



# Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Comprehensive Annual Financial Report Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Headquartered in Los Altos, California Operating over 63,000 acres of Regional Open Space Preserves and Trails within portions of San Mateo, Santa Clara, and Santa Cruz Counties



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# Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Prepared by: Finance and Administrative Services



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Introductory Section

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### **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

#### TITLE

INTRODUCTORY SECTION	
Table of Contents	1
Transmittal Letter	3
Principal Officials	9
Organizational Charter	10
Location Map	11
GFOA Certification	12
FINANCIAL SECTION	
Independent Auditor's Report	14
Management's Discussion and Analysis	18
Basic Financial Statements:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements:	
	28
	29
Fund Financial Statements:	
	32
Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the	
	33
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes	
	34
Reconciliation of Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures,	
0	35
Notes to the Basic Financial Statements	38
REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
	74
	75
	76
	77
Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability	78
SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION	
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	

Schedule of Revenue, Experiatures and Changes in Fund Datance –	
Budget and Actual (GAAP) Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	82
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual (GAAP) GF Capital Projects Fund	83
Schedule of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance –	
Budget and Actual (GAAP) Debt Service Fund	84
Measure AA Bond Program – Schedule of Program Expenditures	85
Notes to Supplementary Information	86

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Santa Clara County Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2018

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

90
91
92
93
94
95
96
97
98
99
100
101
102
103
104
105

#### **OTHER INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORTS:**

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting and on	
Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements	
Performed in Accordance with Government Auditing Standards	108



Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

GENERAL MANAGER Ana M. Ruiz

BOARD OF DIRECTORS Pete Siemens Yoriko Kishimoto Jed Cyr Curt Riffle Karen Holman Larry Hassett Zoe Kersteen-Tucker

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District 330 Distel Circle Los Altos, California 94022

December 18, 2018

Members of the Board of Directors and Midpen Constituents:

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (District) for the year ended June 30, 2018, is hereby submitted.

The CAFR has been prepared by the Finance Department in compliance with the principles and standards for financial reporting promulgated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB). The CAFR consists of District management's representations concerning the finances of the District and District management assumes full responsibility for completeness, accuracy of data, and fairness of presentation, including all footnotes and disclosures. Management believes the data presented are accurate in all material respects and are presented in a manner designed to fairly set forth the financial position and results of operations of the District.

The District's accounting records for governmental operations are maintained on a modified accrual basis, with the revenues being recorded when both measurable and available, and expenditures being recorded when the services or goods are received and the liabilities are incurred.

District management has established a comprehensive framework of internal controls designed both to protect the District's assets from loss, theft, or misuse; and to compile sufficiently reliable information for the preparation of the District's financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles. Because the cost of internal controls should not outweigh their benefits, the District's controls have been designed to provide reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that the financial statements will be free from material misstatement. The CAFR has been audited by the independent certified public accounting firm of Chavan & Associates, LLP. The independent certified public accounting firm has issued an unmodified opinion on the District's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2018.

Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the financial statements. This letter of transmittal serves as a complement to the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it.

#### MIDPENINSULA REGIONAL OPEN SPACE DISTRICT PROFILE

The Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (the "District") was formed in 1972 to acquire and preserve public open space land in northern and western portions of the County of Santa Clara. In June 1976, the southern and eastern portions of the County of San Mateo were annexed to the District. The District annexed three parcels located in the northern tip of Santa Cruz County in 1992, but the 1% *ad valorem* property tax is not levied on this land for the benefit of the District. In September 2004, the District completed the Coastside Protection Program, which extended the District boundaries to the Pacific Ocean in the County of San Mateo, from the southern borders of the City of Pacifica to the San Mateo/Santa Cruz County line.

The District encompasses over 550 square miles of land located in the County of Santa Clara (approximately 200 square miles), the County of San Mateo (approximately 350 square miles) and the County of Santa Cruz (approximately 2.6 square miles). The Counties of Santa Clara and San Mateo are referred to together as the "Counties." As of the 2010 decennial census, approximately 720,000 people lived within the boundaries of the District.

The District has preserved over 63,000 acres of public land and manages 26 open space preserves within its mission to acquire and preserve a regional greenbelt of open space land in perpetuity, protect and restore the natural environment, and provide opportunities for ecologically sensitive public enjoyment and education.

A seven-member Board of Directors (Board), elected by individual ward, establishes policies for the District. Specifically, the Board sets general operating objectives for the District, authorizes debt issuance, monitors financial and long-range planning, establishes policies governing conditions of employment, and sets policies to protect and enhance the natural and cultural resources of the District. Members of the Board of Directors are elected for staggered four-year terms. The Board appoints a General Manager to serve as the District's chief executive officer. The General Manager provides direction and leadership to all District departments and ensures that all District policies are implemented.

The District is a legally separate and fiscally independent entity from other government agencies, which may also provide governmental services within the same geographic area. The CAFR includes all funds of the District. There are no separate or legal entities or component units included in the financial statements of the District. The District has a blended component unit included in the financial statements of the District. In 1996, the District and Santa Clara County established the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Financing Authority (Authority) to help the District finance improvements by buying land and building facilities in cooperation with the District. The President of the District's Board of Directors is also the Chairperson of the Authority. Three District directors and a Supervisor from Santa Clara County are also on the Authority Board. In effect, the Authority operates in tandem with the District.

#### FACTORS AFFECTING FINANCIAL CONDITION

The information presented in the financial statements is perhaps best understood when considered from the broader perspective of the environment in which the District operates.

#### State and Local Economy

The California economy continues to out-perform the nation as a whole with steady growth. Many of the key economic indicators continue to contribute to a positive economic outlook: unemployment at historical lows, continuing growth in GDP, and stable inflation. However, recent months have showed that while employment continues to grow, the rate of growth has slowed along with other economic indicators. Beacon Economics notes that a key challenge on the horizon is that growth is being constrained by limited increases in the labor force, which in turn is correlated to the lack of availability and high cost of housing.

Both Santa Clara and San Mateo counties have been outperforming the California and U.S. economies in recent years. The Congressional Budget Office projects that the national gross domestic product (GDP) is projected to grow by 3.1 percent in 2018 and 2.4 percent in 2019. GDP growth for the San Francisco metropolitan are increased by a robust 5.4 percent in 2016 (latest available data) compared to the average U.S. metro area growth of 1.7 percent.

The District's boundaries encompass a large portion of the Silicon Valley, which has been buoyed by strength in the technology industry with its deep foundations of entrepreneurship and innovation. The District currently derives two-thirds of its general fund property tax revenue from Santa Clara County and one-third from San Mateo County.

The real estate markets in both San Mateo and Santa Clara counties continue to demonstrate strong demand in both the residential and commercial sectors. For fiscal year 2018-19, the Santa Clara County Assessor's Office showed that the assessment roll increased by 7.24 percent to a total of \$483 billion. Similarly, San Mateo County reported that the total value of assessed properties increased by 8.03 percent for FY 2018-19. Total assessments within the District's boundaries increased by 7.3 percent for FY 2017-18. Over the past 10 years, the District's general fund property tax revenues have increased by an annual average of 7.13 percent.

Given the rapid rise in values during the course of the last six years, both counties are projecting a stabilization in assessed valuations as a result of the lack of affordability of residential housing and a slower market for new commercial construction, both of which have been affected by the rising interest rate environment.

According to the U.S. Department of Commerce, personal income levels as of 2016 (the most recent year for which county data is available) show per capita income of \$88,920 for Santa Clara and \$105,721 for San Mateo, which are significantly above \$56,374 for the State and \$49,246 for the nation.

Employment growth remains strong with unemployment rates reaching historic lows. According to the California Employment Development Department, the Bay-Peninsula region continues to have the lowest unemployment rate in the State and experienced the fastest job growth of any region in the State over the course of the most recent economic expansion (beginning in July 2010). Unemployment rates in Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties were 2.9 percent and 2.5 percent respectively as of June 2018. This compares with rates of 4.5 percent for the State and 4.0 percent for the nation.

These positive economic trends can present some concerns for the District in terms of it capital improvement program. Construction costs continue to increase at a rate greater than the general inflation and the geographic locations of some of the District's projects can be

disadvantageous given the large volume of construction on the valley floor. As is the case with many public agencies contracting with the California Public Retirement System (CalPers), the District is also closely monitoring the rising cost of funding pensions.

#### **Major Initiatives**

In the 2017-18 Fiscal year, the District's achievements were many, with a few noted below:

- Completed numerous major actions and celebrated the grand public opening of the Mount Umunhum Summit at Sierra Azul Open Space Preserve in September 2017, including:
  - Construction of Mount Umunhum Trail with new bridges and signs.
  - Development of broad interpretive displays for the Mount Umunhum Summit Project, providing visitors to Mount Umunhum substantially greater understanding of the site's rich natural, cultural, and military history.
  - Construction of Mount Umunhum Summit Restoration Project with a parking lot, summit shelters, turnaround area, ceremonial circle, ADA pathways, stairs, trail steps, and other site amenities.
  - Construction of Mount Umunhum Road Improvement Project with new culverts, guardrail, barriers, retaining walls, roadway, rock fencing, and other improvements, allowing safe access to and from the Summit area.
- Completed numerous major actions and celebrated the grand public opening at lower La Honda Creek Open Space Preserve on November 30, 2017, including:
  - Phase I trail and road repairs with signage throughout the Preserve and selfclosing gates.
  - Harrington Bridge superstructure rebuilding, with new deck and railings.
  - Construction of the Sears Ranch parking area and completion of the Sears Ranch Structure Disposition project. These projects allowed public access to the Lower La Honda Creek Preserve area.
- Continued significant natural resources protection and restoration projects in Bear Creek Redwoods Preserve, including targeted invasive species treatment to restore native habitats, and completing engineering feasibility and archaeological and geotechnical studies.
- Acquired nearly 200 acres of additional open space lands valued at over \$7 million.

#### **Relevant Financial Policies**

#### **Budget** Policy

The District follows best practices in budgeting, including: assessment of constituent needs, development of long range plans, adherence to budget preparation and adoption of procedures, monitoring of performance, and adjustment of budget as required. The District budget is divided into four categories: Operating Budget, Capital Budget, Land and Associated Costs, and Debt Service. The budget is prepared and adopted on a cash-basis, whereas the annual financial statements are prepared on a modified accrual basis. The budget can be amended during the

year, in accordance with the Board Budget and Expenditure Policy which states that increases to any of the four budget categories must be approved by the Board.

#### **Investment Policy**

The District's Investment Policy is adopted annually, in accordance with State law. The policy provides guidance and direction for the prudent investment of District funds to safeguard the principal of invested funds and achieve a return on funds while ensuring the liquidity needs of the District.

The investment of funds is governed by the California Government Code Section 53601 et seq., and by California Government Code Section 53630 et seq. Funds on deposit in banks must be federally insured or collateralized in accordance with the provisions of California Government Code Section 53630 et seq.

#### Fund Balance Policy

The Board of Directors adopted the Fund Balance Policy in 2014, and updated the Policy in 2016 to achieve the following goals: provide adequate funding to meet the District's short-term and long-term plans; provide funds for unforeseen expenditures related to emergencies such as natural disasters; strengthen the District's financial stability against present and future uncertainties such as economic downturns and revenue shortfalls; and maintain an investment-grade bond rating. This policy has been developed with the counsel of the District's independent auditors, to meet the requirements of GASB 54.

The components of the District fund balances are as follows:

- <u>Non-Spendable</u> fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form, e.g. prepaid insurance, or because of legal or contractual constraints. At all times, the District shall hold fund balance equal to the sum of its non-spendable assets.
- <u>**Restricted</u>** fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes, which are externally imposed by constitutional provisions, enabling legislation, creditors, or contracts.</u>
- <u>Committed</u> fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the District Board of Directors. Funds spent from committed funds shall be reimbursed from the general fund within two years.
- <u>Assigned</u> fund balance includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither restricted nor committed. Such amounts may be assigned by the General Manager, if authorized by the Board of Directors, to make such designations. Projects to be funded by assigned funds require the approval of the General Manager. Funds spent from assigned funds shall be reimbursed from the general fund within two years.
- <u>Unassigned</u> fund balance includes amounts within the general fund, which have not been classified within the above categories. The Board shall designate the minimum amount of unassigned fund balance, which is to be held in reserve in consideration of unanticipated events that could adversely affect the financial condition of the District and potentially jeopardize the continuation of necessary public services. The current minimum unassigned fund balance is 30% of the Budgeted General Fund Tax Revenue.

#### **Debt Management Policy**

The Board of Directors adopted a debt management policy on July 12, 2017. The stated purpose of the Debt Management Policy is to establish the overall parameters for issuing, structuring and

administering the debt of the District in compliance with applicable federal and State securities laws. The Debt Management Policy was developed in conjunction with the procedures for Initial and Continuing Disclosure Relating to Bond Issuances, with the latter ensuring that statements or releases of information to the public and investors relating to the finances of the District are complete, true and accurate in all material respects.

#### AWARDS

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement to the District for its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2107. This was the first year that the District was awarded this prestigious national award. The Certificate of Achievement is the highest form of recognition in governmental accounting and financial reporting. To receive the award, the District must publish a Comprehensive Annual Financial Report that is easily readable and efficiently organized, and the contents of the report must conform to program standard and satisfy generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

In addition, the District was awarded a Certificate for Outstanding Financial Reporting from the California Society of Municipal Finance Officers (CSMFO) for the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2017. The CSMFO evaluation applies many of the same criteria to issue its award.

#### ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation of this Comprehensive Annual Financial Report could not have been completed without the efforts and contributions of its Finance and Budget staff, as well as other departments across the District. Management also wishes to acknowledge the invaluable assistance of Chavan & Associates, the District's independent auditors who contributed to the preparation of this document.

Respectfully submitted,

Ana María Ruiz General Manager

Stefan Jaskulak

Chief Financial Officer/ Director of Administrative Services

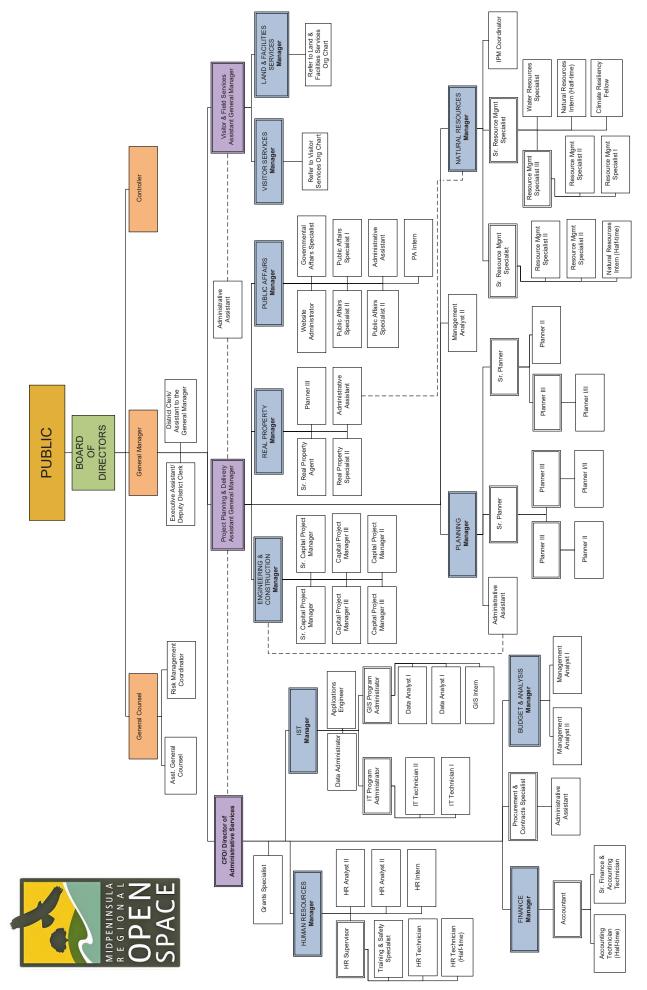
#### **DISTRICT BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Jed Cyr, Ward 3 - Board President (Term ends 12/31/2020) Cecily Harris, Ward 7 - Vice President (resigned after 6/30/2018) Yoriko Kishimoto, Ward 2 - Board Secretary (Term ends 12/31/2018) Curt Riffle, Ward 4 - Board Treasurer (Term ends 12/31/2020) Pete Siemens, Ward 1 - Board Member (Term ends 12/31/2018) Nonette Hanko, Ward 5 - Board Member (Term ends 12/31/2018) Larry Hassett, Ward 6 - Board Member (Term ends 12/31/2018)

#### **DISTRICT MANAGEMENT**

Ana Ruiz, General Manager Brian Malone, Acting Assistant General Manager Christine Butterfield, Acting Assistant General Manager Michael L. Foster, Controller Hilary Stevenson, Esq., General Counsel

Stefan Jaskulak, Chief Financial Officer/Director of Administrative Services



### The Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District



Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Open Space Preserves and Locations MROSD Preserves



Land Trust, Private Watershed Lands, & Conservation Easements/Plans

Other Public Agency Lands & Institutional Lands



6				and the second of the	State Par	K
	# Preserve 1 Bear Creek	Acres	# Preserve 9 Los Trancos	Acres	# Preserve	<b>Acres</b> 3,491
	Redwoods 2 Coal Creek	1,437 508	10 Miramontes Ridge*	1,716	18 Saratoga Gap 19 Sierra Azul	1,608 18,939
	3 El Corte de Madera Creek	2,906	11 Monte Bello 12 Picchetti Ranch	3,537 308	20 Skyline Ridge	2,143
	4 El Sereno	1,419	13 Pulgas Ridge 14 Purisima Creek	366	21 St. Joseph's Hill 22 Stevens Creek	270 55
	5 Foothills 6 Fremont Older	212 739	Redwoods	4,752	23 Teague Hill 24 Thornewood	626 167
	7 La Honda Creek	6,144	San Antonio	3,988	25 Tunitas Creek*	1,660
	8 Long Ridge	2,035	16 Ravenswood	376 *Curi	26 Windy Hill rently not open for publi	1,414 c access.

#### **GFOA CERTIFICATE**



Government Finance Officers Association

## Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

### Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District, California

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report for the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2017

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO



**Financial Section** 



#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

Board of Directors Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Los Altos, California

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities and each major fund for Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (the District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

The District's management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the District's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities and each major fund of the District, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.



#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis, budgetary comparison information, schedule of pension plan contributions, schedule of net pension liability proportionate shares, schedule of contributions for postemployment benefits, and schedule of changes in total OPEB liability be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. This information is the responsibility of management and was derived from, and relates directly to, the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 1 to the financial statements, the District adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions (OPEB). The District currently funds this obligation on a pay-as-you go basis and through contributions to a trust. The District anticipates that its ongoing funding and current resources are sufficient to meet its obligations as they come due. Our opinion is not modified with respect to this matter.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 29, 2018 on our consideration of the District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of



its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

C&A UP

October 29, 2018 San Jose, California

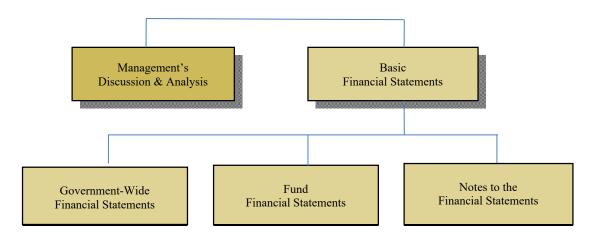


Management's Discussion and Analysis

#### INTRODUCTION

The purpose of the Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) is to present a discussion and analysis of the District's financial performance during the year ended on June 30, 2018. This report will (1) focus on significant financial issues, (2) provide an overview of the District's financial activity, (3) identify changes in the District's financial position, (4) identify any individual fund issues or concerns, and (5) provide descriptions of significant asset and debt activity. This information, presented in conjunction with the annual Basic Financial Statements, is intended to provide a comprehensive understanding of the District's operations and financial standing.

#### **Required Components of the Annual Financial Report**



#### **OVERVIEW AND USE OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This annual report consists of a series of basic financial statements and notes. The statements are organized so the reader can understand the District as an entire operating entity by providing an increasingly detailed look at specific financial activities.

The Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities is comprised of the government-wide financial statements and provides information about the activities of the District as a whole, presenting both an aggregate view of the District's finances as well as a longer-term view of those finances. Fund Financial Statements provide the next level of detail. For governmental funds, these statements reflect how services were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending. The Basic Financial Statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the financial statements and provide more detailed data.

The full annual financial report is a product of three separate parts: the basic financial statements, supplementary information, and this section, the Management's Discussion and Analysis. The three sections together provide a comprehensive financial overview of the District. The basic financials are comprised of two kinds of statements that present financial information from different perspectives, government-wide and fund statements.

- Government-wide financial statements, which comprise the first two statements, provide both short-term and long-term information about the District's overall financial position.
- Individual parts of the District, which are reported as fund financial statements, focus on reporting the District's operations in more detail. These fund financial statements comprise the remaining statements.

#### Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Notes to the financial statements, provide more detailed data and provide explanations to some of the information in the statements. The required supplementary information section provides further explanations and additional support for the financial statements.

### GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - STATEMENT OF NET POSITION AND THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES

The view of the District as a whole looks at all financial transactions and asks the question, "How did we do financially during the fiscal year 2017-2018?" The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities answers this question. These statements include all assets and liabilities using the accrual basis of accounting similar to the accounting practices used by most private-sector companies. This basis of accounting takes into account all of the current year revenues and expenses regardless of when cash is received or paid.

These two statements report the District's net position and changes in net position. This change in net position is important because it tells the reader that, for the District as a whole, whether the financial position of the District has improved or diminished. The causes of this change may be the result of many factors, some financial, and some not. Non-financial factors include the District's property tax base, current property tax laws in California restricting revenue growth, facility conditions and other factors.

In the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, the District reports governmental activities which reflect the District's programs and services. The District does not have any business type activities.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

District tax revenue and other metrics will not be comparable to the prior period due to the fifteen-month period of the prior period financial statements. As the overall economy continued to grow throughout the Silicon Valley, the District witnessed further strong growth in the assessed valuation of both secured and unsecured property within its boundaries. The 2018-19 assessed valuation reports released in June 2018 showed District-wide assessed values increasing by 7.3% (7.2% in Santa Clara and 7.4% in San Mateo). The District received 30% of its tax revenue from Santa Clara County and 56% from San Mateo County.

Other financial highlights included:

- Tax revenue related to the GO bonds amounted to \$2.45 million
- The District issued \$25.025 million in Refunding Bonds to defease and redeem \$11.605 million 2012 Current Interest Notes and \$8.9 million 2012 Capital Appreciation Notes initial principal.
- The District issued \$50 million in General Obligation Bonds related to Measure AA and \$11.22 million in Parity Bonds.
- Purchased \$3.5 million land and associated structures funded through Measure AA GO bond proceeds.
- The District implemented GASB 75 during the year, which required the District to record the unfunded liability from other postemployment benefits offered to employees. The Net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2018 was \$1,898,023. In prior years, the District was only required to record the accumulated difference between its annual required contribution and the actual contributions made, which was an asset of \$406,023 at June 30, 2017.

The assets of the District exceeded liabilities at the close of the 2017 fiscal year by \$349 million. Of this total net position, \$312 million, or 89%, was the District's net investment in capital assets (capital assets net of related debt).

#### **Reporting the District's Most Significant Funds**

#### **Fund Financial Statements**

The analysis of the District's fund financial statements begins on page 16. Fund financial reports provide detailed information about the District's major funds. The District uses one operating fund, the General Fund, to account for a multitude of financial transactions, two capital project funds to account for capital projects, and one debt service fund to account for debt service payments.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The General Fund is a governmental fund type and is reported using an accounting method called modified accrual accounting, which measures cash and all other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash. The governmental fund statements provide a detailed short-term view of the District's general government operations and the basic services it provides. Governmental fund information helps determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the future to finance educational programs. The relationship (or differences) between governmental activities (reported in the Statement of Net position and the Statement of Activities) and governmental funds is reconciled in the financial statements.

#### THE DISTRICT AS A WHOLE

Recall that the Statement of Net Position provides the perspective of the District as a whole. Table 1 provides a summary of the District's net position as compared to last period:

Table 1 - Sun	mary of Statemen	t of Net Position		
				Percentage
	2018	2017	Change	Change
Assets				
Current Assets	\$ 135,924,361	\$ 77,668,537	\$ 58,255,824	75.01%
Other Noncurrent Assets	637,906	1,312,382	(674,476)	-51.39%
Capital Assets	462,119,833	447,133,839	14,985,994	3.35%
Total Assets	\$ 598,682,100	\$ 526,114,758	\$ 72,567,342	13.79%
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 17,804,789	\$ 15,636,983	\$ 2,167,806	13.86%
Liabilities				
Current Liabilities	\$ 14,219,357	\$ 16,210,837	\$ (1,991,480)	-12.28%
Noncurrent Liabilities	252,063,016	186,466,568	65,596,448	35.18%
Total Liabilities	\$ 266,282,373	\$202,677,405	\$ 63,604,968	31.38%
Total Deferred Inflows of Resources	\$ 1,416,399	\$ 2,071,424	\$ (655,025)	-31.62%
			· · · · · ·	
Net Position				
Net Investment in Capital Assets	\$ 312,120,869	\$308,600,974	\$ 3,519,895	1.14%
Restricted	7,252,294	4,570,997	2,681,297	58.66%
Unrestricted	29,414,954	23,830,941	5,584,013	23.43%
Total Net Position	\$ 348,788,117	\$337,002,912	\$ 11,785,205	3.50%

Total net position increased by \$11.8 million, as revenues exceeded expenditures. Noncurrent assets increased due mostly to \$17.4 million of capital expenditures.

Management's Discussion and Analysis For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Table 2 - Summary of Changes in Net Position							
							Percentage
		2018		2017		Change	Change
Revenues							
Program revenues	\$	3,189,096	\$	2,130,301	\$	1,058,795	49.70%
General revenues:							
Property taxes		47,798,349		43,860,976		3,937,373	8.98%
Investment earnings		1,045,124		462,618		582,506	125.92%
Miscellaneous		1,152,611		783,977		368,634	47.02%
Total Revenues		53,185,180		47,237,872		5,947,308	12.59%
Program Expenses							
Land preservation		28,909,830		21,783,483		7,126,347	32.71%
Interest		8,193,228		8,327,042		(133,814)	-1.61%
Depreciation		2,398,894		1,585,098		813,796	51.34%
Total Expenses		39,501,952		31,695,623		7,806,329	24.63%
Change in Net Position		13,683,228		15,542,249		(1,859,021)	-11.96%
Adjustment to Beginning Net Position		(1,898,023)		-		(1,898,023)	100.00%
Beginning Net Position		337,002,912		321,460,663		15,542,249	4.83%
Ending Net Position	\$	348,788,117	\$	337,002,912	\$	11,785,205	3.50%

Table 2 shows the changes in net position for 2018 as compared to period 2017.

Of the \$1 million increase in program revenues, \$600 thousand was due to the increased grant revenue and \$400 thousand was due to income from redevelopment agency (RDA) pass-through.

#### THE DISTRICT'S FUND BALANCE

Table 3 provides an analysis of the District's fund balances and the total change in fund balances from the prior year.

Table 3 - Summary of Fund Balance (All Governmental Funds)													
		2018											
			Measure	e AA			Deb	t					
	Ge	neral	Capit	al	GF	Capital	Servi	ce					Percentage
	F	und	Projects	Fund	Proje	ects Fund	Fun	d	1	Fotal	2017		Change
Nonspendable for prepaid expenditure	\$	35,968	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	35,968	\$ 55,	093	-35%
Restricted for debt service		-		-		-	5,791	,164	5	,791,164	2,193,	934	164%
Restricted for Measure AA Projects		-	46,468	8,809		-		-	46	,468,809	7,344,	797	533%
Restricted for Hawthorns maintenance	1,4	466,982		-		-		-	1	,466,982	1,971,	040	-26%
Restricted for capital projects		-		-	7,	,043,765		-	7	,043,765		-	100%
Committed for infrastructure	44,0	000,000		-		-		-	44	,000,000	30,000,	000	47%
Committed for equipment replacement	3,0	000,000		-		-		-	3	,000,000	2,400,	000	25%
Committed for natural disasters	3,0	000,000		-		-		-	3	,000,000	3,000,	000	0%
Committed for capital maintenance	2,0	000,000		-		-		-	2	,000,000		-	100%
Committed for future acquisitions													
and capital projects	3,0	000,000		-		-		-	3	,000,000		-	100%
Committed for promissory note	3	300,000		-		-		-		300,000		-	100%
Unassigned	16,3	806,537		-		-		-	16	,306,537	23,872,	450	-32%
Total Fund Balance	\$73,1	09,487	\$ 46,468	8,809	\$7,	,043,765	\$5,791	,164	\$132	,413,225	\$70,837,	314	83%

Following the completion of its new thirty-year strategic plan, the Board of Directors committed a majority of the unassigned fund balance during fiscal year 2018 to reserves for infrastructure, equipment replacement and natural disasters. See page 36 of the audit report for a description of each commitment.

#### **GENERAL FUND BUDGETING HIGHLIGHTS**

The District's budget is prepared according to California law and in the modified accrual basis of accounting.

During the course of 2018, the District revised its General Fund budget, which resulted in an increase in budgeted expenditures of \$116 thousand from the original to final budget. The final budgeted revenue estimate was \$48 million. A summary of the original and final budget is presented below:

Table 4 - Summary of Original to Final Budgets								
							Percent	
	O	riginal Budget	F	Final Budget		Variance	Variance	
Revenues								
Property taxes	\$	44,839,000	\$	45,403,688	\$	564,688	1.26%	
Grant revenues		191,000		191,000		-	0.00%	
Property management		1,197,092		1,197,092		-	0.00%	
Investment earnings		636,000		820,000		184,000	28.93%	
Other revenues		464,501		464,501		-	0.00%	
Total Revenues		47,327,593		48,076,281		748,688	1.58%	
Expenditures								
Salaries and employee benefits		21,923,124		21,974,034		50,910	0.23%	
Services and supplies		9,702,951		9,809,954		107,003	1.09%	
Capital outlay		84,000		43,000		(41,000)	-95.35%	
Total Expenses		31,710,075		31,826,988		116,913	0.37%	
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	15,617,518	\$	16,249,293	\$	631,775	4.05%	

District expenditures were over the annual budget for the Debt Service Fund by \$200 thousand. The budget overage was due to an adjustment during the year end closing process to record the bond issuance costs paid from the bond proceeds.

#### **CAPITAL ASSETS**

Table 5 shows 2018 capital asset balances as compared to 2017.

Table 5 - Summary of Capital Assets Net of Depreciation									
							Percentage		
		2018		2017		Change	Change		
Land	\$	414,547,441	\$	407,986,151	\$	6,561,290	1.61%		
Construction-in-Progress		8,596,297		19,020,245		(10,423,948)	-54.80%		
Structure and Improvements		7,320,057		6,715,297		604,760	9.01%		
Infrastructure		28,512,084		10,474,326		18,037,758	172.21%		
Equipment		989,551		804,552		184,999	22.99%		
Vehicles		2,154,403		2,133,268		21,135	0.99%		
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$	462,119,833	\$	447,133,839	\$	14,985,994	3.35%		

Additional detail and information on capital asset activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, note 5.

#### LONG TERM LIABILITIES

Table 6 - Summary of Long-term Liabilities									
					Percentage				
	2018	2017		Change	Change				
Promissory Notes	\$ 39,769,276	\$ 65,095,264	\$	(25,325,988)	-38.91%				
Bonds	205,905,916	116,855,465		89,050,451	76.21%				
Net Pension Obligation	11,022,824	10,121,906		900,918	8.90%				
Net OPEB	1,845,000	-		1,845,000	100.00%				
Compensated Absences	1,723,930	1,817,547		(93,617)	-5.15%				
Total Long-term Liabilities	\$260,266,946	\$193,890,182	\$	66,376,764	34.23%				

Table 6 summarizes the changes in long-term liabilities from 2018 to 2017.

Additional detail and information on long-term liabilities activity is described in the notes to the financial statements, note 6.

#### ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

The Board of Directors adopted the District's budget for year 2018-2019 on June 13, 2018. This budget assumes \$58.8 million in revenues and a growth in general fund property tax income of 6% over the prior period. This budget funds \$54.1 million of capital spending, of which \$14.8 million is expected to qualify for reimbursement from Measure AA GO bond funds, and \$31.6 million represents the purchase of the District's new administrative headquarters. This building purchase will be fully funded from existing reserves. General Fund operating expenditures are budgeted at \$33.5 million, a 10.5% increase over the prior year's budget. Debt service is budgeted at \$15.7 million, \$4 million higher than the prior year budget due to the issuance of \$50 million of GO bonds (second tranche of the Measure AA funds) and \$11.2 million of parity bonds in 2017-2018. If all revenues, expenditures (including debt service) occur as budgeted, the District's overall cash balances would increase by over \$7 million.

#### CONTACTING THE DISTRICT'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

This financial report is designed to provide our citizens, taxpayers, parents, participants, investors and creditors with a general overview of the District's finances and to demonstrate the District's accountability for the money it receives. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Administrative Office, Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District, 330 Distel Circle, Los Altos, California 94022.

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**Basic Financial Statements** 

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#### **GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS**

#### **Statement of Net Position and Statement of Activities**

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire District's financial activities and financial position. They are prepared on the same basis as is used by most businesses, which means they include all the District's assets and all its liabilities, as well as all its revenues and expenses. This is known as the full accrual basis. The effect of all of the District's transactions is taken into account, regardless of whether or when cash changes hands, but all material internal transactions between District funds have been eliminated.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the District's total assets and the District's total liabilities, including all the District's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position presents information in a way that focuses the reader on the composition of the District's net position, by subtracting total liabilities from total assets.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all of the District's Governmental Activities in a single column. The District's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue Funds, Capital Projects Funds, and Debt Service Funds.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the District's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the District's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the District's expenses first, listed by program. Program revenues – that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs - are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental program. The District's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

Both these Statements include the financial activities of the District and the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Financing Authority. This entity is legally separate but is a component unit of the District because it is controlled by the District, which is financially accountable for the Authority's activities.

#### Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

Assets	
Current assets:	
Cash and investments	\$ 132,551,342
Accounts receivable:	
Deposits	3,119,075
Rent	8,094
Interest	209,661
Due from other governments:	
Taxes receivable	221
Other current assets	35,968
Total current assets	135,924,361
Noncurrent assets:	
Notes receivable	115,248
Unamortized issuance costs	522,658
Non-depreciable capital assets	423,143,738
Capital assets, net of depreciation	38,976,095
Total noncurrent assets	462,757,739
Total Assets	\$ 598,682,100
Deferred Outflows of Resources	
OPEB adjustments	412,000
Pension adjustments	7,151,966
Deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt	10,240,823
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 17,804,789
Liabilities Current liabilities: Accounts payable	\$ 2,423,768
Deposits payable	¢ 2,425,768 96,568
Payroll and other liabilities	990,800
Accrued interest	2,504,291
Current portion of long-term liabilities	8,203,930
Total current liabilities	14,219,357
Noncurrent liabilities:	
Long-term liabilities - net of current portion	252,063,016
Total Liabilities	\$ 266,282,373
	<u> </u>
Deferred Inflows of Resources	
OPEB adjustments	82,400
Pension adjustments	1,333,999
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	\$ 1,416,399
Net Position	
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 312,120,869
Restricted for:	
Debt service	5,785,312
Hawthorne maintenance	1,466,982
Total restricted	7,252,294
Unrestricted	29,414,954
Total Net Position	\$ 348,788,117

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Statement of Activities

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

			Program Revenues			Ν	let (Expense)
	Expenses	Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions		Revenue and Changes in Net Position	
Governmental activities:							
Land preservation	\$ 28,909,830	\$	1,576,379	\$	1,612,717	\$	(25,720,734)
Interest and fiscal charges	8,193,228		-		-		(8,193,228)
Depreciation	2,398,894		-		-		(2,398,894)
Total governmental activities	\$ 39,501,952	\$	1,576,379	\$	1,612,717		(36,312,856)
General revenues: Property taxes Investment earnings Other revenues Special item - loss on disposal of capita Total general revenues and special item	l assets						47,798,349 1,045,124 1,126,058 26,553 49,996,084
Change in net position							13,683,228
Net position beginning Prior period adjustment (GASB 75 Net Net position beginning as adjusted	OPEB Liability)						337,002,912 (1,898,023) 335,104,889
Net position ending						\$	348,788,117

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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# FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

## **MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS**

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the District in fiscal year 2018.

Fund Title	Fund Description
General Fund	The fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources. The major revenue sources for this fund are property taxes, grant revenues and interest income. Expenditures are made for land preservation and other operating expenditures.
Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	This fund is used to account for resources from bond proceeds and expenditures for capital projects related to the Measure AA GO Bond.
GF Capital Projects Fund	This fund is used to account for expenditures for capital projects not related to any other capital projects funds.
Debt Service Fund	This fund is used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. Resources are provided by General Fund transfers and interest income on unspent funds.

## Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Balance Sheet

	G	Balance Sheet overnmental Fund June 30, 2018	s		
	General Fund	Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	GF Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Assets Cash and investments	\$ 68,169,299	\$ 49,284,586	\$ 9,312,145	\$ 5,785,312	\$ 132,551,342
Receivables:		÷ · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	÷ ; ; = _ ; = . =	<i> </i>	
Deposits Rent	3,119,075 8,094	-	-	-	3,119,075 8,094
Interest	209,661	-	-	-	209,661
Due from other governments:	209,001				209,001
Taxes receivable	221	-	-	-	221
Other current assets	35,968	-	-	-	35,968
Due from other funds Notes receivable	5,119,189 115,248	1,285,387	674,707	5,852	7,085,135 115,248
Total Assets	\$ 76,776,755	\$ 50,569,973	\$ 9,986,852	\$ 5,791,164	\$ 143,124,744
Liabilities					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	\$ 809,865	\$ 676,149	\$ 937,754	\$ -	\$ 2,423,768
Deposits payable	96,568	-	-	-	96,568
Due to other funds Payroll and other liabilities	1,654,787 990,800	3,425,015	2,005,333	-	7,085,135 990,800
rayion and other habilities	<u> </u>				<u></u>
Total Liabilities	3,552,020	4,101,164	2,943,087		10,596,271
<b>Deferred Inflows Of Resources</b> Unavailable revenues	115,248		<u> </u>	<u> </u>	115,248
Fund Balance					
Nonspendable:	25.0(0				25.069
Prepaid expenditures Restricted for:	35,968	-	-	-	35,968
Debt service	-	-	-	5,791,164	5,791,164
Measure AA capital projects	-	46,468,809	-	-	46,468,809
Hawthorne maintenance	1,466,982	-	-	-	1,466,982
Capital projects	-	-	7,043,765	-	7,043,765
Committed for:	44.000.000				44.000.000
Infrastructure	44,000,000	-	-	-	44,000,000
Equipment replacement Natural disasters	3,000,000 3,000,000	-	-	-	3,000,000 3,000,000
Capital maintenance	2,000,000	-	-	-	2,000,000
Future acquisitions and capital	· · ·				2,000,000
projects	3,000,000				3,000,000
Promissory note	300,000	-	-	-	300,000
Unassigned	16,306,537				16,306,537
Total Fund Balance	73,109,487	46,468,809	7,043,765	5,791,164	132,413,225
Total Liabilities and Fund Balance	\$ 76,776,755	\$ 50,569,973	\$ 9,986,852	\$ 5,791,164	\$ 143,124,744

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds

Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position

June 30, 2018

Total fund balance - governmental funds		\$ 132,413,225
Amounts reported in the Statement of Net Position are different because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are reported as assets in governmental funds.	not	
Capital assets at cost \$ Accumulated depreciation	479,769,749 (17,649,916)	462,119,833
Principal on notes receivables are recorded as unearned revenue in the funds, which upon collection is a current financial resource. In the government-wide financial statements, repayment of the principal amount does not generate revenue in the statement of activitie therefore, unearned revenue is not recorded.	28;	115,248
The difference between projected and actual amounts in pension and OPEB plans are not ir plans' actuarial study until the next fiscal year and are reported as deferred outflows or inflows of resources in the statement of net position as follows:	cluded in the	
OPEB adjustments: Difference between actual and expected earnings Contribution subsequent to measurement date		(82,400) 412,000
Pension adjustment Change in assumptions Difference between actual and expected experience Difference between actual and expected earnings Difference between employer's contributions and proportionate share of contribution Change in employer's proportion Contribution subsequent to measurement date	ons	$2,365,101 \\ (275,001) \\ 579,041 \\ 1,924,035 \\ (1,058,998) \\ 2,283,789$
Interest payable on long-term debt does not require the use of current financial resources an therefore, is not reported in the governmental funds.	ıd,	(2,504,291)
Discounts and premiums related to bond issues are recorded as other financing sources and uses in the fund financial statements but are recorded as assets or liabilities and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position:		
Premium \$ Issuance cost	26,838,674 (522,658)	(26,316,016)
Deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt is recorded in the Statement of Net Posi outflow of resources and amortized on a straight line basis over the original life of the de		10,240,823
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current year and therefore are not repor as liabilities in the funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consists of:	ted	
Bonds \$ Net pension obligations Promissory notes Compensated absences Annual net OPEB obligation	184,370,000 11,022,824 34,466,518 1,723,930 1,845,000	(233,428,272)
Total net position - governmental activities	1,010,000	\$ 348,788,117

# **Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District** Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance

Governmental Funds

For the Fiscal	Year Ended June	30, 2018
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	General Fund	Measure AA Capital Projects Fund	GF Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Total Governmental Funds
Revenues:	• · · • · • • • • • • •	•	<b>^</b>		
Property taxes	\$ 45,347,807	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,450,542	\$ 47,798,349
Grant income	553,281	1,059,436	-	-	1,612,717
Property management	1,576,379	-	-	-	1,576,379
Investment earnings	853,729	102,684	(37,855)	145,635	1,064,193
Other revenues	347,983				347,983
Total revenues	48,679,179	1,162,120	(37,855)	2,596,177	52,399,621
Expenditures:					
Current:					
Land preservation:					
Salaries and employee benefits	19,983,975	730,701	-	-	20,714,676
Services and supplies	7,475,205	24,468	11,251	-	7,510,924
Capital outlay	-	11,032,939	5,407,129	-	16,440,068
Debt service:					
Principal	-	-	-	5,716,067	5,716,067
Advance refunding escrow	_	_	_	676,232	676,232
Interest	_	_	_	5,720,001	5,720,001
Issuance cost	_	250,000	133,434	493,496	876,930
		200,000	100,101		
Total expenditures	27,459,180	12,038,108	5,551,814	12,605,796	57,654,898
Excess (deficiency) of revenues					
over (under) expenditures	21,219,999	(10,875,988)	(5,589,669)	(10,009,619)	(5,255,277)
	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	( ))))))))))	(-)		
Other financing sources (uses):					
Transfers in	-	-	-	9,409,095	9,409,095
Transfers out	(9,409,095)	-	-	-	(9,409,095)
Payment to refunded debt					
escrow agent	-	-	-	(27,659,551)	(27,659,551)
Issuance of refunding debt	-	-	-	25,025,000	25,025,000
Issuance of debt	-	50,000,000	11,220,000	-	61,220,000
Premium from debt issuances			1,413,434	6,832,305	8,245,739
Total other financing sources (uses)	(9,409,095)	50,000,000	12,633,434	13,606,849	66,831,188
Net changes in fund balance	11,810,904	39,124,012	7,043,765	3,597,230	61,575,911
Fund balance beginning	61,298,583	7,344,797		2,193,934	70,837,314
Fund balance ending	\$ 73,109,487	\$ 46,468,809	\$ 7,043,765	\$ 5,791,164	\$ 132,413,225

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds	
Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance	
to the Statement of Activities	
For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018	
Total net change in fund balance - governmental funds	\$ 61,575,911
Capital outlays are reported in governmental funds as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	
Expenditures capitalized as capital assets\$ 17,411,441Depreciation expense(2,398,894)Loss on disposal of capital asset(26,553)	14,985,994
Governmental funds do not report loss on disposal of capital assets. However, in the government-wide statement of activities and changes in net position, the cost to dispose of capital assets, net any proceeds, is accounted for as a special item.	
Repayment of notes receivable is reported as revenue in the governmental funds because financial resources were received and available during the fiscal year. In the statement of net position, the payment reduces the principal balance of notes receivable and does not generate revenue in the statement of activities.	(19,069)
Accreted interest on capital appreciation bonds is not recorded in the governmental funds but is required to be recorded under the accrual basis of accounting in the government wide financial statements.	(457,204)
The governmental funds report debt proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of debt principal is reported as an expenditure. Interest is recognized as an expenditure in the governmental funds when it is due. The net effect of these differences in the treatment of long-term debt and related items is as follows:	
Proceeds from the issuance of general obligation and parity bonds\$ (86,245,000)Bond premium capitalized(8,245,739)Deferred loss on early retirement of refunded bonds4,113,597Advance refunding of bonds24,222,186Repayment of bond principal4,590,000Repayment of promissory notes principal1,126,067	(60,438,889)
Deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt is amortized over the life of the debt in the statement of activities. Amortization expense is not reported in the governmental funds.	(590,802)
Prepaid issuance costs, discounts and premiums related to bond issues are recorded as other financing sources and uses in the fund financial statements but are recorded as assets or liabilities and amortized over the life of the bond in the statement of net position:	(390,002)
Amortization of issuance costs and premiums - net	776,874
In the Statement of Activities, compensated absences are measured by the amount earned during the year. In governmental funds, however, expenditures for those items are measured by the amount of financial resources used (essentially the amounts paid). This year, vacation earned exceeded the amounts used.	93,617
In governmental funds, actual contributions to pension and OPEB plans are reported as expenditures in the year incurred. However, in the government-wide statement of activities, only the current year pension and OPEB expense as noted in the plans' valuation reports is reported as an expense, as adjusted for deferred inflows and outflows of resources.	(1,694,913)
Interest on long-term debt in the Statement of Activities differs from the amount reported in the governmental funds because interest is recognized as an expenditure in the funds when it is due and thus requires the use of current financial resources. In the Statement of Activities, however, interest expense is recognized as the interest accrues regardless of when it is due	(548 201)
accrues, regardless of when it is due.	(548,291)
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 13,683,228

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

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Notes to Financial Statements

## **NOTE 1 - SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

#### A. General

The Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (the District) was formed in 1972 to acquire and preserve public open space land in northern and western portions of Santa Clara County. In June 1976, the southern and eastern portions of San Mateo County were annexed to the District. The District annexed a small portion of the northern tip of Santa Cruz County in 1992. In September 2004, the District completed the Coastside Protection Program, which extended the District boundaries to the Pacific Ocean in San Mateo County, from the southern borders of Pacifica to the San Mateo/Santa Cruz County line.

#### B. Accounting Principles

The accounting policies of the District conform to generally accepted accounting principles as prescribed by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) and the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA).

#### C. <u>Reporting Entity</u>

As required by generally accepted accounting principles, these basic financial statements present the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District and its component unit. The component unit discussed in the following paragraph is included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operational or financial relationships with the District.

**Blended Component Unit**. The District and the County of Santa Clara entered into a joint exercise of powers agreement dated May 1, 1996, creating the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Financing Authority (the Authority), pursuant to the California Government Code. The District is financially accountable for the Authority, as it appoints a voting majority of the governing board; is able to impose its will in the Authority; and the Authority provides specific financial benefits to, and imposes specific financial burdens on, the District. The Authority was formed for the sole purpose of providing financing assistance to the District to fund the acquisition of land to preserve and use as open space. As such, the Authority is an integral part of the District, and accordingly, all of the Authority's activity is blended within the accompanying debt service fund.

#### D. Basis of Presentation

#### **Government-wide Financial Statements:**

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities) report information on all of the activities of the District. The Statement of Net Position reports all assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, and net position.

The government-wide statements are prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. This approach differs from the manner in which governmental fund financial statements are prepared. Governmental fund financial statements, therefore, include the reconciliation with brief explanations to better identify the relationship between the government wide statements and the statements for the governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

The government-wide statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function or program of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a service, program, or department and are therefore clearly identifiable to a particular function. The District does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by a program, as well as grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues are presented as general revenues of the District, with certain exceptions. The comparison of direct expenses with program revenues identifies the extent to which each governmental function is self-financing or draws from the general revenues of the District.

#### Fund Financial Statements:

Fund financial statements report detailed information about the District. The accounting and financial treatment applied to a fund is determined by its measurement focus. All governmental funds are accounted for using a flow of current financial resources measurement focus. With this measurement focus, only current assets, deferred outflows, current liabilities and deferred inflows are generally included on the balance sheet. The Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balance for these funds present increases (i.e., revenues and other financing sources) and decreases (i.e., expenditures and other financing uses) in net current assets.

#### E. Basis of Accounting

Basis of accounting refers to when revenues and expenditures are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. Government-wide financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. Governmental funds use the modified accrual basis of accounting.

Revenues - Exchange and Non-exchange Transactions:

Revenue resulting from exchange transactions, in which each party gives and receives essentially equal value, is recorded under the accrual basis when the exchange takes place. On a modified accrual basis, revenue is recorded in the fiscal period in which the resources are measurable and become available. "Available" means the resources will be collected within the current fiscal period or are expected to be collected soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current fiscal period. For the District, "available" means collectible within the current period or within 90 days after period-end.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the District receives value *without* directly giving equal value in return, include property taxes, grants, and entitlements. Under the accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal period for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants and entitlements is recognized in the fiscal period in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. Eligibility requirements include timing requirements, which specify the period when the resources are to be used or the fiscal period when use is first permitted; matching requirements, in which the District must provide local resources to be used for a specific purpose; and expenditure requirements, in which the resources are provided to the District on a reimbursement basis. Under the modified accrual basis, revenue from non-exchange transactions must also be available before it can be recognized.

June 30, 2018

Deferred Outflows/Deferred Inflows:

A deferred outflow of resources is defined as a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expenses/expenditure) until then. A deferred inflow of resources is defined as an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenues) until that time.

When applicable, unamortized portions of the gain and loss on refunding debt are reported as deferred inflows and deferred outflows of resources, respectively. Deferred outflows and inflows of resources are reported for the changes related to benefit plans. In addition, when an asset is recorded in governmental fund financial statements but the revenue is not available, a deferred inflow of resources is reported until such time as the revenue becomes available.

#### Unearned Revenue:

Unearned revenue arises when assets are received before revenue recognition criteria have been satisfied. Grants and entitlements received before eligibility requirements are met are recorded as deferred inflows from unearned revenue. In the governmental fund financial statements, receivables associated with non-exchange transactions that will not be collected within the availability period have been recorded as deferred inflows from unearned revenue.

#### Expenses/Expenditures:

On the accrual basis of accounting, expenses are recognized at the time a liability is incurred. On the modified accrual basis of accounting, expenditures are generally recognized in the accounting period in which the related fund liability is incurred, as under the accrual basis of accounting. However, under the modified accrual basis of accounting, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. Allocations of cost, such as depreciation and amortization, are not recognized in the governmental funds. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### F. Fund Accounting

The accounts of the District are organized into four funds with a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprise of the District's assets, deferred outflows, liabilities, deferred inflows, fund balance, revenues, and expenditures.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The District may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The District reported all of its funds as major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

**General Fund**. The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District. It is used to account for all financial resources. The major revenue sources for this fund are property taxes, grant revenues and interest income. Expenditures are made for land preservation and other operating expenditures.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

**Measure AA Capital Projects Fund.** The Measure AA Capital Projects Fund is used to account for resources from bond proceeds and expenditures for capital projects related to the Measure AA GO Bond.

**GF Capital Projects Fund.** GF Capital Projects Fund is used to account for expenditures for capital projects not related to any other capital projects funds.

**Debt Service Fund**. The Debt Service Fund is used to account for accumulation of resources for, and the payment of long-term debt principal, interest and related costs. Resources are provided by General Fund transfers and interest income on unspent funds.

G. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The District's Board of Directors adopts an annual operating budget for the District by major fund, on or before June 30, for the ensuing fiscal period. The Board of Directors may amend the budget by resolution during the fiscal period. The legal level of control, the level at which expenditures may not legally exceed the budget, is at the category level.

- H. Assets, Liabilities, and Equity
  - 1. Cash and Cash Equivalents

The District's cash deposits are considered to be cash on hand and cash in banks. Cash and Cash Equivalents are generally considered short-term, highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less from the purchase date.

2. Investments

Investments are recorded at fair value in accordance with GASB Statement No. 72, Fair Value Measurement and Application. Accordingly, the change in fair value of investments is recognized as an increase or decrease to investment assets and investment income.

Fair value is defined as the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction. In determining this amount, three valuation techniques are available:

- Market approach This approach uses prices generated for identical or similar assets or liabilities. The most common example is an investment in a public security traded in an active exchange such as the NYSE.
- Cost approach This technique determines the amount required to replace the current asset. This approach may be ideal for valuing donations of capital assets or historical treasures.
- Income approach This approach converts future amounts (such as cash flows) into a current discounted amount.

Each of these valuation techniques requires inputs to calculate a fair value. Observable inputs have been maximized in fair value measures, and unobservable inputs have been minimized.

June 30, 2018

#### 3. Prepaid Expenditures

The District has the option of reporting expenditures in governmental funds for prepaid items either when purchased or during the benefiting period. The District has chosen to report the expenditure during the benefiting period.

#### 4. <u>Capital Assets</u>

Capital assets, which include land, buildings and improvements, furniture, equipment, and construction in progress, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are valued at cost when historical records are available and at an estimated historical cost when no historical records exist. Donated capital assets are valued at their estimated fair market value on the date received. Donated works of art and similar items and capital assets received in service concession arrangements are reported at acquisition value. The District utilizes a capitalization threshold of \$1 for land, \$25,000 for equipment, fixtures and vehicles, \$50,000 for infrastructure, improvements, buildings and structures.

Projects under construction are recorded at cost as construction in progress and transferred to the appropriate asset account when substantially complete. Costs of major improvements and rehabilitation of buildings are capitalized. Repair and maintenance costs are charged to expense when incurred. Equipment disposed of, or no longer required for its existing use, is removed from the records at actual or estimated historical cost, net of accumulated depreciation.

All capital assets, except land and construction in progress, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Assets	Years
Structures/Improvements	50
Public Access Infrastructure	20 - 50
Equipment/Fixtures	5 - 20
Vehicles	5
Software	5 - 10

#### 5. Compensated Absences

In accordance with the District's memorandum of understanding with various employee groups, employees accrue fifteen days of vacation during the first nine years of service, twenty days between service years 10 and fourteen, twenty-one days between service years fifteen and nineteen, twenty-three days between service years twenty and twenty-four, and twenty-five days after twenty-five years of service. An employee may accumulate vacation time earned to a maximum of two times the amount of his/her annual vacation accrual.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Full-time employees accrue twelve days of sick leave: annually from the date of employment. An employee may accumulate sick leave time earned on an unlimited basis. Upon resignation, separation from service, or retirement from District employment, workers in good standing with ten or more years of District employment shall receive a cash payment of the equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave as follows:

	Percentage of equivalent
	cash value of accrued
Years of Employment	sick leave
15-20	20%
16-20	25%
21 or more	30%

An employee hired before June 30, 2006, who retires from the District shall receive a cash payment of the percentage of equivalent cash value or accrued sick leave based on years of employment as described above, and apply the remainder of the equivalent cash value toward his/her cost of retiree medical plan premiums and/or other qualified medical expenses. Upon retirement, the amount qualified and designated for retiree medical costs shall be deposited in the Retiree Health Savings (RHS) plan, set up by the District. The cost for maintaining the retiree's RHS account and the annual fee for the reimbursement process of qualified medical expenses will be paid for by the retiree.

An employee hired on or after July 1, 2006, who retires from the District may elect to receive only a cash payment of the percentage of equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave based on years of employment as described above. In all cases the equivalent cash value of accrued sick leave will be based on current rate of pay as of the date of separation from District employment.

The District accrues for all salary-related items in the government-wide statements for which they are liable to make a payment directly and incrementally associated with payments made for compensated absences on termination. Compensated absences are liquidated by the fund that has recorded the related liability. The long-term portion of governmental activities compensated absences is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

#### 6. <u>Long-Term/Noncurrent Obligations</u>

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

#### 7. <u>Debt Discount and Issuance Costs</u>

Debt discounts, premiums, and prepaid issuance costs are capitalized as an offset to long-term debt and amortized using the straight line method over the life of the related debt. Issuance costs for the District's tax-exempt commercial paper short-term borrowings are expensed as incurred.

8. Fund Balance Classifications

In accordance with Government Accounting Standards Board 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*, the District classifies governmental fund balances as follows:

- *Nonspendable* fund balance includes amounts that cannot be spent either because it is not in spendable form or because of legal or contractual constraints.
- *Restricted* fund balance includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes which are externally imposed by providers, such as creditors or amounts constrained due to constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- *Committed* fund balances includes amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority and does not lapse at period-end. Committed fund balances are imposed by the District's Committed fund balances were imposed by the District's Board of Directors resolution. Any changes to committed fund balance requires the approval of two-thirds of the Board.

Committed fund balances were imposed by the District's Board of Directors as follows:

- Infrastructure: \$44 million; projected minimum requirement for expansion of field and office facilities over the next five years.
- Equipment Replacement: \$3 million; projected requirement for equipment and vehicle replacement based on the amount of accumulated depreciation recorded on capital assets in service.
- Natural Disasters: \$3 million; amounts committed to respond quickly to a major fire, earthquake or flood.
- Future acquisitions and capital projects: \$3 million; amounts committed to reserve for future capital acquisitions.
- Capital maintenance: \$2 million; amounts committed to reserve for future capital repairs and maintenance.
- Promissory Note: \$0.3 million; amounts committed to payment of promissory note.
- *Assigned* fund balance includes amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that are neither considered restricted or committed. Fund balance may be assigned by the General Manager, pursuant to Board Policy 3.07, if authorized by the Board of Directors to make such designations.
- *Unassigned* fund balance includes positive amounts within the general fund which has not been classified within the above mentioned categories and negative fund balances in other governmental funds.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

The District uses restricted/committed amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents/contracts that prohibit doing this, such as a grant agreement requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the District would first use committed, then assigned, and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

9. Net Position

Net position represents the difference between assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources. Net investment in capital assets consists of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balances of any borrowings used for the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets. In addition, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources that are attributable to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets or related debt also are included in the net investment in capital assets component of net position. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on its use either through the enabling legislation adopted by the District or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, laws or regulations of other governments. The District applies restricted resources when an expense is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted net position is available.

*Unrestricted net position* reflect amounts that are not subject to any donor-imposed restrictions. This class also includes restricted contributions whose donor-imposed restrictions were met during the fiscal period. A deficit unrestricted net position may result when significant cash balances restricted for capital projects exist. Once the projects are completed, the restriction on these assets are released and converted to capital assets.

#### 10. Pension

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Agency's California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS) plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by CalPERS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Plan member contributions are recognized in the period in which the contributions are due. Investments are reported at fair value.

GASB Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions - an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27 (GASB Statement No. 68) requires that the reported results pertain to liability and asset information within certain defined timeframes. Liabilities are based on the results of actuarial calculations performed as of June 30, 2016. For this report, the following timeframes are used for the District's pension plans:

Valuation Date (VD)	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date (MD).	June 30, 2017
Measurement Period (MP)	) June 30, 2016 to June 30, 2017

June 30, 2018

#### 11. Other Postemployment Benefits Oher Than Pensions (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB liability, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense information about the fiduciary net position of the District's Retiree Benefits Plan (the Plan) and additions to/deductions from the Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Plan. For this purpose, the Plan recognizes benefit payments when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.

#### 12. Property Taxes

The District receives property tax revenue from Santa Clara and San Mateo Counties (the Counties). The Counties are responsible for assessing, collecting and distributing property taxes in accordance with state law. Secured property taxes are recorded as revenue when apportioned, in the fiscal period of the levy. The counties apportion secured property tax revenue in accordance with the alternate method of distribution prescribed by Section 4705 of the California *Revenue and Taxation Code*. This alternate method provides for crediting each applicable fund with its total secured taxes upon completion of the secured tax roll - approximately October 1 of each year. Taxes are levied annually on July 1st, and one-half are due by November 1st and one-half by February 1st. Taxes are delinquent after December 10th and April 10th, respectively. Supplemental property taxes are levied on a pro-rata basis when changes in assessed valuation occur due to the completion of construction or sales transactions. Liens on real property are established on January 15th for the ensuing fiscal period.

On June 30, 1993, the Board of Supervisors adopted the "Teeter" method of property tax allocation. This method allocates property taxes based on the total property tax billed. At yearend, the Counties advances cash to each taxing jurisdiction equal to its current year delinquent taxes. Once the delinquent taxes are collected, the revenue from penalties and interest remains with each County and is used to pay the interest cost of borrowing the cash used for the advances.

#### 13. Accounting Estimates

The presentation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts reported in the financial statements and accompanying notes. Actual results may differ from those estimates.

#### I. Implemented New Accounting Pronouncements

GASB Statement No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions. - The provisions in Statement 75 are effective for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for postemployment benefits other than pensions (other postemployment benefits or OPEB). It also improves information provided by state and local governmental employers about financial support for OPEB that is provided by other entities. This Statement replaces the requirements of Statements No. 45, Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions, as amended, and No. 57, OPEB Measurements by Agent Employers and Agent Multiple-Employer Plans, for OPEB. Statement No. 74, Financial Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Reporting for Postemployment Benefit Plans Other Than Pension Plans, establishes new accounting and financial reporting requirements for OPEB plans.

The scope of this Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for OPEB that is provided to the employees of state and local governmental employers. This Statement establishes standards for recognizing and measuring liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit OPEB, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that are required to be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. Note disclosure and required supplementary information requirements about defined benefit OPEB also are addressed.

In addition, this Statement details the recognition and disclosure requirements for employers with payables to defined benefit OPEB plans that are administered through trusts that meet the specified criteria and for employers whose employees are provided with defined contribution OPEB. This Statement also addresses certain circumstances in which a nonemployer entity provides financial support for OPEB of employees of another entity.

In this Statement, distinctions are made regarding the particular requirements depending upon whether the OPEB plans through which the benefits are provided are administered through trusts that meet the following criteria:

- Contributions from employers and nonemployer contributing entities to the OPEB plan and earnings on those contributions are irrevocable.
- OPEB plan assets are dedicated to providing OPEB to plan members in accordance with the benefit terms.
- OPEB plan assets are legally protected from the creditors of employers, nonemployer contributing entities, the OPEB plan administrator, and the plan members.

As of June 30, 2018, according to GASB 75, the District's net OPEB liability must be recognized. Therefore, the previous net OPEB liability as of June 30, 2017 in the amount of \$1,898,023 has been shown as a restatement of net position on the Statement of Activities as a separate line item.

**GASB Statement No. 86,** *Certain Debt Extinguishment Issues.* - The primary objective of this Statement is to improve consistency in accounting and financial reporting for in-substance defeasance of debt by providing guidance for transactions in which cash and other monetary assets acquired with only existing resources—resources other than the proceeds of refunding debt—are placed in an irrevocable trust for the sole purpose of extinguishing debt. This Statement also improves accounting and financial reporting for prepaid insurance on debt that is extinguished and notes to financial statements for debt that is defeased in substance. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2017. Earlier application is encouraged.

This statement did not have an impact on the District's financial statements.

J. Upcoming Accounting and Reporting Changes

GASB Statement No. 83, *Certain Asset Retirement Obligations*. - This Statement addresses accounting and financial reporting for certain asset retirement obligations (AROs). An ARO is a legally enforceable liability associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset. A government

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

that has legal obligations to perform future asset retirement activities related to its tangible capital assets should recognize a liability based on the guidance in this Statement. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

The District doesn't believe this statement will have a significant impact on the District's financial statements.

**GASB Statement No. 84,** *Fiduciary Activities.* - The objective of this Statement is to improve guidance regarding the identification of fiduciary activities for accounting and financial reporting purposes and how those activities should be reported.

This Statement establishes criteria for identifying fiduciary activities of all state and local governments. The focus of the criteria generally is on (1) whether a government is controlling the assets of the fiduciary activity and (2) the beneficiaries with whom a fiduciary relationship exists. Separate criteria are included to identify fiduciary component units and postemployment benefit arrangements that are fiduciary activities. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

The District doesn't believe this statement will have a significant impact on the District's financial statements.

**GASB issued Statement No. 87,** *Leases.* - The objective of this statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. This statement increases the usefulness of governments' financial statements by requiring recognition of certain lease assets and liabilities for leases that previously were classified as operating leases and recognized as inflows of resources or outflows of resources based on the payment provisions of the contract. It establishes a single model for lease accounting based on the foundational principle that leases are financings of the right to use an underlying asset. Under this statement, a lesse is required to recognize a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset, and a lessor is required to recognize a lease receivable and a deferred inflow of resources, thereby enhancing the relevance and consistency of information about governments' leasing activities. The requirements of this statement are effective for the District's fiscal year ending June 30, 2021.

The District doesn't believe this statement will have a significant impact on the District's financial statements.

GASB Statement No. 88, Certain Disclosures Related to Debt, Including Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements. - This Statement addresses additional information to be disclosed in the notes to the financial statements regarding debt, including unused lines of credit; assets pledged as collateral for the debt; and terms specified in debt agreements related to significant events of default with finance-related consequences, significant termination events with finance-related consequences, and significant subjective acceleration clauses. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after June 15, 2018. Earlier application is encouraged.

The District doesn't believe this statement will have a significant impact on the District's financial statements.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

GASB Statement No. 89, Accounting for Interest Cost Incurred Before the End of the Construction Period. - This Statement addresses interest costs incurred before the end of a construction period be recognized as an expense in the period in which the cost is incurred for financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus. As a result, interest cost incurred before the end of a construction period will not be included in the historical cost of a capital asset reported in a business-type activity or enterprise fund. The requirements of this Statement are effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2019. Earlier application is encouraged.

The District doesn't believe this statement will have a significant impact on the District's financial statements.

#### **NOTE 2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS**

#### **Summary of Cash and Investments**

The following summarizes deposits as of June 30, 2018:

	Cash and Cash Equivalents Available								
Cash and Investments	for	Operations		Restricted		Total			
Cash Deposits:									
Cash in Banks	\$	153,745	\$	45,000	\$	198,745			
Petty Cash		1,500		-		1,500			
Total Cash Deposits		155,245		45,000		200,245			
Investments:									
California Local Agency Investment Fund		364,810		-		364,810			
CalTRUST		-		1,541,018		1,541,018			
Brokerage Accounts/Cash with Fiscal Agents		16,827,082		62,308,237		79,135,319			
Santa Clara County Pool	2	49,236,144		2,073,806		51,309,950			
Total Investments	(	66,428,036		65,923,061		132,351,097			
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 6	56,583,281	\$	65,968,061	\$	132,551,342			

#### **Cash in Banks**

Cash balances in banks are insured up to \$250,000 per insured bank by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation ("FDIC"). The District's accounts are held with various banks. As of June 30, 2018, the District's bank balances exceeded FDIC coverage by \$295,436.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

#### **Fair Value Measurements**

GASB 72 established a hierarchy of inputs to the valuation techniques above. This hierarchy has three levels:

- Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 inputs are quoted market prices for similar assets or liabilities, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, or other than quoted prices that are not observable
- Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs, such as a property valuation or an appraisal.

The District has the following investments with recurring fair value measurements as of June 30, 2018:

				Maturities								
			Input		12 Months		13 - 24		25 - 60	N	Iore Than	Concen-
Investment Type	Rating	Fair Value	Level		or Less		Months		Months	6	60 Months	trations
Money Market Accounts	n/a	\$ 2,862,722	n/a	\$	2,862,722	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	2.16%
Mutual Funds	n/a	-	Level 2		-		-		-		-	0.00%
Municipal Bonds	AAA/A-	14,434,065	Level 2		3,468,263		2,812,818		6,892,840		1,260,144	10.91%
Corp/Gov Bonds	AAA/A-	46,486,163	Level 1		17,035,248		13,480,269		15,970,646		-	35.12%
LAIF	n/a	364,810	Level 2		364,810		-		-		-	0.28%
CalTrust	A+f	1,541,018	Level 2		-		-		1,541,018		-	1.16%
Santa Clara County Pool	n/a	51,309,950	Level 2		25,931,443		12,111,863		13,266,644		-	38.77%
U.S. Obligations	AA+/A-	15,352,369	Level 1		2,498,624		9,765,007		3,088,738		-	11.60%
Total Investments		\$ 132,351,097		\$	52,161,110	\$	38,169,957	\$	40,759,886	\$	1,260,144	100.00%

#### Cash in Santa Clara County Treasury

Santa Clara County is a fiscal agent of the District. The fair value of the District's investment in the county pool is reported at amounts based on the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of the portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized costs basis. Santa Clara County investment pool funds were available for withdrawal on demand and had an average maturity date of less than one year.

All cash and investments are stated at fair value. Pooled investment earnings are allocated monthly based on the average cash and investment balances of the various funds of the County.

#### **California Local Agency Investment Fund**

The District is a participant in the Local Agency investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The District reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2018, these investments had an average maturity date of less than one year.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

#### **Investment Trust of California**

The District is a participant in the Investment Trust of California (CalTRUST) which is a California joint powers authority that has been established by its members pursuant to an agreement. The California Government Code provides that Public Agencies may purchase shares of beneficial interest issues by a joint powers authority, such as CalTRUST, organized pursuant to the Section 6500 of the Act. The District reports its investment in CalTRUST at the fair value amount provided by CalTRUST. The District participates in the Medium-Term Fund with CalTRUST. The balance in this Medium-Term Fund is available for withdrawal once a week (on Wednesdays), and is based on the net asset value per share on the Wednesday of each week. Included in CalTRUST's investment portfolio for the Medium-Term Fund are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, United States Treasury Notes and Bills, and corporations. At June 30, 2018, these investments had an average maturity date of 1.5 to 3.5 years.

#### **Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements**

The District must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are used if the District fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues.

#### **Restricted for Debt Service**

As of June 30, 2018, the District had \$3,711,506 held by Zions bank as trustee, pledged to the payment or security of its outstanding bond issues. The District also had money held by the Bank of New York during the period (zero balance at period-end) which was pledged to the payment or security of its outstanding bonds. All transactions associated with debt service were administered by the Bank.

#### **Cash Restricted for Hawthorne Property Maintenance**

On November 10, 2011, the District received the gift of the 79 acre Hawthorne property, in Portola Valley, California, and an endowment of \$2,018,445 to manage the property in perpetuity. The cash balance restricted for this purpose at June 30, 2018 was \$1,466,982.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

#### **Policies and Practices**

The District's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the District to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the District and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code or the District's Investment Policy where it is more restrictive:

Authorized Investment Type	Maximum Remaining Maturity	Maximum Percentage of Portfolio	Maximum Investment in one Issuer
Medium Term Notes	5 years	30%	No Limit
Money Market and Mutual Funds	N/A	20%	10%
U.S. Treasury Obligations	5 years	No Limit	No Limit
Federal Agency Securities	5 years	No Limit	No Limit
Banker's Acceptance	180 days	40%	30%
Commercial Paper	270 days	25%	10%
Negotiable Certificates of Deposit	5 years	30%	No Limit
Repurchase Agreements	1 year	No Limit	No Limit
Reverse Repurchase Agreements	92 days	20%	No Limit
Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF)	N/A	\$40 million per account	No Limit

#### a) Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to the changes in market interest rates. The District manages its exposure to interest rate risk by investing in the Santa Clara County investment pool and LAIF, which had fair values of approximately \$7.5 billion and \$90 billion, respectively as of June 30, 2018, and diversifying its investments, as noted above, through the utilization of brokers.

#### b) Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of loss due to the failure of the security issuer. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. The investment with the County's investment pool is governed by the County's general investment policy. The County's investments in 2018 included U.S. government securities or obligations explicitly guaranteed by the U.S. government that are not considered to have credit risk exposure. See the schedule above for a summary of the District's ratings by investment type.

#### c) Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the District's deposits may not be returned to it. The District does not have a policy for custodial credit risk for deposits. However, the California Government code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by State or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under State law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110 percent of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. California law also allows financial institutions to secure public deposits by

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

pledging first trust deed mortgage notes having a value of 150 percent of the secured public deposits and letters of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of San Francisco having a value of 105 percent of the secured deposits.

#### d) Concentration of Credit Risk

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of an investor's holdings in a single issuer. The District's investment in the County's commingled pool is diversified by the County Treasurer by limiting the percentage of the portfolio that can be invested in any one issuer's name. Investments in U.S. Treasuries, U.S. Agency securities explicitly backed by the U.S., and mutual and pooled funds are not subject to this limitation.

More than 5% of the County's commingled pooled investments are invested with the Federal National Mortgage Association, Federal Home Loan Bank, Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, and Federal Farm Credit Bank.

#### **NOTE 3 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS**

#### **Interfund Receivables and Payables**

Interfund transactions are reported as loans or transfers. The District utilizes interfund transactions to account for funding received by the General Fund which is then distributed to the other funds for special uses, such as payment of debt or capital project and to supplement other funding sources. Loans are reported as interfund receivables and payables, as appropriate, and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

The following interfund loans were outstanding at fiscal year end June 30, 2018:

Due	Due from Other		ie to Other
	Funds		Funds
\$	5,119,189	\$	1,654,787
	1,285,387		3,425,015
	674,707		2,005,333
	5,852		-
\$	7,085,135	\$	7,085,135
	. <u> </u>	Funds           \$ 5,119,189           1,285,387           674,707           5,852	Funds           \$ 5,119,189         \$           1,285,387         674,707           5,852

At June 30, 2018, interfund transfers consisted of the following:

Fund	T	ransfer In	Tr	ansfer Out
General Fund	\$	-	\$	9,409,095
Debt Service Fund		9,409,095		-
Total	\$	9,409,095	\$	9,409,095

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

#### June 30, 2018

#### **NOTE 4 - NOTES RECEIVABLE**

On December 17, 1997, the District sold the title to and possession of a 50-year fee determinable estate 10-acre parcel near the Skyline Ridge Open Space Preserve. The District financed the purchase in the amount of \$288,800 over 25 years at a rate of 10% per annum. Monthly principal and interest payments of \$2,634 are due on the 1st of each month and late if not paid by the 10th, with the final payment scheduled December 1, 2022. The outstanding balance at June 30, 2018 was \$115,248.

#### NOTE 5 - CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEPRECIATION

Capital asset activity for the period ended June 30, 2018 is shown below:

	Balance		Deletions/		Balance
Capital Assets	June 30, 2017	Additions	Adjustments	Jı	une 30, 2018
Non-depreciable:					
Land	\$ 407,986,151	\$ 6,561,290	\$ -	\$	414,547,441
Construction in Progress	19,020,245	9,051,138	(19,475,086)		8,596,297
Total Non-Depreciable	427,006,396	15,612,428	(19,475,086)		423,143,738
Depreciable:					
Structure and Improvements	15,604,717	1,039,891	-		16,644,608
Infrastructure	13,433,155	19,207,013	-		32,640,168
Equipment	1,993,815	339,642	-		2,333,457
Vehicles	4,509,308	687,553	(189,083)		5,007,778
Total Depreciable	35,540,995	21,274,099	(189,083)		56,626,011
Less Accumulated Depreciation for:					
Structure and Improvements	(8,889,420)	(435,131)	-		(9,324,551)
Infrastructure	(2,958,829)	(1,169,255)	-		(4,128,084)
Equipment	(1,189,263)	(154,643)	-		(1,343,906)
Vehicles	(2,376,040)	(639,865)	162,530		(2,853,375)
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(15,413,552)	(2,398,894)	162,530		(17,649,916)
Total Depreciable Capital Assets - Net	20,127,443	18,875,205	(26,553)		38,976,095
Total Capital Assets - Net	\$ 447,133,839	\$ 34,487,633	\$(19,501,639)	\$	462,119,833

## Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

## NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM DEBT

	Beginning			Ending	Due Within
Long-term Obligations	Balance	Additions	Deductions	Balance	One Year
Promissory Notes:					
Current Interest	\$ 38,171,066	\$ -	\$ 12,731,067	\$ 25,439,999	\$1,200,000
Capital Appreciation	15,474,708	-	8,894,106	6,580,602	-
Accreted interest	5,114,953	457,204	3,126,240	2,445,917	-
Unamortized Bond Premium	6,334,537	-	1,031,779	5,302,758	-
Subtotal Promissory Notes	65,095,264	457,204	25,783,192	39,769,276	1,200,000
Bonds:					
Current Interest	102,715,000	86,245,000	4,590,000	184,370,000	5,280,000
Unamortized Bond Premium	14,140,465	8,245,739	850,288	21,535,916	-
Subtotal Bonds	116,855,465	94,490,739	5,440,288	205,905,916	5,280,000
Net Pension Obligation	10,121,906	900,918	-	11,022,824	
Net OPEB	-	1,845,000	-	1,845,000	
Compensated Absences	1,817,547	1,314,930	1,408,547	1,723,930	1,723,930
Total Long-term Obligations	\$ 193,890,182	\$ 99,008,791	\$ 32,632,027	\$ 260,266,946	\$ 8,203,930

The following is a summary of the changes in long-term debt for the period ended June 30, 2018:

#### **Promissory Notes**

#### Daloia Land Purchase Contract Promissory Note

During the fiscal year ending 2003 the District entered into a land purchase contract promissory note in the amount of \$240,000. The promissory note bears interest at a fixed rate of 6.25% and matured October 10, 2017.

#### Hunt Living Trust Promissory Note

On April 1, 2003, the District entered into a \$1,500,000 promissory note with the Hunt Living Trust as part of a lease and management agreement. The note is due in full on April 1, 2023 and bears interest at 5.5% semi-annually through April 1, 2013 and 5.0% per annum until the maturity, or prior redemption, of the note.

#### 2012 Refunding Promissory Notes

On January 19, 2012, the District advance refunded \$34,652,643 in 1999 lease revenue bonds by issuing \$31,264,707 in promissory notes. The 2012 notes bear interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 6.04%. The notes are a blend of current interest and capital appreciation notes maturing through 2042. The net proceeds of \$33,295,663 (after payment of \$278,683 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs and a premium of \$2,309,638) were used to purchase U.S government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 1999 Series bonds. As a result, the 1999 Series bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the long-term debt in the financial statements. The 2012 Refunding Promissory Notes were partially defeased during fiscal year 2018 with issuance of the 2017 Refunding Bond as noted below.

June 30, 2018

#### 2015 Refunding Promissory Notes

On January 22, 2015, the District advance refunded \$29,986,962 in 2004 Revenue Bonds by issuing \$28,578,500 in promissory notes. The 2015 notes bear interest rates ranging from 2.00% to 5.00%. The notes are current interest notes maturing through 2035. The net proceeds of \$28,325,491 (after payment of \$253,009 in underwriting fees, insurance, and other issuance costs and a premium of \$4,948,500) were used to purchase U.S government securities. Those securities were deposited in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments on the 2004 Revenue Bonds. As a result, the 2004 Revenue Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the long-term debt in the financial statements.

#### **Revenue and General Obligation Bonds**

#### 2011 Revenue Bonds

On May 19, 2011, the Authority, on behalf of the District, issued \$20,500,000 of 2011 Revenue Bonds for the purpose of acquiring land to preserve and use as open space and pay bond issue and related costs. The Bonds are not general obligations. Each period, the District will appropriate revenues-mainly limited properly tax collections that Santa Clara County and San Mateo County allocate to the District – to pay its obligations under a Lease Agreement for use and occupancy of District land in addition to other District debt and lease obligations unrelated to this financing. The Current Interest Bonds bear interest at 2.0% to 6.0% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments on the Current Interest Bonds are due annually September 1. This Bond was partially defeased during fiscal year 2017 with issuance of the 2016 Refunding Series A and B Green Bonds as noted below.

#### 2015A and 2015B General Obligation Bonds

On July 29, 2015, the District issued \$40,000,000 of 2015A general obligation bonds and \$5,000,000 of 2015B federally taxable general obligation bonds to finance certain projects authorized by voters. The bonds bear interest from 1.5% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$2,559,224 with an underwriter's discount of \$107,599 and issuance costs of \$170,000.

#### 2016A and 2016B Refunding Green Bonds

On September 8, 2016 the District issued \$54,490,000 of 2016 Refunding Series A and \$2,920,000 2016 Refunding Series B Green Bonds for the purpose of refunding its outstanding obligations under the 2007 Series A Revenue Refunding Bonds and prepay a portion of its obligations under the 2011 Lease Revenue Bonds. As a result, the 2007 Series A Revenue Refunding Bonds and the 2011 Lease Revenue Bonds are considered to be defeased and the liability for those bonds has been removed from the government-wide financial statement of net position.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$5,032,161, which is reported as a deferred outflow on the government-wide statement of net position. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through fiscal year 2036 using the straight-line method. The District completed the refunding to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$12,694,440.

The 2016 Refunding Green Bonds Series A bears interest from 2.0% to 5.0% and the Series B bears interest of 0.73%. Interest for both Series A and B are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Principal payments for Series A begins September 2017 and are due annually thereafter until September 2036. Series B has only one principal payment in September 2017.

#### 2017 Series A Refunding Green Bonds

On December 13, 2017 the District issued \$25,025,000 of 2017 Refunding Green Bonds for the purpose of partially refunding its outstanding obligations under the 2012 Refunding Promissory Notes. The proceeds of the 2017 Refunding Green Bonds, together with \$676,232 of other District funds, were used to defease and redeem \$11,605,000 principal amount of the District's outstanding 2012 Current Interest Notes and \$8,894,106 initial principal of the District's outstanding 2012 Capital Appreciation Notes, collectively, the 2012 Refunding Promissory Notes. The amounts defeased have been removed from the government-wide financial statement of net position.

The refunding resulted in a difference between the reacquisition price and the net carrying amount of the old debt of \$4,113,597, which is reported as a deferred outflow on the government-wide statement of net position. This difference, reported in the accompanying financial statements as a deduction from bonds payable, is being charged to operations through fiscal year 2033 using the straight-line method. The District completed the refunding to obtain an economic gain (difference between the present value of the old and the new debt service payments) of \$8,882,524.

The 2017 Refunding Green Bonds bears interest from 3.125% to 5.0%. Interest is due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. Principal payments begin September 2025 and are due annually thereafter until September 2037.

#### 2017 Series B Parity Bonds

On December 13, 2017, the District issued \$11,220,000 of 2017 parity bonds to finance portion of the cost of acquiring and improving staffing facilities for use by the District. The bonds bear interest of 5% and are due semi-annually on June 30 and December 30. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$1,413,434 and issuance costs of \$133,434.

#### 2018 General Obligation Bonds

On February 1, 2018, the District issued \$50,000,000 of 2018 general obligation bonds to finance 25 projects specified in Measure AA. The bonds bear interest from 2% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$3,691,291 with an issuance costs of \$455,462.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

The following schedule summarizes the District's outstanding promissory notes and bonds as of June 30, 2018:

	Original	Beginning				Ending
Long Term Debt	Issue	Balance	Additions	]	Retirements	Balance
Promissory Notes:						
Daloia Note	\$ 240,000	\$ 11,067	\$ -	\$	11,067	\$ -
Hunt Note	1,500,000	1,500,000	-		-	1,500,000
2012 Refunding Note Current Int.	15,790,000	14,109,999	-		11,985,000	2,124,999
2012 Refunding Note Cap Apprec.	15,474,708	15,474,708	-		8,894,106	6,580,602
2015 Refunding Note	23,630,000	22,550,000	-		735,000	21,815,000
Subtotal Promissory Notes	56,634,708	53,645,774	-		21,625,173	32,020,601
Bonds:						
2011 Lease Revenue	20,500,000	1,080,000	-		150,000	930,000
2015A General Obligation Bonds	40,000,000	40,000,000	-		-	40,000,000
2015B General Obligation Bonds	5,000,000	4,225,000	-		875,000	3,350,000
2016 Refunding Bond	57,410,000	57,410,000	-		3,565,000	53,845,000
2017 Refunding Bond	25,025,000	-	25,025,000		-	25,025,000
2017 Parity Bond	11,220,000	-	11,220,000		-	11,220,000
2018 General Obligation Bonds	50,000,000	-	50,000,000		-	50,000,000
Subtotal Bonds	209,155,000	102,715,000	86,245,000		4,590,000	184,370,000
Accreted Interest:						
2012 Refunding Note		5,114,953	457,204		3,126,240	2,445,917
Subtotal Accreted Interest		5,114,953	457,204		3,126,240	2,445,917
Unamortized Bond Premium		20,475,002	8,245,739		1,882,067	26,838,674
Total Long Term Debt	\$ 265,789,708	\$ 181,950,729	\$ 94,947,943	\$	31,223,480	\$ 245,675,192

The promissory notes future debt service requirements as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Remaining Accretion	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 1,200,000	\$ -	\$ 1,194,875	\$ 2,394,875
2020	1,285,000	-	1,136,775	2,421,775
2021	1,370,000	-	1,084,025	2,454,025
2022	1,445,000	-	1,029,625	2,474,625
2023	3,040,000	-	963,950	4,003,950
2024-2028	6,495,000	-	3,496,875	9,991,875
2029-2033	12,951,057	7,108,082	1,694,125	21,753,264
2034-2038	4,234,544	2,400,400	142,750	6,777,694
Total Debt Service	\$ 32,020,601	\$ 9,508,482	\$ 10,743,000	\$ 52,272,083

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

		Remaining		
Year Ending June 30,	Principal	Accretion	Interest	Total
2019	\$ 5,280,000	\$ -	\$ 7,996,117	\$ 13,276,117
2020	7,830,000	-	7,417,788	15,247,788
2021	7,025,000	-	7,161,901	14,186,901
2022	6,675,000	-	6,895,263	13,570,263
2023	6,990,000	-	6,589,537	13,579,537
2024-2028	40,580,000	-	27,230,790	67,810,790
2029-2033	25,970,000	-	18,586,245	44,556,245
2034-2038	41,445,000	-	12,814,639	54,259,639
2039-2043	20,960,000	-	6,400,600	27,360,600
2044-2048	18,975,000	-	2,181,300	21,156,300
2049-2053	2,640,000	-	52,800	2,692,800
Total Debt Service	\$184,370,000	\$-	\$103,326,980	\$287,696,980

The bonds future debt service requirements as of June 30, 2018 were as follows:

Amortization of the deferred loss on early retirement of long-term debt for the fiscal period ended June 30, 2018 was as follows:

Beginning Balance	\$ 6,976,997
Addition	4,113,597
Amortization	(849,771)
Ending Balance	\$10,240,823

#### NOTE 7 - RENTAL INCOME

The District rents certain land and structures to other entities under operating leases with terms generally on a month-to-month basis. Rental income of \$1,211,878 was received during the period ended June 30, 2018.

#### **NOTE 8 - CALPERS PENSION PLAN**

#### **Pension Plan**

#### General Information about the Pension Plans

**Plan Description** - The District provides benefits to eligible employees through cost-sharing multiple employer defined benefit pension plans (the Plan(s)) administered by the California Public Employees' Retirement System (CalPERS). Members of the Plan include all permanent employees working full-time. Benefit provisions under the Plans are established by State statute and District resolution. CalPERS issues publicly available reports that include a full description of the pension plans regarding benefit provisions, assumptions and membership information that can be found on the CalPERS website.

**Benefits Provided** - CalPERS provides service retirement and disability benefits, annual cost of living adjustments and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with statutorily reduced benefits. All

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

members are eligible for non-industrial disability benefits after 10 years of service. The death benefit is the Optional Settlement 2W Death Benefit. The cost of living adjustments for the Plan are applied as specified by the Public Employees' Retirement Law.

The Plans' provisions and benefits in effect at June 30, 2018, are summarized as follows:

	Miscellaneous		
	Tier 1	PEPRA	
Benefit formula	2% @ 55	2% @ 62	
Benefit vesting schedule	5 Years	5 Years	
Benefit payments	Monthly for Life	Monthly for Life	
Retirement age	55	62	
Monthly benefits as a % of eligible compensation	2.0% to 2.5%	2.00%	
Required employee contribution rates	8.000%	6.250%	
Required employer contribution rates	10.110%	6.533%	

**Employees Covered** – At June 30, 2018, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

	Miscellaneous
Active	141
Transferred	50
Separated	67
Retired	70
Total	328

**Contributions** - Section 20814(c) of the California Public Employees' Retirement Law requires that the employer contribution rates for all public employers be determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate. Funding contributions for the Plan are determined annually on an actuarial basis as of June 30 by CalPERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the costs of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount to finance any unfunded accrued liability. The District is required to contribute the difference between the actuarially determined rate and the contribution rate of employees. For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District contributed \$2,283,789 to the plan.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

As of June 30, 2018, the District reported net pension liabilities for its proportionate shares of the net pension liability of the Plan as follows:

Proportionate Share of				
Net Pension				
Lia	bility/(Asset)			
\$	11,022,824			
	N			

The District's net pension liability for the Plan is measured as the proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability of the Plan is measured as of June 30, 2017, and the total pension liability for the Plan used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

as of June 30, 2016 using standard procedures. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on a projection of the District's long-term share of contributions in to the pension plan relative to the projected contributions of all participating employers, as actuarially determined. The District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan as of fiscal years June 30, 2017 and 2018 was as follows:

	Miscellaneous
Proportion - June 30, 2017	0.29137%
Proportion - June 30, 2018	0.27962%
Change - Increase/(Decrease)	-0.01175%

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense of \$3,297,743. At fiscal year June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		I	Deferred nflows of Resources
Changes of Assumptions	\$	2,365,101	\$	-
Differences between Expected and Actual Experience		-		275,001
Differences between Projected and Actual Investment Earnings		579,041		-
Differences between Employer's Contributions and Proportionate				
Share of Contributions		1,924,035		-
Change in Employer's Proportion		-		1,058,998
Pension Contributions Made Subsequent to Measurement Date		2,283,789		-
Total	\$	7,151,966	\$	1,333,999

The District reported \$2,283,789 as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date that will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Fiscal Year	(	Deferred Outflows/ Inflows) of	
Ending June 30:	Resources		
2019	\$	1,275,768	
2020		1,630,830	
2021		971,367	
2022		(343,787)	
2023		-	
Thereafter		-	
Total	\$	3,534,178	

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions - The total pension liabilities in the June 30, 2016 actuarial valuations were determined using the following actuarial assumptions:

Valuation Date	June 30, 2016
Measurement Date	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method	Entry-Age Normal Cost
	Method
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	7.15%
Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Growth	3.00%
Projected Salary Increase	(1)
Investment Rate of Return	7.5% (2)
Mortality	(3)

(1) Varies by age and service

(2) Net of pension plan investment expenses, including inflation

(3) Derived using CalPERS' membership data for all funds

**Discount Rate** - The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.15 percent for each Plan. To determine whether the municipal bond rate should be used in the calculation of a discount rate for each plan, CalPERS stress tested plans that would most likely result in a discount rate that would be different from the actuarially assumed discount rate. Based on the testing, none of the tested plans run out of assets. Therefore, the current 7.15 percent discount rate is adequate and the use of the municipal bond rate calculation is not necessary. The long term expected discount rate of 7.15 percent will be applied to all plans in the Public Employees Retirement Fund (PERF). The cash flows used in the testing were developed assuming that both members and employers will make their required contributions on time and as scheduled in all future years. The stress test results are presented in a detailed report called "GASB Crossover Testing Report" that can be obtained at CalPERS' website under the GASB 68 section.

CalPERS is scheduled to review all actuarial assumptions as part of its regular Asset Liability Management (ALM) review cycle that is scheduled to be completed in February 2018. Any changes to the discount rate will require Board action and proper stakeholder outreach. For these reasons, CalPERS expects to continue using a discount rate net of administrative expenses for GASB 67 and 68 calculations through at least the 2017-18 fiscal year. CalPERS will continue to check the materiality of the difference in calculation until such time as we have changed our methodology.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a buildingblock method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class.

In determining the long-term expected rate of return, CalPERS took into account both short-term and long-term market return expectations as well as the expected pension fund cash flows. Using historical returns of all the funds' asset classes, expected compound returns were calculated over the short-term (first 10 years) and the long-term (11-60 years) using a building-block approach. Using the expected nominal returns for both short-term and long-term, the present value of benefits was calculated for each fund. The expected rate of return was set by calculating the single equivalent expected return that arrived at the same present value of benefits for cash flows as the one calculated using both short-term and long-

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

term returns. The expected rate of return was then set equivalent to the single equivalent rate calculated above and rounded down to the nearest one quarter of one percent.

The table below reflects the long-term expected real rate of return by asset class. The rate of return was calculated using the capital market assumptions applied to determine the discount rate and asset allocation.

Asset Class	New Strategic Allocation	Real Return Years 1 - 10 (a)	Real Return Years 11+ (b)
Global Equity	47.00%	4.90%	5.38%
Fixed Income	19.00%	0.80%	2.27%
Inflation Sensitive	6.00%	0.60%	1.39%
Private Equity	12.00%	6.60%	6.63%
Real Estate	11.00%	2.80%	5.21%
Infrastructure and Forestland	3.00%	3.90%	5.36%
Liquidity	2.00%	-0.40%	-0.90%
Total	100.00%		

(a) An expected inflation of 2.5% used for this period.

(b) An expected inflation of 3.0% used for this period.

**Sensitivity of the Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability for the Plan, calculated using the discount rate for the Plan, as well as what the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage point lower or 1percentage point higher than the current rate:

-	Μ	iscellaneous
1% Decrease		6.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	19,462,398
1% Decrease		7.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	11,022,824
1% Increase		8.15%
Net Pension Liability	\$	4,033,017

**Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position -** Detailed information about each pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued CalPERS financial reports.

#### NOTE 9 - POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSION BENEFITS

**Plan Description** - The District joined the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust (CERBT), an agent multiple-employer defined benefit postemployment healthcare plan administered by CalPERS. See eligibility requirements below. Retiree benefit continues to surviving spouse if retiree elects survivor annuity under CalPERS retirement plan. The OPEB plan's audited financial statements are available at https://www.calpers.ca.gov/docs/forms-publications/gasb-75-schedule-changes-fiduciary-net-position-2017.pdf.

**Benefits Provided** - The following is a summary of the plan benefits provided:

Eligibility:	Retire directly from the District under CalPER (age 50 and 5 years of service)
	Continue participation in PEMHCA
<b>Retiree Medical Benefit:</b>	District pays retiree medical premiums up to:
	- \$300/month effective 1/1/07
	- \$350/month effective 1/1/09
	Must be at least equal to statutory PEMHCA minimum (\$122
	in 2015, \$125 in 2016)
<b>PEMHCA Administrative Fee:</b>	District pays CalPERS administrative fees (0.32% of premiums
	for 2015/16)
Surviving Spouse Continuation:	Retiree beneift continues to surviving spouse if retiree elects
	survivor annuity under CalPERS retirement plan

**Employees Covered by Benefit Terms -** At June 30, 2017 (the valuation date), the benefit terms covered the following employees:

Active employees	138
Inactive employees	31
Total employees	169

**Contributions** - The District makes contributions based on an actuarially determined rate and are approved by the authority of the District's Board. Total contributions during the year were \$412,000. Total contributions included in the measurement period were \$513,000. The actuarially determined contribution for the measurement period was \$609,000. The District's contributions were 4.01% of payroll during the measurement period June 30, 2017 (reporting period June 30, 2018). Employees are not required to contribute to the plan.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

Actuarial Assumptions - The following summarized the actuarial assumptions for the OPEB plan included in this fiscal year:

Valuation Date: Measurement Date: Actuarial Cost Method:	June 30, 2017 June 30, 2017 Entry age normal, level precentage of payroll
Amortization Period:	10.2 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Investment gains and loses spread over 5 year rolling period
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75%
<b>General Inflation</b>	2.75%
Payroll Increases	- Aggregate - 3%
	- Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Medical Trend	- Non-medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years
	- Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of
	4.0% in 2076 and later years
PEMHCA Minimum Increases	4.25%
Mortality, Retirement,	
Disability, Termination	CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with
	Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2017
Healthcare Participation for	- Currently covered: 90%
Future Retirees	- Currently waived: 60%

**Discount Rate** - The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that the District contribution will be made at rates equal to the actuarially determined contribution rates. Based on those assumptions, the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position was projected to cover all future OPEB payments. Therefore, the discount rate was set to be equal to the long-term expected rate of return which was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability.

**Long-Term Expected Rate of Return** - The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Percentage of Portfolio	Long-Term Expected Rate of Return
Global Equity	57.00%	4.820%
Fixed Income	27.00%	1.470%
TIPS	5.00%	1.290%
Commodities	3.00%	0.840%
REITs	8.00%	3.760%
Total	100.00%	3.535%

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

**Net OPEB Liability -** The District's net OPEB liability was measured as of June 30, 2017 (measurement date), and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of June 30, 2017 (valuation date) for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018 (reporting date). The following summarizes the changes in the net OPEB liability during the year ended June 30, 2018, for the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018	Year Ended June 30, 2018 Total OPEB		Plan Fiduciary		Net OPEB	
(Measurement Date June 30, 2017)	Liability		<b>Net Position</b>		Liability	
Balance at June 30,2017	\$	4,585,000	\$	2,580,000	\$	2,005,000
Service cost		313,000		-		313,000
Interest in Total OPEB Liability		326,000		-		326,000
Employer contributions		-		513,000		(513,000)
Employer implicit subsidy		-		-		-
Employee contributions		-		-		-
Balance of diff between actual and exp experience		-		-		-
Balance of diff between actual and exp earnings		-		-		-
Balance of changes in assumptions		-		-		-
Actual investment income		-		287,000		(287,000)
Administrative expenses		-		(1,000)		1,000
Benefit payments		(113,000)		(113,000)		-
Other		-		-		
Net changes		526,000		686,000		(160,000)
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$	5,111,000	\$	3,266,000	\$	1,845,000
Covered Payroll at Measurement Date	\$	12,802,887				
Total OPEB Liability as a % of covered payroll		39.92%				
Plan Fid. Net Position as a % of Total OPEB Liability		63.90%				
Service cost as a % of covered payroll		2.44%				
Net OPEB Liability as a % of covered payroll		14.41%				

**Deferred Inflows and Outflows of Resources -** At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of		Deferred Inflows of			
	Resources			Resources		
Difference between actual and expected experience	\$	-	\$	-		
Difference between actual and expected earnings		-		(82,400)		
Change in assumptions		-		-		
OPEB contribution subsequent to measurement date		412,000		-		
Totals	\$	412,000	\$	(82,400)		

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

Of the total amount reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEB, \$412,000 resulting from District contributions subsequent to the measurement date and before the end of the fiscal year will be included as a reduction of the net OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2019. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized in OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30,		
2019	\$	(20,600)
2020		(20,600)
2021		(20,600)
2022		(20,600)
2023		-
Thereafter	_	-
Total	\$	(82,400)

**OPEB Expense** - The following summarizes the OPEB expense by source during the year ended June 30, 2018, for the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

Service cost	\$ 313,000
Interest in TOL	326,000
Expected investment income	(184,000)
Other	-
Employee contributions	-
Difference between actual and expected experience	-
Difference between actual and expected earnings	(20,600)
Change in assumptions	-
Administrative expenses	 1,000
OPEB Expense	\$ 435,400

The following summarizes changes in the net OPEB liability as reconciled to OPEB expense during the year ended June 30, 2018, for the measurement date of June 30, 2017:

Net OPEB liability ending	\$ 1,845,000
Net OPEB liability begining	(2,005,000)
Change in net OPEB liability	(160,000)
Changes in deferred outflows	-
Changes in deferred inflows	82,400
Employer contributions	513,000
OPEB Expense	\$ 435,400

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

**Sensitivity to Changes in the Discount Rate** - The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher, is as follows:

			Dis	scount Rate		
		5.75%		6.75%		7.75%
	(1%	6 Decrease )	(Cı	urrent Rate)	(1%	6 Increase )
Net OPEB Liability	\$	2,619,000	\$	1,845,000	\$	1,212,000

**Sensitivity to Changes in the Healthcare Cost Trend Rates** - The net OPEB liability of the District, as well as what the District's net OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that are one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than current healthcare cost trend rates, is as follows:

	Trend Rate					
		3.25% 4.25% 5.25%				
	(1%	6 Decrease )	(C)	urrent Rate)	(1%	% Increase )
Net OPEB Liability	\$	1,646,000	\$	1,845,000	\$	2,109,000

#### NOTE 10 - JOINT VENTURES (JOINT POWERS AGREEMENTS)

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. Prior to July 1, 2002, the District managed and financed these risks by purchasing commercial insurance. On July 1, 2002, the District joined the California Joint Powers Insurance Authority (CAL JPIA). CAL JPIA is composed of 119 California public entities and is organized under a joint powers agreement pursuant to California Government Code Section 6500 et seq. The purpose of CAL JPIA is to arrange and administer programs for the pooling of self-insurance losses, to purchase excess insurance or reinsurance, and to arrange for group-purchased insurance for property and other coverages. CAL JPIA's pool began covering claims of its members in 1978. Each member government has an elected official as its representative on the Board of Directors. The Board operates through a nine member Executive Committee.

During the past three fiscal periods, none of the programs of protection have had settlements or judgments that exceeded pooled or insured coverage. There have been no significant reductions in pooled or insured liability coverage from coverage in the prior period.

#### Self-Insurance Programs of the CAL JPIA

#### General and Automobile Liability

Each government member pays a primary deposit to cover estimated losses for a fiscal year (claims year). General liability (GL) coverage includes bodily injury, personal injury, or property damage to a third party resulting from a member activity. The GL program also provides automobile liability coverage. Six months after the close of a fiscal period, outstanding claims are valued. A retrospective deposit computation is then made for each open claims year. Costs are spread to members as follows: the first \$30,000 to \$750,000 are pooled based on member's share of costs under \$30,000; costs in excess of \$750,000 are shared by the members based upon each individual member's payroll. Costs of covered claims above \$5,000,000 are currently paid by reinsurance. The protection for each member is \$50,000,000 per occurrence, up to \$50,000.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

June 30, 2018

#### Worker's Compensation

The District also participates in the Worker's Compensation program administered by CAL JPIA. Pool deposits and retrospective adjustments are valued in a manner similar to the General Liability pool. The District is charged for the first \$50,000 of each claim. Costs from \$50,000 to \$100,000 per claim are pooled based on the member's losses under its retention level. Costs between \$100,000 and \$2,000,000 per claim are pooled based on payroll. Costs from \$2,000,000 to \$5,000,000 are paid by excess insurance purchased by CAL JPIA. The excess insurance provides coverage to statutory limits.

#### **Purchased Insurance**

#### Environmental Insurance

The District participates in the Pollution and Remediation Legal Liability Program, which is available through CAL JPIA. The policy provides coverage for both first and third party damages, including certain types of cleanups; fuel spill or hazmat incidents; member listed non-owned disposal sites; above ground and underground storage tanks; and for sudden and gradual pollution at or from property, streets, sanitary sewer trunk lines and storm drain outfalls owned by the District. Coverage is on a claims-made basis. There is a \$50,000 deductible. CAL JPIA has a limit of \$50,000,000 for the three-year coverage period. The current coverage period is July 2017 through July 1, 2020. Each member of CAL JPIA has a \$10,000,000 aggregate limit during the three-year period. The current coverage period is July 2017 through July 1, 2020.

#### Property Insurance

The District participates in the All-Risk property program of CAL JPIA which includes all-risk coverage for real and personal property (such as scheduled buildings, office furniture, equipment, vehicles, etc). This insurance is underwritten by several insurance companies. Property is currently insured according to a schedule of covered property submitted by the District to CAL JPIA. The All-Risk deductible is \$5,000 per occurrence; \$1,000 for non-emergency vehicles. Premiums for the coverage are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

#### Boiler & Machinery Insurance

The District participates in the optional coverage for boiler and machinery, which is purchased separately under the property program. Coverage is for physical damage for sudden and accidental breakdown of boilers and machinery, and electrical injury. There is a \$5,000 per accident or occurrence deductible.

#### Crime Insurance

The District participates in the crime program of CAL JPIA in the amount of \$1,000,000 per claim, with a \$2,500 per occurrence deductible. Insurance provides coverage for employee dishonesty, failure to faithfully perform duties, forgery, counterfeiting, theft, robbery, burglary, and computer fraud. Premiums are paid annually and are not subject to retroactive adjustments.

#### Special Event Tenant User Liability Insurance

The District participates in the special events program of CAL JPIA which provides liability insurance when District premises are used for special events. The insurance premium is paid by the tenant user to

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements June 30, 2018

the District according to a schedule. The District then pays the insurance arranged through CAL JPIA. There is no deductible and the District is added as additional insured. Liability limits are purchased in \$1 million per occurrence increments.

#### Vendors/Contractors Program

General liability coverage with or without professional liability is offered through CAL JPIA to vendors/contractors who otherwise could not meet the District's minimum insurance requirement: \$1 million per occurrence, \$2 million in aggregate.

#### Cyber Liability Program

The cyber liability program is partially covered under the liability program, and partially held through a stand-alone coverage program. Cyber liability provides coverage for both first- and third-party claims. First party coverage includes privacy, regulatory claims, security breach response, business income loss, dependent business income loss, digital asset restoration costs, and cyber-extortion threats, while third-party coverage includes privacy liability, network security liability, and multimedia liability. Members work directly with the reinsurer to investigate and respond to claims. There is a \$1 million per occurrence limit of coverage, \$1 million aggregate limit per policy period per member, and a \$10 million aggregate limit of coverage for all members per policy period.

#### NOTE 11 - COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The District may be exposed to various claims and litigation during the normal course of business. However, management believes there were no matters that would have a material adverse effect on the District's financial position or results of operations as of June 30, 2018.

#### NOTE 12 - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

Management has reviewed subsequent events and transactions that occurred after the date of the financial statements through the date the financial statements were issued. The financial statements include all events or transactions, including estimates, required to be recognized in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Management has determined that there are no nonrecognized subsequent events that require additional disclosure.



**Required Supplementary Information** 

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# **REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION**

# **BUDGETARY SCHEDULES**

This schedule presents a comparison of the original budget, final budget and actual revenues and expenditures for General Fund. The schedule presents the difference between the final budget and actuals.

# **PENSION SCHEDULES**

These schedules present information that shows the District's proportionate share of the pension liability in the cost sharing pools, actuarial information, and contributions. The proportionate share information is useful in determining the District's liability on relation to all other entities in the pool.

# **POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFIT SCHEDULES**

These schedules present information that shows the District's total other postemployment benefits (OPEB), plan fiduciary net position, and contributions related to retire healthcare benefits provided by the District.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual (GAAP) General Fund

For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budget	ed Amounts		Variance with		
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Final Budget Positive - (Negative)		
Revenues:						
Property taxes	\$ 44,839,000		\$ 45,347,807	\$ (55,881)		
Grant income	191,000	,	553,281	362,281		
Property management	1,197,092		1,576,379	379,287		
Investment earnings	636,000		853,729	33,729		
Other revenues	464,501	464,501	347,983	(116,518)		
Total revenues	47,327,593	48,076,281	48,679,179	602,898		
Expenditures: Current						
Salaries and employee benefits	21,923,124	21,974,034	19,983,975	1,990,059		
Services and supplies	9,702,951	9,809,954	7,475,205	2,334,749		
Capital outlay	84,000	43,000		43,000		
Total expenditures	31,710,075	31,826,988	27,459,180	4,367,808		
Excess (deficiency) of revenues						
over (under) expenditures	15,617,518	16,249,293	21,219,999	4,970,706		
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in	-	_	_	_		
Transfers out			(9,409,095)	(9,409,095)		
Total other financing sources (uses)			(9,409,095)	(9,409,095)		
Net change in fund balance	15,617,518	16,249,293	11,810,904	(4,438,389)		
Fund balance beginning	61,298,583	61,298,583	61,298,583			
Fund balance ending	\$ 76,916,101	\$ 77,547,876	\$ 73,109,487	\$ (4,438,389)		

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

# Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Schedule of Pension Plan Contributions

June 30, 2018

<b>Miscellaneous Plan</b> Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	 2017 2018	 2016 2017	 2015 2016	 2014 2015
Contractually Required Contributions Contributions in Relation to Contractually Required Contributions	\$ 1,763,650 2,283,789	\$ 1,514,352 2,529,862	\$ 1,358,520 4,788,977	\$ 1,461,069 1,343,244
Contributions in Relation to Contractuary Required Contributions Contribution Deficiency (Excess)	\$ (520,139)	\$ (1,015,510)	\$ (3,430,457)	\$ 117,825
Covered Payroll (Fiscal Year)	\$ 12,802,887	\$ 11,834,150	\$ 9,862,578	\$ 8,994,979
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	17.84%	21.38%	48.56%	14.93%
Notes to Schedule:				

Valuation Date:	June 30, 2016
Assumptions Used:	Entry Age Method used for Actuarial Cost Method
	Level Percentage of Payroll and Direct Rate Smoothing
	3.8 Years Remaining Amortization Period
	Inflation Assumed at 2.75%
	Investment Rate of Returns set at 7.5%
	CalPERS mortality table using 20 years of membership data for all funds

\*\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Schedule of Net Pension Liability Proportionate Shares June 30, 2018

<b>Miscellaneous Plan</b> Plan Measurement Date Fiscal Year Ended	2017 2018	2016 2017	2015 2016	 2014 2015
Proportion of Net Pension Liability	0.27962%	0.29137%	0.41627%	0.39847%
Proportionate Share of Net Pension Liability	\$ 11,022,824	\$ 10,121,906	\$ 11,420,126	\$ 9,848,203
Covered Payroll	\$ 11,834,150	\$ 9,862,578	\$ 8,994,979	\$ 8,448,635
Proportionate Share of NPL as a % of Covered Payrol	93.14%	102.63%	126.96%	116.57%
Plan's Fiduciary Net Position as a % of the TPL	82.04%	80.93%	79.23%	83.64%

\*\* Fiscal year 2015 was the first year of implementation, therefore only four years are shown.

**Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District** Schedule of Contributions for Postemployment Benefits

June 30, 2018

	Fiscal Year ded June 30, 2018
Actuarially determined contribution (ADC)	\$ 609,000
Less: actual contribution in relation to ADC	 (513,000)
Contribution deficiency (excess)	\$ 96,000
Covered payroll for the fiscal year 2017/18	\$ 12,802,887
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	4.01%

Assumptions and Methods	
Valuation Date:	June 30, 2017
Measurement Date:	June 30, 2017
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry age normal, level precentage of payroll
Amortization Period:	10.2 years
Asset Valuation Method:	Investment gains and loses spread over 5 year rolling
Actuarial Assumptions:	
Discount Rate	6.75%
General Inflation	2.75%
Payroll Increases	- Aggregate - 3%
	- Merit - CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Medical Trend	<ul> <li>Non-medicare - 7.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years</li> <li>Medicare - 6.5% for 2019, decreasing to an ultimate rate of 4.0% in 2076 and later years</li> </ul>
PEMHCA Minimum Increases	4.25%
Mortality, Retirement, Disability, Termination	CalPERS 1997-2015 experience study
Mortality Improvement	Post-retirement mortality projected fully generational with Society of Actuaries Scale MP-2017
Healthcare Participation for Future Retirees	<ul><li>Currently covered: 90%</li><li>Currently waived: 60%</li></ul>

Other Notes

Notes to Schedule:

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.

# Schedule of Changes in Total OPEB Liability

June 30, 2018

	Fiscal Yea Ended June			
Total OPEB liability	<u>_</u>	2018		
Service cost	\$	313,000		
Interest		326,000		
Changes of benefit terms		-		
Differences between expected and actual experience		-		
Changes of assumptions		-		
Benefit payments		(113,000)		
Net change in Total OPEB Liability		526,000		
Total OPEB Liability - beginning		4,585,000		
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$	5,111,000		
Plan fiduciary net position				
Employer contributions	\$	513,000		
Employer implict subsidy		-		
Employee contributions		-		
Net investment income		287,000		
Difference between estimated and actual earnings		-		
Benefit payments		(113,000)		
Other		-		
Administrative expense		(1,000)		
Net change in plan fiduciary net position		686,000		
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning		2,580,000		
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	\$	3,266,000		
Net OPEB liability	\$	1,845,000		
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total OPEB liability		63.90%		
Covered employee payroll	\$	12,802,887		
Net OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		14.41%		
Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered payroll		39.92%		

GASB 75 requires a schedule of contributions for the last ten fiscal years, or for as many years as are available if less than ten years are available. GASB 75 was adopted as of June 30, 2018.



Supplementary Information

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# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

# **BUDGETARY SCHEDULES**

These schedules present comparisons of the original budget, final budget and actual revenues and expenditures for major capital project funds and debt service funds. These schedules presents the difference between the final budget and actuals.

# **PROGRAM EXPENDITURES**

This schedule presents the program expenditures for the Measure AA Bond Program for the current year and the in total since the inception of the program.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual (GAAP) Measure AA Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	Budgetee	d Amounts		Variance with
	Original	Final	Actual (GAAP Basis)	Final Budget Positive - (Negative)
Revenues:				
Property taxes	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Grant income	581,060	781,060	1,059,436	278,376
Property management	-	-	-	-
Investment earnings	-	160,000	102,684	(57,316)
Other revenues				
Total revenues	581,060	941,060	1,162,120	221,060
Expenditures: Current				
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-	730,701	(730,701)
Services and supplies	140,100	140,100	24,468	115,632
Capital outlay	11,208,289	12,063,626	11,032,939	1,030,687
Debt service:				
Issuance cost			250,000	(250,000)
Total expenditures	11,348,389	12,203,726	12,038,108	165,618
Excess (deficiency) of revenues				
over (under) expenditures	(10,767,329)	(11,262,666)	(10,875,988)	386,678
Other financing sources (uses):				
Transfers in	-	-	-	-
Transfers out	-	-	-	-
Issuance of debt			50,000,000	50,000,000
Total other financing sources (uses)			50,000,000	50,000,000
Net change in fund balance	(10,767,329)	(11,262,666)	39,124,012	50,386,678
Fund balance beginning	7,344,797	7,344,797	7,344,797	
Fund balance ending	\$ (3,422,532)	\$ (3,917,869)	\$ 46,468,809	\$ 50,386,678

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual (GAAP) GF Capital Projects Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

Grant income 236,000 236,000 Property management	Actual (GAAP Basis) \$ - - (37,855) - (37,855)	Positive - (Negative) \$ - (236,000) - (37,855) -
Property taxes\$-\$-Grant income236,000236,000Property management	(37,855)	(236,000)
Grant income 236,000 236,000 Property management	(37,855)	(236,000)
Property management		-
		(37,855)
Investment earnings	- (37,855)	
Other revenues	(37,855)	
Total revenues         236,000         236,000		(273,855)
Expenditures:		
Current		
Salaries and employee benefits	-	-
Services and supplies 615,700 95,150	11,251	83,899
Capital outlay 5,917,340 7,000,371	5,407,129	1,593,242
Debt service:		<i></i>
Issuance cost	133,434	(133,434)
Total expenditures         6,533,040         7,095,521	5,551,814	1,543,707
Excess (deficiency) of revenues		
over (under) expenditures (6,297,040) (6,859,521)	(5,589,669)	1,269,852
Other financing sources (uses):		
Transfers in	_	-
Transfers out	-	-
Issuance of debt	11,220,000	11,220,000
Premium from debt issuances	1,413,434	1,413,434
Total other financing sources (uses)	12,633,434	12,633,434
Net change in fund balance(6,297,040)(6,859,521)Fund balance beginning	7,043,765	13,903,286
	\$ 7,043,765	\$ 13,903,286

#### Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget to Actual (GAAP) Debt Service Fund For the Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2018

	 Budgetec	l Am	iounts				ariance with inal Budget
	 Original		Final	(G	Actual AAP Basis)		Positive - (Negative)
Revenues:							
Property taxes	\$ 1,960,000	\$	2,400,000	\$	2,450,542	\$	50,542
Grant income	-		-		-		-
Property management	-		-		-		-
Investment earnings	472,000		465,000		145,635		(319,365)
Other revenues	 -		-		-		-
Total revenues	 2,432,000		2,865,000		2,596,177		(268,823)
Expenditures:							
Debt service:							
Principal	11,721,637		12,397,869		5,716,067		6,681,802
Advance refunding escrow	-		-		676,232		(676,232)
Interest	-		-		5,720,001		(5,720,001)
Issuance cost	 -		-		493,496		(493,496)
Total expenditures	 11,721,637		12,397,869		12,605,796		(207,927)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues							
over (under) expenditures	 (9,289,637)		(9,532,869)		(10,009,619)		(476,750)
Other financing sources (uses):							
Transfers in	-		-		9,409,095		9,409,095
Transfers out	-		-		-		-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-		-		(27,659,551)		(27,659,551)
Issuance of refunding bond	-		-		25,025,000		25,025,000
Premium from bond issuances	 -		-		6,832,305		6,832,305
Total other financing sources (uses)	 				13,606,849		13,606,849
Net change in fund balance Fund balance beginning	(9,289,637) 2,193,934		(9,532,869)		3,597,230		13,130,099
0 0	 · · · · ·		2,193,934		2,193,934	<b></b>	-
Fund balance ending	\$ (7,095,703)	\$	(7,338,935)	\$	5,791,164	\$	13,130,099

# Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Measure AA Bond Program

Schedule of Program Expenditures

June 30, 2018

Project No.	Project Description	Expenditures from July 1, 2017 through June 30, 2018	Expenditures from Inception through June 30, 2018
Project No. 20005	New Trail Easement - SFPUC, Ravenswood (MAA 2-2)	\$ -	\$ 22,603
20003	POST Hendry's Creek Restoration (MAA 22-1)	φ -	41,330
20101	Lysons Property (17-1 MAA)	-	27,059
20102	Lobner Demolition (MAA 17-2)	-	128,760
20109	Riggs Property Appraisal - (3-1 MAA)	-	6,500
20110	Purisima Creek Uplands Lot line Adjustment (3-1 MAA)	-	13,000
20112	Conservation Easement Upper Alpine Ranch Area (15-1 MAA)	-	8,695
20113	Preservation of Upper Los Gatos Creek Watershed (22-1 MAA)	-	5,000
20114	Land Conservation Opportunities MAA 25-1 (Burtons)	-	150
30503	ECDM Trail Improvements (MAA 4-4)	-	3,930
30904	Mindego Area - Mindego Hill Trail (MAA 9-4)	-	34,196
31309	Mt Um Bald Mtn Staging to Summit Trail (MAA 23-2)	-	17,646
31310	Mt Um Summit Restor & Improv (MAA 23-4)	-	79,491
31311	Mt Um Trail Overlook & Bridges (MAA 23-5)	-	243
31500	Measure AA Project 11-1	-	728
65101	PCR Harkins Bridge Replacement (MAA 3-4)	-	108,788
65201	Lower Stevens Canyon Hiking Bridge (MAA 17-4)	-	103,187
80016	ECdM Creek Watershed Protection Program (MAA 4-3)	-	45,507
80029	Pond DR05 Repair (MAA 7-5)	-	150,682
80037	Mindego Grazing Infrastructure (MAA 9-1)	-	135,748
80038	LHC Grazing Infrastructure - McDonald Ranch Fencing (MAA 5-2)	-	178,850
AA01	Miramontes Ridge - Gateway to San Mateo Coast	-	52,915
AA02	Bayfront Habitat Protection & Public Access Partnerships	409,892	697,060
AA03	Purisima Creek Redwoods: Purisma-to Sea Trail, Watershed/Graze	524,266	982,082
AA04	El Corte de Madera Creek: Bike Trail & Water Quality	211,770	530,521
AA05	La Honda Creek - Upper Recreation Area	125,258	2,232,854
AA06	Hawthorns Public Access Improvements	8,490	8,490
AA07	Driscoll Ranch Public Access, Wildlife Protection, Grazing	1,060,621	11,888,804
AA09	Russian Ridge: Public Recreation, Grazing & Wildlife Protection	136	72,011
AA10	Coal Creek: Reopen Alpine Road for Trail Use	17,663	21,949
AA11	Rancho San Antonio: Interpretive Improvements, Refurbishing	29,511	29,511
AA15	Regional: Redwood Protection & Salmon Fishery Conservation	-	3,009,855
AA17	Regional: Complete Upper Stevens Creek Trail	12,666	1,521,241
AA19	El Sereno Dog Park & Connections	426,550	427,265
AA20	South Bay Foothills: Wildlife Passage/Ridge Trail Improvements	4,862	196,836
AA21	CR:Pub Recreation Proj	2,207,812	3,427,105
AA22	Cathedral Oaks Public Access & Conservation	22,678	662,573
AA23	Mt Um Pub Access/Intrep Panaha da Guadaluna Family Pagazation	6,697,599	21,984,693
AA24	Rancho de Guadalupe Family Recreation Loma Prieta Area Public Access	14,900	1,606,896
AA25	Lonia Prieta Area Public Access	-	410,000
	Total MAA Bond Project Expenditures	11,774,674	50,874,754
	Reimbursements from Grants, Contributions, and Other Funds	(1,059,436)	(2,694,744)
	Total MAA Bond Project Expenditures - Net Reimbursements	\$ 10,715,238	\$ 48,180,010

The notes to the financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

#### June 30, 2018

#### NOTE 1 - BACKGROUND

Measure AA is a \$300 million general obligation bond approved in June 2014 by over two-thirds of Midpen voters. Proceeds from bonds, which will be sold in a series over approximately the next 20-30 years, will be used to:

- Protect natural open space lands
- Open preserves or areas of preserves that are currently closed
- Construct public access improvements such as new trails and staging areas
- Restore and enhance open space land, which includes forests, streams, watersheds, and coastal ranch areas.

On July 29, 2015, the District issued \$40,000,000 of 2015A general obligation bonds and \$5,000,000 of 2015B federally taxable general obligation bonds to finance certain projects authorized by voters. The bonds bear interest from 1.5% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$2,559,224 with an underwriter's discount of \$107,599 and issuance costs of \$170,000.

On February 1, 2018, the District issued \$50,000,000 of 2018 general obligation bonds to finance 25 projects specified in Measure AA. The bonds bear interest from 2% to 5% and are due semi-annually on March 1 and September 1. The bonds were issued at a premium of \$3,691,291 with an issuance costs of \$455,462.

Land acquisition is the first step to open space conservation. The Vision Plan identified 50,000 acres of open space land that, when conserved, would significantly improve wildlife conditions, wetlands, watersheds, creeks, sensitive plant communities and healthy outdoor recreation. As of June 30, 2018, the District has acquired and /or preserved nearly 1,500 acres of land with over \$22 million in funding support from Measure AA Funds.

#### **NOTE 2 - OVERISGHT COMMITTEE**

The Oversight Committee is essential to implementing Measure AA and will consist of seven atlarge members who reside within the District. The Committee convenes at least once a year and reviews annual Measure AA expenditures and Midpen's Annual Audit and Accountability report. Each year, the Committee's findings will be presented to the Board at a public meeting and will be posted on the District's website.

### **NOTE 3 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES**

The basis of accounting utilized in preparation of this report may differ from accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Accordingly, the accompanying program statement is not intended to present the financial position and the results of operations in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Expenditures incurred with Measure AA Bond proceeds are recorded on a modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenue is recognized when it is measureable and available. Similarly, expenses are recognized when they are incurred, not when they are paid.



Statistical Information

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#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the District's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the District's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

#### **Financial Trends**

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the District's financial performance and well being have changed over time:

- 1. Net Position
- 2. Changes in Net Position
- 3. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 4. Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

#### **Revenue Capacity**

These schedules contain information in relation to the District's property tax assessments:

- 1. Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 2. Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates
- 3. Pricipal Property Tax Payers
- 4. Property Tax Levies and Collections

#### **Debt Capacity**

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the District's current levels of outstanding debt and the District's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding
- 2. Ratios of Outstanding Debt by Type
- 3. Legal Debt Margin Information

#### Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the District's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic and Economic Statistics
- 2. Principal Employers

#### **Operating Information**

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the District's financial report relates to the services the District provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Full-Time Equivalent Employees by Function
- 2. Capital Asset Statistics by Function
- 3. Operating Indicators by Function

#### Sources

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the Annual Financial Reports for the relevant year.

Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Governmental activities										
Net investment in capital assets	\$ 205,980	\$ 225,092	\$ 236,546	\$ 245,393	\$ 259,638	\$ 268,869	\$ 278,611	\$ 276,395	\$ 308,601	\$ 312,121
Restricted	1,405	1,417	1,408	1,568	2,731	4,327	2,566	5,786	4,571	7,252
Unrestricted	38,377	30,450	28,142	42,738	36,919	37,951	39,948	39,280	23,831	29,415
Total Net Position	\$ 245,762	\$ 256,959	\$ 266,096	\$ 289,699	\$ 299,288	\$ 311,147	\$ 321,125	\$ 321,461	\$ 337,003	\$ 348,788

Source: Annual Financial Report

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

Changes in Net Position Last Ten Fiscal Years (accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Expenses										
Governmental activities										
Land preservation	\$ 12,518	\$ 13,254	\$ 13,768	\$ 14,312	\$ 19,338	\$ 17,930	\$ 19,478	\$ 26,080	\$ 21,783	\$ 28,910
Interest and fiscal charges	6,265	6,208	6,739	7,483	7,273	7,163	7,202	9,752	8,327	8,193
Depreciation	653	715	882	806	840	1,095	1,232	1,311	1,585	2,399
Loss on refunding of debt	381	381	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
Total governmental activities expenses	19,817	20,558	21,389	22,601	27,451	26,188	27,912	37,143	31,695	39,502
Program Revenues										
Governmental Activities										
Charges for Services	879	911	1,241	1,320	1,381	1,422	1,437	1,636	1,479	1,576
Grants and Contributions	9,050	659	1,393	1,453	913	1,901	953	1,194	651	1,613
Land donations	-	2,259	17	13,928	3,890	-	-	-	-	-
Total governmental activities program revenues	9,929	3,829	2,651	16,701	6,184	3,323	2,390	2,830	2,130	3,189
Net (expense)/revenue - governmental activities	(9,888)	(16,729)	(18,738)	(5,900)	(21,267)	(22,865)	(25,522)	(34,313)	(29,565)	(36,313)
General Revenues and Other Changes in Net Position										
Governmental Activities										
Property taxes	26,351	27,631	27,269	28,737	30,270	32,433	35,082	44,980	43,861	47,798
Investment earnings	-	-	294	375	288	138	202	648	463	1,045
Use of money and property	1,228	80	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Miscellaneous	488	216	311	394	298	182	216	810	784	1,153
Total governmental activities	28,067	27,927	27,874	29,506	30,856	32,753	35,500	46,438	45,108	49,996
Change in Net Position										
Governmental activities	18,179	11,198	9,136	23,606	9,589	9,888	9,978	12,125	15,543	13,683
Prior period adjustments	-	-	-	-	-	1,971	-	(11,790)	-	(1,898)
Total Changes in Net Position	\$ 18,179	\$ 11,198	\$ 9,136	\$ 23,606	\$ 9,589	\$ 11,859	\$ 9,978	\$ 335	\$ 15,543	\$ 11,785

Source: Annual Financial Report

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	 2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
General fund										
Reserved	\$ 75	\$ 579	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Unreserved, designated in	20,379	15,657	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Unreserved, reported in	16,153	12,678	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Nonspendable	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	55	36
Restricted	-	-	731	-	-	1,702	1,702	1,971	1,971	1,467
Committed	-	-	-	-	-	-	20,400	35,400	35,400	42,300
Assigned	-	-	-	-	-	5,000	-	-	-	-
Unassigned	-	-	26,156	41,782	37,513	34,453	21,330	16,848	23,872	29,306
Total General Fund	\$ 36,607	\$ 28,914	\$ 26,887	\$ 41,782	\$ 37,513	\$ 41,155	\$ 43,432	\$ 54,219	\$ 61,298	\$ 73,109
All other governmental funds Reserved Restricted	\$ 1,405 -	\$ 1,417	\$ - 1,408	\$ - 1,568	\$ - 1,634	\$ - 1,621	\$ -	\$ <u>-</u> 26,894	\$ - 9,539	\$ <u>-</u> 59,304
Total all other governmental funds	\$ 1,405	\$ 1,417	\$ 1,408	\$ 1,568	\$ 1,634	\$ 1,621	\$ -	\$ 26,894	\$ 9,539	\$ 59,304

Source: Annual Financial Report

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th.

As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

The District has implemented GASB 54 effective fiscal year ending March 31, 2011.

This Statement establishes new categories for reporting fund balance and revises the definitions for governmental fund types.

The District opted not to change the previous years' data.

Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years (modified accrual basis of accounting) (amounts expressed in thousands)

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
REVENUES	2009	2010	2011	2012	2015	2014	2013	2010	2017	2010
Property taxes	\$ 26,351 \$	27,631	\$ 27,269	\$ 28,737	\$ 30,270	\$ 32,433	\$ 35,082	\$ 44,980	\$ 43,861	\$ 47,798
Grant income	9,050	659	1,393	1,453	\$ 30,210 913	1,901	953	1,194	651	1,613
Property management	879	911	955	1,320	1,381	1,422	1,438	1,636	1,479	1,576
Investment earnings	1,228	80	294	375	288	150	216	666	480	1,064
Other	499	224	551	240	146	145	241	644	609	348
Land donation	-	2,258	17	13,928	-	-	-	-	-	-
TOTAL REVENUE	38,007	31,763	30,479	46,053	32,998	36,051	37,930	49,120	47,080	52,399
EXPENDITURES										
Land Preservation	12,337	13,070	13,682	13,996	18,713	17,303	18,272	28,965	25,807	28,226
Capital outlay	29,460	18,557	11,596	27,190	9,611	8,231	8,445	18,901	19,961	16,440
Debt service:										
Principal and advance refunding escrow	2,544	2,900	3,301	4,457	2,843	2,999	3,145	4,367	5,193	6,392
Interest and fiscal charges	5,044	4,919	4,786	5,355	6,034	5,859	5,749	6,478	7,190	6,597
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	49,385	39,446	33,365	50,998	37,201	34,392	35,611	58,711	58,152	57,655
EXCESS (DEFICIT) OF REVENUES										
OVER EXPENDITURES	(11,378)	(7,683)	(2,886)	(4,945)	(4,203)	1,659	2,319	(9,591)	(11,072)	(5,256)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES AND USES										
Transfers in	7,493	7,829	7,974	9,827	8,877	8,858	8,894	12,146	15,839	9,409
Transfers out	(7,493)	(7,829)	(7,974)	(9,827)	,	(8,858)	(8,894)	(12,146)		(9,409)
Other sources	-	-	850	20,000	-	-	-	-	-	-
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	(68,187)	(27,660)
Issuance of refunding debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	57,410	25,025
Advance refunding of revenue bonds	-	-	-	-	-	-	(29,987)	-	-	-
Issuance of debt	-	-	-	-	-	-	28,325	45,000	-	61,220
Premium from debt issuances	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,282	11,564	8,246
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	-	-	850	20,000	-	-	(1,662)	47,282	787	66,831
SPECIAL ITEM										
OPEB Funding	(1,723)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES	\$ (13,101) \$	(7,683)	\$ (2,036)	\$ 15,055	\$ (4,203)	\$ 1,659	\$ 657	\$ 37,691	\$ (10,285)	\$ 61,575
Debt Service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures	61.51%	59.82%	59.11%	70.11%	47.44%	51.19%	48.68%	37.44%	47.99%	46.02%
Source: Annual Financial Report										

Source: Annual Financial Report

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands)

		County of Santa Clara												
Fiscal Year		Secured	Stat	te Board	1	Unsecured	Total before Rdv. Increment	Total after Rdv. Increment	Total Direct Tax Rate					
2009	\$	105,225,752	\$	5,138	\$		\$ 111,773,954	\$ 107,222,540	1.00%					
2010	Ψ	108,749,899	Ψ	5,138	Ψ	7,220,172	115,975,209	110,945,627	1.00%					
2011		108,672,177		5,138		6,448,241	115,125,556	110,403,735	1.00%					
2012		110,480,451		5,192		6,843,137	117,328,780	112,337,379	1.00%					
2013		115,665,767		5,192		7,574,405	123,245,364	117,796,453	1.00%					
2014		125,816,313		5,192		8,032,680	133,854,185	128,261,360	1.00%					
2015		134,293,819		3,616		8,134,278	142,431,713	136,364,266	1.00%					
2016		148,710,117		3,616		8,236,861	156,950,594	151,221,560	1.00%					
2017		161,457,837		3,616		8,664,927	170,126,380	163,586,434	1.00%					
2018		174,219,310		3,616		9,773,726	183,996,652	177,153,795	1.00%					
					Co	unty of San	Mateo							
							Total before	Total after Rdv.						
Fiscal Year		Secured	Stat	te Board	1	Unsecured	Rdv. Increment	Increment	Total Direct Tax Rate					
2009	\$	49,927,409	\$	6,759	\$	2,058,386	\$ 51,992,554	\$ 48,084,153	1.00%					
2010		51,288,838		6,652		2,039,518	52 225 000		1 0 0 0 /					
2011		51,200,050		0,052		2,057,510	53,335,008	49,431,098	1.00%					
2011		51,197,326		6,653		2,006,682	53,335,008 53,210,661	49,431,098 49,373,928	1.00% 1.00%					
2011				,										
		51,197,326		6,653		2,006,682	53,210,661	49,373,928	1.00%					
2012		51,197,326 51,670,521		6,653 2,465		2,006,682 1,952,159	53,210,661 53,625,145	49,373,928 49,913,049	1.00% 1.00%					
2012 2013		51,197,326 51,670,521 53,793,234		6,653 2,465 2,465		2,006,682 1,952,159 1,948,563	53,210,661 53,625,145 55,744,262	49,373,928 49,913,049 51,977,724	1.00% 1.00% 1.00%					
2012 2013 2014		51,197,326 51,670,521 53,793,234 57,513,572		6,653 2,465 2,465 2,336		2,006,682 1,952,159 1,948,563 2,180,554	53,210,661 53,625,145 55,744,262 59,696,462	49,373,928 49,913,049 51,977,724 55,714,674	1.00% 1.00% 1.00% 1.00%					
2012 2013 2014 2015		51,197,326 51,670,521 53,793,234 57,513,572 60,798,837		6,653 2,465 2,465 2,336 2,343		2,006,682 1,952,159 1,948,563 2,180,554 2,087,353	53,210,661 53,625,145 55,744,262 59,696,462 62,888,533	49,373,928 49,913,049 51,977,724 55,714,674 58,641,318	1.00% 1.00% 1.00% 1.00%					

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

Property Tax Rates Direct and Overlapping<sup>1</sup> Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years

	Count	<b>y of Santa Clara (</b> Other	Tax Rate Area 6-0	01) <sup>2</sup>	<b>County of San Mateo (Tax Rate Area 9-001)</b> <sup>3</sup> Other							
	General Property	Overlapping	Open Space		General Property	Overlapping	Open Space					
Fiscal Year	Tax Levy	Governments	District	Total	Tax Levy	Governments	District	Total				
2009	1.00000	0.09740	-	1.09740	1.00000	0.06760	-	1.06760				
2010	1.00000	0.11987	-	1.11987	1.00000	0.06970	-	1.06970				
2011	1.00000	0.14951	-	1.14951	1.00000	0.07530	-	1.07530				
2012	1.00000	0.15060	-	1.15060	1.00000	0.08120	-	1.08120				
2013	1.00000	0.18750	-	1.18750	1.00000	0.08060	-	1.08060				
2014	1.00000	0.18740	-	1.18740	1.00000	0.07470	-	1.07470				
2015	1.00000	0.18304	-	1.18304	1.00000	0.08530	-	1.08530				
2016 4	1.00000	0.17807	0.00080	1.17887	1.00000	0.08420	0.00080	1.08500				
2017	1.00000	0.17160	0.00060	1.17220	1.00000	0.10990	0.00060	1.11050				
2018	1.00000	0.18133	0.00090	1.18223	1.00000	0.10300	0.00090	1.10390				

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

<sup>1</sup> Due to the District's size and that it is located in two counties (County of Santa Cruz excluded), there is no tax rate area that represents the typical

total tax rate for the District. The above tax rate areas are the largest in terms of assessed valuation for each County's portion of the District.

<sup>2</sup> The 2015-16 assessed valuation of Tax Rate Area (TRA) 6-001 is \$23,936,719,617, which is 10.62% of the District's total assessed valuation.

<sup>3</sup> The 2015-16 assessed valuation of TRA 9-001 is \$8,109,918,455, which is 3.60% of the District's total assessed valuation.

<sup>4</sup> Fiscal Year 2015-16 was the first year in which ad valorem property taxes authorized by Measure AA were levied.

# Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Principal Property Tax Payers

Principal Property Tax Payers Current Year and Nine Years Ago (amounts expressed in thousands)

	Fisc	al Year 2	2018	Fiscal Year 2009				
			Percentage of				Percentage of	
	Taxable Assessed		Total Assessed	Tax	able Assessed		Total Assessed	
Taxpayer	Valuation	Rank	Valuation		Valuation	Rank	Valuation	
Board of Trustees, Leland Stanford Jr. University	\$ 6,263,481	1	2.48%	\$	4,274,155	1	2.75%	
Google Inc.	3,490,160	2	1.39%		331,368	12	0.21%	
Campus Holdings Inc.	3,076,342	3	1.22%		*		*	
Apple Computer Inc.	1,232,162	4	0.49%		562,086	2	0.36%	
Lockheed Missiles and Space Co. Inc.	996,510	5	0.39%		547,805	3	0.35%	
Sobrato Interests	784,904	6	0.31%		*		*	
Oracle Corp.	627,216	7	0.25%		515,411	4	0.33%	
Menlo & Juniper Networks LLC	603,926	8	0.24%		*		*	
Network Appliance Inc.	504,705	9	0.20%		427,385	9	0.28%	
Applied Materials Inc.	491,686	10	0.19%		477,829	6	0.31%	
VII Pac Shores Investors LLC	*		*		500,706	5	0.32%	
Yahoo Inc.	*		*		462,633	7	0.30%	
Hewlett Packard Co.	*		*		452,845	8	0.29%	
Sun Microsystems Inc.	*		*		343,506	10	0.22%	
Total	\$ 18,071,092	-	7.16%	\$	8,895,729		5.72%	

\* Information not available

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Property Tax Levies and Collections

Last Ten Fiscal Years

		Lev	$\mathbf{y}^{1}$							
	Santa	Clara County	San	Mateo County	Santa	a Clara County	% of County	San M	lateo County	% of County
Fiscal Year	Та	xes Levied	Τa	Taxes Levied		Collections	Levy	Collections		Levy
2016	\$	1,186,363	\$	527,932	\$	1,177,636	99.3%	\$	524,982	99.4%
2017		968,301		431,711		962,730	99.4%		429,436	99.5%
2018		1,558,456		705,842		1,553,773	99.7%		701,923	99.4%

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

<sup>1</sup> District's general obligation bond debt service levy. Prior years are not available. Levy began in FY2015-16

Ratios of General Bonded Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per-capita amount)

	General Debt Service			Taxable Assessed	Percentage of	2	
Fiscal Year	Obligation Bonds	Monies Available	Total	Value	Taxable AV <sup>1</sup>	Per Capita <sup>2</sup>	
2009	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 155,306,693	0.000%	\$ -	
2010	-	-	-	160,376,725	0.000%	-	
2011	-	-	-	159,777,663	0.000%	-	
2012	-	-	-	162,250,428	0.000%	-	
2013	-	-	-	169,774,177	0.000%	-	
2014	-	-	-	183,976,034	0.000%	-	
2015	-	-	-	195,005,584	0.000%	-	
2016	45,000	3,116	41,884	214,740,668	0.020%	15.55	
2017	44,225	2,194	42,031	231,940,459	0.018%	15.52	
2018	104,570	5,785	98,785	250,718,954	0.039%	36.17	

Source: Annual Financial Report

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

<sup>1</sup> See the Schedule of Assessed and Actual Value of Taxable Property for property value data.

<sup>2</sup> Population data can be found in the Schedule of Demographic and Economic Statistics.

Legal Debt Margin Information Last Ten Fiscal Years												
(amounts expressed in thousands)												
(amounts expressed in mousands)												
	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018		
Assessed Valuation:												
Assessed value subject to debt levy	\$155,306,693	\$160,376,725	\$159,777,663	\$162,250,428	\$169,774,177	\$183,976,034	\$195,005,584	\$214,740,668	\$231,940,459	\$250,718,954		
Total assessed valuation	155,306,693	160,376,725	159,777,663	162,250,428	169,774,177	183,976,034	195,005,584	214,740,668	231,940,459	250,718,954		
Debt Applicable to Limitation:												
Total debt	124,952	123,671	123,019	140,539	138,952	140,159	136,564	180,375	181,951	245,675		
Less: amount available for repayment		-	-	-	-	-	-	3,116	2,200	5,785		
Total debt applicable to limitation	124,952	123,671	123,019	140,539	138,952	140,159	136,564	177,259	179,751	239,890		
Legal Debt Margin:												
Bonded debt limit (15% AV)	23,296,004	24,056,509	23,966,649	24,337,564	25,466,127	27,596,405	29,250,838	32,211,100	34,791,069	37,607,843		
Debt applicable to limitation	124,952	123,671	123,019	140,539	138,952	140,159	136,564	177,259	179,751	239,890		

Legal debt margin

#### \$ 23,171,052 \$ 23,932,838 \$ 23,843,630 \$ 24,197,025 \$ 25,327,175 \$ 27,456,246 \$ 29,114,274 \$ 32,033,841 \$ 34,611,318 \$ 37,367,953

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

Under California Government Code Section 61126 (b) the Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District shall not incur bonded indebtedness that exceeds 15% of the total assessed property value.

Ratios of Outstanding Debt Last Ten Fiscal Years (amounts expressed in thousands, except per-capita amount)

Fiscal Year	General Obligation Bonds	Lease Revenue Bonds	Refunding Bonds	Bond Premiums	Notes Payable	Total	,	Taxable Assessed Value (AV)	Percentage of Taxable AV	Percentage of Personal Income	Pe	er Capita
2009	\$ -	\$ 65,098	\$ 53,215	\$ 719	\$ 5,920	\$ 124,952	\$	155,306,693	0.080%	0.126%	\$	990.96
2010	-	65,049	52,204	663	5,755	123,671		160,376,725	0.077%	0.113%		915.89
2011	-	64,995	50,988	607	6,429	123,019		159,777,663	0.077%	0.102%		841.22
2012	-	51,947	49,179	2,515	36,898	140,539		162,250,428	0.087%	0.105%		874.60
2013	-	51,568	47,994	2,351	37,039	138,952		169,774,177	0.082%	0.102%		867.07
2014	-	51,021	50,665	2,188	36,285	140,159		183,976,034	0.076%	0.094%		811.92
2015	-	20,385	49,935	6,973	59,271	136,564		195,005,584	0.070%	0.083%		723.87
2016	45,000	20,290	47,300	9,087	58,698	180,375		214,740,668	0.084%	*		*
2017	44,225	1,080	57,410	20,475	58,761	181,951		231,940,459	0.078%	*		*
2018	104,570	930	78,870	26,839	34,466	245,675		250,718,954	0.098%	*		*

\* Information not available

Source: Annual Financial Report

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

(1) Details regarding the District's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

(2) Refer to the Demographics Statistics for personal income and population data.

Demographic and Economic Statistics

Last Ten Fiscal Years

#### **County of Santa Clara**

		Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Per Capita	Median	School	County Unemployment
Fiscal Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	(in millions)	Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Age <sup>3</sup>	Enrollment <sup>4</sup>	Rate <sup>5</sup>
2009	1,857,621	\$ 99,550	\$ 55,781	36.2	259,800	8.7%
2010	1,880,876	109,495	61,289	35.8	265,643	10.5%
2011	1,797,375	120,376	66,366	36.0	266,256	9.6%
2012	1,816,486	133,912	72,704	36.2	270,109	8.2%
2013	1,842,254	136,118	72,754	36.4	273,701	6.8%
2014	1,868,558	149,717	78,955	36.6	276,175	5.2%
2015	1,889,638	165,323	86,141	36.8	276,689	4.3%
2016	1,927,888	178,029	92,168	36.8	274,948	3.9%
2017	1,938,180	190,002	98,032	*	273,264	3.4%
2018	1,956,958	*	*	*	272,132	2.9%

#### **County of San Mateo**

		Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Per Capita	Median	School	County Unemployment
Calendar Year	Population <sup>1</sup>	(in millions)	Personal Income <sup>2</sup>	Age <sup>3</sup>	Enrollment <sup>4</sup>	Rate <sup>5</sup>
2009	713,617	\$ 50,175	\$ 70,311	38.9	89,971	8.9%
2010	719,951	53,084	73,739	39.3	91,371	8.5%
2011	729,425	58,228	79,872	39.4	92,097	7.9%
2012	740,738	65,167	87,986	39.6	93,674	6.8%
2013	750,489	65,656	87,501	39.3	93,931	5.6%
2014	758,581	71,111	93,672	39.4	94,567	4.3%
2015	759,155	78,607	102,516	39.8	95,187	3.5%
2016	765,895	82,046	106,615	39.5	95,502	3.2%
2017	770,203	87,486	113,410	*	95,620	2.9%
2018	774,155	*	*	*	95,155	2.5%

\* Information not available

#### Data Sources

<sup>1</sup> State of California Department of Finance

<sup>2</sup> U.S. Department of Commerce Bureau of Economic Analysis

<sup>3</sup> U.S Census Bureau, American Community Survey

<sup>4</sup> State of California Department of Education

<sup>5</sup> State of California Employment Development Department, Labor Market Division

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

Capital Asset Statistics by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
Land:										
Number of preserves	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26	26
Acreage:										
Santa Clara County	31,629.06	31,833.31	32,380.35	32,990.49	33,006.79	33,158.80	33,259.21	33,366.71	33,449.99	33,628.15
San Mateo County	25,325.44	26,588.84	26,704.01	27,625.36	28,668.49	28,977.86	29,063.13	29,452.58	29,643.96	29,664.41
Santa Cruz County	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18	2,004.18
less: easements and life										
estates held by other parties	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,825.88)	(1,802.88)
Total	57,132.80	58,600.45	59,262.66	60,794.15	61,853.58	62,314.96	62,500.64	62,997.59	63,272.25	63,493.86
Facilities:										
Administrative office	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Field/patrol offices	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	3
Visitor Center	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Vehicles & Equipment:										
Patrol vehicles	28	32	35	37	39	41	38	37	42	36
Service vehicles	3	3	3	3	3	5	8	10	13	10
Maintenance vehicles	5	5	6	8	9	13	16	19	25	29
Administrative vehicles	n/a	13								
Motorcycles/ATVs/Electric bicycles	12	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	27
Bulldozers/excavators/tractors	16	16	17	17	20	21	21	23	23	20
Dump trucks	3	3	4	4	4	4	5	5	5	4
Water Truck	1	1	1	2	2	2	2	2	2	2
Trailers	n/a	25								
Chippers/mowers	2	2	2	2	2	4	4	5	5	5

Source: Midpenninsula Regional Open Space District

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th.

As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

Beginning with FY2017-18 the District is using a new system for classifying and tracking vehicles and equipment.

Principal Employers Most Current Year and Nine Years Ago

			County of S	Santa Clara		
		2018			2009	
	Number of		Percentage of Total	Number of		Percentage of Total
Employer	Employees <sup>1</sup>	Rank	Employment	Employees <sup>2</sup>	Rank	Employment
Apple Computer, Inc.	25,000	1	2.44%	10,000	3	1.23%
Alphabet/Google Inc.	20,000	2	1.95%	*		*
County of Santa Clara	18,806	3	1.84%	*		*
Stanford University	16,919	4	1.65%	*		*
Cisco Systems Inc.	14,120	5	1.38%	13,000	1	1.60%
Kaiser Permanente	12,500	6	1.22%	5,000	10	0.61%
Stanford Healthcare	10,034	7	0.98%	5,500	8	0.68%
Tesla Mortors Inc.	10,000	8	0.98%	*		
Intel Corporation	8,450	9	0.83%	5,000	9	0.61%
City of San Jose	6,159	10	0.60%	*		
Lockheed Martin Space Systems Co.	*		*	10,400	2	1.28%
Intuit, Inc.	*		*	8,000	4	0.98%
IBM Corporation	*		*	7,650	5	0.94%
Hewlett-Packard Co.	*		*	7,000	6	0.86%
KLA-Tencor Corporation	*		*	6,200	7	0.76%
Total	141,988	-	13.87%	77,750	=	9.55%

## **County of San Mateo**<sup>3</sup>

		2017 4			2009	
			Percentage of			Percentage of
	Number of		Total	Number of		Total
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employment	Employees	Rank	Employment
United Airlines	12,000	1	2.74%	*		*
Genentech Inc.	11,000	2	2.51%	8,800	1	2.60%
Facebook Inc.	7,091	3	1.62%	*		*
Oracle Corp.	6,781	4	1.55%	5,642	2	1.66%
County of San Mateo	5,485	5	1.25%	5,179	3	1.53%
Gilead Sciences Inc.	3,900	6	0.89%	1,480	10	0.44%
Visa U.S.A. Inc.	3,500	7	0.80%	*		*
Electronics Arts Inc.	2,367	8	0.54%	2,000	6	0.59%
Roberto Half International Inc.	1,790	9	0.41%	*		*
You Tube LLC.	1,700	10	0.39%	*		*
Kaiser Permanente	*		*	3,790	4	1.12%
Mills-Peninsula Health Services	*		*	2,500	5	0.74%
United States Postal Service	*		*	1,964	7	0.58%
San Mateo Community College District	*		*	1,800	8	0.53%
SLAC National Accelerator Laboratory	*		*	1,650	9	0.49%
Total	55,614		12.70%	34,805	-	10.28%

\* Information not available

Source:

<sup>1</sup> Silicon Valley Business Journal, July 27, 2018

<sup>2</sup> County of Santa Clara Finance Department. FY2008-09 CAFR

<sup>3</sup> San Francisco Business Times - 2018 Book of Lists and California Employment Development Department

<sup>4</sup> Latest information available for principal employers in the County of San Mateo.

Full-time Equivalent District Government Employees by Function

Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
Office of the General Manager	3.00	3.00	3.00	4.00	4.00	4.00	5.00	6.00	8.00	8.00
Real Property	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	5.00	6.00	7.00	4.00	5.00
Plannning	13.50	13.50	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	14.00	10.50	11.50
Engineering & Construction	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	5.50	7.50
Public Affairs	8.00	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	9.00	11.00	12.00	8.00	8.00
Admininstration										
Reception	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00
Finance	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	3.25	4.75	4.75	5.25	9.25	9.25
Human Resources	2.00	2.00	2.00	2.50	3.50	3.50	5.50	7.00	7.00	7.00
Information Technology <sup>1</sup>	1.00	1.00	1.00	1.00	2.00	2.50	2.50	5.50	7.50	7.50
Operations										
Administration	6.50	6.50	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	6.00	N/A	N/A
Patrol	23.00	23.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	28.00	31.00	32.00	N/A	N/A
Land/Facilities Maintenance	20.00	20.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	26.00	28.30	30.30	N/A	N/A
Resource Management <sup>2</sup>	6.00	6.00	6.00	N/A						
Land & Facilities	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	49.30	53.30
Visitor Services	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	41.90	41.90
General Counsel	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50	2.50
Natural Resources <sup>2</sup>	N/A	N/A	N/A	8.00	8.00	8.00	9.00	10.00	11.00	12.00
Total	94.75	94.75	105.75	109.25	112.25	114.25	126.55	138.55	165.45	174.45

Source: Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th. As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

<sup>1</sup> In 2015, the GIS function was integrated into Information Technology from the Planning Department

<sup>2</sup> In 2012, the Resource Management function under the Operations Department became the Natural Resources Department

During 2015, the District underwent a complete reorganization which become effective during FY 2016-17. As part of the reorganization, the Planning Department was split with a new Engineering & Construction Department, a portion of Real Property and Operations became the new Land & Facilities Department, and part of Public Affairs and Operations/Patrol became the new Visitor Services Department.

Operating Indicators by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years

	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018
Function										
General Manager										
Board meetings	29	37	31	45	36	35	33	31	31	44
Resolutions adopted	37	50	41	56	20	39	61	61	40	46
Real Property										
Acres preserved										
Santa Clara County	693.74	204.25	547.04	492.99	16.30	152.01	100.41	107.50	83.28	178.18
San Mateo County	1,047.45	1,263.40	115.17	921.35	1,043.14	309.37	393.26	81.45	191.38	20.46
Public Affairs										
Stewardship volunteer hours	8,854	9,849	11,314	11,843	11,232	13,579	14,354	15,839	17,440	16,088
Interpretation and education docent hours	3,875	3,305	5,433	4,669	5,559	4,718	5,828	4,462	4,697	4,320
Website visits	248,697	274,559	274,133	434,402	349,398	359,432	418,748	429,891	487,215	589,280
Operations										
Bicycle Accident	41	25	22	36	37	30	20	26	19	37
Equestrian Accident	-	2	1	1	2	-	1	2	-	-
Hiking/Running Accident	49	21	18	16	16	22	20	14	37	40
Other first aid	4	10	15	25	24	15	25	26	23	31
Search & rescue	9	11	15	10	8	5	8	3	4	2
Vehicle Accident	9	8	11	16	15	14	19	14	17	50
Fire	7	6	5	7	8	16	9	10	9	13
HazMat	-	3	3	-	-	1	1	6	1	3
Subject Citation/Juvenile Contact Report	510	558	509	526	737	617	825	767	678	592
Parking Citation	474	386	434	527	621	584	700	645	836	870
Arrests	1	2	1	1	2	1	4	3	2	-
Day Permits	973	954	1,059	1,235	1,237	1,521	2,154	2,541	2,530	2,676
Multi-day permits	134	214	248	225	253	306	306	321	366	419
Camping permits	195	221	259	341	336	393	476	573	613	570

Source: Midpenninsula Regional Open Space District

Notes: Starting fiscal year (FY) 2015-16 the District changed from a fiscal year end date of March 31st to June 30th.

As a result, FY2015-16 is a fifteen (15) month period rather than a twelve (12) month period.

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Other Independent Auditor's Reports



#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District Los Altos, California

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the governmental activities and each major fund of Midpeninsula Regional Open Space District (the District) as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 29, 2018.

#### **Internal Control over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not



express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

C&A UP

October 29, 2018 San Jose, California



Russian Ridge Open Space Preserve by Jim Pravetz



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