mailbox number or spell the name of each person you want on the list

Press 1 to review the names on the list

Press \* to exit (the list is saved)

### TO SEND A MESSAGE TO A LIST

Call Stanford Voicemail at 723-0000

Enter \*Mailbox number (if you are not at your phone). Then the Password

Press 2. Record your message and press #

Enter distribution list number.

# TO RECORD AN EMERGENCY BULLETIN ON A DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY INFORMATION HOTLINE

*Hotline* # =

<u>Note:</u> When you plan your Department Emergency Information Hotline, consider whether you will use an existing phone line, or whether you will install a designated line *Understand that the phone number will play the Emergency Bulletin until it is returned to normal business use.* 

## INSTRUCTIONS - If you are using an existing mailbox as a Hotline (\*)

Call Stanford Voicemail at 723-0000

Enter \*Mailbox Number, then enter the Password

Press 4 for the Personal Options Menu

Press 3 for the Greetings Menu

Press 1 to change the Personal Greeting

Follow prompts and record the emergency announcement

To check your recording, Press 4

HANG UP when the message is satisfactory

(\*) If you have any questions about the process for using an existing voicemail line as a Hotline, or if you wish to designate a special phone mailbox for the Hotline, contact Communication Services at 5-HELP.



# **EVACUATION PLANNING FOR PERSONS WITH DISABILITIES**

form last revised on\_\_\_\_\_

List self-identified disabled persons who request evacuation assistance during an emergency. Designate evacuation assistants to wheelchair users to assist them during an emergency.

NAME:			
	Room/Bldg.:	Phone:	
	Disability:		
	Instructions		
NAME:			
TVI LIVIL.	Room/Rldg ·	Phone:	
	Room/Bidg	1 none	
	Disability:		
	Instructions		
NAME:			
	Room/Bldg.:	Phone:	
	Disability:		
	Instructions		

#### **OVERVIEW**

Everyone in a University facility---students, faculty, staff, and visitors---must take appropriate and deliberate action when an emergency strikes a building, a portion of the campus, or entire campus community. Decisive leadership is essential. Follow these important steps when there is an emergency:

- ✓ Confirm and evaluate conditions
- ✓ Report the incident immediately
- ✓ Follow instructions from emergency personnel precisely
- ✓ Depending on the nature and severity of the event, activate
  - ♦ Emergency Response Team
  - ♦ Emergency Recovery Team
  - ♦ Division Managers
  - ♦ All area staff and occupants
- ✓ Issue clear and consistent emergency notifications. Use all available communications tools
  - ♦ If there is no power or telephone systems are not functioning, emergency communications will be profoundly restricted
  - ◆ Stanford will use messengers, radios, cellular phones, and ham radios
- ✓ Coordinate with your Dean or Vice President at the Satellite Operations Center (SOC) during major emergencies or disasters

When an emergency strikes the campus after normal business hours, on weekends or holidays or, if you are off-campus during a major emergency, obtain instructions from your Dean/Vice President. Monitor the Stanford Emergency Information Hotline and media reports.

If you are recalled to campus, be certain that your household safety is assured and that your route to campus is safe and functional. Bring your personal emergency kit and a copy of the department plan to campus.

#### **EMERGENCY RESPONSE ACTIONS**

The following are basic instructions for various emergency incidents:

ACCIDENT Call 9-911 for help. Medical Center-Call 286.

Notify Supervisor, Department Chair

Administer first aid if you are trained to do so Do not attempt to move a seriously injured person

FIRE Call 9-911. Medical Center-Call 286.

Activate nearest alarm

Notify Supervisor and staff

Feel doors for heat

If cool, exit carefully

If hot, do not open the door. Stay where you are

If you see smoke, crouch near floor as you exit

If you see fire, confine it by closing doors and windows Use extinguishers on small fires only if safe to do so

> Pull the pin in the handle Aim at the base of the fire

Squeeze nozzle, sweep back and forth

**Evacuate DOWNSTAIRS if above first floor** 

Go upstairs or to roof as last resort only

Never use an elevator during a fire evacuation Go to the Emergency Assembly Point (EAP)

HAZMAT SPILL MINOR release in the lab

Follow lab eyewash, rinse or shower procedures

Vacate persons in immediate area if necessary

Clean spill if you have suitable training

Wear protective equipment

Use appropriate kit to contain, neutralize and absorb

Collect, containerize, and label waste

Call 5-7520 (EH&S ) for chemical waste pick-up

MAJOR release in the department

Call 5-9999 (24-hr. EH&S emergency number)

**Medical Center-Call 286** 

Report your name, location, phone number, the

material spilled, possible injuries

Assist injured persons.

Isolate contaminated persons

Avoid contamination or chemical exposure

Close doors or control access to spill site

Alert Supervisor, Department Chair

Communicate critical spill information to responders

Follow evacuation instructions precisely



#### **POWER OUTAGE**

Assess the extent of the outage in your area

## Report the outage to Facilities Work Control 3-2281

To obtain information about a prolonged outage, call
Stanford Emergency Information Hotline 5-5555
Student Emergency Information Hotline 7-9000
Hospital Emergency Information Hotline 8-8888
School of Medicine Information Hotline 3-SAFE

Help co-workers in darkened work areas move to safe locations

If practical, secure current experimental work, then move it to a safe location. If you move chemicals on carts between floors, get assistance. Hazardous spills are a significant risk during transport.

Keep lab refrigerators or freezers closed throughout the outage.

Unplug personal computers, non-essential electrical equipment and appliances

Open windows for additional light and ventilation
If you are asked to evacuate your building, secure any
hazardous materials work and leave the building
Release of personnel by the department executive after an
extended outage is determined

#### **EARTHQUAKE**

Take cover immediately, direct others around you

Under a desk, table, or chair

Between seating rows in lecture halls

Against a corridor wall (cover head and neck)

Outdoors--in open area, away from buildings

Be alert for aftershocks, avoid potential falling hazards

MINOR QUAKE (brief rolling motion)

Restore calm. Examine your area for damage Report damage/hazardous materials releases

Review safety procedures and kits

Await instructions, evacuations are unlikely

MAJOR QUAKE (violent shaking)

Restore calm. Assist others

Report injuries to 9-911

Report damage to Department head

Evacuate carefully, be alert for aftershocks

Take emergency supplies

Do not use elevators

Meet at Emergency Assembly Point (EAP)

Do not enter buildings until they are examined

Report status to Emergency Operations Center (EOC)

Await instructions, be patient, help others

## TO IMPLEMENT AN EVACUATION

These directions will help to make the process effective and safe for you and your staff.

- **♦** Keep calm. Evaluate the situation carefully.
- ♦ Alert Emergency Response Team to assist the evacuation
- ♦ Use communications tools that are appropriate for the type of incident and the time of occurrence:

Alarms
Phone trees or voicemail broadcast
Messengers

**♦** Communicate clearly and succinctly

"We have a \_\_\_\_emergency.

Evacuate to \_\_\_\_ (the EAP)

Take your belongings, do not use the elevators."

- ♦ Check offices, classrooms, labs, restrooms
- **♦** Turn equipment off, if possible
- **♦** Take emergency supplies and staff rosters, if possible
- **♦** Keep exiting groups together
- ♦ Account for personnel
- ♦ WAIT AT THE EAP FOR FURTHER INSTRUCTIONS

# HOW TO ASSIST PEOPLE WITH DISABILITIES DURING AN EVACUATION

#### **♦ TO ALERT VISUALLY IMPAIRED PERSONS**

Announce the type of emergency Offer your arm for guidance Tell person where you are going, obstacles you encounter When you reach safety, ask if further help is needed

#### **♦ TO ALERT PEOPLE WITH HEARING LIMITATIONS**

Turn lights on/off to gain person's attention, or Indicate directions with gestures, or Write a note with evacuation directions

### ♦ TO EVACUATE PEOPLE USING CRUTCHES, CANES, OR WALKERS

Evacuate these individuals as injured persons Assist and accompany to evacuation site if possible, or Use a sturdy chair (or one with wheels) to move person, or Help carry individual to safety

#### **♦ TO EVACUATE WHEELCHAIR USERS**

Non-ambulatory persons' needs and preferences vary
Individuals at ground floor locations may exit without help
Others have minimal ability to move--lifting may be dangerous
Some non-ambulatory persons have respiratory complications
Remove them from smoke and vapors immediately
Wheelchair users with electrical respirators get priority assistance
Most wheelchairs are too heavy to take down stairs
Consult with person to determine best carry options
Reunite person with the chair as soon as it safe to do so

EMERGENCY RESPONSE TEMPLATES FOLLOW...



# REPORT AN EMERGENCY INCIDENT

FIRE---POLICE---MEDICAL AID CALL 9-911

(All life-safety emergencies)

Payphones 911 Medical Center 286

HAZARDOUS MATERIALS RELEASE 5-9999

CAMPUS FACILITIES OPERATIONS 3-2281

HOUSING FACILITIES & SERVICES 5-9854

MEDICAL CENTER ENGINEERING 3-5555

& MAINTENANCE

# WHEN YOU CALL TO REPORT AN EMERGENCY:

# **Tell the Operator**

- 1. The type of emergency
- 2. If there are victims
- 3. The location of the emergency
- 4. Your name, location, and phone number

# Stay on the phone until the Operator ends the call

During a major emergency or disaster, use the provided DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY FAX FORM to:

- update your Dean or Vice President's SOC
- to send emergency reports to the campus EOC
- or to send instructions to your organization's divisions.



# TO GET EMERGENCY INFORMATION

1.	Receive bulletins from your Dean or Vice Presiden	ıt
	SOC Phone#	
	SOC Hotline#	

2. Call Emergency Hotlines

SU Emergency Information Hotline	5-5555
Student Information Hotline	7-9000
Hospital Information Hotline	8-8888

This department's hotline is \_\_\_\_\_\_

3. Read emergency announcements and updates posted on the Stanford Home Page

http://www.stanford.edu

- 4. Listen to KZSU (90.1FM) for Stanford emergency bulletins
- 5. Listen to community Emergency Alert System (\*) radio stations

KCBS 740 AM KGO 810 AM

- (\*) formerly known as the Emergency Broadcast System)
- 6. Follow televised reports

# Please:

DO NOT CALL 9-911 or Stanford Public Safety to get information. These lines are only for reporting life safety emergencies.



# Stanford University DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY MESSAGE

TO:	SATELLITE EMER FAX: PH:		CENTER	
FROM:			ame/ Title ept/ Bldg	
	FAX: PH:			
-	DEPARTMENT'S	<b>EMERGENCY MES</b>	SAGE	



# **DEPARTMENT EVACUATION ROUTES**

✓ INSERT A COPY OF YOUR EVACUATION MAP HERE
These maps are posted in building hallways. Be certain that you indicate your
department's "Emergency Assembly Point (EAP)" on the map.

EAP information, and extra copies of the evacuation poster may be obtained
from the Stanford Fire Marshal, at 3-0609

This department's Emergency Assembly Point is at



# **EMERGENCY EVACUATION SIGN-IN SHEET**

(Use this form to account for personnel at the EAP when a roster is not available)

PLEASE PRINT	School or	Student?Faculty? Staff? Other?
our Name (SS# or SU ID#)	Department	Staff? Other?
	_	
	_	
	_	
	_	
	_	
	<u> </u>	
		_
	_	_
	_	
	_	
	_	
	_	_
	_	_



# C) RECOVERY

## SUPPORT SERVICES AND ASSISTANCE

After a major emergency or disaster, many people in our community will be distressed by personal and professional difficulties. It is likely that affected students, faculty and staff may need some scheduling flexibility or other temporary help in order to return to their customary activities. The following are only some of the resources available on campus and in our community:

**University Resources** 

Counseling The Bridge, 640 Campus Drive, 3-3392

CAPS, Vaden Student Health, 3-3785

Help Center, SHS, 3-4577

Short and long-term loans Financial Aid Office, Old Union, 3-3058

Stanford Federal Credit Union (members), 5-1000

Housing listings Community Housing Services, Old Union, 3-3096

Transportation information Transportation Programs, 855 Serra St., 3-9070

DisGoCart & Marguerite, 5-2484

Child care referrals WorkLife Center, 845 Escondido Rd., 3-2660

Special service referrals Disability Resource Center, Meyer Library, 3-1066

Academic assistance Center for Teaching and Learning, Sweet Hall, 5-9580

SSE Lecture Notes, Tresidder, 3-6921

**Community Resources** 

Disaster relief & referrals Red Cross-Palo Alto, 650-688-0415

Salvation Army, 650-324-3931

Transportation information TravInfo 817-1717 (Information on roads, bridges,

public transit throughout the Bay Area.

Serves all regional area codes.)

Counseling Bay Area Helpline, 772-4357

San Mateo Co. 24-hr.

Mental Health Svcs., 650-573-2662

Santa Clara Co.24-hr.

Mental Health Svcs., 408-885-6100

Claims information San Mateo Co. Emergency Services, 650-363-4790

Santa Clara Co. Emergency Services, 408-299-3751

FEMA, 800-299-1160



# C) RECOVERY

#### DOCUMENTING EMERGENCY OUTCOMES

Once the safety and status of your staff has been assured, and emergency conditions have abated, assemble your Emergency Recovery Team to begin the restoration of the department's programs. Your Team's earlier work on defining critical mission-critical operations and staffing will be a starting point for the recovery process.

It will be important to begin a timely and comprehensive assessment of the emergency's physical and operational effects. Plan ahead for how you will collect this important impact information.

Your Dean or Vice President will need ongoing status reports from your unit during the emergency to estimate when your program can be fully operational and to identify special facility, equipment, and personnel issues or resources that will speed business resumption

The University may need detailed facilities data for the area to estimate temporary space reallocation needs and strategies

Most insurance and FEMA assistance claims will require extensive documentation of damaged facilities, lost equipment and resources, and special personnel expenses. Workers' Compensation claims may arise if there are injuries in your department.

All of your documentation on emergency impacts should be coordinated with your Dean or Vice President. The following forms provide formats for summarizing this crucial information.

Take note that you should also plan to photograph or videotape facility or equipment damage in your department to provide a visual supplement for the written impact data.

It is very important that you record the emergency's physical effects before you clean your area or make repairs.

EMERGENCY RECOVERY TEMPLATES FOLLOW...



# **Stanford University**

# SUMMARY: DEPARTMENT EMERGENCY STATUS

(Dean/Vice President/Vice Provost)
SOC site
(Department Head)
Dept/Bldg
1 4. 1
o become operational



# RECOVERY: DETAILED SPACE ASSESSMENT

Use this form to describe damage to utilities, fixtures, ceilings, walls, floors, windows, etc. on each floor of your Department's building(s). Send the information to the Dean/Vice President/Vice Provost with a signed cover memo from the Department head or person currently in charge.

DEPT/BLDG	ROOM
DAMAGE	
DEPT/BLDG	ROOM
DAMAGE	
	ROOM
DEPT/BLDG	ROOM
DAMAGE	
	pageof



# RECOVERY: DETAILED EQUIPMENT ASSESSMENT

Use this form to describe all damaged furnishings, office-laboratory-research equipment, and materials expended during the emergency. Send the information to the Dean/Vice President/Vice Provost with a signed cover memo from the Department head or person currently in charge.

DEPT/BLI	OG	ROOM		
Item	Manufacturer			
Model#	SU Inventory#	Original Cost		
Damage de	escription			
	<b>Est. repair \$</b>	Est. replacement \$		
DEPT/BLI	OG	ROOM		
Item	N	Manufacturer		
Model#	SU Inventory#	Original Cost		
Damage de	escription			
	Est. repair \$	Est. replacement \$		
DEPT/BLI	OG	ROOM		
Item	N	Manufacturer		
Model#	SU Inventory#	Original Cost		
Damage de	escription			
Est. repair \$		Est. replacement \$		
		nage of		



# RECOVERY: DETAILED PERSONNEL IMPACTS

Use this form to describe the emergency's impact on staffing. Describe personnel issues related to program resumption. Document employee overtime related to your emergency response and recovery. Send the information to the Dean/Vice President/Vice Provost with a signed cover memo from the Department head or person currently in charge.

nemo from the Departmen				•	
Summary: EME				RTMENT STAFFI	
				TO THE EMERGEN	
Name			e data for temps hired for emergency r  Employee #		
Job Title					
Hourly Rate					
Date(s) Worked		<u>Hours</u>		Duties Performed	
	_				
	-				
Name		En	nployee#		
Date(s) Worked		<u>Hours</u>		Duties Performed	
	- -				
	-				
Name Job Title  Hourly Rate <u>Date(s) Worked</u>	OT Rate_	<u>Hours</u>	Benefi	ts % Duties Performed	
	-				