

May 5, 2005

Report for the Boething Tree Nursery for Jasper Ridge Biological Preserve (JRBP)

Introduction

Herbarium staff was asked to assess the biological resources at the area known as Boething Tree Nursery. Staff consisted of Toni Corelli, Ann Lambrecht, John Rawlings, and Carol Zabel. This team worked a total of 60 hours; this includes field, lab, and analysis time. The emphasis of this project was to:

1. Make a list of plant species observed (see the attached spreadsheet)
2. Establish which plants were most dominate
3. Mark the areas studied on the aerial photograph provided
4. Collect any new species or species need to be identified in the lab
5. Photograph the area studied
6. Make any other biological observations as needed

The Boething Tree Nursery was removed from this property last year (?) and the ground was scraped (?). The area west of Road 2 will be turned over to JRBP. The herbarium staff assessed the area circled on the attached map.

Methods

The area was labeled as shown on the attached map. Two Roads were labeled (Road 1 and Road 2). One area was labeled "Back Area" and is the area between Road 1 and ledge above the creek. Seven individual blocks were identified east to Road 1. Each block was divided into 3 sections. One large (western) section, one drainage area (except Block B1A which has two drainages) and one smaller section east of each drainage within each block that is berm-like. The map and spreadsheet is labeled as follows:

Block	B1A	B1B	drainage 1a	drainage 1b
(Block B1 is the only block that had two obvious drainages)				
Block	B2A	B2B	drainage 2	
Block	B3A	B3B	drainage 3	
Block	B4A	B4B	drainage 4	
Block	B5A	B5B	drainage 5	
Block	B6A	B6B	drainage 6	
Block	B7A	B7B	drainage 7	
Back Area				

Road 1 - road into Boething from JRBP

Road 2 - road on the eastern boundary

Results

A spreadsheet is attached showing all of the plants encountered. A total of one hundred nine (109) plants were documented, of these ninety (90) were identified to species.

Eighteen were collected for further analysis or cannot be identified to species because they are not in flower or were not recognized by the team. Dominant plants are indicated on the spreadsheet, labeled YD; codominant species are identified as YCD. Seventy-four (74) species are nonnative and thirty-five (35) are native.

Overall, *Carduus pycnocephalus* was the most dominant plant. It tended to occupy the westerly two-thirds of blocks B1A-B6A and the "back area." The westerly two thirds of these blocks and the outer margins of the long edges along each block were mostly covered by *C. pycnocephalus*. The easterly exposures of blocks B1A-B6A had areas that are more open, more plant diversity, and less overall plant cover.

Block B7A was the only block in our research area that has an existing cover over it. There was less *C. pycnocephalus* in this block and possibly more diversity overall. *C. pycnocephalus*, *Picris echioides* and *Sonchus asper* all seemed to be codominants with no over all dominant plant in Block B7A. Percent cover was less in this block than in any other.

Almost all of the blocks had native annual lupine species, especially *Lupinus nanus* and some *L. bicolor* (see the spreadsheet for locations). These plants are easy to spot now since they are in flower, some were starting to set seed. Perhaps these plants can be avoided in the mowing process. Also of interest was the presence of *Baccharis pilularis*, which is a native pioneer plant in disturbed areas. *B. pilularis* is a codominant in Block B3A; maybe these can also be avoided in the mowing process. We also flagged a large patch of *Madia gracilis* in block B4A. We thought this colony was especially interesting because of its tall stature, and native importance. We used yellow and black plastic tape to mark this patch.

Blocks (B1B-B7B) are the small areas beyond the drainages in each block. These are separated from the main block by the drainages and are adjacent to Road 2. These have become berm-like possibly a result of the soil being deposited from the drainages onto these areas. Some do have *Quercus agrifolia* trees on them.

Drainages 1a-7 are shown on the map and resource results are shown on the spreadsheet. Some still had standing water (drainages 1a, 1b, 5, 7). Drainage 1a had over a foot of standing water. There were some algae and

other aquatic plants in the drainages with standing water that we were unable to identify because they were not in flower. Some drainages had tadpoles and other aquatic insects and plants that indicate an aquatic habitat. We recommend that the drainages not be mowed, or at least the ones with aquatic habitat indicators. These would be drainages 1a, 1b, 5, 6, and 7. Most drainages are obvious and most are located to the far east of the blocks before the berms. See the attached map for the blue color indicating the drainages.

Block B1A was the only block with two drainages, one on the north side, and one on the east side. In drainages 6 and 7 there are two culverts and these drainages were larger than the other drainages. The other drainages seem to have only one culvert.

We also observed red-winged black bird, kill deer, meadowlark, Admiral butterfly, ladybugs, tree frogs, and other insects not identified.

Submitted by: Toni Corelli

Attachments:

Spreadsheet of plant species and notes * indicates non-native species

Aerial map with locations mapped

Report for the Boething Tree Nursery for Jasper Ridge Biological Preserve (JRBP)

Apiaceae	<i>Anthriscus caucalis</i> *	bur-chervil *
Apiaceae	<i>Torilis arvensis</i> *	hedge parsley *
Asteraceae	<i>Achyryachaena mollis</i>	blow-wives
Asteraceae	<i>Baccharis pilularis</i>	coyote brush
Asteraceae	<i>Carduus pycnocephalus</i> *	Italian thistle *
Asteraceae	<i>Centaurea calcitrapa</i> *	purple star-thistle *
Asteraceae	<i>Centaurea solstitialis</i> *	yellow star-thistle *
Asteraceae	<i>Chamomilla suaveolens</i> *	pineapple weed *
Asteraceae	<i>Cirsium vulgare</i> *	bull thistle *
Asteraceae	<i>Cotula coronopifolia</i> *	brass-buttons *
Asteraceae	<i>Crepis vesicaria</i> ssp. <i>taraxacifolia</i> *	weedy hawksbeard *
Asteraceae	<i>Filago gallica</i> *	narrow-leaved filago *
Asteraceae	<i>Gnaphalium californicum</i>	California cudweed
Asteraceae	<i>Gnaphalium luteo-</i>	weedy cudweed *

	album *	
Asteraceae	<i>Hypochaeris glabra</i> *	smooth cat's-ear *
Asteraceae	<i>Hypochaeris radicata</i> *	rough cat's-ear *
Asteraceae	<i>Lactuca saligna</i> *	willow lettuce *
Asteraceae	<i>Lactuca serriola</i> *	prickly lettuce *
Asteraceae	<i>Madia gracilis</i>	slender tarweed
Asteraceae	<i>Madia sativa</i>	coast tarweed
Asteraceae	<i>Microseris douglasii</i> ssp. <i>douglasii</i>	Douglas' microseris
Asteraceae	<i>Picris echioides</i> *	bristly ox-tongue *
Asteraceae	<i>Senecio vulgaris</i> *	common groundsel *
Asteraceae	<i>Silybum marianum</i> *	milk thistle *
Asteraceae	<i>Sonchus asper</i> ssp. <i>asper</i> *	prickly sow thistle *
Asteraceae	<i>Sonchus oleraceus</i> *	common sow thistle *
Asteraceae	<i>Conyza</i> sp. *	conyza *
Asteraceae	<i>Dittrichia graveolens</i> *	stinkwort
Brassicaceae	<i>Capsella bursa-pastoris</i> *	shepherd's purse *
Brassicaceae	<i>Cardamine oligosperma</i>	few-seeded bitter cress
Brassicaceae	<i>Hirschfeldia incana</i> *	Mediterranean mustard *
Brassicaceae	<i>Lepidium didymum</i> (<i>Coronopus didymus</i>)*	lesser wart cress*
Brassicaceae	<i>Coronopus didymus</i> *	lesser watercress *
Brassicaceae	yellow mustard	
Brassicaceae	mustard family member cream *	*
Brassicaceae	<i>Brassica</i> sp. *	mustard *
Caryophyllaceae	<i>Cerastium glomeratum</i> *	mouse-ear chickweed *
Chenopodiaceae	<i>Chenopodium album</i> *	pigweed *
Cyperaceae	<i>Cyperus eragrostis</i>	tall cyperus
Cyperaceae	<i>Bolboschoenus maritimus</i>	saltmarsh or alkali bulrush
Euphorbiaceae	<i>Euphorbia peplus</i> *	petty spurge *
Fabaceae	<i>Genista monspessulana</i> *	French broom *
Fabaceae	<i>Lotus corniculatus</i> *	birdfoot trefoil *
Fabaceae	<i>Lotus micranthus</i>	small-flowered trefoil
Fabaceae	<i>Lupinus bicolor</i>	miniature lupine
Fabaceae	<i>Lupinus nanus</i>	Douglas' annual lupine
Fabaceae	<i>Lupinus succulentus</i>	arroyo lupine

Fabaceae	<i>Medicago lupulina</i> *	black medick
Fabaceae	<i>Medicago polymorpha</i> *	California burclover *
Fabaceae	<i>Trifolium dubium</i> *	little hop clover *
Fabaceae	<i>Trifolium gracilentum</i> var. <i>gracilentum</i>	pin-point clover
Fabaceae	<i>Trifolium hirtum</i> *	rose clover *
Fabaceae	<i>Trifolium variegatum</i>	white-tipped clover
Fabaceae	<i>Trifolium willdenovii</i>	tomcat clover
Fabaceae	<i>Vicia sativa</i> ssp. <i>sativa</i> *	common vetch *
Fabaceae	<i>Vicia villosa</i> ssp. <i>varia</i> *	winter vetch *
Fabaceae	<i>Trifolium subterraneum</i> *	subterranean clover *
Fabaceae	<i>Melilotus indica</i> *	Indian melilot *
Fagaceae	<i>Quercus agrifolia</i> var. <i>agrifolia</i>	coast live oak
Fagaceae	<i>Quercus lobata</i>	valley oak
Geraniaceae	<i>Erodium botrys</i> *	long-beaked storksbill
Geraniaceae	<i>Erodium cicutarium</i> *	red-stemmed storksbill *
Geraniaceae	<i>Geranium dissectum</i> *	cut-leaved geranium *
Geraniaceae	<i>Geranium robertianum</i> *	herb Robert *
Iridaceae	<i>Sisyrinchium bellum</i>	blue-eyed-grass
Juncaceae	<i>Juncus bufonius</i> var. <i>bufonius</i>	toad rush
Juncaceae	<i>Juncus xiphoides</i>	iris-leaved rush
Lamiaceae	<i>Mentha pulegium</i> *	pennyroyal *
Lamiaceae	<i>Salvia</i> ? - red ornamental *	*
Liliaceae	<i>Lilaea</i> species	flowering quillwort
Lythraceae	<i>Lythrum hyssopifolium</i> *	grass-poly *
Malvaceae	<i>Malva</i> sp *	mallow *
Onagraceae	<i>Epilobium brachycarpum</i>	panicked willow herb
Onagraceae	<i>Epilobium ciliatum</i> ssp. <i>watsonii</i>	Watson's willow herb
Onagraceae	<i>Epilobium</i> sp.	willow herb
Oxalidaceae	<i>Oxalis</i> sp. *	oxalis *
Plantaginaceae	<i>Plantago coronopus</i> *	cut-leaved plantain *
Plantaginaceae	<i>Plantago major</i> *	common plantain *
Poaceae	<i>Aira caryophyllea</i> *	Silver European hairgrass *

Poaceae	<i>Avena barbata</i> *	slender wild oat *
Poaceae	<i>Briza maxima</i> *	big quaking grass *
Poaceae	<i>Briza minor</i> *	little quaking grass *
Poaceae	<i>Bromus carinatus</i> var. <i>carinatus</i>	California brome
Poaceae	<i>Bromus diandrus</i> *	ripgut grass *
Poaceae	<i>Bromus hordeaceus</i> *	soft chess *
Poaceae	<i>Bromus madritensis</i> ssp. <i>madritensis</i> *	foxtail chess *
Poaceae	<i>Lolium multiflorum</i> *	Italian ryegrass *
Poaceae	<i>Nassella lepida</i>	foothill needlegrass
Poaceae	<i>Poa annua</i> *	annual bluegrass *
Poaceae	<i>Polypogon monspeliensis</i> *	annual beard grass *
Poaceae	<i>Hordeum murinum</i> *	foxtail *
Poaceae	<i>Vulpia</i> sp. *	*
Poaceae	<i>Vulpia myuros</i> *	*
Poaceae	<i>Vulpia bromoides</i> *	foxtail fescue *
Polygonaceae	<i>Rumex crispus</i> *	curly dock *
Portulaceae	<i>Claytonia perfoliata</i> ssp. <i>perfoliata</i>	miner's lettuce
Primulaceae	<i>Anagallis arvensis</i> *	scarlet pimpernel *
Rubiaceae	<i>Galium aparine</i>	goose grass
Salicaceae	<i>Salix</i> sp.	
Salicaceae	<i>Salix exigua</i>	narrow-leaved willow
Salicaceae	<i>Populus</i> sp. *	*
Scrophulariaceae	<i>Castilleja densiflora</i> ssp. <i>densiflora</i>	owl's-clover
Solanaceae	<i>Solanum</i> sp. *	*
Typhaceae	<i>Typha</i> sp.	cat tail

4/25/05 8:38:55



4/25/05 8:39:01



Block B1A and Drainage 1a
4/25/05 8:39:08



Carduus pycnocephalus , Italian thistle Block B1A (4/25/05) 8:45:43



Cotula coronopifolia (brass-buttons)

4/25/05 10:38:44



Cotula coronopifolia (brass-buttons)

4/25/05 10:39:42



Scirpus sp. Drainage 6 (5/1/05 9:09:58)



5/1/05 9:10:04



Block B4A showing eastern exposure, drainage 4 and B4B - Berm area (5/1/05)
9:10:10



5/1/05 - 10:15:30



Carduus pycnocephalus and Carol 5/1/05 - 10:59:42



Madia gracilis (slender tarweed); Block B4A (5/1/05) 10:59:50



Madia gracilis (slender tarweed); Block B4A ; with Carol
5/1/05 10:59:59



Madia gracilis (slender tarweed); Block B4A
5/1/05) 11:00:23



Madia gracilis (slender tarweed); Block B4A 5/1/05) 11:00:23



Carduus pycnocephalus (talian thistle) with *Madia gracilis* (slender tarweed); Block B4A (5/1/05) 11:00:36



Drainage 1b (5/2/05) 8:00:55



Block B3A, Drainage 2 and B2B showing eastern end of B2A; drainage 2 with no standing water and the berm B3B (5/2/05) 8:01:02



5/2/05 8:01:10



5/2/05 8:01:15



Water plant (Lilaea) Drainage 1a (5/2/05)8:15:29



Drainage 6 with *Scirpus* sp. (*Bolboschoenus maritimus*) With Carol
5/2/05 9:12:44



Drainage 6 with Typha sp. And ann 5/2/05 9:12:49



Drainage 5 and Carol
2/5/05 9:24:57



Quercus agrifolia 5/2/05 9:25:02



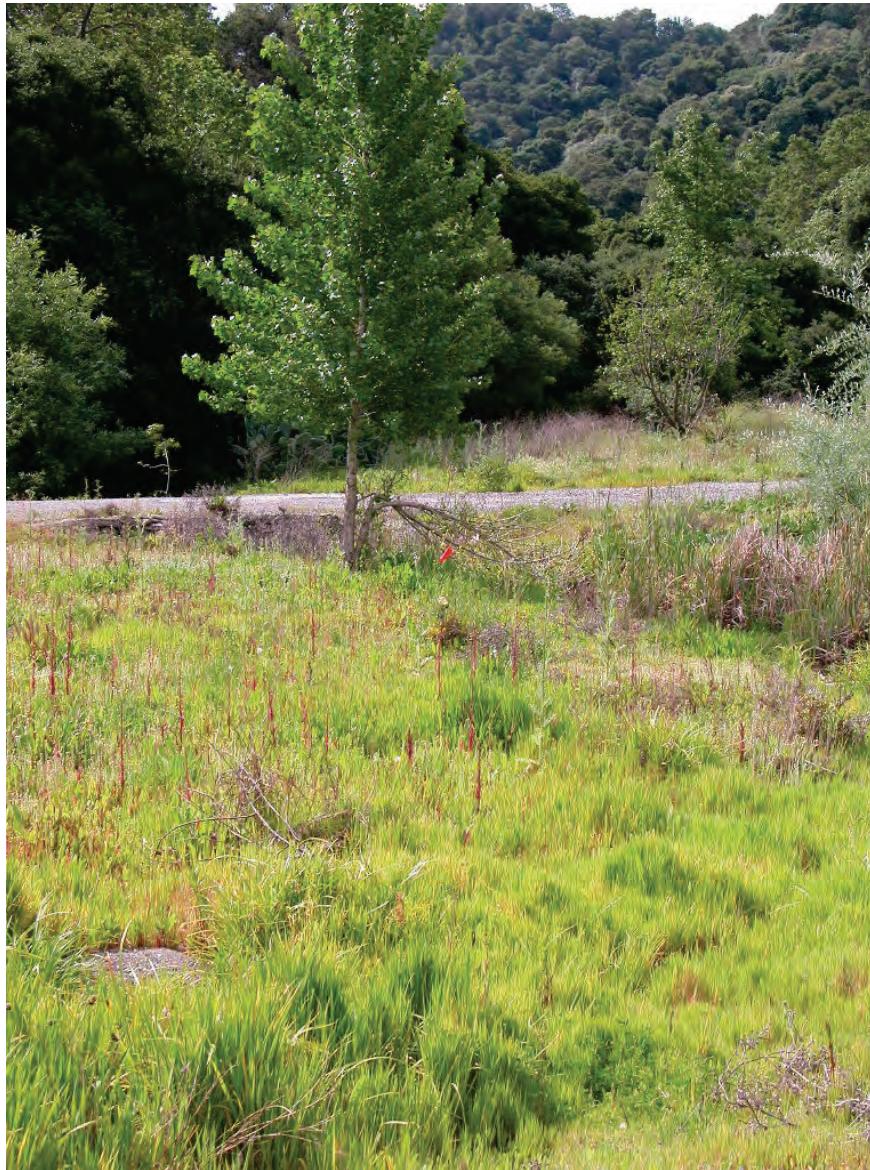
Drainage 7 *Polypogon monspeliensis* (grass in front) *Populus* sp. (ornamental in background) Willow and catalail (5/2/05 9:25:18)



Drainage 7 with Salix sp. (5/2/05) 9:25:24



Drainage 7 with *Polypogon monspeliensis* (grass in front) *Populus* sp. (ornamental in background) Willow and cattail (5/2/05) 9:25:30



Unknown leaf hairy and fragrant
5/2/05 9:29:30



Back Area with Ann
5/3/05 9:45:43



Back Area with Ann
5/2/05 9:45:49



Bark Area with *Lupinus nanus* (Douglas' annual lupine)
5/2/05 9:45:54



Back Area - 5/2/05 9:45:59



Coronopus didymus (lesser watercress)
Back Area 5/2/05 9:47:05



