

**Representativeness Analysis: Participants vs. Non-participants**

Note. Percentages shown with cell frequencies in parentheses. All significance tests are two-sample t-tests unless otherwise noted. \* $p < .05$  \*\* $p < .01$  \*\*\* $p < .001$ .

	Participants (N)	Non-participants (N)
<b>Gender **</b>		
Female	47.41% (165)	54.86% (1490)
Male	52.59% (183)	45.14% (1226)
Total	100% (348)	100% (2716)
<b>Age in years</b>	48.75 years (348)	48.45 years (2716)
<b>Education (Two indicators)</b>		
***Age of completion	21.09 years (310)	19.34 years (2495)
** % still in school <sup>1</sup>	8.33% (29)	5.3% (143)
<b>Nationality<sup>2</sup> ***</b>		
Belgium	1.44% (5)	2.54% (69)
Denmark	1.44% (5)	0.29% (8)
Germany	16.38% (57)	10.27% (279)
Greece	1.72% (6)	2.06% (56)
Spain	8.62% (30)	12.89% (350)
Finland	1.15% (4)	0.59% (16)
France	12.07% (42)	11.45% (311)
Ireland	1.72% (6)	0.15% (4)
Italy	10.63% (37)	11.52% (313)
Luxembourg	0.57% (2)	1.80% (49)
Netherlands	3.45% (12)	2.87% (78)
Austria	1.72% (6)	0.88% (24)
Portugal	1.72% (6)	1.99% (54)
Sweden	1.72% (6)	0.92% (25)
United Kingdom	9.77% (34)	11.63% (316)
Bulgaria	1.15% (4)	0.96% (26)
Cyprus	0.86% (3)	1.73% (47)
Czech Republic	0.86% (3)	2.61% (71)
Estonia	1.72% (6)	0.26% (7)
Hungary	1.72% (6)	1.99% (54)
Latvia	1.44% (5)	0.18% (5)
Lithuania	1.44% (5)	0.22% (6)
Malta	0.86% (3)	1.73% (47)
Poland	8.62% (30)	12.89% (350)
Romania	3.74% (13)	5.04% (137)

## EuroPolis 2009

Slovakia	1.72% (6)	0.26% (7)
Slovenia	1.72% (6)	0.26% (7)
Total	100% (348)	100% (2716)
<b>Voting Intention, 10-point scale (N) ***</b>		
Leaning toward not voting (0 – 4)	9.8% (34)	20.18% (535)
Exactly in the middle	8.9% (31)	14.64% (388)
Leaning toward voting (6 – 10)	82.27% (282)	65.18% (1728)
Average	8.12 (347)	6.91 (2651)
<b>Class (N) ***</b>		
Upper Class	1.48% (5)	1.40% (37)
Upper-middle Class	38.17% (129)	24.88% (659)
Lower-middle Class	34.32% (116)	33.67% (892)
Working Class	23.96% (81)	38.28% (1014)
None of above	2.07% (7)	1.77% (47)
Total	100% (338)	100% (2649)
<b>Religion (N) *</b>		
Catholic	49.56% (168)	53.56% (1401)
Orthodox	8.85% (30)	10.05% (263)
Protestant	11.50% (39)	8.98% (235)
Other Christian	4.42% (15)	5.24% (137)
Jewish	0.29% (1)	0.19% (5)
Muslim	0.59% (2)	0.46% (12)
Sikh	0.00% (0)	0.00% (0)
Buddhist	0.88% (3)	0.23% (6)
Hindu	0.59% (2)	0.04% (1)

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Atheist / Agnostic	23.30% (79)	21.25% (556)
Total	100% (339)	100% (2616)
<b>Attend religious services (N)</b>		
More than once /wk	3.18% (11)	5.19% (139)
Once a week	18.79% (65)	18.44% (494)
About once a mo.	10.69% (37)	10.82% (290)
Once every 2-3 mo.	7.51% (26)	7.84% (210)
Only special occas.	14.74% (51)	15.08% (404)
About once a year	10.40% (36)	9.00% (241)
Less often	10.12% (35)	8.47% (227)
Never	24.57% (85)	25.16% (674)
Total	100% (346)	100% (2679)
<b>Birthplace</b>		
Home country	92.82% (323)	95.54% (2593)
Other EU country	5.17% (18)	2.43% (66)
Non-EU country	0.57% (2)	0.59% (16)
Asia, Africa, or Latin America	1.15% (4)	1.29% (35)
North American, Japan, or Oceania	0.29% (1)	0.15% (4)
Total	100% (348)	100% (2714)
<b>Parents' Birthplace</b>		
Both parents born in home country	88.18% (306)	91% (2467)
One parent born in home country and other parent born in other EU country	3.17% (11)	2.99% (81)
Both parents born in other EU country	4.03% (14)	2.55% (69)
At least one parent born outside of EU country	4.61% (16)	3.47% (94)
Total	100% (348)	100% (2714)

## EuroPolis 2009

	(347)	(2711)
<b>Left-Right Scale (10-point, 0=Left)</b>		
% Left-leaning (0 – 4)	35.05% (116)	31.52% (755)
% Exactly in the middle (5)	30.82% (102)	32.57% (780)
% Right-leaning (6 – 10)	34.14% (113)	35.91% (860)
Average	5.06 (331)	5.18 (2395)

1 Two-sample test of proportion. 2 Pearson's chi-square test of independence.